Dell Wyse ThinOS Version 8.5 Administrator's Guide



Notes, cautions, and warnings

NOTE: A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

WARNING: A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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Introduction

Thin clients running Dell Wyse ThinOS firmware are designed solely for optimal thin client security and performance. These efficient purpose-built thin clients are virus and malware resistant and offer ultrafast access to applications, files and network resources within Citrix, Microsoft, VMware and Dell vWorkspace environments, and other leading infrastructures. ThinOS based thin clients are self-managed, go from power-on to fully productive in seconds, and with no published API, locally accessible file system or browser, require no local McAfee Anti-Virus software or firewall to protect against viruses or malware.

About this guide

This guide is intended for administrators of thin clients running Wyse ThinOS. It provides information and detailed system configurations to help you design and manage a ThinOS environment.

Supported Products

This guide is intended for the following Dell Wyse ThinOS products:

- Wyse 3010 thin client with ThinOS (T10)
- Wyse 3020 thin client with ThinOS (T10D)
- Wyse 3030 LT thin client with ThinOS
- Wyse 3030 LT thin client with PCoIP
- Wyse 3040 thin client with ThinOS
- Wyse 3040 thin client with PCoIP
- Wyse 5010 thin client with ThinOS (D10D)
- Wyse 5010 thin client with PCoIP (D10DP)
- · Wyse 5040 AIO thin client with ThinOS (5212)
- Wyse 5040 AIO thin client with PCoIP (5213)
- Wyse 5060 thin client with ThinOS
- Wyse 5060 thin client with PCoIP
- Wyse 7010 thin client with ThinOS (Z10D)

Finding the information you need in this guide

You can use either the Search window or Find toolbar to locate a word, series of words, or partial word in an active PDF document. For detailed information on using these features, refer to the Help in your PDF reader.

Technical support

To access technical resources self-service portal, knowledge base, software downloads, registration, warranty extensions/ RMAs, reference manuals, contact information and so on, visit <u>www.dell.com/wyse/support</u>.

What is new in this release

The following are the updates or new features in this release:

- ThinOS package updates—Updated ThinOS packages to a newer version. See, Dell Wyse ThinOS v8.5 Release Notes.
- BIOS updates—Added new parameters for BIOS management. See, Dell Wyse ThinOS 8.5 Release Notes and Dell Wyse ThinOS 8.5 INI Reference Guide.
- ThinOS UI-based updates:
 - Added a First Boot Wizard for a new or factory reset thin client. See, Configuring ThinOS using First Boot Wizard.
 - Added support for zero theme. See, <u>Using zero theme</u>.
 - Added a desktop wallpaper. Dell Wyse ThinOS v8.5 Release Notes.
 - Added the About tab in System Information. See, <u>Accessing system information</u>.
 - Added option to capture, and export screenshots. See, <u>Using the troubleshooting options</u>.
 - Added option to export the INI file. See, <u>Using the troubleshooting options</u>.
- Citrix-based updates:
 - Added support for multiple audio in a Citrix session. See, Using multiple audio in Citrix session.
 - Added support for SMS PASSCODE authentication on a Citrix NetScaler Gateway. See, <u>Using Citrix NetScaler with</u> <u>CensorNet MFA authentication</u>.
- VMware-based updates:
 - Added support for VMware Horizon Blast Extreme H.264. See, <u>Global connection settings</u>.
 - Added support for VMware Horizon Blast UDP or BEAT. See, Global connection settings.
 - Enhancements to VMware broker login window. See, <u>Configuring VMware</u>.
- RDP-based updates:
 - Added support for Microsoft WebSocket in an RDP session. See, Using Microsoft WebSocket.
 - Added support for H.264 AVC444 in an RDP session. See, Using H.264 AVC444 in RDP session.
- Added support for the DisplayPort audio. See, <u>Using DisplayPort audio</u>.
- Added support to modify network settings without reboot. See, <u>Configuring the WLAN settings</u> and <u>Configuring the ENET</u> <u>settings</u>
- Added support for Wyse Management Suite version 1.1. See, <u>Configuring the WDA settings</u>.

Getting started

Use the following information to quickly learn the basics and get started using your thin client:

- <u>Configuring ThinOS using the first boot wizard</u>
- <u>Connecting to a remote server</u>
- Using your desktop
- <u>Configuring thin client settings and connection settings</u>
- Connecting to a printer
- <u>Connecting to a monitor</u>
- Locking the thin client
- Signing off and shutting down
- Additional getting started details

MOTE:

ThinOS is centrally managed and configured using INI files to automatically push updates and any desired default configuration to all supported thin clients in your environment — see <u>Central configuration</u>: <u>Automating updates and configurations</u>.

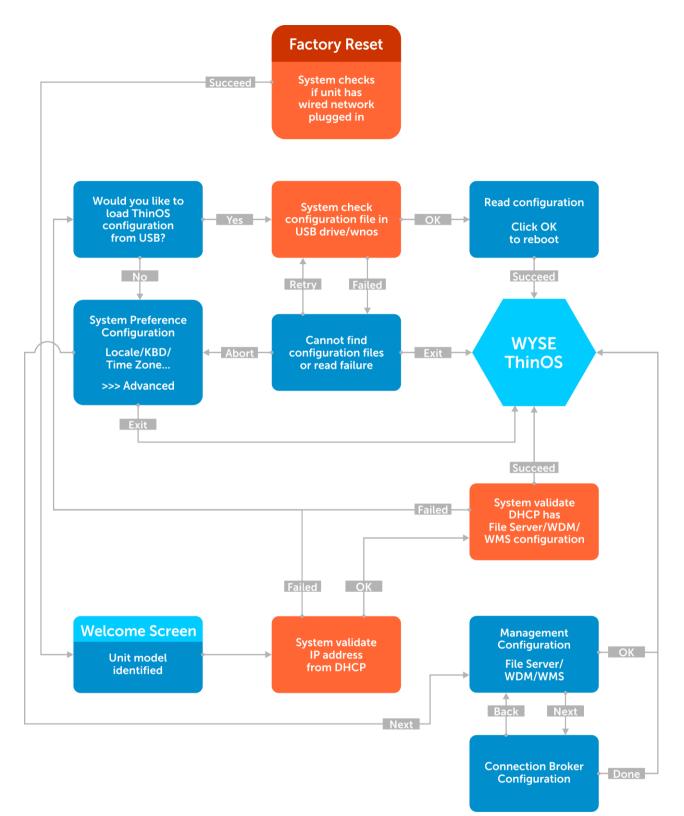
If no INI files are detected, you can use local dialog boxes on each thin client to make available configurations. ThinOS will save many of these locally configured settings such as resolution, mouse, and keyboard to persist after reboot. However, once INI files are detected, rebooting causes ThinOS to become stateless while ignoring locally configured settings after a reboot and then the settings contained in the INI file will be used.

Configuring ThinOS using the First Boot Wizard

The First Boot Wizard runs the first time you start a new thin client with the ThinOS version 8.5. The thin client starts the First Boot Wizard application before you enter the ThinOS system desktop, and allows you to perform a set of tasks, such as, configuring system preferences, setting up the internet connectivity, loading USB configurations, configuring management software, and configuring broker connections.

If you are an existing thin client user, and you have upgraded to the ThinOS version 8.5, then you can reset your thin client to factory default settings to enter the First Boot Wizard.

The following flowcharts depict the workflow of First Boot Wizard:



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Figure 1. First Boot Wizard—network successful

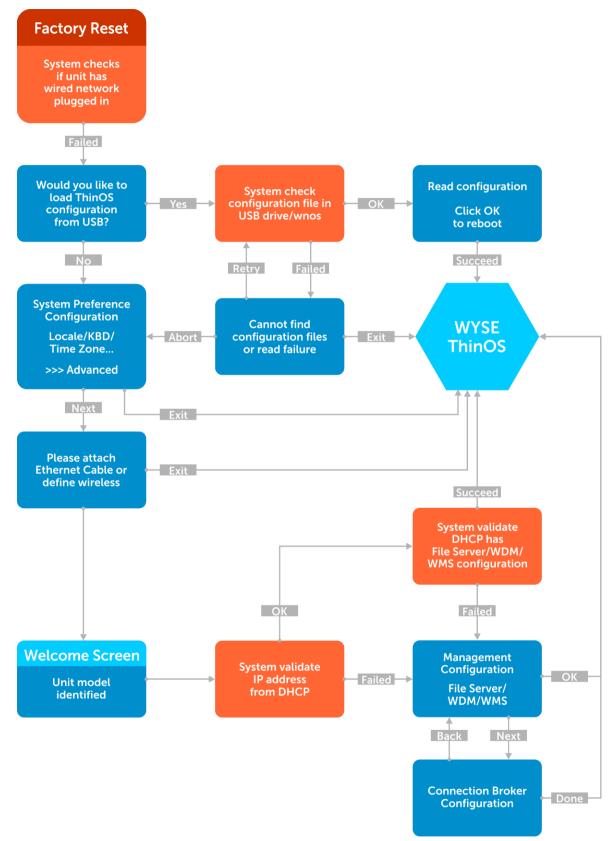


Figure 2. First Boot Wizard—network failure

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To configure the First Boot Wizard:

- 1. Connect a new thin client or existing thin client to the Ethernet using a wired connection. The existing thin client must be reset to factory default settings to enter the First Boot Wizard.
- **2.** Turn on your thin client.

The thin client checks for a wired network connection. If the network connection is successful, a welcome screen with the model name of your thin client is displayed.

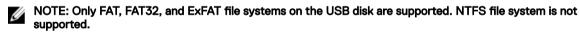
The thin client validates the IP address from DHCP. If the DHCP contains the file server or the Wyse Device Manager or Wyse Management Suite configurations, then the ThinOS system desktop is loaded without entering the First Boot Wizard. If the DHCP validation fails or if you have not connected to Ethernet, then follow the next step.

NOTE: To exit the First Boot Wizard during the network connection status check on the welcome screen, press the Ctrl + Esc key.

3. On the Would you like to load a ThinOS configuration file from USB? screen, do either of the following:

Would vou	like to load a	7 ThinOS c	onfiguration
Jour Jour	file from	USB?	S S
	Please create a wrock init and add it to the year For guidence on creating the wrock init please refer to the latest HM Please note that the UKB key cannot be up		
	Yes	No	

To load a ThinOS configuration file from the USB drive, ensure that you create a **wnos.ini** file and add the file to the **/wnos directory** on the USB drive. Using this option, you can load packages, and wallpapers that are specified in the INI file. Plug in the USB drive to thin client, and click **Yes**.



The thin client validates the configuration file in the USB drive.

- If the ThinOS configuration file in the USB drive is correct, the Read configuration success message is displayed. Click OK to exit the First Boot Wizard, and log in to the ThinOS system desktop.
- If the ThinOS configuration file in the USB drive is corrupted or the appropriate file is not available, then the Cannot find configuration files, or read configuration failure message is displayed. Upload the correct file on the USB drive, plug the USB drive again, and then click Retry. If the file is correct, the Read configuration success message is displayed. Click OK to exit the First Boot Wizard, and log in to the ThinOS system desktop.

If you do not want to use the **Retry** option to load the ThinOS configuration file, then click **Abort** to enter the **System Preferences configuration** setup.



NOTE: To exit the Cannot find configuration files, or read configuration failure message screen, and load the ThinOS system desktop, click Exit.

- To enter the System Preferences configuration setup, click No.
- 4. On the System Preferences Configuration screen, configure the following options:

English 🔒	English (Australian)		
		(GMT-02:00) Cayenne, Fertaleza	•
French	English (Hevr Zealand)	(0MT-03:00) City of Buenos Aires	
Oeman	English (United Hingdom)	(OMT-03:00) Greenland	
	English (Linited States)	(GMT-0200) Montevides	
	Estonian (Estonia)	(9MT-0500) Salvador	
	Finelah	(OMT-03:00) Santiago	
	French (Bolgiar)	(GMT-02:00) Coordinated Universal Time 02	
	French (Belgian Comma)	(GMT-01:00) Azores	
	French (Canadian)	(0MT-01:00) Cape Verde Is.	
	French (France)	(OMT) Casablanca	•

- Locale—Select a language to start ThinOS in the regional specific language.
- Keyboard Layout—Select a keyboard layout to set the keyboard layout in the regional specific language.
 Time Zone—Select a time zone to set the time zone for your thin client.
- **Time Server**—Displays the IP addresses or host names with optional port number of time servers.
- Advanced—Click Advanced to configure settings, such as daylight saving, time format, date format, and time servers.

NOTE: To exit the System Preferences Configuration screen, and load the ThinOS system desktop, click Exit.

If you are not connected to Ethernet, you cannot continue with the setup, and the **Attach the Ethernet cable** screen is displayed.



Please attach the Ethernet cable

or define a wireless connection ->

Do either of the following:

- · Connect the Ethernet cable to the thin client.
- · Click **Define a wireless connection**. From the list, select a wireless network, and click **Connect**.

NOTE:

- The option to define a wireless connection is not available on thin clients without a WLAN module.
- To exit the Attach the Ethernet cable screen, and load the ThinOS system desktop, click Exit.

After the connection is established, the thin client validates the IP address from DHCP. If the DHCP contains the file server or the Wyse Device Manager or Wyse Management Suite configurations, then the ThinOS system desktop is loaded. If the DHCP validation fails, or the network connection fails, then the **Management Configuration** screen is displayed. Follow steps 6–9.

- 5. Click Next to enter the Management Configuration setup.
- 6. On the **Management Configuration** screen, configure the following:

		O HELP
File Server WM Lead configurations from a File Souver Configur	S B Wyae Management Gate Configure Tryste Denice Management S	Management Configuration Manage the this direct with different methods. Visio could an add on a state of the theorem Vision of the tablese. Vision and the tablese. Vision and the tablese. Vision and tablese address add
		Certificates Manager >>

- File Server—Enter the file server details to apply configurations including INI files, firmware, packages, and so on, from a file server.
- **WMS**—Enter the group registration key and the Wyse Management Suite server URL to register the thin client to the Wyse Management Suite.
- WDM—Enter the IP addresses or host names.
- Disable SSL warning—Select this check box to disable the SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) connection warnings.
- · Certificates Manager—Click Certificates Manager to import or request a certificate.

NOTE: To exit the Management Configuration screen, and load the ThinOS system desktop, click Exit.

- 7. Click Done to exit the First Boot Wizard or click Next to enter the Connection Broker Configuration setup.
- 8. On the Connection Broker Configuration screen, configure the following:

Citrix Microsoft VMware Notice Notice Notice DELL Other Nyue VCI Broker	HELP Connection Broker Configuration Configure a convection broker such as Otter, Villeren, Mersson, Del villed Space or Viller H you have configured amongement server mojet overwite year convection broker configuration.

- **Citrix**—The broker allows you to connect to full desktops using XenDesktop or individual applications using XenApp from a centralized host through Citrix Receiver Client.
 - Server Address—Enter the host name or IP address of the broker connection.
 - Enable theme: ThinOS Lite—Select this check box to boot the thin client in ThinOS Lite mode.
 - StoreFront style—Select this check box to enable the Citrix StoreFront based layout of published applications and desktops on the thin client.
- Microsoft—The broker allows you to connect to the virtual desktops using RemoteApp and Desktop connection. Enter the host name or IP address of the broker connection.
- VMware—The broker allows you to connect to the remote desktops using VMware Horizon Client.
 - Server Address—Enter the host name or IP address of the broker connection.
 - Enable theme: VMware View—Select this check box to set the ThinOS desktop theme to VMware View mode.
- **DELL**—The broker allows you to connect to the virtual desktops or applications using Dell vWorkspace. Enter the host name or IP address of the broker connection.
- Amazon WorkSpaces—The broker allows your PCoIP clients to connect to virtual desktops that run on AWS. Enter the host name/IP address/FQDN of the broker connection.

NOTE: Amazon WorkSpaces option is applicable only to the PCoIP clients.

- **Other**—The broker allows you to connect to the virtual desktops or applications using other supported protocols. Enter the host name or IP address of the broker connection.
- · Certificates Manager—Click Certificates Manager to import or request a certificate.
- Disable SSL warning—Select this check box to disable the warnings for your SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) connection.
- 9. Click Done.

NOTE: To configure the Management Configuration setup again, click Back, and follow steps 6 and 7.

The device exists from the First Boot Wizard mode, and the ThinOS desktop is displayed.

Connecting to a remote server

On your initial connection to central configuration, we recommended that you connect using a **wired connection** plug in the network-connected Ethernet cable to your thin client before starting the thin client to obtain the configurations desired by the administrator. This **wired connection** will also provide any wireless configurations provided by the administrator through INI files.

If you must initially connect to central configuration through wireless, use the Wireless tab in the **Network Setup** dialog box to enter the SSID and encryption configurations required or set up by the network administrator. For more information, see <u>Configuring the</u> <u>Network Settings</u>.

Central Configuration — If you are configured for automatic detection using INI files — see *Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide*, your thin client will automatically detect and connect to the configured remote services during the boot-up process. Press the power button to turn on your thin client to see the **Login** dialog box. Enter your User name, Password, and Domain, and then click **Login**. After authentication is successful, your available connections are presented.

MOTE:

Although the thin client will default to the Classic Desktop for INI backward compatibility, you can configure the thin client to display the Zero Desktop by using the SysMode=VDI parameter in the INI files or by selecting the desktop option in the dialog box. For more information, see <u>Using Your Desktop</u>.

Manual Connection — If you are not yet set up for central configuration, you will see the Zero Toolbar, where you can configure the initial server connection you want using the **Remote Connections** dialog box before you can log in. For more information, see <u>Connecting to a Remote Server manually</u>.

You only need to complete this manual configuration once or after reboot to factory defaults. After the thin client knows the location of your server, it automatically connects to the server for login when you start the thin client in the future. After you confirm that your environment is ready for deployment, you can create INI files for central configuration.

Connecting a remote server manually

To connect a remote server manually, complete the following tasks:

- 1. Click the System Settings icon on the Zero Toolbar to open the System Settings menu, and then click **Remote Connections** to open the **Remote Connections** dialog box.
- 2. Click the Broker Setup tab of the Remote Connections dialog box to configure one of the following connections:
 - ICA or RDP connection —Select None, select ICA or RDP, click Configure Connection, and then follow the wizard.
 - A specific broker server connection Select Microsoft, Citrix Xen, Dell vWorkspace, VMware View, Amazon WorkSpaces or Other, and then enter the IP Address for the server in the **Broker Server** box.

NOTE: For more details, see <u>Configuring the Remote Connections</u>.

3. Click OK, and then restart the thin client.

Click the Shutdown icon on the Zero Toolbar to open, and use the Shutdown dialog box to restart the thin client.

MOTE:

- If an ICA or RDP connection is configured— After thin client restarts, click the **Home** icon on the Zero Toolbar to open the list of available connections. Click the ICA or RDP connection you created, and then log in.
- If a specific Broker Server connection is configured— After thin client restart, the Login dialog box appears for your server. Enter the User name, Password, and Domain and click Login. After authentication is successful, your Zero Toolbar is presented with your assigned connections defined by the broker server.

Using your desktop

What you see after logging on to the server depends on the administrator configurations.

• Users with a Classic Desktop—will see the classic ThinOS desktop with full taskbar, desktop, and Connect Manager familiar to ThinOS users. This option is the default out-of-the-box experience and is recommended for terminal server environments with

published applications and for backward compatibility with ThinOS 6.x versions. For more information on using the Classic Desktop, see <u>Classic Desktop Features</u>.

 Users with a Zero Desktop—will see the Zero Desktop with the Zero Toolbar showing the assigned list of connections from which to select. This option is recommended for VDI and any full-screen only connections. For more information on using the Zero Desktop, see <u>Zero Desktop Features</u>.

In any desktop case, you can select the desktop option you want (Classic Desktop or Zero Desktop) and create the connections you need using the Visual Experience tab on the **Remote Connections** dialog box. To open the **Remote Connections** dialog box, perform one of the following tasks:

· Classic Desktop — Click User Name, and then select System Setup → Remote Connections.

X NOTE: User Name is the user who is logged-on and is located at the lower-left pane of the taskbar

• Zero Desktop — Click the System Settings icon on the Zero Toolbar, and then select Remote Connections.

Configuring thin client settings and connection settings

While the use of INI files is recommended to configure thin client settings and connection settings available to users, see <u>How to set</u> <u>up automatic updates and configurations</u>, you can use dialog boxes on a thin client to:

- · Set up your thin client hardware, look and feel, and system settings, see Configuring thin client settings locally.
- · Configure connection settings, see Configuring thin client settings locally.

Connecting to a printer

To connect a local printer to your thin client, be sure you obtain and use the correct adapter cables which are not included. Before use, you may need to install the driver for the printer by following the printer driver installation instructions. For information on connecting to printers, see <u>Configuring the printer setup</u>.

Connecting to a monitor

Depending on your thin client model, connections to monitors can be made using either a VGA (analog) monitor port, a DVI (digital) monitor port, or a DisplayPort (digital) and the proper Dell monitor cables/splitters/adapters. For information on configuring dual display settings, see <u>Configuring the display settings</u>.

MOTE:

For dual-monitor supported thin clients— when using a DVI to DVI/VGA splitter, ensure that the DVI monitor will be the primary monitor; when using a DisplayPort, ensure that the DisplayPort monitor will be the primary monitor.

Locking the thin client

To help ensure that no one else can access your private information without permission, ThinOS allows you to lock your thin client so that credentials are required to unlock and use the thin client after you do one of the following:

- Unplug a signed-on smart card If an administrator has set SCRemovalBehavior=1for the signing parameter in the INI files and you unplug the smart card that you used to sign on to the thin client, then the thin client will lock. To unlock the thin client for use, you must use the same smart card and your correct PIN. Note that removing a signed-on smart card can also cause the thin client to log-off, if an administrator has set the INI files to do so in this case you must sign-on as usual to use the thin client.
- Use Lock Terminal from the Shortcut Menu and Shutdown dialog box On the Classic Desktop, right-click on the desktop and select Lock Terminal, or use the Shutdown dialog box, see <u>Classic Desktop features</u>. On the Zero Desktop, use the Shutdown dialog box, see <u>Signing off and shutting down</u>. To use the thin client, you must use your correct password.
- Use the screen saver If an administrator has set LockTerminal=2 for the ScreenSaver parameter, and when the screen saver is activated, then the thin client is locked. To unlock the thin client, enter the login password in the unlock dialog box. However, you cannot see the wallpaper while using the unlock dialog box.

Signing off and shutting down

Use the **Shutdown** dialog box to select the available option you want:

- · Classic Desktop Click Shutdown in the Connect Manager or Desktop Menu.
- Zero Desktop Click the Shutdown icon on the Zero Toolbar.



NOTE: You can also configure automatic behavior after all desktop sessions are closed by using the Remote Connections dialog box, see <u>Central configuration: Automating updates and configurations</u>.

Additional getting started details

This section includes additional details on the following:

- Zero Desktop features
- <u>Classic Desktop features</u>
- Login dialog box features
- <u>Accessing system information</u>

Zero desktop features

This section includes information on:

- Zero interactive desktop guidelines
- Zero toolbar
- List of connections

Zero interactive desktop guidelines

The Zero Desktop has a default background with the Zero Toolbar at the left of the screen. The following table lists the available Zero Desktop shortcuts:

Table 1. Zero Desktop shortcuts

Action	Press
Display the Zero Toolbar	Ctrl+Alt+UpArrow
Open a selection box for toggling between the desktop and currently-active connections	Ctrl+Alt+DownArrow
Lock the thin client	Ctrl+Alt+LeftArrow or Ctrl+Alt+RightArrow
Keyboard shortcuts to menu commands	Left-Alt+UnderlinedLetter or Right-Alt+UnderlinedLetter
Capture the full desktop to the clipboard	Print Screen
Capture the active window to the clipboard	Alt+PrintScreen



- You can copy and paste between application sessions and between sessions and the desktop, however, this function depends on session server configurations.
- In addition to the standard two-button mouse, the thin client supports a Microsoft Wheel Mouse used for scrolling. Other similar types of a wheel mouse may or may not work.

To switch the left and right buttons, use the **Peripherals** dialog box, see <u>Configuring the peripherals settings</u>.

Zero toolbar

The Zero toolbar usually appears at the left corner of the Zero Desktop. However, depending on administrator configurations, the toolbar can be removed or hidden. It is shown only when a user moves the mouse pointer over the left edge of the desktop screen. Administrators can configure the toolbar settings using either a dialog box, see <u>Configuring the remote configurations</u> or the SysMode parameter in the wnos.ini file, see *Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide*.

Table 2. Toolbar icons

Icon	What It Does
Home	Opens the list of available connections, see <u>List of connections</u> .
System Information	Displays thin client system information, see <u>Accessing system</u> information.
System Settings	Opens the System Settings menu to configure thin client system settings and perform diagnostics, see <u>Configuring the</u> <u>connectivity</u> , <u>Configuring thin client settings locally</u> , <u>Central</u> <u>configuration</u> : <u>Automating updates and configurations</u> .
Shutdown Terminal	Click the Shutdown Terminal icon to use the Shutdown options available on the thin client, see <u>Signing off and shutting down</u> . Note that the Shutdown Terminal icon does not display on the toolbar when using the Admin Mode button to configure system settings.

NOTE: If configured to display by an administrator, the current date and time are shown on the Zero Toolbar. The thin client is capable of synchronizing its clock to time provided by a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) server.

List of connections

On the Zero Toolbar, you can click the **Home** icon to open your list of assigned connections. Sometimes, the list contains only default connections.

Use the following guidelines depending on user privilege level, some options may not be available for use:

Table 3. Connection options

Option	What It Does
Name of the connection	Opens the connection you want to use.
	NOTE: All open connections display a blue icon to the left of the connection name in the list.
Reset icon	Resets the connection.
	NOTE: It is useful when a connection is not functioning properly or you need to reboot the connection.
Close icon	Closes the connection.

Option	What It Does	
	NOTE: The Close icon is grayed out for connections that are not open.	
Edit icon	Opens the Connection Settings dialog box to change the connection options.	
	NOTE: Depending on user privilege level, editing options may not be available for use.	
Add Connection	Allows you to configure or add new connections.	
Configuring Global Connection Settings	If you do not use INI files to provide global connection settings, you can click Global Connection Settings to open and use the Global Connection Settings dialog box to configure settings that affect all the connection in the list.	

Using Zero theme

Use the zero theme option to customize the look and feel of your ThinOS for Citrix, VMware, Classic or VDI mode. To enable a zero theme, deploy the INI parameters based on your zero theme preference, and restart your thin client. The **Visual experience settings are changed** message is displayed, and the thin client loads the selected zero theme.

ZeroTheme={Classic,VDI,Citrix,VMware}

SysMode={Classic,VDI,Citrix,VMware}

INI parameters work with wnos.ini file. You can also use Wyse Management Suite to manage the configuration.

- **Citrix zero mode**—When you configure ThinOS in Citrix zero mode, the device searches for xen.ini file, and loads the Citrix zero mode. If the xen.ini file is not available, then the wnos.ini file is used during configuration. If you need to switch from the Citrix zero mode, then you must use the wnos.ini file during configuration.
- VMware zero mode—When you configure ThinOS in VMware zero mode, the device loads the VMware zero mode.

NOTE: VMware wallpaper is used in the VMware zero mode.

Classic desktop features

This section includes information on:

- <u>Classic interactive desktop guidelines</u>
- Using the Shortcut menu
- Using the Desktop menu
- Using the Connect Manager

Classic interactive desktop guidelines

The Classic desktop has a Dell Wyse default background with a horizontal task bar at the bottom of the screen.

Use the following guidelines:

- Icons representing available server connections and published applications are displayed on the background. If you pause the
 mouse pointer over an icon, the information about the connection will be displayed. Right-clicking on an icon opens the
 Connection Settings dialog box which displays additional information about the connection. The number of icons that can be
 displayed on the desktop depends on the desktop resolution and administrator configuration.
- A server connection and published application can be opened by double-clicking a desktop icon or a user can navigate to the desktop icon they want by using tab key and pressing **Enter** to initiate the connection.
- Right-clicking on the desktop provides a shortcut menu, see <u>Using the shortcut menu</u>.

Clicking the User Name or clicking on the desktop, opens the desktop menu, see Using the desktop menu.



- User Name is the user who is logged-on and is located at the lower-left pane of the task bar.
- If configured to display by an administrator, the volume control is displayed in the right corner of the taskbar and the current time and date are shown when the cursor is placed on the time; the thin client is capable of synchronizing its clock to time provided by a Simple Network Time Protocol (SNTP) server.

Using the Shortcut menu

To use the Shortcut menu:

- 1. Log in as administrator.
- **2.** Right-click on your desktop

The Shortcut menu is displayed.

- 3. On the Shortcut menu, you are able to view and use the following options:
 - a. Administrator Mode—Allows administrators to configure various settings locally on thin client.
 - b. Hide all windows—Brings the full desktop to the foreground.
 - c. **Copy to clipboard**—Copies an image of the full screen, current window or event log to the clipboard. The clipboard contents can then be pasted to an ICA or an RDP session. You can copy full screen or current window to clipboard, and can export the screenshots using the **Export Screenshot** option in Troubleshooting.
 - d. Purge clipboard—Discards the contents of the clipboard in order to free up memory.
 - e. Lock Terminal—Puts the thin client in a locked state if the user has signed on to the system with a password. The thin client can only be unlocked using the same password.
 - f. **Group Sessions**—Enables you to open more than three ICA, RDP, PCoIP, Blast or ICA seamless sessions. The sessions are displayed as a group on the taskbar.

Using the desktop menu

To use the desktop menu:

1. Click your desktop or click your User Name.

User Name is the user who is logged-on and is at the lower left side of the taskbar.

The Desktop menu is displayed.

- 2. On the desktop menu, you are able to view and use the following options:
 - a. System Setup Provides access to the following local system setup dialog boxes:
 - Network Setup —Allows selection of DHCP or manual entry of network settings, as well as entry of locations of servers essential to thin client operation. This menu selection is disabled for Low-privileged users. See <u>Configuring the network</u> <u>settings</u>.
 - Remote Connections—Allows you to configure thin client Broker connections including Microsoft, Citrix Xen, Dell vWorkspace, VMware View, Amazon WorkSpaces or Other broker server connections. For more information, see <u>Configuring the remote connections</u>.
 - Central Configuration—Allows you to configure thin client central connection settings such as file server and optional WDA server settings. For more information, see <u>Configuring the central configurations</u>.
 - VPN Manager Allows you to configure thin client VPN manager. For more information, see <u>Configuring the VPN</u> manager.
 - System Preference—Allows user selection of thin client parameters that are matter of personal preference. For more
 information, see <u>Configuring the system preferences</u>.
 - Display—Allows you to configure the monitor resolution and refresh rate. For more information, see <u>Configuring the</u> <u>display settings</u>.
 - Peripherals—Allows you to select the peripherals settings such as audio, keyboard, mouse, serial, camera, bluetooth, and touchscreen settings. For more information, see <u>Configuring the peripherals settings</u>.
 - **Printer**—Allows configuration of network printers and local printers that are connected to the thin client. For more information, see <u>Configuring the printer settings</u>.
 - b. System Information—Provides thin client system information. See <u>Accessing system information</u>.

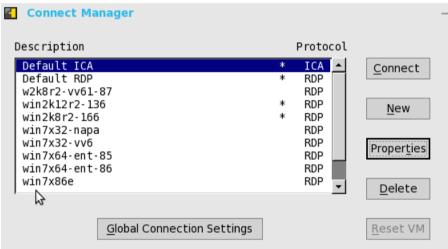
- c. **System Tools**—Provides information about devices, certificates, packages, global INI, user INI, wdm or ccm.ini. See <u>System</u> tools.
- d. **Troubleshooting options**—Displays Performance Monitor graphs that display client CPU, Memory and Networking information, Trace and Event log settings, CMOS management extract and restore settings, and other options that are useful for ThinOS troubleshooting. For more information, See <u>Using the troubleshooting options</u> and <u>System tools</u>.
- e. **Applications**—Contains a submenu of all locally configured applications and is populated with published applications when a user is signed on using either PNLite or PNAgent.
- f. Shutdown—Opens the Sign-off/LockTerminal/Shutdown/Restart the System dialog box. See Signing off and shutting <u>down</u>.

Using the Connection Manager

To use the Connection Manager:

- 1. Click Connect Manager on the Taskbar.
 - · The Connect Manager has a list of connection entries and a set of command buttons available for use with the connections.
 - Non-privileged users cannot view the Connect Manager.

The Connection Manager dialog box is displayed.



- **2.** In the Connection Manager dialog box, use the following buttons to configure the Connection Manager settings:
 - a. Click **Connect** to select a connection from the list and make a connection.
 - b. Click **New** to open the **Connection Settings** dialog box either directly or through the Connection Protocol menu selection for creating a new connection definition.

The locally defined connections are added to the connection list. Be aware of the following information:

- High-privileged user—Typically, all locally defined connection definitions are temporary and are lost when the user logs
 off and when the thin client restarts or is shut down. However, if configured by an administrator (enablelocal=yes),
 locally defined connection definitions can be saved in these cases.
- **Stand-alone user**—Locally defined connections are retained when the thin client restarts or is shut down and there is no individual logon. Network configuration settings must be made locally.
- c. Click **Properties** to open the **Connection Settings** dialog box for the selected connection.
 - Be aware of the following information:
 - **High-privileged user**—Can view and edit the definitions for the currently selected connection. Edits are not permanently retained when the user signs-off.
 - · Low-privileged user—Cannot create or edit connections, but can view connection definitions.
 - Stand-alone user—Can permanently modify the persistent connections except when PNAgent/PNLite services are used.
- d. Click **Sign-off** to sign off from the thin client.
- e. Select a connection from the list, and click **delete** to delete the selected connection.
- f. Select a Virtual connection from the list, and click **Reset VM** to reset a selected virtual connection.

g. Click **Global Connection Settings** tab to open and use the **Global Connection Settings** dialog box to configure settings that affect all the connections in the list.

For more information on the **Global Connection Settings** dialog box, see <u>Global connection settings</u>.

Login dialog box features

While the Login dialog box allows you to log on to the server, it also allows you to:

- · Obtain system information.
- · Access Admin Mode to configure thin client settings.
- · Change or reset your own password, and unlock your account.
- Open the **Shutdown** dialog box by using CTRL+ALT+DELETE.

In the Login dialog box, use the following guidelines:

- System Information—Click the Sys Info button to open the System Information dialog box. You can view the thin client system information such as System Version, IP Address, information on devices connected to your thin client, event logs and so on. For more information, see Accessing system information.
- Admin Mode—Click the Admin Mode button to configure various settings locally on the thin client other than broker desktop configurations. For example, you can choose to manually configure the Citrix XenBroker Server URL or override the URL that is centrally defined by file servers by using the Remote Connections dialog box as described in Remote Connections.
 - Classic desktop—Use the Leave Administrator Mode option in the Shutdown dialog box.
 - Zero desktop—Use the Leave Administrator Mode option in the Shutdown dialog box, or use the Leave Administrator Mode icon (X) in the upper-right pane of the System Settings menu.

NOTE: By default the Admin Mode button is not displayed on the log on dialog box. You can display it by selecting the Show local admin button check box in the Shutdown dialog box, see <u>Signing off and shutting down</u>.

NOTE: By default there is no password needed for the Admin Mode button use. You can password protect the Admin Mode button (to require login credentials) by using the AdminMode parameter in a wnos.ini file, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide.

- **Shutdown**—Click the **Shutdown** button to open and use the **Shutdown** dialog box to sign off, shut down, restart, reset the system setting to factory defaults, and so on. For information, see <u>Signing off and shutting down</u>.
- Account Self-Service—Click the Account Self-Service icon shown when configured using the AccountSelfServiceoption
 of the PasswordServer INI parameter to open and use the Account Self-Service dialog box to change or reset your own
 password and unlock your account. For information on INI parameter, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide.

This process assumes that the security questions and answers have been pre-registered by the user inside their Windows environment. Users must use HTTPS (not HTTP) for an account self-service server address such as Https://IPAddress, in the Broker Setup tab. For more information, see <u>Configuring the remote connections</u>. After the security questions are answered, your new password will be set or your account will be unlocked.

Accessing system information

Use the System Information dialog box to view system information.

- · Classic desktop—Click System Information from the desktop menu.
- · Zero desktop—Click the System Information icon on the zero toolbar.

The System Information dialog box includes:

- General tab—Displays general information such as System Version, Serial Number, Memory Size (Total and Free), CPU Speed, ROM Size, Monitor, Parallel ports, Terminal Name, Boot from, Memory speed, SSD size, Resolution, and the Serial ports.
- Copyright tab—Displays the software copyright and patent notices.
 Acknowledgments button is added in the Copyright tab in System Information. This button is related to third party software.

- **Event Log tab**—Displays the thin client start-up steps normally beginning from system version to checking firmware or error messages that are helpful for debugging problems. The details about the monitors and USB connected to the thin client, and bluetooth initialization are also displayed.
- **Status tab**—Displays status information about TCP performance related parameters, UDP performance related parameters, CPU Busy, System Up Time, Wyse Management Suite status, Free Memory, Active sessions, and WDM status.
- IPv6 tab—Displays IPv6 information such as Link-local Address, IPv6 Address, and IPv6 Default Gateway.

NOTE: This tab is displayed when IPv6 is enabled in the General tab of the Network Setup dialog box, see <u>Configuring the network settings</u>.

- **ENET tab**—Displays information about wired network connections.
- · WLAN tab—Displays information about wireless network connections.
- About tab—Displays information about the ThinOS operating system. The following attributes are listed:
 - Platform name
 - Operating system type
 - ThinOS build name
 - ThinOS build version
 - BIOS name
 - BIOS version
 - Citrix Broker or Receiver version—This represents ICA revisions between the ThinOS versions.
 - Dell vWorkspace version
 - VMware Horizon version—This represents the Horizon revisions between the ThinOS versions.
 - Microsoft Broker or RDP version
 - Teradici PCoIP version—This represents the PCoIP revisions between the ThinOS versions, and is applicable to the PCoIP devices only.
 - Imprivata version
 - Caradigm version
 - SECUREMATRIX version
 - HealthCast version



- Kernel mode—The components are implemented in Kernel according to the specification. The version is displayed as
 [max].[min], which is the base version of protocol or server or client of the component. For example, the Microsoft
 RDP protocol version is 10.0, the Imprivata version is 5.2, and so on.
- User mode—The components are from the source, or binaries from third party that are compiled or integrated into ThinOS. The version is displayed as [max].[min].[svn_revision]. The [max] and [min] is the base version of the third component, and the [svn_revision] is the source control revision of ThinOS. Using the ThinOS specified version, you can identify the changes between different revisions. For example, the Citrix Receiver version is 14.0.44705, the VMware Horizon version is 4.6.45422, and so on. The components are matched to the installed packages. If the packages are removed, the field remains empty in the **About** tab.

Global Connection settings

If you do not use INI files to provide central configuration (global connection settings) to users, you can use the **Global Connection Settings** dialog box to configure settings that affect all of the connections in your list of connections:

- · Zero desktop—Click Global Connection Settings in the list of connections.
- · Classic desktop—Click Global Connection Settings in the Connect Manager.

To configure the Global Connection settings:

- On the desktop taskbar, click Connect Manager → Global Connection Settings. The Global Connection Settings dialog box is displayed.
- Click the Session tab to select the check boxes you want for the options that are available to all sessions. The Smart Card check box specifies the default setting for connecting to a smart card reader at startup.

MOTE:

ICA sessions always have automatic connection to attached smart card readers. When using the **Disks** check box for automatic connection to connected USB sticks, use the following guidelines:

- More than one disk can be used at the same time, however, the maximum number of USB sticks including different subareas is 12.
- Be sure to save all data and sign off from the session mapping the USB stick before removing the USB stick.

NOTE: USB devices redirection —By default, audio, video and printer devices will not use HDX USB for redirection. You can make selections for USB device redirection on the Session tab of the Global Connection Settings dialog box.

- 3. Click the ICA tab, and do the following:
 - a. Select the check boxes you want for the options that are available to all ICA sessions.
 - b. Select an audio quality optimized for your connection.
 - c. Use the Map to option to map a disk. When a drive is entered, the disk is mapped under that particular drive.
- 4. Click the **RDP** tab and do the following:
 - a. Enable or disable Network Level Authentication (NLA)—The NLA authentication method verifies users before they are allowed to connect with a full Remote Desktop connection.
 - b. Enable or disable ForceSpan—This dual-monitor feature allows you to span the session horizontally across two monitors, thus two monitors acting as one large monitor.
 - c. Enable or disable Terminal Service multimedia Redirection (TSMM).
 - d. Enable or disable Record from Local (recording from local microphone).
 - e. Enable or disable RemoteFX.
 - f. Select the USB Redirection Type (TCX USB or RDP USB)—TCX USB is the default. To use RDP USB, you must use a RemoteFX session for Windows 7/Windows 2008 R2 session. However, RDP USB is not supported using a standard Windows 7/Windows 2008 R2 session. For Windows 8 session and above, RDP USB is supported.
- 5. In PCoIP enabled clients, an extra tab named **PCoIP** is available. Select the **USB device redirection** type from the drop-down list. The available values are **PCoIP USB** and **TCX USB**.
- 6. Click the Horizon tab, and do the following:

Global Connection Settings
Session RDP PCoIP Horizon
Settings common to all Horizon sessions
Network Condition: Typical =
Enable H264
Cancel

a. Select the **Enable H264** check box. This option allows H.264 decoding in Horizon Client. Enabling this option, improves the performance of high-end applications. To validate the H.264 decoding, navigate to the **/tmp/vmware-user/** directory, open the **vmware-mks-pid.log** file, and check if the **H264 support is enabled** entry is registered in the log file.

MOTE:

- Blast H.264 feature is not supported on Wyse 5010 thin clients, Wyse 5040 thin clients, and Wyse 7010 thin clients. Blast H.264 is automatically disabled on Wyse 5060 thin client for 1920 x 1200 resolution due to hardware limitation.
 - A performance tracker is introduced by VMware for performance evaluation and data collection.
- b. From the Network Condition drop-down list, select whether to use a condition for your Blast connection.

NOTE: Blast Extreme protocol is part of BEAT (Blast Extreme Advanced Transport).

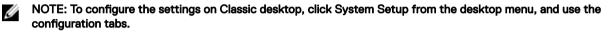
- Select **Excellent** to allow the Blast connection to use Transmission Control Protocol (TCP).
- Select **Typical** to allow the Blast connection to use Transmission Control Protocol (TCP). By default, this value is selected.
- Select **Poor** to allow the Blast connection to use User Datagram Protocol (UDP). UDP uses the available bandwidth to deliver the end-user experience.

To enable UDP, you need to make a few changes to the VMware View Connection Server, the Agent host desktop, and the VMware Horizon Client. For information about the necessary configuration on server and agent desktop, see VMware Certificate Guide at <u>code.vmware.com/group/euc/thin-client/certs/4.6</u>.

Configuring the connectivity

This chapter helps you to understand various configuration settings for a secure connection. Connectivity menu includes:

- · Configuring the network settings.
- Configuring the remote connections.
- Configuring the central configurations.
- Configuring the VPN manager.



To configure the settings on Zero desktop, click the **System Settings** icon on the zero toolbar, and then use the configuration tabs.

Configuring the network settings

To configure the network settings use the following options:

- Configuring the General settings.
- Configuring the Options settings.
- Configuring the ENET settings.
- Configuring the WLAN settings.
- · Configuring the Proxy settings.

Déli

Configuring the general settings

To configure the general network settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Network Setup.

General	Options	ENET	WLAN	Proxy		
Select	Network In	terface	as the De	fault Gat	eway	
	O ENET -	Wired Ne	etwork Co	nnection		
	O WLAN -	Wireless	s Network	Connect	ion	
-			_			
Use	Static Nar	Second Second	ers			-
	DNS Dom					
	DNS Serv	ers:				
	WINS Serv	ers:				
Тс	p Timeout:	1	x 30 Sec	onds		
	p mileouc.	1.	× 50 500	onus		

The **Network Setup** dialog box is displayed.

- 2. Click the General tab, and use the following guidelines:
 - a. To set the default gateway, select the type of network interface from the available options.
 - 1. Single Network support—Either wireless or wired network is connected.
 - **ENET** Click this option, if you want set up the Ethernet Wired Network Connection.
 - WLAN Click this option, if you want set up the Wireless Network Connection.
 - If the user use wireless network after selecting ENET connection or wired network after selecting WLAN connection, then the system log "WLAN: set default gateway xx.xx.xx" for first case and "ENET: set default gateway xx.xx.xx" for second case are printed to ensure that the UI setting reflects the actual usage.

NOTE: The User Interface (UI) will not be changed automatically.

- 2. **Dual Network support**—Both wireless and wired networks are connected. The default gateway is determined by the UI settings.
- b. Use Static Name Servers—By default, this check box is not selected, and thin client fetches the server IP address from DHCP. Select this check box to manually assign static IP addresses.

If name servers are changed using GUI, INI or link down/up, then the details are displayed in Event Logs. In dynamic mode, the DNS/WINS can be merged from Ethernet and Wireless, if network is not working.

- 1. Enter the URL address of the DNS Domain in the **DNS Domain** box.
- 2. Enter the IP address of the DNS Server in the DNS Server box.

Use of DNS is optional. DNS allows you to specify remote systems by their host names rather than IP addresses. If a specific IP address (instead of a name) is entered for a connection, it is used to make the connection. Enter the DNS Domain and the network address of an available DNS Server. The function of the DNS Domain entry is to provide a default suffix to be used in name resolution. The values for these two boxes may be supplied by a DHCP server. If the DHCP server supplies these values, they replace any locally configured values. If the DHCP server does not supply these values, the locally configured values will be used.



NOTE: You can enter up to 16 DNS Server addresses, separated by a semicolon, comma, or space. The first address is for the primary DNS server and the rest are secondary DNS servers or backup DNS servers.

3. Enter the IP address of the WINS Server in the **WINS Server** box.

Use of WINS is optional. Enter the network address of an available WINS name server. WINS allows you to specify remote systems by their host names rather than IP addresses. If a specific IP address (instead of a name) is entered for a connection, it is used to make the connection. These entries can be supplied through DHCP, if DHCP is used. DNS and WINS provide essentially the same function, name resolution. If both DNS and WINS are available, the thin client attempts to resolve the name using DNS first and then WINS.

You can enter two WINS Server addresses (primary and secondary), separated by a semicolon, comma, or space.

- c. Enter the digit multiplier of 30 seconds in the **TCP Timeout** box to set the time-out value of a TCP connection. The value must be **1** or **2** which means the connection time-out value is from 1x30= 30 seconds to 2x30= 60 seconds. If the data for connecting to the server is not acknowledged and the connection is time out, setting the time-out period retransmits the sent data and again tries to connect to the server till the connection is established.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring the DHCP options settings

To configure the options settings:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Network Setup. The Network Setup dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Options** tab, and use the following guidelines:

Network Setup	×					
<u>G</u> eneral Options <u>E</u> NET <u>W</u> LAN <u>P</u> roxy	_					
DHCP Option IDs	[
<u>Fi</u> le Server: 161 WDM Ser <u>v</u> er: 186						
Root Path: 162 WDM Port: 192						
Ftp Userna <u>m</u> e: 184 Citri <u>x</u> Server: 181						
Ftp <u>P</u> assword: 185 <u>D</u> omain List: 182						
VDI <u>Br</u> oker: 188 WDM Sec <u>u</u> re Port: 190						
CCM Group <u>K</u> ey: 199 WDM FQD <u>N</u> : 194						
CCM <u>S</u> erver: 165 CCM MQTT Server: 166						
CCM CA Va <u>l</u> idation: 167						
✓ Interpret DHCP Vendor-Specific Info						
D <u>H</u> CP Vendor ID: wyse-1000						
DHCP UserCl <u>a</u> ss ID: wyse-1000						
OK <u>C</u> ancel						

a. DHCP Option IDs — Enter the supported DHCP options. Each value can only be used once and must be between 128 and 254. For information about DHCP options, see <u>DHCP options</u>.

- b. Interpret DHCP Vendor-Specific Info Select this check box for automatic interpretation of the vendor information.
- c. **DHCP Vendor ID** Shows the DHCP Vendor ID when the dynamically allocated over DHCP/BOOTP option is selected.
- d. **DHCP UserClass ID** Shows the DHCP UserClass ID when the dynamically allocated over DHCP/BOOTP option is selected.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring the ENET settings

To configure the ENET settings:

- 1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Network Setup**. The **Network Setup** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the ENET tab, and use the following guidelines:

Network Setup	×					
<u>G</u> eneral Op <u>t</u> ions <u>ENET</u> <u>W</u> LAN <u>P</u> roxy						
Ethernet Speed: Auto-Detect =						
Dynamic Address						
Pro <u>p</u> erties						
☐ IPv <u>6</u>						
Dynamic Address						
Adva <u>n</u> ced Propert <u>i</u> es						
Enable IEEE802.1 <u>x</u> Authentication						
E <u>A</u> P Type: None Ţ						
Properties						
OK Cancel						

a. Ethernet Speed — Normally the default (Auto-Detect) should be selected, but another selection can be made if automatic negotiation is not supported by your network equipment. Selections include Auto-Detect, 10 MB Half-Duplex, 10 MB Full-Duplex, 10 MB Full-Duplex, and 1 GB Full-Duplex.

The **10 MB Full-Duplex** option can be selected locally at the device, however, this mode may need to be negotiated through **AutoDetect**.

- b. The IPV4 check box is selected by default. Click Properties to set various options supported by IPV4.
 - **Dynamically allocated over DHCP/BOOTP** Selecting this option enables your thin client to automatically receive information from the DHCP server. The network administrator must configure the DHCP server using DHCP options to

provide information. Any value provided by the DHCP server replaces any value entered locally on the Options tab, however, locally entered values are used if the DHCP server fails to provide replacement values.

Statically specified IP Address — Select this option to manual enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway:

- IP Address Must be a valid network address in the server environment. The network administrator must provide this information.
- Subnet Mask Enter the value of the subnet mask. A subnet mask is used to gain access to machines on other subnets. The subnet mask is used to differentiate the location of other IP addresses with two choices: same subnet or other subnet. If the location is other subnet, messages sent to that address must be sent through the Default Gateway, whether specified through local configuration or through DHCP. The network administrator must provide this value.
- Default Gateway Use of gateways is optional. Gateways are used to interconnect multiple networks (routing or delivering IP packets between them). The default gateway is used for accessing the internet or an intranet with multiple subnets. If no gateway is specified, the thin client can only address other systems on the same subnet. Enter the address of the router that connects the thin client to the internet. The address must exist on the same subnet as the thin client as defined by the IP address and the subnet mask. If DHCP is used, the address can be supplied through DHCP.
- c. Select the IPV6 check box, and then click Advanced to select various IPV6 supported setting options from the available check boxes.

The following check boxes are displayed in the IPv6 Advanced Settings dialog box:

- Allow IPv4 to be disabled when IPv6 is enabled
- Prefer IPv4 over IPv6 when both are available
- Disable Stateless Address Auto configuration (SLAAC)
- Disable Duplicate Address Detection (DAD)
- Disable ICMPv6 Echo Reply
- Disable ICMPv6 Redirect Support
- Use Standard DHCPv6 Timers

Click **Properties** and use the following guidelines:

- Wait DHCP—Selecting this option enables your thin client to wait for IPV6 DHCP before the sign-in, if not selected the system will only wait for IPV4 DHCP if enabled.
- Dynamically allocated over DHCP/BOOTP—Selecting this option enables your thin client to automatically receive information from the DHCP server. The network administrator must configure the DHCP server (using DHCP options) to provide information. Any value provided by the DHCP server replaces any value entered locally on the **Options tab**, however, locally entered values are used if the DHCP server fails to provide replacement values.
- **Statically specified IP Address**—Select this option to manually enter the IP Address, Subnet Mask and Default Gateway.
 - IP Address Must be a valid network address in the server environment. The network administrator must provide this information.
 - Subnet Mask Enter the value of the subnet mask. For more information, see various options supported by IPV4 in this section.
 - Default Gateway Use of gateways is optional. For more information, see various options supported by IPV4 in this section.
- **DNS Servers** Use of DNS is optional. DNS allows you to specify remote systems by their host names rather than IP addresses. If a specific IP address (instead of a name) is entered for a connection, it rather than DNS is used to make the connection. Enter the network address of an available DNS Server. The value for this box may be supplied by a DHCP server. If the DHCP server supplies this value, it replaces any locally configured value. If the DHCP server does not supply this value, the locally configured value is used.
- d. Select the check box to enable IEEE802.1x authentication.

EAP Type — If you have enabled the **Enable IEEEE 802.1x authentication** check box, select the EAP Type option you want (**TLS**, **LEAP**, **PEAP** or **FAST**).

- TLS If you select the TLS option, click Properties to open and configure the Authentication Properties dialog box.
 - Select the Validate Server Certificate check box because it is mandatory to validate your server certificate.



NOTE: The CA certificate must be installed on the thin client. Also note that the server certificate text field supports a maximum of approximately 255 characters, and supports multiple server names.

- If you select the Connect to these servers check box, the box is enabled where you can enter the IP address of server.
- Click Browse to find and select the Client Certificate file and Private Key file you want.

NOTE: Make sure you select PFX file only.

From the Authenticate drop-down list, select either User Authentication or Machine Authentication based on your choice.

The following kinds of server names are supported — all examples are based on Cert Common name **company.dell.com**

- *.dell.com
- *dell.com
- *.com
- NOTE: Using only the FQDN, that is, company.dell.com does not work. You must use one of the options (note that *.dell.com is the most common option as multiple authentication servers may exist): servername.dell.com.
- **LEAP**—If you select the **LEAP** option, click **Properties** to open and configure the **Authentication Properties** dialog box. Be sure to use the correct username and password for authentication. The maximum length for the username or the password is 31 characters.
- PEAP—If you select the PEAP option, click Properties to open and configure the Authentication Properties dialog box. Be sure to select either EAP_GTC or EAP_MSCHAPv2, and then use the correct username, password and domain. Validate Server Certificate is optional.
- **FAST**—If you select the **FAST** option, click **Properties** to open and configure the **Authentication Properties** dialog box. Be sure to select either **EAP_GTC** or **EAP_MSCHAPv2**, and then use the correct username, password and domain. Validate Server Certificate is optional.

From ThinOS 8.3, EAP-FAST authentication is supported. During the initial connection, when there is a request for a Tunnel PAC from the authenticator, the PAC is used to complete the authentication. Therefore, the first time connection always fails and the following connections succeed. Only automatic PAC provisioning is supported. The user/machine PAC provisioning generated with Cisco EAP-FAST utility is not supported.

Configuring EAP-GTC and EAP-MSCHAPV2

- To configure EAP-GTC, enter the username only. The password or PIN is required when authenticating.
- To configure EAP-MSCHAPv2, enter the username, password and domain.

NOTE: The domain\username in the username box is supported, but you must leave the domain box blank.

The CA certificate must be installed on the thin client and the server certificate is forced to be validated. When EAP-MSCCHAPV2 is selected as EAP type in the **Authentication Properties** dialog box for PEAP or FAST authentication, an option to hide the domain is available for selection. Username and Password boxes are available for use, but the **Domain** text box is disabled.

When EAP-MSCHAPV2 is selected as EAP type in the **Authentication Properties** dialog box for PEAP or FAST authentication, a check box to enable Single Sign-On feature is available for selection.

- 3. Click OK to save the settings.
 - Important: From ThinOS version 8.5, client reboot is not required to change the network settings. All the changes take effect immediately. For example, ThinOS connects to the new wireless SSID immediately without reboot.

Configuring the WLAN settings

- 1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Network Setup.
- The **Network Setup** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the WLAN tab, and do the following:

	Netwo	rk Setup						×
	<u>G</u> eneral	Op <u>t</u> ions	<u>E</u> NET	WLAN	<u>P</u> roxy			
		N/A N/A		Spe Sign		N/A N/A		
	SSID			Туре			Un	
							<u>U</u> p	
							<u>D</u> own	
							<u>S</u> can	
						•		
<u>A</u> dd <u>R</u> emove <u>P</u> roperties								
	🗌 Disa <u>b</u> le	e Wireless D	evice					
			K			<u>C</u> ancel		

Add—Use this option to add and configure a new SSID connection.
 You can configure the SSID connection from the available security type options.

Wireless	
SID:	
Sec <u>u</u> rity Type:	Open 🗧
Encryption:	None 🗧
WEP <u>K</u> ey:	None
WPA <u>K</u> ey:	None
Enable IEEE80	2.1 <u>x</u> Authentication
E <u>A</u> P Type:	None 🗦
E <u>A</u> P Type:	None Prope <u>r</u> ties
Е <u>А</u> Р Туре:	·

D&L

After you configure the SSID connection, the added SSID connection is listed on the page of the **WLAN** tab.

- b. Remove—Use this option if you want to remove a SSID connection by selecting the SSID connection from the list.
- c. **Properties**—Use this option to view and configure the authentication properties of a SSID connection that is displayed in the list.
- d. Select the **Disable Wireless Device** check box, if you want to disable a wireless device.
 - Always—Click this radio button if you want to disable the wireless device at all times.
 - **EnetUp**—Click this radio button if you want to disable the wireless device whenever the wired network is connected.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.
 - Important: From ThinOS version 8.5, device reboot is not required to change the network settings. All the changes take effect immediately. For example, ThinOS connects to the new wireless SSID immediately without reboot. However for ARM platforms—Wyse 3010 thin client, and Wyse 3020 thin client—the disable/enable wireless requires reboot.

NOTE: The wireless functionality is supported on Wyse 3040 thin client with ThinOS, and Wyse 3040 thin client with PCoIP.

- Supported module: Azurewave AW-CM389MA (WLAN and Bluetooth combo)
- Supported chipset: Marvell 8897chip
- Supported standards: 802.11 a/b/g/n/ac

Configuring the proxy settings

The network **Proxy** tab supports Wyse Management Suite, HDX Flash Redirection, and RealTime Multimedia Engine (RTME). Supported protocols—HDX FR, WMS and RTME

- For HDX FR: HTTP and HTTPS protocols are supported.
 - If both HTTP and HTTPS are configured, the HDX FR works with HTTPS proxy.
 - User credential pass through is possible with \$UN/\$PW.
- For Wyse Management Suite: HTTP, HTTPS and Socks5 (recommended) protocols are supported.
- For **RTME**: HTTP, and HTTPS protocols are supported.
- 1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Network Setup.
- The **Network Setup** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Proxy** tab, and do the following:

Network Setup	×					
General Options ENET WLAN Proxy						
Servers						
HTTP Proxy:						
User:						
Password:						
HTTPS Proxy:						
User:						
Password:						
SOCKS5 Proxy:						
User:						
Password:						
Use the first proxy server for all protocols						
Apply proxy server on:						
🔽 <u>О</u> К 🔀 <u>C</u> ancel						

 a. Enter the HTTP proxy port number or HTTPS proxy port number, User name and Password in the respective fields. However, credential pass through (\$UN/\$PW) is not recommended because it starts before user sign on.
 Wyse Management Suite uses both HTTP/HTTPS and MQTT protocols to communicate with the WMS/MQTT server. However, the HTTP proxy cannot redirect TCP packages to the MQTT server which requires a SOCKS5 proxy server. If there is only HTTP server available, then the real-time command that requires MQTT does not work.

HTTP/HTTPS proxy default port is 808, and SOCKS5 proxy default port is 1080.

b. Select the Use the first proxy server for all protocols check box to allow all the protocols to use the same server in the HTTP Proxy fields. Both HTTP and HTTPS proxy use the same host and port, and SOCKS5 proxy agent uses HTTP host with default Socks5 port (1080).

If **SOCKS5 proxy** is configured, then WMS proxy uses the SOCKS5 only. If SOCKS5 is not configured, then WMS proxy searches for alternative protocols, for example, HTTP in the configuration.

- c. Specify the supported applications as Wyse Management Suite, FR and RTME separated by a semicolon in the **Apply proxy server on** field.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

User scenario

- 1. Configure correct proxy server host and port.
- 2. Configure the user credentials according to the proxy server settings.

On system restart, the client checks in to the Wyse Management Suite server through SOCKS5 proxy server. MQTT connection is established through SOCKS5 proxy server. Real-time commands work fine through SOCKS5 proxy server.

3. Connect to the Citrix desktop, configure proxy in internet options of the browser, and then playback HDX FR through the HTTP/HTTPS proxy authentication.

Configuring the remote connections

Use the **Remote Connections** dialog box to configure thin client remote connections including ICA, RDP, Citrix XenDesktop, Microsoft, VMware View, Dell vWorkspace, and other broker server connections. This dialog box also enables you to configure visual options, and general connection settings.

- <u>Configuring the Broker setup</u>
- Configuring the Visual settings
- Using the General options
- <u>Configuring the Authentication settings</u>

NOTE: In the Classic Desktop option, the Remote Connections dialog box allows you to create the default RDP connections for use. If you want to create more than the default connections, use the Connect Manager, For more information see <u>Using the Connect Manager</u>.

Configuring the broker setup

To configure the broker setup:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections.

The **Remote Connections** dialog box is displayed.

- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select the Broker type.
 - a. Select **None**, and click either of the following connection protocols:
 - **ICA**—For more information, see <u>Configuring ICA connections</u>.
 - **RDP**—For more information, see <u>Configuring RDP connections</u>.
 - b. Select any one of the available broker connections, and configure the broker setup to connect to the respective virtual desktop environments. For instructions about configuring a particular broker setup, see <u>Configuring the connection brokers</u>.

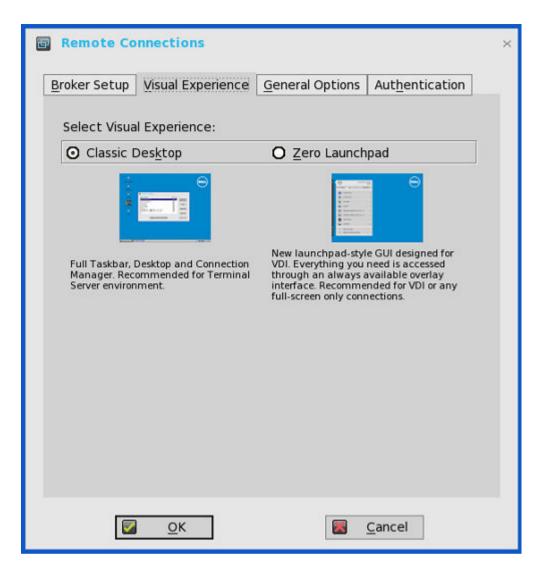
The available broker connections that you can configure on ThinOS are:

- · Citrix Xen
- · VMware
- · Microsoft
- · Dell vWorkspace
- Amazon vWorkspace—This is applicable only to the PCoIP clients.
- c. Select **Other**, and use the following guidelines:
 - Broker Server—Enter the IP address of the Broker server.
 - Auto Connect List—Enter the name of the desktops that you want to launch automatically after logging in to the
 respective broker. More than one desktop can be listed. Each desktop name is separated by a semi-colon, and is casesensitive.
- 3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the visual settings

To configure the visual settings:

- 1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Remote Connections**. The **Remote Connections** tab is displayed.
- 2. Click Visual Experience tab, and use the following guidelines:



NOTE: The Visual Experience tab is grayed out, if the StoreFront Style check box is selected for a Citrix Broker Server entered in the Broker Setup tab.

- a. **Classic Desktop** Displays the full taskbar, desktop and Connect Manager familiar to ThinOS users. This option is recommended for terminal server environments and for backward compatibility with ThinOS 6.x versions.
- b. **Zero Launchpad** Displays the new launch pad style GUI designed for VDI use. Functionality is accessed through an always available interface. This option is recommended for VDI and any full-screen only connections. Toolbar, hotkey and connection icon options are also available for configuration.

If you select the Zero Launchpad, then use the following guidelines:

- · Select the check box to enable Zero Toolbar activation in left pane.
 - Select the button if you want to enable Zero Toolbar activation in left pane when you pause a mouse on the screen. You must select the time duration—0. 0.5 or 1 second—after which the Zero toolbar is activated.
 - Select the button if you want to enable Zero Toolbar activation in left pane only after clicking.
- Select the check box to disable hotkey to show toolbar.
- Select the check box to always disable toolbar when you have one session available.
- Select the check box to disable the Home icon.
- 3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the general options

To configure the general options:

 From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.

🖶 Remote Co	onnections			
Broker Setup Visual Experience General Options Authentication				
	Select the action	n after all sessions	exit	
O Nor				
	n-off automatically			
	t <u>d</u> own the system a start the system aut	-		
Shutdov	Shutdown / Restart co <u>u</u> nter: NONE			
Default	Sign-on Us <u>e</u> rname:			
Default	Default Sign-on <u>P</u> assword:			
Default	Default Sign-on Do <u>m</u> ain:			
		Clear <u>l</u> ocally sa	aved connections	
	<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel	

- 2. Click the General Options tab, and use the following guidelines:
 - a. Click the available options to select the action after you exit all open desktops. The available options are **None**, **Sign-off automatically**. **Shut down the system automatically** and **Restart the system automatically**.

NOTE: By default, None is selected and the thin client automatically returns to the terminal desktop.

- b. **Default Sign-on Username** Enter the Default user name.
- c. Default Sign-on password— Enter the Default password.
- d. Default Sign-on Domain— Enter the Default Domain.
- e. Click Clear locally saved connections to clear locally saved connections.

NOTE: If you enter all three default sign-on credentials (Username, Password and Domain), you are automatically logged on to your desktop upon system start.

Configuring the authentication settings

To configure the authentication settings:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the Authentication tab, and select the authentication type.

The following authentication options are displayed:

- Imprivata— <u>Configuring Imprivata OneSign server</u>.
- · Caradigm—<u>Configuring Caradigm server</u>.
- SECUREMATRIX— <u>Configuring SECUREMATRIX</u>.
- HealthCast—<u>Introduction to HealthCast</u>.

🗐 Remote Co	onnections			×
<u>B</u> roker Setup	<u>V</u> isual Experience	<u>G</u> eneral Options	Aut <u>h</u> entication	
Select Auth	nentication Type:			_
⊙ Im <u>p</u> riva	ta	O Ca <u>r</u> adigm		
O SECUR	E <u>M</u> ATRIX	O HealthC <u>a</u> st		
OneSigr	n <u>S</u> erver:			
	<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel	

3. After configuring your preferred authentication, click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring Imprivata OneSign server

OneSign Virtual Desktop Access provides a seamless authentication experience and can be combined with single sign-on for No Click Access to desktops and applications in a virtual desktop environment.

To configure the OneSign Server, enter the details of the OneSign Server (either https://ip or https://FQDN values), reboot the client to display the logon dialog box, and then enter credentials to open the VDI broker dialog box for logon use. You can also set this feature in your INI file, see *Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference Guide*.

The following OneSign features or actions are supported:

- · Client and Broker Authentication
 - Citrix Xen App
 - Citrix Xen Desktop
- VMware View
- Kiosk Mode
- Fast User Switching
- Non-OneSign user VDI access
- Hotkey Disconnect
- Proximity card reader redirection
- Guided Question and Answer login
- · Authenticate w/Password
- Authenticate w/Password + Password Change
- Authenticate w/Password + Password Change | New Password is Invalid
- Authenticate w/Proximity Card + Password
- Authenticate w/Proximity Card + Pin
- Authenticate w/Proximity Card + Pin | Pin not enrolled
- · Authenticate w/Proximity Card Alone | Retrieve Password
- Retrieve User Identity Password
- Reset User Identity Password
- · Update User Identity Password
- Enroll Proximity Card
- Lock/Unlock Terminal with Proximity CardLock/Unlock Terminal with Proximity Card

For details on Deployment in an Imprivata OneSign ProveID Environment, see Knowledge Base Solution **#23254**. Go to <u>www.dell.com/wyse/knowledgebase</u> and search for **23254**.

ThinOS supports latest Imprivata WebAPI version 5. It includes OneSign Objects (WebAPI v4) and Fingerprint Authentication (WebAPI v5).

From ThinOS 8.3.1 Hot Fix release, Imprivata SSO solution is supported for ARM platforms—Wyse 3010 thin client and Wyse 3020 thin client series.

Configuring objects on Imprivata Server

Imprivata WebAPI is updated from version 4 to version 5. From earlier version, supports configuration objects are supported that enables you to control different aspects of client behavior. The Imprivata WebAPI feature is available on OneSign server 4.9 and later versions. The Configuration objects control different aspects of the client behavior.

Use the following guidelines to configure the objects on Imprivata Server:

1. Configuring the General configuration object

- a. On the Imprivata server, click **Computer policy**, and then click **General** tab.
- b. Select the check box to allow users to shut down and restart workstation from lock screen.

NOTE: Display shutdown button and restarts commands to the user on the OneSign GINA.

The following configuration objects are supported on Imprivata server:

· Shutdown Allow

- If you enable this feature by selecting the check box, the shutdown and restart icon is shown in ThinOS login and

	İ imprivata [.]			
	Forgot password?	ڻ		
	<u>U</u> ser name: <u>P</u> assword: <u>D</u> omain:	 Ţ		
	imprivata OneSig	O Password O Proximity Card O Fingerprint		
locked windows.	Sys Info Admin m	ode Shutdown Login		

- If you clear the check box, the **shutdown** and **restart** icon is grayed out.
- FailedOneSignAuth Allow—Only yes or no options are supported. Non-OneSign user can log in to the Broker by clicking No radio button.
- Logging Allow
 - OneSign logs could output on ThinOS with this feature. An INI configuration is needed correspondingly.
 - Loglevel=0/1/2/3. The default value is 0. If set to 0, logs are not displayed.
 - Display name format— Account name can be shown correctly with different formats in pop-up notifications.

2. Configuring the Walkway configuration object

On the Imprivata server, click **Computer policy**, and then click the **Walk Away** tab.

- Key mouse inactivity enabled and behavior The check box in addition to keyboard and mouse inactivity is not supported.
- Passive proximity cards
 - If you want to use proximity card to lock the computer, select the Tap to lock check box.
 - If you want to lock the computer and log in as a different user. select the Switch users check box.
 - INI parameter isTapToLock=0/1/2.
- Lock warning enabled and type—The three types that are supported are: none, notification balloon and Screensaver.
 - None—No warning messages are displayed.
 - Notification balloon—ThinOS displays a notification window.
 - Screensaver—Hide the display contents before the workstation locks.
- Warning message—The message can be customized.
- **Lock Screen type**—Only obscure type is supported.
- Hot key to lock workstation or log off user—ThinOS can support following keys:

"F1 ~ F12", "BKSP", "DEL", "DOWN", "END", "ENTER", "ESC", "HOME", "INS", "LALT", "LEFT", "LCONTROL", "NUMLOCK", "PGDN", "PGUP", "RCONTROL", "RIGHT", RTALT", "SPACE", "TAB", "UP", "a~z", "A~Z", "0~9" and modifier "+", "%", "^" (Shift, Alt and Control)

• Suspend action—The server configuration controls this feature on ThinOS. Therefore a new INI is added— SuspendAction=0/1; 0 means lock, 1 means signoff.

3. Configuring the SSPR Configuration Object

The SSPR configuration object controls the Self-Service Password Reset behavior for a user. The enabled attribute specifies whether the user is allowed to reset their password as part of emergency access. The mandatory attribute specifies whether the user must reset their password as part of emergency access.

4. Configuring the RFIDeas configuration object

The RFIDeas configuration object controls the behavior of the RFIDeas readers. The configuration can be configured by two ways, the computer policy of OneSign server and ThinOS INI.

5. Configuring the Custom background configuration object

On the Imprivata server, click **Computer policy**, and then click the **Customization** tab.

PNG, 1920x1200	-

6. Configuring the Co-Branding configuration object

On the Imprivata server, click Computer policy, and then click Customization.

Login screen appearance - ProveID Embedded endpoints
Logo (PNG, GIF or JPG, 200x150, 250kb max)
PNG, 196x48 Upload

Logo image impacts all the dialog boxes in ThinOS with raw logo.

7. Configuring the SSPR Customization configuration object

- The text displayed in sign-on UI and lock window can be customized.
- The largest size supported by ThinOS is 17 characters.

ThinOS UI:

	İ imprivata [.]					
F	orgot passv	vord?		ወ		
	<u>U</u> ser name:					
	<u>P</u> assword: Domain:			÷		
	_	rivata DneSig	O Passw O Proxim O Finger	ord hity Card		
	D Sys Info	Admin mo	de Shutdown	> Login		

8. Password Self-Services force enrollment feature

Selecting this check box allows you to reset the primary authentication password.

OneSign Security Questions
You are required to set up personal security questions and answers before you can log in.
OK <u>C</u> ancel

INI configuration for Imprivata OneSign Server

A new INI parameter is added to the OneSignServer=AutoAccess=command. The new value is AutoAccess=Local. When AutoAccessis set to local, the ThinOS ignores the brokers that are set on the Imprivata OneSign Appliance and starts the broker/ connections which are defined in wnos.ini or local defined on the client. You can start the vWorkspace, Microsoft, and other ThinOS connections while supporting Imprivata user authentication.

Proximity card enrollment

1. Tap the proximity card. The card enrollment page is displayed.



2. Enter the credentials and then click **OK**.

Confirm your iden	tity	
Enter cardholder'	s network credentials.	-
User name:		(u. A
Password:	X.COM	((,))
<u>D</u> omain: CT	X.com	
Οκ	Cancel	Badge 183:62280

Proximity card is enrolled successfully.



Imprivata Bio-metric Single Sign-On

Fingerprint identification feature is highly reliable, and cannot be easily replicated, altered, or misappropriated.

The prerequisites of OneSign server are:

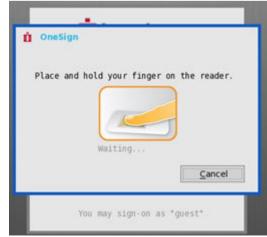
- Imprivata v4.9 or later appliance version is needed that supports the WebAPI v5 and later versions.
- · Fingerprint identification license is required.

Notes on Imprivata Bio-metric Single Sign-On

- Supported protocols are RDP, ICA, and PCoIP.
- Required Fingerprint reader devices are:
 - ET710 (PID 147e VID 2016)
 - ET700 (PID 147e VID 3001)

Supported scenarios

- 1. Signing in or unlocking the ThinOS devices using Fingerprint Authentication.
 - · Configure the OneSign server on ThinOS, and then plug-in the fingerprint reader device.
 - The ThinOS Fingerprint window is displayed automatically after OneSign server is initialized.





- Fingerprint authentication works on the ThinOS unlock window.
- 2. Unlocking the Virtual Desktop using Fingerprint Authentication.
 - Enable the Imprivata Virtual Channel from ThinOS Global Connection Settings.

🧑 Global Connection Settings	×
Session ICA RDP	
Settings common to all sessions Launch only once Re-connect after disconnect Turn compression off Optimize for low speed link Mount disks as read-only Enable Imprivata VC Auto-connect to local devices: Printers Serials Smart Cards Sound Disks	
 ☐ Exclude disk devices ✓ Exclude audio devices ✓ Exclude video devices 	2
OK Cancel	

When you lock the virtual desktop in the session, the Fingerprint window is displayed automatically.

Unl	Unlock Workstation				
	Verifying Administrator@ctx.com - OneSign				
U Pi Lo	Place and hold your finger on the reader				
	Tips for using the reader Cancel				
	Choose how to authenticate with OneSign Password Fingerprint Token Proximity Card				
	Forgot password? Shut down Restart				

3. Managing Fingerprints on virtual desktop.

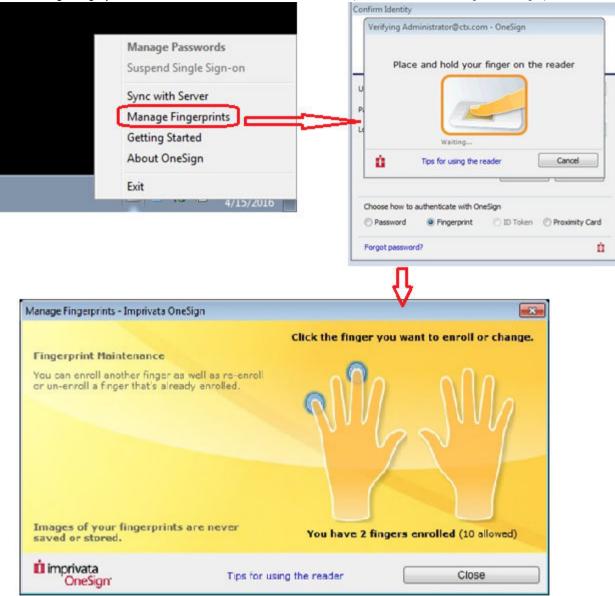
•

- Legend Fingerprint Management is supported.
- Fingerprint management with Imprivata Confirm ID enabled is not supported. This requires both supervisor and user to finish the enrollment and it is recommended to use Windows platform to perform this action.

To manage fingerprints, do the following:

a. Right-click the OneSign agent icon in System tray.

b. Click Manage Fingerprints, and enter the correct credentials in the displayed window to manage your Fingerprints.



Configuring the Caradigm server

Caradigm Single Sign-on and Context Management (SSO & CM) is the product of the Caradigm Company which provides Single Sign-on and Context Management Services. Caradigm solution has been integrated since ThinOS 8.1.

To configure the Caradigm integration on ThinOS, do the following:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the Authentication tab, and then click Caradigm.

e	Remote Co	nnections			×
Br	oker Setup	<u>V</u> isual Experience	<u>G</u> eneral Options	Aut <u>h</u> entication	
	Select Authentication Type:				-
	O Im <u>p</u> riva	ta	O Ca <u>r</u> adigm		
	O SECURE	E <u>M</u> ATRIX	O HealthC <u>a</u> st		
					J
	SSO & C	:M <u>S</u> erver:			
	<u>D</u> efault	Group Name:]
	∏ <u>E</u> nabl	e logoff remote des	ktop		
					1
		<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel	

- a. SSO & CM Server—Enter the IP addresses of the Single Sign-On (SSO) and Context Management (CM) Servers.
- b. Default Group Name—Type the name of the default group in the Default Group Name box.
- c. Enable logoff remote desktop
 - · Select the check box to log off the current user from the session before system sign-off.
 - Clear the selection to disconnect from the session.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring the Caradigm Vault server

To configure the Caradigm Vault server on ThinOS:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the Authentication tab, click the Caradigm button, enter the IP address of the SSO & CM Server, and then click OK.
- **3.** On the Caradigm Vault Server, use the following guidelines:
 - Ensure that the **Enroll unenrolled badges** option is checked.
 - · Make sure that all Badge ID mapping entries are deleted.



Tap Server

Way2Care Parameters				
Default Group Name	EGPGroup			
Default Grace Period (min)	480			
Badge Tap Processing Parameters				
Enroll Unenrolled Badges?	V			
Badge Enrollment Timeout (sec)	300			
Remote Desktop Tap Synchronization Timeout (sec)	120			
Client Certificate Validation Parameters				
Reject Expired Certificates?				
Reject Self-Signed Certificates?				
Revoked Client Certificates Revoke a Certificate				
<< Click Revoke a Certificate to specify a Thin Client certificate that should be rejected >>				
Client Certificate Filters	Add New Filter			
<< Click Add New Filter to specify a filter for acceptable Thin Client certificates >>				
Badge ID Mapping Parameters	Add New Badge ID Mapping			
<< Click Add New Badge ID Mapping to specify a mapping for Thin Client badge IDs >>				
	Apply			

4. Click SSO&CM \rightarrow Advanced Configurations , and use the following guidelines:

~
30 (sec
authenticate

- a. Ensure that the Enable Proximity Support check box is selected.
- b. Ensure that the **Enable way2care** check box is selected.
- 5. To prepare a certificate to the Caradigm Vault Server, use the following guidelines:

The Caradigm Vault Server uses the certificate to validate the connection between the Tap Server and the thin client.

- a. To raise a request for the certificate:
 - The certificate should be issued by your Certificate Authority.
 - Prepare the certificate in two formats:
 - PFX format which has a private key.
 - The other is PEM format which is text-based, Base64-encoded DER file. For Example, Caradigm.cer, Caradigm.pfx.
- b. To import a certificate to the thin client, use either of the following two options:
 - · Click System Setup → System tools → Certificates to import certificates from USB storage or file server.
 - Use INI file to import certificate.
 - AddCertificate=client_cert.pfx password=passpass
- c. To add a certificate to Vault server:

Thin Client Certificates

Client Certificates Imp			Import a Certifi	cate
Owner Name	Issuer Name	Valid From	Valid Until	Delete
CN=CaradigmClient, OU=bj, O=bj, L=bj, ST=bj, C=US	CN=SSO-SSODC-CA,DC=SSO,DC=COM	04/07/2015 08:15 UTC	04/06/2017 08:15 UTC	
CN=Test client,O=Caradigm,L=Andover,ST=Massachusetts,C=US	CN=Test client, O=Caradigm,L=Andover, ST=Massachusetts, C=US	02/19/2014 19:30 UTC	02/14/2034 19:30 UTC	
CN=sqawireless2,CN=Users,DC=sqawireless,DC=com	CN=sqawireless.com, DC=sqawireless, DC=com	09/17/2013 09:30 UTC	09/17/2014 09:30 UTC	

Use the **Thin Client Certificates** page to add certificates for the thin client devices. The certificate must be a text in PEM format, that is, a text-based Base64-encoded DER file.

- Open the DER cert file on Notepad.
- · Log in to the Vault Server Admin Console, and then click **Appliance** \rightarrow **Thin Client Certificates**.
- Copy the Notepad text to the Vault server

Configuration on VDI server and desktops

Caradigm solution of ThinOS supports the multi-types of VDI server such as VMware View Horizon 6, Citrix XenApp 6.5, Citrix XenDesktop 5.6 and Citrix XenDesktop 7.6.

To configure the VDI server and desktop:

- · Install the Caradigm desktop components in the servers and desktops.
- · Indicate vault server IP, and then provide a valid security token.
- Add following lines to Service section of the \programdata\sentillion\vergence\Authenticator.ini configuration file.
 TapServerIdentification=True
 RemotePromptForPassword=Badge



NOTE: At present, the following PCoIP enabled thin clients offer Caradigm SSO over PCoIP:

- Wyse 3030 LT with PCoIP
- Wyse 3040 with PCoIP
- · Wyse 5010 with PCoIP (D10DP)
- Wyse 5040 AIO with PCoIP (5213)
- · Wyse 5060 with PCoIP

SSO and CM client installed on your VDI server and desktops must be upgraded to latest version 6.2.5 in order to support this feature.

Configuring SECUREMATRIX

SECUREMATRIX enhances the security of enterprise and cloud-based applications while providing seamless end user experience for a one-time password (OTP) that can be used for authentication with desktops, Windows, VPNs, intranets, extranets, web servers, e-commerce and other network resources.

To configure the **SECUREMATRIX Server**, enter either https://ip or https://FQDN values, reboot the client to display the **log on** dialog box, and then enter credentials to open the **VDI broker** dialog box for logon use. You can also set this feature in your INI file, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide. For details see SECUREMATRIX documentation.

Introduction to HealthCast

HealthCast Single Sign-On (SSO) solution is designed to improve user convenience, streamline workflow, and strengthen security compliance in demanding environments. The same proximity cards used for physical access are used to tap-in and tap-out of unique user sessions and to tap-over any sessions unintentionally left open on the ThinOS devices. Typically, you must type in your password only one time each day and use your proximity cards to streamline workflow and save time as they move between shared computers securely. Also, proximity cards can be secured with a PIN, if configured by the organization. The HealthCast SSO solution also supports user self-service password reset so that you can reset your own passwords without the need to call the help desk.





NOTE: HealthCast SSO Solution on ThinOS is a client-server solution. ThinOS provides the client-side functionality, but you must also install and configure the HealthCast Server components on a server system in order for the solution to work properly. Contact HealthCast on <u>HealthCast website</u> for one or more server installation executables, server requirements, and configuration information.

Configuring HealthCast on ThinOS

HealthCast Web API Server is integrated with ThinOS release to implement the HealthCast SSO solution. To use the HealthCast SSO solution, ThinOS must be configured to use the HealthCast Web API Server. You can do this by using the INI file (wnos.ini), or using the ThinOS UI. Dell recommends you to use the INI file for large deployments.

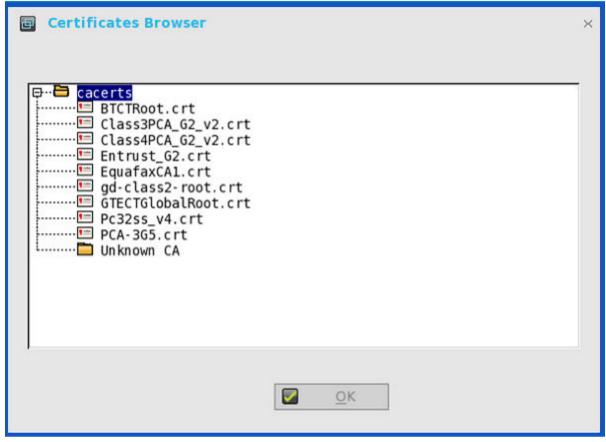
ThinOS UI configuration

- To use the HealthCast Web API, configure the HealthCast settings on the thin client side. To configure, do the following:
 - From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections.
 The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
 - b. Click the Authentication tab, and then click HealthCast.

🗐 Remote C	onnections		×
<u>B</u> roker Setup	<u>V</u> isual Experience	General Options Authentication	_
Select Aut	hentication Type:		
O Im <u>p</u> riv	ata	O Ca <u>r</u> adigm	
	E <u>M</u> ATRIX	⊙ HealthC <u>a</u> st	
Health	Cast <u>S</u> erver:	https://lynxapi.azurewebsi	
Client	Certificate:	client_cert.pfx	
		<u>B</u> rowse	
E	<u>о</u> к	🔀 <u>C</u> ancel	

c. Enter the HealthCast server details in the box provided.

d. To import the client certificate, click Browse, and select the appropriate certificate you want to use.



e. Click **OK** to save the settings.

INI configuration

To configure using INI parameters, add the following INI parameters to your wnos.ini file:

HealthCastServer— The server address and options needed for the client to connect to the HealthCast Web API Server. HealthCastServer=<https address> SecurityMode=<default, full, warning, low> ClientCertificate=<cert-pfx-file-name> For example: HealthCastServer=https://server1.example.com SecurityMode=full ClientCertificate=client-cert.pfx.

For more information on INI parameters, see Dell Wyse INI Reference Guide.

HealthCast SSO features and functionality on ThinOS

The following are the HealthCast SSO features and functionality on ThinOS:

Proximity card enrollment—HealthCast supports user self-enrollment. Therefore, there is no need to bring the proximity card to
a special registration station, or for IT staff to be involved. Instead, you must only tap the disenrolled proximity card at a terminal

and you can follow the easy registration process. This is a one-time event after which you can use the card wherever HealthCast

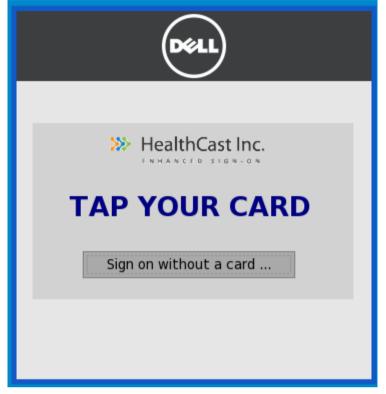


Manual login and lock/unlock terminal—If you do not have a card, or choose not to use your card, then you can manually log in using your user name and password. Administrators can disable manual login, if they wish, so that users can sign on with their proximity cards. You can also lock or unlock the terminal, if you have signed on with a manual login.

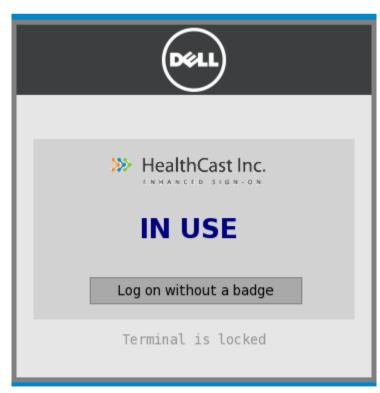
DEL

Sign on	
User name:	
Password:	
Log on to:	vmv 🗧
	Forgot your password?
<u>S</u> ubi	mit <u>C</u> ancel

Proximity card login and lock/unlock terminal—After the proximity card is registered, tap the card at a terminal to login.



You can lock the session to secure it, but leave the remote session connected for fast access when you return. To do this, tap the proximity card and the session is locked.



To resume the session, tap the card again.

• Walk away—Terminals can be configured to lock or log off sessions that have been left open. The time that will elapse before automatic lock or log off can be set by an administrator using the convenient web administration application.

.

- **Tap-Over**—If a session is locked or left open, a second user can tap their own proximity card and this will disconnect the first session and log the second user into their own unique session.
- Forgotten card—If you forget your card at home, you can receive a temporary card and register it for the day using the same easy registration process mentioned in this section.
- Lost or stolen card—If you report a card as lost or stolen, an administrator can immediately disable the card using the convenient web administration application. This prevents anyone else from using it.
- Self-Service Password Reset (SSPR)—If SSPR enabled by an administrator, you can register for SSPR and reset your
 passwords without calling the help desk.



• Easy to use web-based administration tool—Administrators can quickly and easily configure settings, manage proximity cards, and users using a web-based administration tool.

Configuring the central configurations

Use the **Central Configuration** dialog box to configure thin client central connection settings such as file server, optional WDM server settings, and optional Cloud Client Manager.

Use the following options to configure the central configurations:

- Configuring the general central configurations.
- <u>Configuring the WDA settings</u>.

Configuring the general central configurations

To configure the general central configurations:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Central Configuration. The Central Configuration dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click General tab, and use the following guidelines:

👼 Cer	tral Configuration			×
Gene	ral <u>W</u> DA			
	Eile Servers/Path: Username: Password:			
	о к]	Cancel	

File Servers/Path, **Username** and **Password** — Enter the IP address or host name of the file server that provides the system software and update images. The address can be supplied through DHCP, if DHCP is used.

- a. File Servers/Path Allows maximum of 127 characters for file server, and maximum of 127 characters for root path. The data specifies part of the path to be used when the server is accessed. Multiple file servers/paths may be named, as long as all data fits in the length limitation.
- b. Username Enter the username to log in to the file server. Use maximum of 31 characters.
- c. Password Enter the password to log in to the file server. Use maximum of 31 characters.
- 3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the Wyse Device Agent settings

Use this tab to configure the Wyse Device Manager and Wyse Management Suite settings.

ThinOS supports all the Wyse Management Suite Group Policy settings. To configure the Wyse Management Suite settings, do the following:

- **1.** From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Central Configuration**. The **Central Configuration** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click WDA \rightarrow WMS, and use the following guidelines:

Central Configuration			×
<u>G</u> eneral WDA			
Protocol Priority:	O WDM	O WMS	
Enable Wyse Manage	ement Suite (WMS)) INS SRV record	
this thin the setup Once you Group Reg like to automatic Find out WWW.N	of file serv have an accou- jistration Key register this cally connect more about WM vysemanagement		
Group Registration k		-	
Enable WMS Adv	anced Settings	Validate <u>K</u> ey	
WMS <u>S</u> erver:	I		
MQTT Server:			
🗹 Enable CA Validat	ion		
	<u>o</u> ĸ	Cancel	

By default, the WMS option is selected. Wyse Management Suite service automatically runs after the client boot up.

If the first discovery, for example, the Wyse Management Suite service is not successful, then it seeks for the next priority, for example, WDM service. This continues until a discovery is successful. If all discoveries fail, then it is started again automatically after a fixed time—24 hours.

- a. Enable Wyse Management Suite (WMS)—Select the check box to enable the Wyse Management Suite to discover your thin client.
- b. DNS SRV record—Select this check box if you want the thin client to obtain the Wyse Management Suite values through DNS server, and then try to register into the Wyse Management Suite server. By default, the check box is selected. If the check box selection is canceled, then the thin client cannot obtain the Wyse Management Suite values through DNS server. To create DNS records in DNS server, use the following information:

WMS server URL

DNS Record Type: DNS SRV

Record Name: WMS MGMT. TCP.<Domain>

Value Returned: WDMNG Server URL

Example: _WMS_MGMT._TCP.WDADEV.com

MQTT Server URL

DNS Record Type: DNS SRV

Record Name: _WMS_MQTT._TCP.<Domain>

Value Returned: WMS Server URL

Example: _WMS_MQTT._TCP.WDADEV.com

Group Token

DNS Record Type: DNS Text

Record Name: _WMS_GROUPTOKEN.<Domain>

Value Returned: Group Token (as String)

Example: _WMS_GROUPTOKEN .WDADEV.com

CA Validation

DNS Record Type: DNS Text

Record Name: _WMS_CAVALIDATION.<Domain>

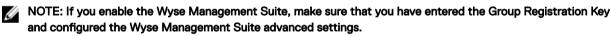
Value Returned: TRUE or FALSE (as String)

Example: _WMS_CAVALIDATION.WDADEV.com

c. Group Registration Key—Enter the Group Registration Key as configured by your Wyse Management Suite administrator for the desired group. To verify the key, click Validate Key.

A Group Registration Key is not required for the private Wyse Management Suite server. You can provide the Wyse Management Suite server details to allow the device to check in to Wyse Management Suite. ThinOS registers to a quarantine tenant in Wyse Management Suite.

d. **Enable WMS Advanced Settings**—Select this check box to enter the Wyse Management Suite server, MQTT server details, and to enable the CA validation. By default, the MQTT server option is disabled. The MQTT server value is populated after the ThinOS device is checked in to the Wyse Management Suite.



For more information about using Wyse Management Suite to manage the ThinOS devices, see the Wyse Management Suite v1.1 Administrator's Guide at <u>Dell.com/manuals</u>.

3. Click OK to save the settings.

Service checked in status is displayed in **System Information** tab. To configure the WDM settings, do the following:

Protocol Priori <u>ty</u> : WDM Servers:	O WDM	O wms	
Discovery Setting	e		
DNS Name r			
DNS SRV red			
	ı		
Enable automatic	discovery after miss	ed 15 checkins	
_	discovery after misse enable automatic disc		
_			
_			
_			
_			
_			

- 1. Click **WDM**, and use the following guidelines:
- 2. WDM Servers—Enter the IP addresses or host names, if WDM is used. Locations can also be supplied through user profiles, if user INI profiles are used.
- 3. **DNS Name Record**—(Dynamic Discovery) Allows devices to use the DNS host name lookup method to discover a WDM Server.
- 4. DHCP Inform—(Dynamic Discovery) Allows devices to use DHCP Inform to discover a WDM Server.
- 5. Enable Automatic Discovery After Missed Check-ins—Select the number of missed check-ins after which you want the auto discovery options enabled.
- 6. Click **OK** to save the settings.

The Wyse Device Manager option can be disabled using the following INI parameters:

- · WMSService=no
- · Service=wdm disable=yes
- · RapportDisable=yes

Configuring the VPN Manager

VPN Manager is included to manage VPN connections. A virtual private network (VPN) extends a private network across a public network such as the Internet. It enables a computer or Wi-Fi-enabled device to send and receive data across shared or public networks as if the devices are directly connected to the private network, while benefiting from the functionality, security and management policies of the private network.

To configure the VPN Manager, use the following guidelines:

- In Classic Mode, from the desktop menu, click System Setup → VPN Manager. In Zero Mode, user can view the VPN Manager tab in System Settings panel.
- 2. Click VPN Manager.

The **VPN Manager** dialog box is displayed.

🛃 VPN Manager			×
OpenConnect			_
Description	Auto	Co <u>n</u> nect	
		Ne <u>w</u>	
		Edit	
		Delete	
<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel	

- 3. Click New to create a new session.
 - a. Session Name (up to 21 characters)—Enter the name of the Session Name. This is not a mandatory option. If the field is left blank, the VPN server name will be used as the session name.
 - b. VPN server (up to 63 characters)—Enter the IP address of the VPN Server. This is defined as either an IP address or a host name. This is a mandatory option.
 - c. Login Username (up to 31 characters)—Enter the Login Username. This is a mandatory option.
 - d. Login Password (up to 31 characters)—Enter the password of the user. This is not a mandatory option.
 - e. Select the check box to Auto-connect on system startup.
 - f. Select the check box to show progress in detail.
 - g. Click OK.

OpenConnect Pr	operty ×
Session <u>N</u> ame:	sessionname
VPN <u>S</u> erver:	vpn se rve rn ame
Login <u>U</u> sername:	username
Pass <u>w</u> ord:	*****
☐ <u>A</u> uto-connect ☐ S <u>h</u> ow progress	on system startup in detail
<mark>.</mark> <u>о</u> к	Cancel

When the connections are created, the description column lists the session name and the Auto column shows which connection is automatically connected when the unit restarts. Only one session can be set to auto-connect.

🛃 VPN Manager		×
OpenConnect		
Description	Auto	Connect
sessionname1 sessionname2 sessionname3	Yes No	New
sessionname4	No No	Edit
		Delete
Ο Κ		Cancel

4. Click Connect.

The connection status is displayed.

Configuring the connection brokers

In a Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) environment, a connection broker is a software entity that allows you to connect to an available desktop. The connection broker facilitates the VDI environment to securely and efficiently manage the centrally hosted desktop environments.



- Linux hosted desktop in Citrix, VMware, and Dell vWorkspace brokers are supported.
- · Windows 10 desktop in multiple brokers is supported.
 - Windows 10 desktop is supported in Citrix, VMware, and RDS brokers.
 - Windows 10 remote desktop published from Microsoft RDS does not support MMR. Windows 10 remote desktops published from VMware Horizon and Citrix Xen support MMR.
- ICA multicast feature is not supported from ThinOS 8.4. However, the URL redirection works.

Configuring Citrix

Citrix offers a complete virtualization solution, where all applications and resources are deployed on a centralized server, and published to remote devices. The Citrix Receiver client software installed on the thin client allows you to interact with the application GUI, while all of the application processes are performed on the server.

This section provides information about how to configure a Citrix broker connection on your ThinOS device, and other Citrix features that you can configure on ThinOS.

Configuring the Citrix broker connection

To configure the Citrix broker setup:

Déll

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select Citrix Xen, and do the following:
 - Select the check box to enable the **StoreFront style**.
 - Broker Server— Enter the IP address/Hostname/FQDN of the Broker Server.
 - Auto Connect List—Enter the name of the desktops that you want to launch automatically after logging in to the
 respective broker. More than one desktop can be entered. Each desktop name is separated by semi-colon, and is casesensitive.
 - Select the check box to enable automatic reconnection at logon.

NOTE: If you enable the automatic reconnection, you are able to select from the reconnection options. Click either of the options where you can connect to the disconnected sessions only or connect to both active and disconnected sessions.

Select the check box to enable automatic reconnection from the button menu.

NOTE: If you enable the automatic reconnection, you are able to select from the reconnection options. Click either of the options where you can connect to the disconnected sessions only or connect to both active and disconnected sessions.

- Account Self-Service Server— Enter the IP address of the Account self-service server.
- XenApp Use this option, if you want to set default settings to XenApp.

- XenDesktop— Use this option, if you want to set default settings to XenDesktop.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Citrix HDX RealTime Multimedia Engine or RealTime Optimization Pack

HDX RealTime Optimization Pack (RTOP) provides a scalable solution to deliver audio-video conferencing and Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) enterprise telecommunication by using Microsoft Skype for Business. The Optimization Pack supports XenDesktop and XenApp environments to users on ThinOS devices. For more information about HDX RealTime Optimization Pack, see <u>Citrix</u> <u>documentation</u>.

This section provides information about supported platforms for RealTime Multimedia Engine (RTME), installation of RTME package, Citrix remote server/Desktop host preparation, configuration on ThinOS, and RTME status check and troubleshooting.

- Introduction
- Installing the RTME package on ThinOS
- Setting up the RTME connector
- Verifying the RTME 1.8 Status
- Verifying the RTME 2.x Status

Introduction

Citrix HDX RealTime Optimization pack offers high-definition audio and video calls. In every ThinOS release, the RTME version may be updated to newer version and the latest RTME version co-exists with RTME 1.8 version in the corresponding release packages. ThinOS v8.5 supports RTME/RTOP version 2.3. However, you can still use RTME 2.2 package.

For more information about Citrix RTME 1.8 feature, go to <u>docs.citrix.com/en-us/hdx-optimization/1-8/hdx-realtime-optimization-pack-about.html</u>.

For information on how to use Citrix RTME 1.8 feature, go to <u>docs.citrix.com/en-us/hdx-optimization/1-8/hdx-realtime-optimization-pack-troubleshooting.html</u>.

For more information about RTME 2.x features, go to docs.citrix.com/en-us/hdx-optimization/current-release/whats-new.html.

For more information on how to install and use Citrix RTME 2.x feature, go to <u>docs.citrix.com/en-us/hdx-optimization/current-</u><u>release/install.html</u>.

Supported environments

- · Citrix environment: XenDesktop and XenApp 5.6/6.5/7.x
- Desktop with RTME connector 1.8 (Lync server and client version 2010 and 2013; Skype for Business client in Lync 2013 GUI is supported).
- Desktop with RTME connector 2.x (Both Skype for Business 2015 and Skype for Business 2016 are supported).
- · Supported networks: LAN, WAN (VPN), wireless and so on.
- Supports calls between RTME clients or between RTME and standard Lync clients.
- Supports Microsoft Office 365 or Skype for Business Online. For more information, See the Citrix documentation.

RTME supported platforms

- Wyse 5010 with ThinOS (D10D), Wyse 5010 thin client with PCoIP (D10DP)
- Wyse 3030 LT thin client with ThinOS, Wyse 3030 LT thin client with PCoIP
- Wyse 3040 thin client with ThinOS, Wyse 3040 thin client with PCoIP
- Wyse 5060 thin client with ThinOS, Wyse 5060 thin client with PCoIP
- Wyse 5040 AIO thin client with ThinOS (5212 AIO), Wyse 5040 AIO thin client with PCoIP (5213)
- Wyse 7010 thin client with ThinOS (Z10D)

Installing RTME package on ThinOS

You are required to install the RTME.i386 package for the RTME feature to work on ThinOS.

To install the RTME.i386 package:

1. Upload the RTME.i386.pkg to directory \wnos\pkg\.

MOTE: For the latest RTME package version, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS Release Notes.

- 2. You must ensure that the INI autoload is not set to value 0.
- Restart the thin client and wait till the auto-installation of packages is complete. The installed RTME package is displayed in the **Packages** window in System Tools.

Setting up the RealTime Multimedia Engine connector

This section describes how to install and use Lync or Skype for Business (SFB) on a Citrix desktop.

1. Install Citrix HDX RealTime Connector on Citrix desktop VDA/Server. HDX RealTime Multimedia Engine (RTME) is the package installed on ThinOS. It is HDX RealTime Connector that needs to be installed or upgraded on the remote server and VDA.

NOTE: The following are applicable to RTME 1.8 only:

- The Upgrade option from 1.7 to 1.8 is discussed at <u>docs.citrix.com/en-us/hdx-optimization/1-8/upgrade-1-7-</u> <u>to-1-8.html</u>.
- The Firewall configuration is required on remote server and VDA. For more information, refer to <u>docs.citrix.com/en-us/</u> <u>hdx-optimization/1-8/hdx-realtime-optimization-pack-configure-firewall.html</u>.
- The RTME 1.8 feature on ThinOS supports only HDX RealTime Connector 1.8 due to Citrix limitation.
- 2. Update the ThinOS firmware, and install the RTME.i386.pkg on the ThinOS client.
 - Important: Since ThinOS 8.3.1 HF release, the RTME 1.8 and 2.1 co-exist in the release package, supporting both versions of RTME connectors. In every ThinOS release, the RTME version may be updated to newer version and the latest RTME version co-exists with RTME 1.8 version in the corresponding release packages.
- 3. (This step is for RTME 1.8 only) Configure the Domain Name Server (DNS) settings on ThinOS for Lync Server.

NOTE: You must ensure that the thin client does not have USB redirection for video/audio devices in order to have RTME working correctly.

- 4. Log in to your Citrix Desktop, and sign in to Lync client or Skype for Business (SFB) client.
 - For RTME 1.8, the RTME icon is displayed in the lower-left corner of the Lync client window.
 - For RTME 2.x, the RTME icon is displayed on taskbar.

Use the Lync Application or Skype for Business application to perform the following tasks:

- · Start an audio or video call
 - Select user to call
 - Call from the IM window
 - Type a name or number to call
- Answer the call
 - Audio call
 - Video call
 - Headset button to answer the call
- Transfer call/ mute/ hold call
- Control the video: Pause/ End/ Picture in Picture (PiP)
- Set the volume levels
- Use Dial Pad
- · Make a conference call



- Help and Hang up
- Minimize/maximize or close the call video window
- Perform Network Health check:
 - For RTME 1.8, press Ctrl+N to open the Network Health window.
 - For RTME 2.x, right-click the RTME icon on taskbar and select Call Statistics.

The attributes, such as received packets, sent packets, video frame rate, video resolution, audio codec, and video codec are displayed in the above described window.

Verifying the RTME 1.8 status

The Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013 dialog box enables you to verify the RTME 1.8 status. To view the Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013 dialog box:

- 1. Do any of the following to view the Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013 dialog box:
 - Click the RTME icon in the lower-left corner of the Lync application window, and click Audio Video Settings.
 - · Click the Lync menu icon in the upper-right corner of the Lync application window, and click Tools → Audio Video Settings.

The Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013 dialog box is displayed.

Audio device	About	
Video device Call Forwarding	Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013 Version 1.8.0.258	Status Registered Connection type Secured
About	Citrix HDX RealTime Media Engine	Mode Optimized
	Version 1.8.0.258	Register
	Operating system Linux: Ubuntu 12.04.5 LTS	Show Certificate
		Collect logs
	subject to and governed by the terms and conditions of its applicable license, otherwise, these third-party licenses do not apply to any proprietary software. Component: c-ares Notice: Copyright 1998 by the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.	

2. Click the About tab in the Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013 dialog box.

The RTME status is displayed in the upper-right pane of the dialog box. If the RealTime Multimedia Engine is successfully initiated between the ThinOS client and Citrix desktop, the RTME status is displayed as follows: **Table 4. RTME status**

Status	Registered
Connection Type	Secured

```
Mode
```

Optimized

You can also view the **Citrix HDX RealTime Connector for Microsoft Lync 2013** version and **Citrix HDX RealTime Media Engine** version in the dialog box.

3. Click the Audio Device tab to configure the RTME audio settings, such as speakers, microphone, and ringer settings.

NOTE: The RTME audio device on ThinOS shows only one device from ThinOS local playback device. It can actually work the way they are configured at ThinOS local playback device and record device. The RTME audio device for ringtone is limited to use ThinOS local playback device. This is a known Issue.

4. Click the Video Device tab to configure the RTME video settings. From the drop-down list, select the webcam that you want to use for video calls.

5. Click the **Call Forwarding** tab to configure the call forwarding settings.

You can configure the following options:

- Turn off call forwarding
- · Forward any call to a specific number
- · Simultaneously ring

NOTE: The latest call forwarding settings configured by you are displayed in the lower pane of the dialog box.

For more information about trouble shooting, go to <u>docs.citrix.com/en-us/hdx-optimization/1-8/hdx-realtime-optimization-pack-</u><u>troubleshooting.html</u>.

Known Issues with RTME 1.8 feature

- RTME operation system on ThinOS is displayed as Linux.
- The RTME 1.8 feature on ThinOS does not work with other versions of HDX RealTime connector due to known Citrix limitation.
- · If you change the audio device during an RTME call, the audio input or output might stop responding.
- Using similar hardware, such as D10D, ThinOS, Linux, and Windows (D90D7) produce similar video frame rate (20-30) and video resolution (320-400). It produces better video quality using laptop or PC because of better CPU capability.
- In a video conference call, when different user is speaking, the on-screen video switches to the active user, but takes a few seconds to switch over.

Tested devices—For information about the tested devices for RTME, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS release Notes.

Verifying the RTME 2.x status

This section describes the working of RTME 2.x and how to verify the RTME status. Salient features

- Native Skype For Business client menus and operations are available.
- · Better initialization eliminates DNS confusions.
- Supports more call features, such as call delegation, and response group.
- Supports video codec H.264-UC, and audio codec SILK introduced by RTME 2.1.
- Call Admission Control support
- · Bandwidth Policy Control
- DSCP/ QoS Configuration
- · Ability to turn off version mismatch warnings for acceptable combinations of RealTime Connector and RealTime Media Engine.

To verify the RTME status, do the following:

- 1. Install the correct connector on the remote desktop.
- 2. Install the correct package on the ThinOS device.
- **3.** Connect the audio or video devices.

NOTE: USB redirection needs to be disabled for audio or video devices.

- 4. Connect to the remote desktop using SFB client.
- 5. Verify the RTME connector icon on taskbar. The status is displayed as Connected.
- 6. Verify the About and Settings option from the RTME connector menu.
- 7. Verify the audio/video devices from SFB client menus.
- 8. Establish the video/audio calls.
- 9. Pick up the calls by either clicking the mouse or using the headset button.
- **10.** Verify the Call Statistics from the RTME connector menu.

NOTE: RTME 2.2 and later versions support various call scenarios. For more information, refer to <u>Citrix</u> <u>documentation</u>.

USB Video Class (UVC) 1.1 and 1.5 camera hardware encoding / H.264 (CAM) are supported in RTME 2.2 and later versions. This is applicable for qualified cameras only, for example Logitech C930e.

In the **Call Statistics** window, **Video Codec = H.264-UC (CAM))** is displayed for P2P RTME video call in the **Sent** column. For group calls with standard SFB, the call statistics displays **Video Codec = H.264-UC (CAM)** in the **Sent** column. This improves video call quality/resolution compared to Video Codec H.264 (SW); for example: P2P video call resolution upgrade from 480 x 270 to 640 x 360.

Known issues or Limitations

- The video sent from client in call is decided by capabilities of both endpoints in the call. Sending higher video from one client does not mean that the client has better capability than the other one in call.
- · RTME status dialog displays operation system as Linux.
- · Changing the video/audio device during RTME call results in issue with audio input or output.
- Volume: Dell recommends you to adjust the speaker volume in audio settings of SFB client to high. By default, the SFB client audio volume is set to 40 percent. The default volume is a bit low.
- Camera/Video: The local camera setting does not affect/impact the RTME video output because of the RTME design.
- In Citrix RTME version 2.3, the video performance of applications is designed for a lower CPU consumption. Therefore, the video resolution may be downgraded compared to version 2.2.

Citrix icon refresh

Citrix applications can be refreshed by clicking **Refresh** from PNMenu.

There are two methods to refresh the Citrix applications:

- Manual refresh
- · Auto refresh using the INI parameter

Refreshing Citrix applications manually

To refresh the Citrix application manually, do the following:

1. For single StoreFront or PNAgent server, change the application in broker, and then click **Refresh** from PNMenu.

Applications
Refresh
Properties
Log off
Reconnect
Disconnect

The following message is displayed in the lower right pane during application refresh.

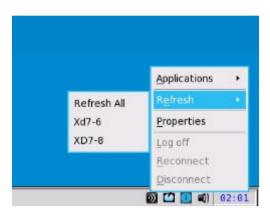


2. Applications are refreshed in Session bar list, Connect Manager list and App menu list.

The following log is displayed in the Event Log window:

ICA: refresh store "xxx"..." or "ICA: refresh PNAgent"xxx"...

3. For MultiFarm (StoreFront or PNAgent servers) or Multilogon (StoreFront or PNAgent servers), select a single server to refresh or click **Refresh All** to refresh all servers.



NOTE:

Warning message is displayed when you open or edit or remove applications when you refresh the applications.



4. Refresh scope covers the aspects such as, application removed, added, duplicated, disabled, enabled, icon/title change, and on/off desktop.

Active sessions that are started are not affected by application refresh.

5. The disconnect session can be reconnected after application refresh, if **Automatic reconnection at logon** is enabled in remote connection.

Refreshing the Citrix applications automatically by using INI parameter

To automatically refresh the Citrix application, set the following INI parameter:

SessionConfig=ICA RefreshTimeOut=dd:hh:mm

For example, 01:01:22, means the application will start refresh automatically, every 1 day: 1 hour: 22 minutes.



Limitations of Citrix icon refresh

Following are the limitations of Citrix icon refresh:

- · Citrix icon refresh is supported in classic mode and storefront mode only.
- · Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) mode is not supported.

Using multiple audio in Citrix session

ThinOS supports multiple audio device utilizations in the XenDesktop or XenApp version 7.6 and later. You can connect or disconnect the audio devices anytime during the session, but the behavior is similar to a local desktop. With multiple device support, you can connect multiple audio devices and select a specific device for a specific application.

The **Audio Plug N Play** policy must be enabled on the Citrix Remote Desktop Session (RDS) desktop. The **Audio Plug N Play** policy setting allows or prevents the use of multiple audio devices to record and play sound. This setting is enabled by default.

NOTE: On the Citrix Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) desktop, pre-configuration is not required.

Supported devices—USB headset, webcam (without USB redirection), and analog headset devices are supported.

The following are valid working conditions for multiple audio:

- · Using Citrix HDX generic audio
 - a. Select the audio device as PC Mic and Speaker.
 - b. Configure the speaker or microphone.
 - c. For secondary ringer, select the audio devices excluding the devices that are already selected.
- Using Citrix RealTime Multimedia Engine (RTME)
 - a. Select the audio device as HID headset with PC Mic and Speaker.
 - b. Set PC Mic and Speaker to configure the speaker or microphone.
 - c. For secondary ringer, select the audio devices excluding the devices that are already selected.

The following scenarios must be considered during multiple audio settings:

- · ThinOS default audio is set to the latest plug-in audio device.
- · Session default audio is set to the ThinOS default audio. However, this option can be changed.
- Restart Skype for Business/Lync client after you plug in and remove the device.
- · ICA RTP audio is supported with multiple audio connections.
- · During a call, the audio device settings can be switched without plugging in or plugging out the device.
- Multiple audio can be shared across sessions.

Limitations

- Wyse 3010 thin client with ThinOS and Wyse 3020 thin client with ThinOS are not supported.
- In Wyse 3030 LT thin client with ThinOS, set the DP audio as the default audio device to use DP audio in a session. Else, the DP audio will not available in the session.
- Citrix multiple audio feature does not work with HDX generic audio. The resolution for the issue will be delivered in the next
 ThinOS release.

Using Citrix NetScaler with CensorNet MFA authentication

SMS PASSCODE is re-branded as CensorNet MFA. You can configure NetScaler Gateway to use a One Time Passcode/Password (OTP) in the form of a personal identification number (PIN) or passcode. To obtain this one-time password, you must install CensorNet app on your mobile. After you enter the passcode or PIN, the authentication server invalidates the one-time password. You cannot enter the same PIN or password again. For more information about configuring one-time passcode, see the <u>Citrix</u> <u>documentation</u>.

Prerequisites

- NetScaler v12.0 and later is installed on your client.
- SMS PASSCODE v9.0 SP1 is installed and configured in your network. You can download the SMS PASSCODE v9.0 file from download.smspasscode.com/public/6260/SmsPasscode-900sp1.
- Remote Authentication Dial-In User Service (RADIUS) authentication policy is configured and bind to the NetScaler gateway server.
- · CensorNet app is installed and configured on your mobile device.

To use the one-time passcode on ThinOS, do the following:

- 1. Log in to ThinOS, and connect to the NetScalar Gateway URL.
- 2. Enter your credentials (user ID and password), and press Enter.

The PASSCODE dialog box is displayed. You will receive a push notification from the CensorNet App on your phone with the code.

	DEL	
<u>U</u> ser name: Password: <u>D</u> omain:	***** ******* BJQA	Ŧ
	ensorNet App	

Message

NON-TRUSTED LOCATION PASSCODE: ihyhyw Country: unknown Org: ??? Dell Wyse Message downloaded 2017/10/11 16:32:53

3. Click OK.

If the authentication is successful, then you are logged into the Citrix session.

	(
	<u>U</u> ser name:	****		
100	Password: Domain:	******* BJQA	Ŧ	
at the second	Authenticat	ing to Netso		
	Citrix Receiver	oformation.		×
2	Enter PASSCODE:	*****		
	<u>о</u> к		Cancel	

Configuring ICA connections

To configure the ICA connections:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select the Broker type as None.
- **3.** Click **ICA** connection protocol, and click **Configure**.

The **Default ICA** dialog box is displayed.

NOTE: Default ICA is always used for direct connection to a published application and not for StoreFront or PNAgent.

4. Click the **Connection** tab.

To configure the ICA connections, do the following:

📮 Default ICA	×
Connection Logon Options	
Connecting to	
⊙ Ser <u>v</u> er	O Published Application
Connection <u>D</u> escription:	Default ICA
<u>B</u> rowser Servers:	
Host <u>N</u> ames:	₹ Q
Encryption Level:	Basic 🗧
☑ Use <u>H</u> TTP for browsing	
Alternate address via fir	rewall
Connection Display	
Display <u>R</u> esolution:	Default 🗧
Color <u>s</u> :	True Colors 🗧
O Window <u>m</u> ode	O <u>F</u> ull screen
Auto-connect on start-up Delay before re-connect	p Re <u>-</u> connect after disconnect ing: 20 second(s)
<u>о</u> к	Sector Cancel

Figure 3. Default ICA

- a. Server or Published Application—Select the type of connection to which the settings apply.
- b. Connection Description—Enter the descriptive name that is to appear in the connection list (38 characters maximum).
- Browser Servers—Enter a delimited (comma or semicolon) list of IP addresses or DNS-registered names of ICA servers that contains the master browsers list, or that could refer to another server that contains the list.
 The master browsers list is generated automatically by a browsing program on one of the ICA servers (selected by negotiation between servers). It is used to provide the information displayed in the Server Name or IP box. No entry is

needed if the list is on an ICA server in the same network segment as the thin client. No entry is necessary if the connection is to a server, or if the server name or IP contains the IP address of the server.

d. Host Name or Application Name (title depends on the Server or Published Application option selected)—You can enter a delimited semicolon or comma-separated list of server host names or IP addresses, or you can select from the list of ICA servers or published applications obtained from the ICA master browser. You can also use **Browse** next to the box to make the selection you want.

If you enter a delimited list of servers, the thin client will attempt to connect to the next server on the list if the previous server attempt fails. If you use the list and the selected connection fails, the thin client will attempt to connect to the next one on the list.

NOTE: The Host Name may be resolved using one of three mechanisms: ICA master browser, DNS or WINS. Master browser is the only mechanism that can resolve a published application unless manual entry is made in DNS for the application. DNS uses the default domain name in the network control panel to attempt to construct an FQDN but will also try to resolve the name without using the default.

- Encryption Level—Allows you to select the security level of communications between the thin client and the ICA server.
 Basic (the default option) is the lowest level of security. Basic allows faster communication between the device and the ICA server because it requires less processing than the higher levels of encryption.
 - NOTE: The encryption selection applies to the security of communications between the thin client and the ICA server only. It is independent of the security settings of individual applications on the ICA server. For example, most web financial transactions require the thin client to use 128-bit encryption. However, transaction information could be exposed to a lower level of security if the thin client encryption is not also set to 128-bits.
- f. Use HTTP for browsing—When selected, the thin client, by default, uses HTTP when browsing.
- g. Alternate address via firewall—When selected, the thin client uses an alternate IP address returned from the ICA master browser to get through firewalls. Used for the Windows log on when the connection is activated.
- h. Display Resolution—Select the display resolution for this connection.

If you select the **Published Application** option, the Connection Display allows you to select the **Seamless Display Resolution** option.

Colors — Select the color depth of the ICA session. If High Colors (16 bits) or True **Colors** is selected and the ICA server does not support this color depth, the thin client renegotiates the color depth to the lower value, for example, 256 Colors [8–bits].

- i. Window mode and Full screen mode—Select the initial view of the application and desktop in a windowed screen or full screen.
- j. Auto-connect on start-up—When selected, automatically connects the session on start-up.
- k. Reconnect after disconnect—When selected, causes the thin client to automatically reconnect to a session after a non operator-initiated disconnect. If selected, the wait interval is that set in the Delay before reconnecting box (enter the number of seconds 1–3600) or the user profile for yes (20 seconds) or seconds. The default is 20 seconds, if there is no INI file description of this connection, or is a Stand-alone user, or simply omitted.
- 5. Click logon tab, and use the following guidelines:

Default ICA	×
Connection Logon Options	
Logging on Login <u>U</u> sername: <u>P</u> assword: Do <u>m</u> ain name: Lo <u>q</u> on Mode:	User-specified creden =
Start Command <u>A</u> pplication: Wor <u>k</u> ing Directory:	
<u>о</u> к	Cancel

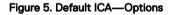
Figure 4. Default ICA—Logon

a. Logging on area—Enter Login User name, Password, Domain name, and Logon Mode.

If the Login User name, Password, and Domain name boxes are not populated, you can enter the information manually in the ICA server login screen when the connection is made:

- Login Username—Maximum of 31 characters is allowed.
- Password—Maximum of 19 characters is allowed.
- **Domain Name** Maximum of 31 characters is allowed.
- Logon Mode Select User-specified credentials, Smart Card, or Local User.
- b. Start Command area—Server Connection Option Only This area is disabled for a Published Application option.
 Application (127 characters maximum) and Working Directory (63 characters maximum)—Enter an initialization string and arguments, including an associated working directory, that you want to start automatically on the server when the connection is made.
- 6. Click **Options** tab and use the following guidelines:

Default ICA	>
Connection Logon Options	
Auto-connect to local devices: 🔽 Printers	☑ S <u>e</u> rials
✓ USB	Dis <u>k</u> s
 □ Enable session reliability □ Allow <u>f</u>ont smoothing □ Optimi<u>z</u>e for low speed link 	
<u>о</u> к	Cancel



- a. Autoconnect to local devices—Select any options (Printers, Serials, USB, Smart Cards, and Disks) to have the thin client automatically connect to the devices.
- b. Allow font smoothing—When selected, enables font smoothing (smooth type).
- c. **Optimize for low speed link**—When selected, allows optimization for low-speed connections, such as reducing audio quality and/or decreasing protocol-specific cache size. Intended for a connection spanning a WAN link or using dialup.
- d. Enable session reliability—When enabled, session reliability allows a user to momentarily lose connection to the server without having to re-authenticate upon regaining a connection. Instead of a user's connection timing out after X seconds, the session is kept alive on the server and is made available to the client upon regaining connectivity. Session reliability is most relevant for wireless devices.

ICA Self Service Password Reset

You can do reset the password or unlock the account after you complete the security questions enrollment.

Supported Environment

- · XenDesktop 7.11 and later versions
- · Support Storefront server 3.7 and later versions
- Self-Service Password Reset Server 1.0 and later versions

Supported platforms—All platforms are supported

Limitations

- Supports only storefront server
- The Legacy Account Self-Service (which needs Account Self-Service Server configured in ThinOS Remote Connections) is independent with this storefront version. Storefront version will cover Legacy Account Self-Service.

• The security question enrollment is not supported in Virtual Desktop Infrastructure (VDI) mode.

Before resetting password or Unlocking account

Before resetting your password or unlocking your account, you must register for the security questions enrollment. To register your answers for the security questions, do the following:

1. From the PNMenu, click the Manage Security Questions option (Classic and StoreFront only).

The **Security Questions Enrollment** window is displayed.

Security Questions Enrollment	×
Due to security reasons, you must authenticate before security questions enrollment.	
User name: XEN\kathy	
Password: ******	
Second Se	

2. Enter the appropriate answers to the question set.

G Security Question	ons Enrollment	×
	ent, you must provide different answers to a series of pecify answers that are easy to remember but difficult	
Question 1 of 2 What is the name of	your favorite school teacher?	
Answer:		
Confirm Answer:		
	OK Cancel	

Question 2 of 2	
What is the name of your favorite actor or actress?	
Answer: Confirm Answer: Back Next Cancel	
Account Self-Service Your answers to the security questions are registed K	ered.

Using Account Self-Service

After the security questions enrollment is complete, when ThinOS is connected to a StoreFront server with Self-Service Password Reset enabled, the **Account Self-Service** icon is displayed in the sign-on window.



3.

NOTE: If you enter wrong password more than four times in the Sign-on window, the client automatically enters the unlock account process.

1. Click the **Account Self-Service** icon to unlock your account or reset your password.

	Deell
<u>U</u> ser name: <u>P</u> assword: <u>D</u> omain:	D T

NOTE: You need to register the security questions for the users before using unlock account or reset password.

2. Click Unlock account or Reset password based on your choice, and then click OK.

Account Self Service	×
If your account is locked or you have forgotten your password, you c account self-service to reset it.	an use
Choose a task:	
O Unlock account	
O Reset password	
OK Cancel	

Unlocking account

After you register the security questions, do the following to unlock your account:

- 1. Choose a task (Unlock account) in **Account Self-Service** window.
- 2. Enter the user name.

The **Unlock Account** dialog box is displayed.

Unlock Account	×
Enter your credentials and click Next. If you do not know your logon details, contact your system administrator.	
User name:	
OK Sancel	

3. Enter the registered answers to the security questions.

D Unlock Account	×
To complete the process, you will be asked a series of security questions. Your answers here must match the answers you gave during registration.	
Question 1 of 2 What is the name of your favorite school teacher?	
Answer:	
<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel	
Unlock Account ×	
Question 2 of 2 What is the name of your favorite actor or actress?	
Answer:	
OK Cancel	
If the provided answers match the registered answers, then the Unlock Account dialog box is displa	iyed.
Click OK to successfully unlock your account.	
D Unlock Account	
All the questions were answered successfully and your account has been unlocked	ed.

<u>o</u>ĸ

DELL

4.

MOTE:

.

• If the provided answers are incorrect, the following error message is displayed.

Unlock Acco		
To complete th Your answers h	e process, you will be asked a series of security questions. here must match the answers you gave during registration.	
Question 1 of 2	ne of your favorite school teacher?	
what is the hai	ne or your lavoirce school ceacher?	
Answer:		
G	Your answer to this question was incorrect. Your answer here must match the answer you gave during registration.	
	Solution Cancel	
	answers more than three times, you cannot unlock the account or reset the	

C Account Self-Service
Your answer to this question was incorrect. The permitted number of attempts has been reached.
Account Self-Service
You are temporarily locked out of account self-service. Contact your system administrator.

Resetting password

After you register the security questions, do the following to reset your password:

- 1. Choose a task (Reset password) in **Account Self-Service** window.
- 2. Enter the user name.

DEL

The **Reset Password** dialog box is displayed.

C Reset Password	×
Enter your credentials and click Next. If you do not know your logon details, contact your system administrator.	
User name: xen\kathy	
OK Cancel	

3. Enter the registered answers to the security questions.

Reset Password	×
To complete the process, you will be asked a series of security questions. Your answers here must match the answers you gave during registration. Question 1 of 2 What is the name of your favorite school teacher?	
Answer:	
Reset Password ×	
Question 2 of 2 What is the name of your favorite actor or actress?	
Answer:	
Second Cancel	

If the provided answers match the registered answers, then the **Reset Password** dialog box is displayed.

DEL

4. Enter and confirm the new password.

	C Reset Password	×	
	User name: xen\kathy New password: Confirm password: Confirm password:		
5.	Click OK to successfully change the password.		
	Reset Password All the questions were answered successfully and your password has Image:	been re	eset.

If you provide the wrong answers, you cannot reset the password, and an error message is displayed.

QUMU or ICA Multimedia URL Redirection

QUMU utilizes ICA Multimedia URL Redirection. You are required to install a browser plug-in for this feature to work.

In earlier ThinOS releases, ICA Multimedia URL Redirection was partially supported. In ThinOS 8.4 release, a few enhancements are made to ICA multimedia URL redirection for better performance.

Supported protocols:

- · RTPS HLS
- HTTP

Verifying QUMU Multimedia URL Redirection: While the video is playing, a noticeable lag or jump in the video window is observed when you move the browser on the screen or scroll the browser. This behavior indicates that the video is being redirected.

To view the video sample, go to Kickoffdemo75.qumu.com/viewerportal/qumu/home.vp.

HTML5 Video Redirection

HTML5 Video Redirection controls and optimizes the way XenApp and XenDesktop servers deliver HTML5 multimedia web content to users. From XenApp and XenDesktop 7.12, this feature is available for internal web pages only. It requires the addition of JavaScript to the web pages where the HTML5 multimedia content is available, for example, videos on an internal training site.

The following server policies must be enabled:

- · Windows Media redirection—By default this option is enabled.
- HTML5 video redirection—By default this option is disabled.

Verifying HTML5 Video Redirection—While the video is playing, a noticeable lag or jump in the video window is observed when you move the browser on the screen or scroll the browser. This behavior indicates that the video is being redirected.

ThinOS event log for RAVE MMR is also displayed.

Sometimes, the initial playback does not work. After several seconds, the video is refreshed automatically, and you need to click playback from start again. During this time, the video will redirect.

Reference documents

- · Citrix sample video—Citrix.com/virtualization/hdx/html5-redirect.html.
- ICA Multimedia policy settings—––<u>Docs.citrix.com/en-us/xenapp-and-xendesktop/7-12/policies/reference/ica-policy-settings/</u> <u>multimedia-policy-settings.html</u>.

ICA SuperCodec

ICA SuperCodec is a H.264 decoder integrated on ThinOS ICA client side. Server encodes the session image into H.264 stream and sends it to client side. Client decodes the H.264 stream by SuperCodec and show the image on screen. It should improve user experience especially for HDX3DPro desktops.

Supported environment

XenDesktop and XenApp 7.5 or later versions

Supported platforms

All the ThinOS 8.5-based devices support ICA SuperCodec.

Verifying the working status of the ICA connections

For Wyse 3010 with ThinOS (T10) and Wyse 3020 with ThinOS (T10D)

ICA SuperCodec is enabled by default when ThinOS resolution is lesser than or equal to 1920 x 1080.

a. When the feature is working, the following results are displayed: ThinOS event log ICA: SuperCodec enabled

System Information	-
General Copyright Event Log Status ENET WLAN	
02:07:16 Checking 1 Packages 02:07:16 Contacting File Server 02:07:16 Accessing system profile 02:07:16 Checking Software ftp:/wnos/T10D_wnos 02:07:16 Contacting SNTP [pool.ntp.org] 02:07:16 ICA: sfhost = "https://sf02.xen.bjqa.com" 02:07:17 ICA: connecting to "Win10x6430_D6" 02:07:24 ICA: SuperCodec enabled 02:07:24 ICA: SuperCodec enabled	-

Click HDX Monitor \rightarrow Graphics \rightarrow Thinwire advanced \rightarrow Encoder: DeepCompressionV2Encoder for NON-HDX3DPro desktops or DeepCompressionEncoder for HDX3DPro desktops.

From XenDesktop/ XenApp 7.11, the Encoder is changed to Deprecated.

Home Alerts	Graphics - Thinwire Advanced	HDX Index Score: 8
Adobe® Flash®	Name	Value
Audio	Status	
Branch Repeater	Maximum output bandwidth used	952.94 Kbps
Client	Virtual channel state	Active
Graphics - Direct 3D	Encoder	DeepCompressionV2Encoder
Graphics - Thinwire	Frames Per Second	15
Graphics - Thinwire Advanced	Monitors III	1
Mapped Client Drives	Attributes WMI	
Network		
Printing		_
Scanner		Monitor 0 •
Smart Cards		
system Information	Name Value	
JSB Devices	Bottom 1080	
/DA	Left 0	
Windows Media	Monitor ID 0	
HDX Monitor 3.3 (XD78W10X643D)		
-	Graphics - Thinwire Advanced	- D
iome Alerts	Graphics - Thinwire Advanced	
iome Alerts		HDX Index Score
iome Alerts dobe® Flash® udio	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used	HDX Index Score Value 494.91 Kbps
iome Alerts idobe ® Flash ® iudio iranch Repeater	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state	Value 494.91 Kbps Active
lome Alerts dobe® Flash® uudio ranch Repeater lient	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder
fome Alerts dobe® Flash® wdio ranch Repeater llient iraphics - Direct 3D	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second	Value 494.91 Kbps Active
fome Alerts dobe ® Flash ® audio ranch Repeater lient lient iraphics - Direct 3D iraphics - Thinwire	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
fome Alerts dobe ® Flash ® audio iranch Repeater Client iraphics - Direct 3D iraphics - Thinwire iraphics - Thinwire Advanced	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder
fome Alerts dobe © Flash © wudio iranch Repeater Client iraphics - Direct 3D iraphics - Thinwire iraphics - Thinwire Apped Client Drives	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
fome Alerts dobe © Flash © sudio sranch Repeater Client Siraphics - Direct 3D sraphics - Thinwire Straphics - Thinwire Advanced Mapped Client Drives letwork	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors Social Attributes WMI	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
Home Alerts Adobe ® Flash ® Audio Aranch Repeater Client Graphics - Direct 3D Graphics - Thinwire Graphics - Thinwire Graphics - Thinwire Adopted Client Drives Network Printing	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors Social Attributes WMI	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
Home Alerts Adobe® Flash® Audio Branch Repeater Client Braphics - Direct 3D Braphics - Thinwire Braphics - Thinwire Advanced Mapped Client Drives Network Printing Scanner	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors Attributes WMI	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
Home Alerts Adobe © Flash © Audio Branch Repeater Client Graphics - Direct 3D Graphics - Thinwire Graphics - Thinwire Advanced Mapped Client Drives Network Printing Granner Granner Granner Grant Cards	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors Attributes WMI Name Value	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
Home Alerts Adobe® Flash® Audio Branch Repeater Client Graphics - Direct 3D Graphics - Thinwire Graphics - Thinwire Advanced Mapped Client Drives Network Printing Scanner Smart Cards System Information	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors Name VMI	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1
HDX Monitor 3.3 (XD78W10X643D) Home Alerts Adobe © Flash © Audio Branch Repeater Client Graphics - Direct 3D Graphics - Thinwire Graphics - Thinwire Graphics - Thinwire Advanced Mapped Client Drives Network Printing Scanner Smart Cards System Information USB Devices VDA	Name Status Maximum output bandwidth used Virtual channel state Encoder Frames Per Second Monitors Attributes WMI Name Value	Value 494.91 Kbps Active DeepCompressionEncoder 4 1

 b. When the feature is disabled, you can view the following results: ThinOS event log: System resolution exceeds hardware limitation (1920 x 1080), disable SuperCodec

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<u>G</u> eneral	<u>C</u> opyright	Event Log	<u>S</u> tatus	<u>E</u> NET	<u>W</u> LAN			
01:45:4 01:47:0 01:47:0 01:47:0 01:47:0	8 Checking 5 Contactin 6 ICA: sfho 6 ICA: Conn 8 ICA: Conn	system pro Software ft g SNTP [poo st = "https ecting to " ecting to "	o:/wnos/T l.ntp.org ://sf02.x Win10x643 Window 81] en.bjqa D_DG" . x64"	.com"			
	1 System re sable Super	solution ex	ceeds har	dware l:	imitation	(1920	x 10	3

 $\mathsf{Click}\; \textbf{HDX}\; \textbf{Monitor} \rightarrow \textbf{Graphics} \rightarrow \textbf{Thinwire}\; \textbf{Advanced} \rightarrow \textbf{Encoder} \rightarrow \textbf{CompatibilityEncoder}; \\ \textbf{Compatibility$

1	HDX Monitor 3.3 (XD78W81X64-AC)	- 1	×
Home Alerts	Graphics - Thinwire Advanced		Score: 8.1 / 1
Adobe® Flash®	Name	Value	*
Audio	Status		
Branch Repeater	Maximum output bandwidth used	1.64 Mbps	E
Client	Virtual channel state	Active	
Graphics - Direct 3D	Encoder	CompatibilityEncoder	
Graphics - Thinwire	Frames Per Second	1	
Graphics - Thinwire Advanced	Monitors #	1	- +
Mapped Client Drives	Attributes WMI		
Network			
Printing			
Scanner		Monitor 0	
Smart Cards	Name Value		12
System Information	Bottom 1200		E
USB Devices	Left 0		13
VDA	Monitor ID 0		
Windows Media			

From XenDesktop/ XenApp 7.11, the Encoder is changed to **Deprecated**.

- For Wyse 3010 with ThinOS (T10) and Wyse 3020 with ThinOS (T10D):
 - ICA SuperCodec is always enabled without any limitation.
 - ThinOS event log displays ICA: SuperCodec enabled.



ICA SuperCodec behavior on Wyse 3040 thin client

ICA SuperCodec is disabled automatically, if the ThinOS monitor resolution is bigger than 1920 x 1200. The event log **System** resolution exceeds hardware limitation (1920 x 1200), disable Supercodec is printed.

Anonymous logon

Anonymous logon feature enables the users to log into the StoreFront server configured with unauthenticated store without Active Directory (AD) user credentials. It allows unauthenticated users to access the applications instead of AD accounts.



Configuring the Citrix UPD printer

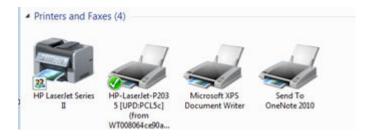
Use of Citrix Universal Printer Driver (Citrix UPD) ensures that all printers connected to a client can also be used from a virtual desktop or application session without integrating a new printer driver in the data center. Citrix UPD is the base of Citrix Universal Printer. It is an auto-created printer object that uses the Citrix UPD and is not tied to any specific printer defined on the client. To configure the Citrix UPD usage on ThinOS:

- **1.** Connect a printer to ThinOS client.
- 2. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Printer.

The **Printer Setup** dialog box is displayed.

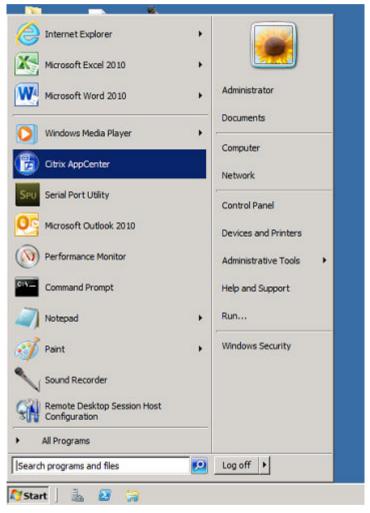
🖶 Printer Setup	×
Ports LPDs SMBs Options Help	
Select Port:	
Printer Name: HP-LaserJet-P2035	
Printer Identification: HP LaserJet P2035	
Printer Cl <u>a</u> ss: PCL5	
☑ Enable the printer de <u>v</u> ice	
Enable LP <u>D</u> service for the printer	
☑ OK Sector	

- 3. Enter the name of the printer in the **Printer Name** box.
- 4. Enter any string of the Printer identification in the **Printer Identification** box.
- 5. Select the type of the printer class from the drop-down list, select the check box to enable the **printer device** and then click **OK**.
- 6. Start a XenDesktop or XenApp application connection.
- 7. Open the Devices and Printers in the desktop or application, notice the printer is mapped as UPD printer by default. You can use the HP-LaserJet-P2035 [UPD:PCL5c] to perform the print job.



Citrix UPD configuration on server

- a. To enable the printer policy, use the following guidelines:
 - 1. To enable the printer policy in XenApp 6.5– Go to the DDC Server, click Start \rightarrow Citrix AppCenter .



- 2. Click Citrix Resources \rightarrow XenApp \rightarrow Policies \rightarrow User \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Printing \rightarrow Client Printers and enable the Auto-create generic universal printer.
- 3. Click **Printing** → **Drivers** and set the **Universal print driver usage** to **Use universal printing only** from the dropdown menu available.

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Citrix AppCenter					
tile Action yew Help					
🗢 🐟 👔 ҧ 월					
Citrix AppCenter	🚳 Policies				
Citrix Resources Citrix Resources Configuration Tools Configuration Tools Configuration Tools Configuration Configurati	Information Computer User	emplates			
E XA65farm01	🕆 New. 🗑 Edit. 🔺 Hig	ther 🐨 Lower	Actions +		
📧 😓 Applications	Name	Priority	Enabled	Description	
History	E Unfiltered	1	True		
Load Evaluators	B FlashTest	2	True		
Policies	XA65MEM-Policies	3	True		
📧 🚰 Servers 🗷 🖽 Worker Groups	CXRash 100	4	True		
🗑 🎦 Zones 🚱 Single Sign-On	Citrix_UPD	5	True		
	Changes made below will take e Summary Settings F Active Settings:	ffect immediately litters	For cancelable cha	nges, use the Edit button above	e.
	Auto-create generic u ICA/Printing\Client Printing\Client Printing\Client	nters			Edit Semane
	Universal print driver ICAOPrinting\Drivers Use universal printing				Edit Remove

- 4. To enable the printer policy in XenApp/XenDesktop 7.5 and later versions, do the following:
 - a. Go to the Citrix DDC Server,

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- 1. Click Citrix studio \rightarrow policies and add a policy. Enable the Auto-create generic universal printer option.
- 2. Set the Universal print driver usage to Use universal printing only from the drop-down menu.

1		Citrix Studio
Ele Action Yew Help		
Chin Studio (X07658te) Search Machine Catalogs Belivery Groups	citrix	
	Policies Templates Comparison Modelling	
☐ Policies ✔ Logging ✔ ∯ Configuration	Policies	
Administrators	Rolicies	Citrix UPD
Controlles	1 Session Reliability Settings (Disabled)	Overview Settings Assigned to
🔏 Licensing 📮 StoreFront 🔓 App-V Publishing	2 Unitered	 Auto-create generic universal printer User setting - ICAIPrinting/Client Printers Enabled (Default: Disabled)
	3 USB Drives, and Audio (Disabled)	 Universal print driver usage User setting - ICAI Printing Drivers
	4 Disconnect Session (Disabled)	Use universal printing only (Default: Use universal printing only if requested driver is unavailable)
	5 Monitoring (Diabled)	
	6 Citru UFD	

- b. Check registry and make sure the same driver has been installed.
 - 1. Check the drivers in registry of the server or desktop which you want to connect. The server or desktop must have ps, pcl5, pcl4 drivers in the registry and the same driver must be installed on the server or desktop.
 - 2. Go to HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\UniversalPrintDrivers\. ThinOS does not support EMF and XPS.

NOTE: The supported drivers in the following table are one of the supported drivers for Citrix UPD used in ThinOS. One of the recommended driver is provided here as an example.

The supported drivers are listed in the following table:

Table 5. Supported drivers

Printer class	Printer driver
PS	HP Color LaserJet 2800 Series PS
PCL5	HP LaserJet 2200 Series PCL 5
PCL4	HP LaserJet Series II

- c. If the server or desktop which you want to connect does not have these drivers, follow the steps mentioned here:
 - For example, in XenApp A6.5+2008 R2, add PCL driver in Server. Go to Device and Printers → Select any printer
 → Click Printer server properties → Driver tab and then add HP LaserJet 2200 Series PCL 5 driver.

Install the printer driver			
Choose your prin	ter from the	list. Click Windows Update to see more mode	ds.
To install the driv	er from an i	nstallation CD, click Have Disk.	
TO HIS OF CH	Criticin diri	intelletter Co, Circk Here Olski	
Manufacturer	-	Printers	-
HP		HP Deskjet F4400 series	
infotec		HP Deskjet F735	
KONICA MINOLTA		hp digital copier 410	
Kyocera		HP LaserJet 2200 Series PCL 5	
Lanier	<u> </u>	HP LaserJet 2300 Series PS	2
This drives is disitable a	signed.	Windows Update	Have Disk
This driver is digitally s			11 11 11 12 12 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14

2. Under HKEY_LOCAL_MACHINE\SOFTWARE\Citrix\UniversalPrintDrivers\PCL5c\, change DriverAlias and DriverName HP LaserJet 2200 Series PCL 5.

Registry Edito Eile Edit View	or w Fgvorites Help				0	
	ProvisioningServices PvsAgent Roles StackAgentInfo UniversalPrintDrivers EMF PCL4 PCL5 PS XPS Versions VirtualDesktopAgent XDMISAgent		Name Default) DriverAlias DriverName	Type REG_SZ REG_SZ REG_SZ	Data (value not set) HP LaserJet 2200 Series PCL 5 HP LaserJet 2200 Series PCL 5	
8-1	Macromedia	*	<[]		(

Introduction to Flash Redirection

The Flash Redirection solution is to off-load flash content to the ThinOS client, and locally render and decode the flash playback. The off-loading is conducted by Citrix HDX Flash Redirection. The local rendering and decoding process are conducted by customized flash player and other multimedia process that runs locally on ThinOS.

Supported Environment— Supports only Citrix Connections with XenApp 6.5 and later versions and XenDesktop 7.0 and later versions.

Supported Platforms:

- Wyse 3030 LT with ThinOS
- · Wyse 3030 LT with PCoIP
- Wyse 3040 with ThinOS
- · Wyse 3040 with PCoIP
- Wyse 5010 with ThinOS (D10D)
- Wyse 5010 with PCoIP (D10DP)
- Wyse 5040 AIO thin client (5212)
- Wyse 5040 AIO with PCoIP (5213)
- Wyse 5060 with ThinOS
- · Wyse 5060 with PCoIP
- Wyse 7010 with ThinOS (Z10D)

Flash Redirection

Required packages

User must install the FR.i386.pkg package for the feature to work:

Installation of packages

To install the required packages, follow the steps mentioned here:

- 1. Upload packages to directory \wnos\pkg\.
- 2. Ensure that the INI autoload is not set to 0. Set INI AutoLoad=1 AddPkg=FR in wnos.ini.
- Restart the client to read the File Server and wait till the auto installation of packages is complete.
 You can view the installed packages in the **Packages** tab in the **System Tools** dialog box.

4. Server configuration for Flash redirection

a. To ignore the differences in flash player versions, user must add the FlashPlayerVersionComparisonMask and ClientFlashPlayerVersionMinimum registry key on the desktop.

If it is XenApp 6.5, IEBrowserMaximumMajorVersion registry key is required to ignore the differences in IE Browser versions.

For more information, see docs.citrix.com/en-us/xenapp-and-xendesktop/7-9/hdx/flash-redirection.html.

From XenDesktop 7.9, you must add more entries in registry for HDX FR to work. For information about these additional entries, refer to Citrix Technical documents.

5. Client configuration for Flash redirection

By default, no client configuration is required. New INI parameters are added to support HDX FR Client configurations, for example, to fetch the server side content. The newly added INI parameters are:

```
SessionConfig=ICA\
HDXFlashUseFlashRemoting=Never | Always (default) \
HDXFlashEnableServerSideContentFetching=Disabled (default) | Enabled \
```

How to verify it is working or not working

- a. Right-click the flash video to know the flash player version. It displays version information of the customized player at ThinOS client side which is 11.1.102.59. If the flash player version is different, then it is unsuccessful server rendering.
- b. During the flash playback, it will display ThinOS event logs for HDX FR in the System Information dialog box.

- 1. FR: Media type video/x-264
- 2. FR: Media type audio/mpeg

System Information	×
<u>G</u> eneral <u>C</u> opyright Event <u>L</u> og <u>S</u> tatus <u>E</u> NET <u>W</u> LAN	
06:12:54 RDP: Connecting to gateway [win-2012-hpv.ctx.com] 06:12:58 DNS/WINS can't resolve [win-2012-hpv.ctx.com] 06:12:58 RDP: fail to connect to gateway [win-2012-hpv.ctx.com] 06:12:58 ERROR: Connection Failed! 06:12:59 RDP: Start session to 10.151.125.201 06:12:59 RDP: Connect to 10.151.125.201 06:12:59 RDP: NLA CredSSP Authentication 06:14:35 FR: Media type video/x-h264 06:14:35 FR: Media type audio/mpeg	

For information about basic operations on Citrix HDX flash redirection and policies configurations, see Citrix documentation.

Known Issues

- a. Playback flash videos in Internet Explorer browser with normal security settings.
- b. Playback with videos \leq 720p; the 1080p video may show graphic issue.
- c. Playback full screen video with resolution \leq 1920 x 1200; for example, full screen playback with ThinOS resolution 1920 x 1200; in 2560 x 1600 full screen video there could be graphic issues.
- d. After flash video is loaded it will stay in initial size; for example, resizing browser will not resize the video content; it is same behavior with Citrix HDX FR Linux client.
- e. Only English font is supported; for example, subtitles in other languages will not be properly displayed.
- f. In some scenario the video shows no content initially; when user resizes browser the video appears normally; it is likely to happen with x86 desktops and is a known issue for Citrix HDX FR Linux client.
- g. Playback with videos that can work with HDX FR on Linux or Windows client: There are a number of videos/websites known as not working with Citrix HDX FR solution such as msn.com, espn.com, movies.yahoo.com, and dell.com. Flash videos simply cannot load with these websites using HDX FR solution. Some of them are working periodically; for example, videos on dell.com were working well during this Feb/March but stopped working afterwards; the results can vary depending on user location as well (US/Europe/Asia). It is therefore recommended to make sure the target videos work with HDX FR on Linux or Windows, before working with it on ThinOS.
- h. The solution on ThinOS is based on Citrix HDX FR Linux version. It is advised to compare with Linux client in case of any issues.
- i. Playback YouTube.com videos may run into some issues; for example, cannot show video unless user copy the URL and paste it to the browser to visit again. In case any observation we recommend to compare with Linux client.

Configuring VMware

VMware virtualization allows you to run multiple virtual machines on a single physical machine. VMware Horizon Client is a locally installed software application that communicates between View Connection Server and thin client operating system. It provides access to centrally hosted virtual desktops from your thin clients.

This section provides information about how to configure a VMware broker connection on your ThinOS device, and other VMware features that you can configure on ThinOS.

Configuring the VMware broker connection

To configure the VMware broker setup:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections.

The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.

- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select VMware view, and do the following:
 - Broker Server—Enter the IP address/Hostname/FQDN of the Broker Server.
 - Auto Connect List—Enter the name of the desktops that you want to launch automatically after logging in to the respective broker. More than one desktop can be entered. Each desktop name is separated by semicolon, and is case-sensitive.
 - Security mode—Select the preferred Security mode from the following options:
 - **Warning**—Warn Security requires FQDN address with self-signed certificate, or without any certificate, but corresponding warning message is displayed for user to continue.
 - **Full**—Full Security requires FQDN address with domain certificate.
 - Low—Security allows FQDN/IP address with/without certificate.
 - Default—Follows global security mode settings.
 - **Connection Protocol**—From the drop-down list, select the type of protocol connection. By default, the option is set to **Server Default**.

NOTE: The PCoIP only connection protocol is applicable only to PCoIP clients. If you do not install Horizon package, then the Blast only protocol option is not available for selection. The connection protocols are not available for non-PCoIP clients without the Horizon package.

The available options are:

- Server default—Select this protocol connection to display the desktop with default protocol as configured in the VMware View Admin console, for each pool in the broker. If a desktop pool is configured with default protocol as RDP in the View Admin console, then only the RDP connection of the desktop is displayed in ThinOS after users sign in to the device.
- All Supported—Select this protocol connection to display the desktop in all the available connections, when a desktop
 pool is configured to allow users to select protocol as yes. If a desktop is configured with default protocol as PCoIP and
 allow user to select protocol as no, then ThinOS only displays the desktop in the PCoIP connection.
- RDP only—Select this protocol connection to display only the desktop in RDP connection. If a desktop pool is
 configured with default protocol as PCoIP in the View Admin console, and allow user to select protocol as no, then this
 desktop is not displayed in ThinOS after user signs in to the device.
- PCoIP only—This option is available only for PCoIP enabled clients. Select this protocol connection to display only the desktop in the PCoIP connection, for each pool in the broker. If a desktop pool is configured with default protocol as RDP in the View Admin console, and allow user to select protocol as no, then this desktop is not displayed in ThinOS after user signs in to the device.
- Blast only—VMware Blast display protocol can be used for remote applications and for remote desktops that use virtual machines or shared-session desktops on an RDS host. Select this protocol connection to display the desktop with the Blast protocol.
- Log in anonymously using Unauthenticated Access—Select this check box to anonymously log in to the VM ware session with application remoting.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Using VMware Horizon View broker and desktop

VMware Horizon View Broker timeout—The VMware Horizon View Broker timeout does not force the user to sign out from the broker anymore when the secure tunnel is enabled.

In earlier version of ThinOS, when the broker times out, the user session is disconnected and the user is logged out from the broker. From ThinOS 8.2 release, ThinOS disconnects the user session from the broker, but does not force user logout. This is because the user has local connections other than the broker desktop, and these connections are active when the broker timeout is reached.

PCoIP session NUM/CAP keyboard status synchronizes with session instead of thin client—This is applicable for session startup only. The PCoIP session keyboard NUM/ CAP status synchronizes from remote session to client, whereas RDP/ ICA synchronizes status from local to remote session.

For example:

- 1. Set keyboard NUM=off in current PCoIP session.
- 2. Disconnect the session.
- 3. Set client keyboard NUM=on.
- 4. Reconnect to the PCoIP session.
- 5. The keyboard NUM status in both session and client is updated to NUM=off.

RDS desktop through PCoIP—You can view and connect to the Remote Desktop Service (RDS) desktop through the PCoIP protocol in the broker using PCoIP enabled the ThinOS clients. In VMware Horizon View 6.0 and later versions, the RDS desktop has RDP and PCoIP connections based on server configurations.

NOTE: The Horizon application is supported on both PCoIP and Blast. RDP is not supported.

The RDS desktop protocol switch message dialog box is provided in this release. A typical user scenario is as follows:

- 1. Connect to the RDS desktop through protocol. For example, RDP.
- 2. Disconnect from the desktop.
- 3. Connect to the same RDS desktop through another protocol. For example, PCoIP. The message dialog box is displayed, allowing you with an option to continue.

The options available are:

- Cancel—You can end the PCoIP connection, and connect to the desktop in RDP again.
- Log Out and Reconnect—You can connect to the desktop through PCoIP, and the earlier session in RDP is logged out.

protocol. You can cancel a current protocol or you ca protocol you selected.	e server but it is running a different nd reconnect to your desktop with the n log out and reconnect with the ny unsaved work could be lost.

USB redirection RDS desktop through PCoIP—This feature is supported.

Using unauthenticated access—You can anonymously log in to the VM ware session with application remoting.

To use the unauthenticated option, do the following:

1. On your AD server, create two anonymous users, for example, anonymous1 and anonymous2.

- 2. Log in to your View Admin web portal.
- 3. Navigate to **Users and Groups** → **Unauthenticated Access**, and add the two new anonymous users to the View Connection Manager.
- Click Edit → Authentication tab, and select the Enabled for unauthenticated access check box. Do not select any users for the default unauthenticated user.
- 6. Go to **Application Pools**, add a few applications that you have installed on the Virtual Machine, and entitle the applications to anonymous1 and anonymous2 user.
- 7. On the ThinOS broker setup dialog box for VMware View, select the **Log in anonymously using Unauthenticated Access** check box.
- Restart your thin client.
 The following dialog box is displayed:

🗗 Login	
vm ware H	lorizon
Server: User account:	■ https:// xxx.xxx.xxx user1
	Login <u>C</u> ancel

9. Select the **Always use this account** check box to use the login account that you have specified. You cannot change this login account for other users.

Hide Server URL—The server URL can be hidden in the Horizon View broker UI. You can configure this setting using any of the following methods:

· Using View Connection Server web portal

- a. Log into your View Connection Server web portal.
- b. Navigate to View Configuration \rightarrow Global Settings \rightarrow Edit, select the Hide server information in client user interface check box, and clear the Hide domain list in client user interface check box.
- c. Click OK.
- d. Log in to the VMware Horizon broker.

The server URL is hidden, and the domain list is displayed.

Using INI parameter

Use the INI parameter, ConnectionBroker=vmware DisableShowServer=yes.

Hide Domain List—The domain list can be hidden in the Horizon View Broker logon UI. To configure this setting, do the following:

- 1. Log in to your View Connection Server web portal.
- 2. Navigate to View Configuration \rightarrow Global Settings \rightarrow Edit, select the Hide domain list in client user interface check box, and clear the Hide server information in client user interface check box.
- 3. Click OK.

4. Log in to the VMware Horizon broker.

The domain list is hidden, and the server URL is displayed.

Supporting VMware Real Time Audio-Video

Use the Real-Time Audio-Video feature to run Skype and other online conference applications on the remote desktop. Using this feature, both audio and video devices that are connected to your thin client are available to use for VoIP in remote desktop.

To know more about the VMware Real Time Audio-Video support, go to <u>pubs.vmware.com/horizon-62-view/topic/</u> <u>com.vmware.horizon-view.desktops.doc/GUID-D6FD6AD1-D326-4387-A6F0-152C7D844AA0.html</u>.

NOTE: There is no additional configuration for ThinOS. RTAV video requires RTME package to be installed on your device.

To validate the VMware Real Time Audio-Video, do the following:

1. Connect to the VMware PCoIP or Blast desktop with the audio and video devices.

NOTE: USB redirection must be disabled for the audio/video devices.

2. Verify the audio playback of the system using the VMware virtual audio.

Playback	Recording	Sounds	Communications	1	
Select a	playback d	evice belo	w to modify its se	ttings:	
			Audio (DevTap)		
Confi	gure		Set Defa	ult 💌	Properties

3. Verify the system audio recording using the VM ware virtual microphone.

layback	Recording	Sounds	Communications		
Select a	recording d	levice bel	ow to modify its set	tings:	
3	VMwar	hone Arr re Virtual t Device	ay Microphone		
	gure				
C			Set Defaul	t 🖤 Prope	rtiec

4. Verify the audio settings in VoIP application.

General Personal	Audio device Select the device you war	nt to use for audio calls:	Learn More
Audio Device Video Device	PC Mic and Speake	rs	
	Customize your device	Speakers (VMware Virtual Audio (DevTap))	
	💭 Ringer	Speakers (VMware Virtual Audio (DevTap))	

5. Verify the video settings in VoIP application using the VMware virtual webcam.

General	Video device
Personal	Select the camera you want to use for video calls:
Audio Device Video Device	VMware Virtual Webcam 👻
	Local camera content here Camera Settings
	Video settings
	Crop and center my video in meetings

6. Start the audio or video calls.

Dependencies and known issues

- · Dependency: RTME.i386.pkg needs to be installed for RTAV video.
- The answer call button of the local audio device, supported by HDX RTME, is not supported by RTAV.
- RTAV does not support RDS desktop, for example, 2008 R2/ 2012 R2 according to VMware.
- · Support for PCoIP and Blast protocol only. RDP protocol is not supported according to VMware.
- Webcam preferences are not supported. For example, the first webcam displayed in the Camera tab in local peripheral settings is used always.
- Camera/Video: High Definition video is not supported because of the RTAV limitation. The local camera setting does not affect RTAV video because of the application design. Dell recommend users not to interfere with the local camera settings.

Supporting VMware Blast

VMware Blast display protocol can be used for remote applications and for remote desktops that use virtual machines or sharedsession desktops on an RDS host. Select this protocol connection to display the desktop with the Blast protocol.

NOTE: When you pause the pointer over the connection icons, the corresponding connection protocols are displayed in tooltip. This is designed for RDSH applications. From ThinOS 8.4 release, RDSH application is supported for both PCoIP and Blast protocol. These two protocols share the same application icon, and hence it is necessary for you to pause the pointer over the connection icons to identify its protocol.

Blast feature matrix on ThinOS

Table 6. Blast feature matrix

Blast features	Support on ThinOS	Comments/ Known issues
H.264 offload		Blast H.264 is not supported on Wyse 5010 thin client, Wyse 5040 AlO thin client, and Wyse 7010 thin client.
VDI desktops	Yes	N/A

Blast features	Support on ThinOS	Comments/ Known issues
RDSH desktops	Yes	N/A
RDSH applications	Yes	Application window does not support Seamless mode. For example, all applications open in single window because of the VMware limitation.
		RDSH application supports the PCoIP protocol from ThinOS 8.4, with same limitation.
Unified communication	No	Third party plug-ins are not planned
MS VDI plug-in	No	N/A
RTAV	Yes	N/A
Windows media MMR	No	N/A
Flash URL multicast	No	N/A
Printer redirect	Yes	Supports printer redirection, and printer mapping with virtual print.
Smartcard redirect	Yes	N/A
Scanner redirect	No	N/A
Serial port redirect	No	N/A
USB redirect—VDI/ RDSH	Yes	Enabled by default. For more information, see Dell Wyse ThinOS 8.4 Administrator's Guide, available at <u>Dell.com/manuals</u> .
Client drive redirect	No	N/A
Linux desktop	Yes	N/A
Copy Paste text	Yes	See, VMware Horizon server and client configurations/documentation.
VPN connect	Yes	N/A
AES 128/256	Yes	See, ThinOS AES design.
Multi-display/ 4K/ 32-bit	Yes	See, VMware Blast support information. For example, the pre-requisite is VM video RAM.
ClearType fonts support	Yes	ThinOS supports the TrueType fonts
3D display	Yes	See, VMware Blast support information
Blast recovery from network interrupt	Yes	Requires Horizon View agent 7.0.1

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For more information about VMware Horizon Blast, see <u>VMware documentation</u>.

For information about Blast Virtual Printing on ThinOS, see **Blast Virtual Printing**.

Blast Virtual Printing

Virtual printing with VMware Blast allows you to use local or network printers from the Blast desktop without the need of installing the additional print drivers on the remote desktop. For each printer configured locally on ThinOS, you must map the printer to the VMware Blast desktop. ThinOS Blast printer mapping is equivalent to VMware Blast virtual printing.

To map your printer, do the following:



NOTE: LPT printer is considered as an example to explain the printer mapping scenario. Printer mapping in ThinOS works similar to LPT for LPD and SMB printers.

- Power on the ThinOS client with the VMware View broker configured in the Broker Setup tab. Set the connection protocol as All Supported from the Connection Protocol drop-down list.
- Go to Global Connection Settings → Session, and retain the Exclude printer devices check box selection. This option is selected by default.
- **3.** Plug in a USB printer to the ThinOS client terminal.
- 4. Go to System Setup \rightarrow Printer.

The Printer Setup dialog box is displayed.

- 5. In the **Printer Setup** dialog box, do the following:
 - a. From the **Select Port** drop-down list, select **LPT 1**.
 - b. Enter valid printer name and printer identification.
 - c. Select the **Enable the printer device** check box.

👜 Printer Setup		×
Ports LPDs SMBs	Optio <u>n</u> s <u>H</u> elp	
Select Port:	LPT 1 🔻	
Printer Na <u>m</u> e:	TPtest	
Printer Identification:	Dell B2375dnf Mono MFP	
Printer Cl <u>a</u> ss:	PCL5 =	
 ✓ Enable the printer d ✓ Enable LPD service 		
<u>о</u> к	<u>C</u> ancel <u>T</u> est Print	

Figure 6. Printer Setup

- d. Click **Ok** to save the configuration.
- 6. Click the **Options** tab, and do the following:
 - a. Set LPT1: <Printername>as default printer.

NOTE: Do not select the Enable .print Client check box.

b. Click **Ok** to save the configuration.

👜 Printer Setup	×
Ports LPDs SMBs Options Help	_
De <u>f</u> ault Printer: Default LPT 1: TPtest	
Port: 4000	
<mark>፼ <u>O</u>K ፼ancel</mark>	

Figure 7. Options

7. Connect to a VMware Blast session. Go to **Control Panel** → **Devices and Printers**. The printer that is configured locally in ThinOS is mapped to the session.

The mapped printer's driver is TP PS Driver and the port is TPVM port.

The virtual printer allows the ThinOS local printer to be mapped to the VMware Blast session without installing the printer driver in the session.

Supporting Teradici SDK

The PCoIP Client Software Development Kit (SDK) is a set of libraries and binaries that you can use to build or customize a PCoIP client.

ThinOS supports the Teradici SDK version 2.9.

User scenario:

- Behavior with earlier Teradici SDK versions: You were able to switch the USB disk redirection between sessions. For example, plug in the USB disk, and connect the desktop 1 and 2. The disk is redirected to desktop 1. If you disconnect from desktop 1, then the USB disk is redirected to desktop 2.
- Behavior with Teradici SDK version 2.9: When you disconnect from desktop 1, the USB disk is not redirected to desktop 2. You must remove the USB disk and plug in the USB disk again for redirection.

Configuring Microsoft Remote Desktop

Microsoft Remote Desktop application allows you to access and manage the data and resources of a remote device using an internet connection.

This section provides information about how to configure the Remote desktop broker connection on your ThinOS device, and other remote desktop features that you can configure on ThinOS.

Configuring the Microsoft Remote Desktop broker connection

To configure the Microsoft Remote Desktop broker setup:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select Microsoft, and do the following:
 - Broker Server—Enter the IP address/Hostname/FQDN of the Broker Server.
 - Auto Connect List—Enter the name of the desktops that you want to launch automatically after logging in to the respective broker. More than one desktop can be entered. Each desktop name is separated by semi-colon, and is casesensitive.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring RDP connections

To configure the RDP connection option you selected in the Remote Connections:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections. The Remote Connections dialog box is displayed.
- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select the Broker type as None.
- Click RDP connection protocol, and click Configure. The Default RDP dialog box is displayed.
- 4. Click the **Connection** tab, and use the following guidelines:

	Default RDP	×						
Co	Logon Options Connecting to							
	Connection Display Default Display <u>R</u> esolution: Default Colors: True Colors O Window mode O Full screen							
 Auto-connect on start-up Re_connect after disconnect Delay before re-connecting: 20 second(s) 								
	OK <u>C</u> ancel							

- a. Connection Description—Enter the descriptive name that is to appear in the connection list (38 characters maximum).
- b. Host Names—Use the list to select the valid DNS server name or the IP address of the server to which the thin client connection is to be made you can also use Browse next to the box to make the selection you want. For example, a list of WTS servers on the local network from which you can select.

NOTE: The server name may be resolved using one of two mechanisms: DNS, and WINS. DNS uses the default domain name in the network control panel to attempt to construct an FQDN but will also try to resolve the name without using the default.

- c. Console mode— Select to set the RDP connection with Windows Console mode.
- d. Display Resolution Select the display resolution for this connection.

Colors-

Select the color depth of the RDP session. If High Colors (16 bits) or True **Colors** (32 bits) is selected and the RDP server does not support this color depth, the thin client renegotiates the color depth to the lower value for example, 256 Colors (8 bits). The highest is 32 bits, if hardware supports it.

- e. Full screen on 1 monitor and Span both monitors— Select the initial view of the application in a full screen or span.
- f. Auto-connect on start-up—When selected, automatically connects the session on start-up.
- g. Re-connect after disconnect—When selected, causes the thin client to automatically reconnect to a session after a non-operator-initiated disconnect. If selected, the wait interval is that set in the Delay before re-connecting box (enter the number of seconds 1 to 3600) or the user profile for yes (20 seconds) or seconds. The default is 20 seconds, if there is no INI file description of this connection, or is a Stand-alone user, or is simply omitted.

You can reset the options on the Connection tab of the Connection Settings (RDP) dialog box. To do so, click the **Reset VM** command button. This command button is located in the upper-right of the dialog box. It appears only with a VDM broker connection.

5. Click Logon tab, and use the following guidelines:

onnection Logon Options	
Logging on	
Login <u>U</u> sername:	
<u>P</u> assword:	
Do <u>m</u> ain name:	
Start Command	
<u>A</u> pplication:	
Wor <u>k</u> ing Directory:	
TS Gateway	
	Use <u>S</u> ame Info
Ser <u>v</u> er name:	
Ser <u>v</u> er name: Us <u>e</u> r name:	
_	

- a. Logging on area Enter login username, password, and domain name. If these boxes are not populated, you can enter the information manually in the RDP server login screen when the connection is made. Use the following guidelines:
 - Login Username Maximum of 31 characters is allowed.
 - **Password**—Maximum of 19 characters is allowed.
 - **Domain Name**—Maximum of 31 characters is allowed.
- b. Application (127 characters maximum) and Working Directory (63 characters maximum)—Enter an initialization string and arguments, including an associated working directory, that you want to start automatically on the server when the connection is made.
- c. Use TS Gateway—Enables the use of Terminal Services Gateway (TS Gateway) server when connecting. If required, then enter the IP address or URL of the TS Gateway server in the Server name box. You can also enable Use Same Info (if the server credentials are the same credentials as your Remote Desktop Credentials (Host remote computer credentials) in the Login Username, Password, and Domain name fields) or disable Use Same Info and enter the Server name, User name, Password, and Domain name of the TS Gateway server if required.
 - NOTE: A TS Gateway server is a type of gateway that enables authorized users to connect to remote computers on a corporate network from any computer with an Internet connection. A TS Gateway server enables Remote Desktop connections to a corporate network from the Internet without having to set up virtual private network (VPN) connections. Ask your network administrator whether you need to specify a TS Gateway server.
 - **User Name**—Enter a user name for the connection.
 - Password—Enter the password.
 - **Domain**—Enter the domain name.



NOTE: The user name, password, and domain name fields are optional. If you leave any of these fields blank, interactive login is required and users must enter the information at login time.

6. Click **Options** tab, and use the following guidelines:

¢	Connection Settings (RDP)	:
	Connection Logon Options Desktop Experience (Check t Wallpaper	o disable) Menu <u>/</u> Window animation
4	□ Theme □ □ Font smoothing Auto-connect to local devices: □ USB □ Smart Cards	Show content when dragging ✓ Printers ✓ Serials ✓ Disks
	RDP Audio Pla <u>y</u> back Play locally Do not play Play on remote computer	<u>R</u> DP Audio Recording O Do not record O Record from local
	☐ Turn co <u>m</u> pression off ☑ Auto detect <u>n</u> etwork	Optimize for low speed link Mouse gueue timer: 10 x 10ms
	<u>о</u> к	Sancel

- a. Wallpaper—When selected, disables the desktop wallpaper.
- b. Menu / Window animation—When selected, disables the menu or window animation.
- c. Theme—When selected, disables the desktop themes.
- d. Show content when dragging—By default, when you grab a Window by the title bar and move it around, the contents of the window will move with it. Select this to disable this content view so that only the outline of the window moves when dragging it, until you drop the window. This option can be beneficial, as it uses less processing power.
- e. Font smoothing—Converts vector text to bitmap for better display.
- f. Auto-connect to local devices—Select any options (Printers, Serials, USB, Smart Cards, and Disks) to have the thin client automatically connect to the devices.

NOTE: USB—Redirects locally attached USB devices on the thin client to a Microsoft Windows terminal server. When the user connects to the terminal server, locally attached USB devices on the thin client are accessible.

- g. RDP Audio Playback—Select the audio playback options such as Play Locally, Do not play, and Play on remote computer.
- h. RDP Audio Recording—Select the audio recording options such as Do not record, and Record from local.
- i. Turn compression off—When selected, turns compression off (intended for high-speed connections).
- j. **Optimize for low speed link**—When selected, allows optimization for low-speed connections, such as reducing audio quality and/or decreasing protocol-specific cache size. Intended for a connection spanning a WAN link or using dialup.
- k. Auto detect network—When selected, turns on the auto detect network feature. This feature is enabled by default. It also disables the Optimize for low speed link option and the Desktop Experience options by default.
- I. **Mouse queue timer**—Specifies the default queue timer of a mouse event in an ICA or RDP session (in 1/100 of a second). It can be used to adjust the bandwidth of a network.
- 7. Click OK to save the settings.

RDP dynamic resizing

The windows in an RDP session can be resized directly by using the mouse.

How to work:

- 1. Launch an RDP session (Windows 8 or higher) by using Window mode and non-default resolution.
- 2. Use the mouse to change the size of the session window.

Resizing the session window causes the MS media player's frame region to dispatch. This is a server side issue.

Features of RDP 8.1

Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP) H.264 and VOR is enabled by default for all ThinOS v8.5-based devices.

Remote desktops such as Window 8, Window 8.1, Window 10, Windows Server 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2016 are supported in this release.

The following are the dependencies of RDP 8.1:

- Dependence 1—RDP GFX status, H.264 and VOR work only when GFX is enabled.
- **Dependence 2**—VOR is dynamic. So the enablement / disablement of VOR dynamically changes during the change in the video resolution (enlarge/shrink).
- **Dependence 3**—H.264 enablement is decided at the beginning of connection, depending on the maximum resolution available for the session.

The following INI parameter must be set to enable GFX, H.264 and VOR:

SessionConfig=RDP EnableGFX=yes/no EnableVOR=yes/no

enablerdph264=yes/no

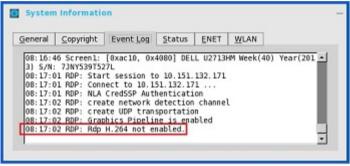
Verifying the status of VOR or H.264

• When the feature is enabled and when enablement dependencies are valid, the following screens are displayed in the **Event Log** tab:

🚺 System	Informatio	on				—
<u>G</u> eneral	<u>C</u> opyright	Event <u>L</u> og	<u>S</u> tatus <u>E</u> NE	T <u>W</u> LAN		
16:38:13 16:38:13 16:38:13 16:38:13 16:38:13 16:38:13 16:38:13 16:38:13	BRDP: Star RDP: Conn RDP: NLA RDP: crea RDP: crea RDP: Grap RDP: Rdp RDP: Star	st = "https:/ t session to ect to 10.151 CredSSP Authe te network de te UDP transp hics Pipeline H.264 enabled t session to ect to 10.151	10.151.125.2 125.205 ntication tection char ortation is enabled 	205 nnel 201	▲ ▼	

🚺 System	Informatio	on					_
<u>G</u> eneral	<u>C</u> opyright	Event Log	<u>S</u> tatus	<u>E</u> NET	<u>W</u> LAN]	
08:19:0 08:19:0 08:19:0 08:19:0 08:19:0 08:19:0 08:19:0 08:21:0	4 RDP: NLA 4 KRB: Kerb 4 RDP: crea 4 RDP: crea 4 RDP: Grap 4 RDP: Rdp 5 VOR: Med	ect to WIN8 CredSSP Auth eros authen te network o te UDP trans hics Pipelin H.264 enable a type video a type video	henticati tication detection sportatio ne is ena ed. o/x-264	on OK! channel n			-

When the feature is disabled, the following screen is displayed in the **Event Log** tab for disablement:



· Also, when client resource used exceeds VOR limitation, there is no event log for VOR disablement.

Work flow of dual display

In dual display, the RDP feature only works within a limited resolution.

The 'maximum resolution possibly for the session' for H.264 enablement is as follows:

- RDP without force span which is the same as single display.
- · RDP with force span + window mode is dependent on system resolution value
- RDP with force span + full screen + default resolution is verified by system resolution x 2.
- RDP with force span + full screen + not default resolution is verified by selected resolution x 2.

Support matrix for RDP 8.1

The following table displays the support matrix for RDP 8.1: Table 7. Support matrix for RDP 8.1

Platform	Support GFX	Support VOR	Support RDP H. 264	Default GFX	Default VOR	Default H.264	HW/ SW decoder	H.264 limits on session resolution	VOR limits on video resolution
Wyse 3010 with ThinOS (T10)	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	No	Follows GFX	Follows GFX	HW only	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1080	1920 x 1080
Wyse 3020 with ThinOS (T10D)	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HW only	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1080	1920 x 1080

Platform	Support GFX	Support VOR	Support RDP H. 264	Default GFX	Default VOR	Default H.264	HW/ SW decoder	H.264 limits on session resolution	VOR limits on video resolution
Wyse 3030 LT with ThinOS / Wyse 3030 LT with PCoIP	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HW/ SW conditiona I	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1200	VOR enable or disable is currently limited by client resources status and not by video resolution.
Wyse 3040 with ThinOS / Wyse 3040 with PCoIP	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HW/ SW conditiona I	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1200	
Wyse 5010 with ThinOS (D10D) / Wyse 5010 with PCoIP (D10DP)	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HW/ SW conditiona I	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1200	
Wyse 5060 with ThinOS / Wyse 5060 with PCoIP	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HW/ SW conditiona I	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1200	
Wyse 7010 with ThinOS (Z10D)	Yes	Yes (FBF)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	HW/ SW conditiona I	> 576 x 576 and <= 1920 x 1200	

TS Gateway III

TS Gateway III uses HTTPS or DTLS connections. TS Gateway III is supported in Windows Server 2012 R2.

Limitations

TS gateway III uses UDP transfer which is supported with desktop Windows 8 and later versions. However, the UDP transfer for TS gateway is disabled in this release.

User scenarios

Dél

1. Connection with TS gateway configured in supported OS (e.g. Windows Server 2012 R2), it uses TS gateway III and the logs are displayed as shown in the following screenshot:

i System Inform	mation			-
<u>G</u> eneral <u>C</u> opyr	ight Event <u>L</u> og	<u>S</u> tatus <u>E</u> NET	WLAN	
01:59:31 RDP: 01:59:31 RDP: 01:59:31 TSG3 01:59:32 RDP: 01:59:32 RDP: 01:59:32 RDP: 01:59:32 RDP: 01:59:32 RDP:	NLA CredSSP Authe Start session to Connect to Win8x6 connection setup. NLA CredSSP Authe Kerberos authent: create network de Graphics Pipeline Rdp H.264 enabled	Win8x64Per0.rd 64Per0.rdss.bjq entication ication 0K! etection channe e is enabled	a.com	▲ ▼

2. Connection with TS gateway configured in unsupported OS (e.g. Windows Server 2008 R2), it uses TS gateway II and the logs are displayed as shown in the following screenshot:

System Information	×
<u>G</u> eneral <u>C</u> opyright Event <u>L</u> og <u>S</u> tatus <u>E</u> NET <u>W</u> LAN	
03:36:29 RDP: Start session to Win8x64Per0.rdss.bjqa.com 03:36:29 RDP: Connect to Win8x64Per0.rdss.bjqa.com 03:36:29 RDP: Connecting to gateway [WIN-325RUEP9KIB.rdss.bjqa.co m]	
03:36:29 TSGW: Tunnel Initialization Succeeded 03:36:29 TSGW: Channel Initialization Succeeded 03:36:29 RDP: NLA CredSSP Authentication 03:36:30 KRB: Kerberos authentication 0K!	
03:36:30 RDP: create network detection channel 03:36:30 RDP: Graphics Pipeline is enabled	

3. When remote connection with TS gateway III closed: There are no additional logs displayed in the Event Log tab.

Supporting RDP H.264 AVC444

RDP uses the ITU-T H.264 graphics compression (codec), also known as MPEG-4 AVC (Advanced Video Coding). In RDP 10, AVC/H.264 supports the full-screen AVC 444 mode. By default, this mode is enabled on thin clients for Windows 10 and Windows 2016 remote sessions.

As a pre-requisite, navigate to Group Policy Editor (gpedit.msc) in Computer Configuration \rightarrow Administrative Templates \rightarrow Windows Components \rightarrow Remote Desktop Services \rightarrow Remote Desktop Session Host \rightarrow Remote Session Environment, and enable the following policies:

- Prioritize H.264/AVC 444 Graphics mode for Remote Desktop connections
- Configure H.264/AVC hardware encoding for Remote Desktop connections

The original H.264 codec only transfers YUV420 frames. However, some chroma data from sampled YUV444 frames is discarded. The feature that allows the lost chroma data of a frame is transferred using the same method as applied to the sampled YUV420 data. This improves the image qualities with many artificial sharp edges, and mounts of regular color boundaries, such as texts. Therefore, the image quality can be compressed using the same H.264 technology by using the same set of software or hardware, instead of using a different codec. This results in more scalability on system work load and network bandwidth occupation.

NOTE: In ThinOS v8.5, the RDP 8.1 session uses the original H.264 codec.

For more information about Remote Desktop Protocol (RDP)10 AVC/H.264 improvements in Windows 10 and Windows Server 2016, see <u>cloudblogs.microsoft.com/enterprisemobility/2016/01/11/remote-desktop-protocol-rdp-10-avch-264-improvements-in-</u> windows-10-and-windows-server-2016-technical-preview.

Using Microsoft WebSocket

Microsoft WebSocket provides a mechanism for fast, secure two-way communication between a client and a server over the web using HTTP(S).

The WebSocket protocol enables two-way communication between the browser-based applications and the servers that does not rely on the multiple HTTP connections. The protocol consists of a handshake followed by basic message framing, layered over

Transmission Control Protocol (TCP). The data is transferred immediately over a full-duplex single socket connection, allowing messages to be sent and received from both endpoints in real time.

As a pre-requisite, you must enable the WebSocket protocol on Windows Server 2016.

ThinOS behavior

- In the previous TS Gateway connection, the setup uses a two half-duplex communications between Terminal Server (TS) Gateway server and thin client.
- In the ThinOS version 8.5, the session connection setup uses a duplex communication between the TS Gateway and thin client.

NOTE: TSG2 and TSG3 are downward compatible.

If the WebSocket connection fails or the TS Gateway server or thin client version does not support WebSocket, then TSG3 or TSG2 is used.

- In comparison with TSG3, when the WebSocket handshake succeeds during the Create OUT Channel, the OUT Channel and IN Channel use the duplex communication between the TS Gateway and thin client. Therefore, the second HTTP 1.1 connection for IN Channel is not established.
- · A single HTTPS configuration with the WebSocket protocol is a two-step process.
 - a. On the thin client, a single HTTPS connection to TS gateway is configured. The thin client performs the handshake, and provides the authentication information and target server information.
 - b. The thin client logs in to the session host server through the TS gateway connection.

NOTE: You can capture the Network analysis file and check if the SslStream of the connection is upgraded to WebSocket.

Configuring Dell vWorkspace

Workspace virtualization delivers a list of applications or desktops together as a single complete virtual workspace. It isolates and centralizes an entire computing workspace. vWorkspace provides flexible, location and platform independent access by delivering virtual workspace from multiple virtualization platforms.

This section provides information about how to configure a Dell vWorkspace broker connection on your ThinOS device.

Configuring the Dell vWorkspace broker connection

To configure the vWorkspace broker setup:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Remote Connections.

The **Remote Connections** dialog box is displayed.

- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select Dell vWorkspace, and do the following:
 - Broker Server—Enter the IP address/ Hostname/ FQDN of the Broker Server.
 - Auto Connect List—Enter the name of the desktops that you want to launch automatically after logging in to the respective broker. More than one desktop can be listed. Each desktop name is separated by a semi-colon, and is casesensitive.
 - · Select the check box to enable vWorkspace Gateway.
 - **vWorkspace Gateway**—Enter the IP Address of the vWorkspace Gateway.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring Amazon Web Services or WorkSpaces

Amazon WorkSpace is a cloud-based virtual desktop that allows you to access remote applications with ease.

Amazon WorkSpaces connection is applicable only for PCoIP clients running ThinOS 8.3, and later versions.

This section provides information about how to configure the Amazon WorkSpaces (AWS) connection on your ThinOS device, and other Amazon WorkSpace features that you can configure on ThinOS.

Configuring the Amazon WorkSpaces broker connection

Amazon WorkSpaces connection is applicable only for PCoIP clients. To configure the Amazon WorkSpaces (AWS) broker setup:

1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Remote Connections**.

The **Remote Connections** dialog box is displayed.

- 2. In the Broker Setup tab, from the drop-down list, select Amazon WorksSpaces, and do the following:
 - Broker Server—Enter the IP address/Hostname/FQDN of the Broker Server.
 - **Auto Connect List**—Enter the name of the desktops that you want to launch automatically after logging in to the respective broker. More than one desktop can be listed. Each desktop name is separated by a semi-colon, and is case-sensitive.
 - Security mode—Select the preferred Security mode from the following options:
 - **Warning** Warn Security requires FQDN address for domain certificate installed in PCM. If certificate is not installed on the client, corresponding warning message is displayed for you to continue.
 - Full—Full Security requires FQDN address with domain certificate installed in PCM, and certificate installed on the client.
 - Low—Security allows FQDN/IP address with/without certificate.
 - Default— Follows global security mode settings.
 - **Connection Protocol** The drop-down list is disabled for AWS broker. By default, the option is set to **PCoIP Only**.
- 3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

For information about deploying AWS WorkSpaces and AWS EC2 PCM for AWS WorkSpaces, go to <u>www.teradici.com/web-help/Connecting_ZC_AWS_HTML5/TER1408002_Connecting_ZC_AWS.htm#03_DeployPCM.htm%3FTocPath%3D3</u>.

For information about configuring the Broker Server address = "URI (https://<FQDN or IP address>) of the PCM", go to www.teradici.com/web-help/Connecting_ZC_AWS_HTML5/TER1408002_Connecting_ZC_AWS.htm#05_Connect.htm www.teradici.com/web-help/Connecting_ZC_AWS_HTML5/TER1408002_Connecting_ZC_AWS.htm#05_Connect.htm

Known issues with Amazon Web Services or WorkSpaces

- Key combination **Ctrl + Alt** disconnects users from AWS session intermittently with old agent in AWS desktop. To fix this issue, update to latest agent by rebooting the desktop.
- Each user is assigned with one WorkSpaces desktop, and therefore logon with any username returns to the single desktop and then the session connects automatically. Disconnecting from the desktop returns user to logon screen.

Configuring thin client settings

You can configure available thin client settings on the thin client using the following. Depending on user privilege level, some dialog boxes and options may not be available for use.

- Local settings menu
- Reset features

NOTE: While it is not recommended to use dialog boxes for configuring thin client settings, they are available in case you want to temporarily override central default configurations or you do not have the option to set up central configuration (smaller environments). In general, it is recommended that you use central configuration to enable you to automatically push updates and any desired default configuration to all supported thin clients in your environment, see <u>Central</u> configuration: Automating updates and configurations.

Local Settings Menu

Local Settings menu items include:

- <u>Configuring the system preferences</u>
- <u>Configuring the display settings</u>
- <u>Configuring the peripherals settings</u>
- <u>Configuring the printer settings</u>

To access the Local settings menu:

- Zero desktop—Click the System Settings icon on the Zero toolbar. Administrators can also click the Admin Mode button on the Login dialog box.
- Classic desktop—Click User Name, and select System Setup.

NOTE: User Name is the user who is logged-on and is at the lower-left pane of the taskbar.

Configuring the system preferences

Use the **System Preference** dialog box to select personal preferences such as screen saver, time/date and custom information settings.

Use the following options to configure the system preferences:

- Setting the general system preference
- <u>Setting time and date</u>
- Setting the custom information

Setting the general system preference

To configure the general settings for system preference:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click System Preferences. The System Preference dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the General tab, and use the following guidelines:



O Sys	stem Preference			>
Gen	eral Time / <u>D</u> ate C <u>u</u> st	om Info		
	Г			7
	Screen Sa <u>v</u> er:	Moving Image	÷	
	<u>T</u> imer:	5 minutes	Ŧ	
	<u>L</u> ocale:	English	÷	
	Terminal <u>N</u> ame:	WT008064c1a04e		\$
	<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel	

- a. Screen Saver Allows you to select the type of screen saver you want. The default is to Turn Off Screen. Other available screen savers are Flying Bubbles, Moving Image, Showing Pictures, and Playing Video.
- b. Timer Select a time after which the screen saver is to be activated; either disable, 1 minute, 3 minutes, 5 minutes, 10 minutes (default), 15 minutes, or 30 minutes.

When the thin client is left idle for the specified idle time, the screen saver is initiated.

c. Locale — Select a language to be activated for the user login-experience; either French, German, or default English.

NOTE: Locale changes the language for the user login-experience screens only displayed during boot-up and login and not the configuration or administrator screens.

Only the following messages are applicable for French locales:

- Username/Password/Domain
- System Information
- · Shut down the system, restart the system, reset the system setting to factory default
- OK, Cancel
- Initiating devices
- Looking up IP address from DHCP, Note: Pressing CTRL-ESC keys cancel out of network check
- Retry DHCP for an IP address
- · Waiting for network link. Verify that network cable is plugged into back of unit
- · Check Cable, No Ethernet link
- · Leave administrator mode
- · Connecting
- Sign off from account
- · Lock Terminal, Unlock Password
- · Terminal is locked, Invalid unlock password
- d. **Terminal Name** Allows entry of a name for the thin client. The default is a 14-character string composed of the letters WT followed by the thin client Ethernet MAC address.

Some DHCP servers use this value to identify the IP address lease in the DHCP Manager display.

3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Setting the time and date

To configure the time and date settings:

- From the desktop menu, click the System Setup, and then click System Preferences. The System Preference dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Time/Date** tab, and use the following guidelines:

0	System Preference						
G	eneral Time / Date C	<u>u</u> stom Info					
	Time <u>Z</u> one: Un spec						
	Enable DayLight S	Saving					
	Sta <u>r</u> t Date: Jan	▼ 1st ▼ Mon ▼					
	End Date: Jan	Ţ 1st Ţ Mon Ţ					
	<u>T</u> ime Format:	24-hour format Ţ					
	Date <u>F</u> ormat:	yyyy/mm/dd 🗧					
	T <u>i</u> me Servers:	time.wyse.com					
		C <u>h</u> ange Date and Time					
	<u></u>						
	<u>о</u> к	Cancel					

- a. **Time Zone** Select a time zone where the thin client operates from the drop-down list. Default value is **Unspecified**.
- b. Enable Daylight Saving Allows you to enable the daylight saving settings. When selected, the Start Date and End Date boxes must be properly configured to define the daylight saving starting (month/week/day) and ending (month/week/day) periods.

Use the following guidelines to enter the Start date and End date:

- Month— Specifies the month in the year from January through December.
- Week— Select 1 through 4 for the week in the month. Week last denotes the last week in the month.
- Day Specifies the day of the week from Monday through Sunday.
- c. Time Format Allows you to select the 12 or 24-hour time format. default is 24-hour format.
- d. **Date Format** Allows you to select the yyyy/mm/dd (year/month/day) or dd/mm/yyyy (day/month/year) date format. Default is **yyyy/mm/dd**.
- e. Time Servers List of IP addresses or host names with optional TCP port number of Time Servers.

Each entry with optional port number is specified as Name-or-IP: port, where: port is optional. If not specified, port 80 is used. Locations can be supplied through user profiles if user profiles are used. The Time Servers provide the thin client time based on the settings of time zone and daylight saving information. If DHCP is used, locations can be supplied through DHCP.

- f. Change Date and Time Allows you to change date and time for secure environments requiring a solution to outside server access. When connecting to a file server over HTTPS, the proper time must be defined on the thin client for SSL/ certification validation.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Setting the custom information

Use the Custom Info tab to enter configuration strings for use by WDM software. The configuration strings can contain information about the location, user, administrator, and so on. To set the custom information:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click System preferences.

The System preference dialog box is displayed.

2. Click the **Custom Info** tab to enter configuration strings used by WDM software. The configuration strings can contain information about the location, user, administrator, and so on. Clicking OK transfers the custom field information you enter in the dialog box to the Windows registry. The information is then available to the WDM Client Manager. For more information on using Custom Fields and using WDM for remote administration and upgrading thin client software, see WDM documentation.

o Sy	stem	Preference	×
<u>G</u> en	eral	Time / <u>D</u> ate	Custom Info
	Cu	stom <u>1</u> :	
	Cu	stom <u>2</u> :	
	Cu	stom <u>3</u> :	
	Ŀo	cation:	
	Co	n <u>t</u> act:	
		<mark>.</mark> <u>о</u> к	Cancel

3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the display settings

Use the **Display** dialog box to select the resolution and refresh rate for the monitor used with the thin client.

Use the following options to configure the Display Settings:

- Configuring the general display settings
- Configuring the dual head Settings

Configuring the general display settings

To configure the general display settings:

- 1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Display. The **Display** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the General tab, and use the following guidelines:

O Select bes	t display setting on DDC monitor	
O DDC table:	1920 × 1080 @ 60HZ	Ŧ
COUser define	ed display setting	1
Res	solution: 1920 x 1080	÷.
R	ot <u>a</u> tion: None	_
Deskto	op Color: 32 bit	Ţ.
Jsage Help		ttern wil

a. Select best display setting on DDC monitor—If the monitor is VESA DDC2B (Display Data Channel) compatible, selection of this option allows the thin client to automatically select the best resolution and refresh rate.

If your monitor is not DDC compatible, then **Monitor does not support Plug and Play** message is displayed. Click **OK** to acknowledge the message and remove it from the screen.

- b. **DDC table** If the monitor is VESA DDC2B (Display Data Channel) compatible, selection of this option allows you to select the resolution and refresh rate you want from the list.
- c. User defined display setting— Select this option and select the resolution and refresh rate supported by your monitor. All combinations are allowed.

Resolutions include:

640 x 480 (not on Wyse 3020 thin client with ThinOS—T10D)

800 x 600 (not on Wyse 3020 thin client with ThinOS—T10D)

1024 x 768

1152 x 864

1280 x 720

1280 x 768 (not on Wyse 3010 thin client with ThinOS—T10)

1280 × 1024

1360 x 768 (not on Wyse 3010 thin client with ThinOS and Wyse 3020 thin client with ThinOS—T class)

 1366×768

1368 x 768 (not on Wyse 3010 thin client with ThinOS and Wyse 3020 thin client with ThinOS—T class)

1400 x 1050

1440 × 900
1600 × 900
1600 × 1200
1680 × 1050
1920 × 1080
1920 × 1200
1920 × 1440
2560 × 1080
2560 × 1440
2560 × 1600
3840 x 2160

- d. Rotation —Select a rotation option; either None, Left turn 90 degrees, or Right turn 90 degrees.
- e. Desktop Color— Only 32 bit is permitted from ThinOS 8.2. This value is selected by default.
- f. Usage Help This section contains brief instructions for using the **Display** dialog box and running the test. No operator entry can be made in this box.

Make note of the instructions in the area, regarding v-key reset usage in case of display failure.

3. Click **OK** to save the settings.

Supported monitor resolutions—The following table lists the tested monitor resolutions: Table 8. Supported monitor resolutions

Monitor resolutions	Wyse 5060 thin client	Wyse 3040 thin client
640 x 480	Supported	Supported
800 × 600	Supported	Supported
1024 x 768	Supported	Supported
1152 x 864	Supported	Supported
1280 x 720	Supported	Supported
1280 x 768	Supported	Supported
1280 x 1024	Supported	Supported
1360 x 768	Supported	Supported
1366 x 768	Supported	Supported
1368 x 768	Supported	Supported
1400 x 1050	Supported	Supported
1440 x 900	Supported	Supported
1600 x 900	Supported	Supported
1600 x 1200	Supported	Supported
1680 x 1050	Supported	Supported
1920 x 1080	Supported	Supported
1920 × 1200	Supported	Supported

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Monitor resolutions	Wyse 5060 thin client	Wyse 3040 thin client
2560 x 1080	Supported	Supported
2560 x 1440	Supported	Supported
2560 x 1600	Supported	Supported
3440 x 1440	Supported	Not Supported
3840 x 2160–Dual 4K	Supported Dual 3840 x 2160 is supported with Dual Display ports for 30 Hz display refresh rate.	Not Supported

For information about the tested monitors, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS Release Notes.

Configuring the Dual Head display settings

To configure the Dual Head display settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Display.

The **Display** dialog box is displayed.

2. Click **Dual Head** tab, and use the following guidelines:

oual Head:	O <u>M</u> irror Mode	O <u>S</u> pan Mode
1ain Screen:	⊙ Screen <u>1</u>	O Screen2
ayout:	• Horizontal	O <u>V</u> ertical
lignment:	O Bottom	Ce <u>n</u> ter O T <u>o</u> p
askbar:	⊙ <u>M</u> ain Screen	O <u>W</u> hole Screen

This feature is applicable for supported Dual Monitor capable thin clients Only.

a. **Dual Head**—Select **Mirror Mode** to have the two monitors work in a matching state, or **Span Mode** to have the two monitors work separately second is extended from first.

b. **Main Screen**—Select which of the two monitors you want to be the main screen (**Screen1** or **Screen2**). The other screen is extended from the main screen.

The other screen is extended from the main screen. When using a DVI to DVI/VGA splitter with VGA and DVI monitors at the same time, the VGA monitor will be the primary monitor.

c. Layout—Select how you want the two monitors to be oriented to each other.

Horizontal — where you move between the monitors from the left and right of the screens.

Vertical— where you move between the monitors from the top and bottom of the screens.

d. Alignment— Select how you want the monitors to be aligned Bottom, Center, or Top.

Bottom means screens are bottom-aligned in a horizontal orientation; Center means screens are center-aligned; Top means screens are top-aligned in a horizontal orientation.

e. Taskbar (Classic Desktop Only)—Select under which screen you want the Taskbar to appear Whole Screen or Main Screen

Display						
<u>G</u> eneral Dual Head						
				1		
Dual Head:	O <u>M</u> irror Mode	⊙ <u>S</u> p	an Mode			
Main Screen:	O Screen <u>1</u>	⊙ Sc	reen2			
Layout:	⊙ Horizonta <u>l</u>	0 <u>V</u> e	rtical]		
Alignment:	⊙ <u>B</u> ottom	O Ce <u>n</u> ter	О Т <u>о</u> р			
	🔲 Swa <u>p</u> dual scre	eens				
Ī	est		<u>C</u> ancel			

For Swap dual screens, when you set Main Screen to Screen2, an additional check box is displayed at the bottom of the tab that allows you to swap dual screens. If you clear the check box, the Screen1 is usually the left one or the top one in dual display. When you set Main Screen to Screen2, the main screen is changed to the right screen or bottom screen. If you

select the **swap dual screens** check box, you are able to set Main Screen to Screen2, but still have it at the left side or the top side, which is considered more user friendly.

Changing Display Settings Dynamically

From ThinOS 8.4 release, after you change the display settings, the changes will take effect immediately without a system restart.

Single mode user scenario

Go to **System Setup** \rightarrow **Display** \rightarrow **General**, and do the following:

- 1. Change resolution from DDC table or User defined display settings.
- 2. Change rotation setting from User defined display settings.

When the display settings are changed, the modified settings are applied to the active sessions dynamically. But some of the active sessions disconnect and then reconnect. For example, RDP for Win7 session.

Dual Head user scenario

Go to $\textit{System Setup} \rightarrow \textit{Display} \rightarrow \textit{Dual Head}$ and change the settings.

Go to $\textbf{System Setup} \rightarrow \textbf{Display} \rightarrow \textbf{General},$ and do the following:

- 1. Change resolution from DDC table or User defined display settings.
- 2. Change rotation setting from User defined display settings.

When the display settings are changed during active sessions, the active sessions do not resize dynamically in the following situations:

- · Seamless sessions
- · For dual head mode, including:
 - Change from single mode to dual head.
 - Change from dual head to single mode.
 - Change display setting in dual head mode.

To apply the settings, disconnect the session and reconnect it.

Configuring the peripherals settings

The **Peripherals** dialog box enables you to configure the settings for the Keyboard, Mouse, Audio, Serial, Camera, Touch Screen, and Bluetooth.

- <u>Configuring the keyboard settings</u>
- <u>Configuring the mouse settings</u>
- Configuring the audio settings
- Configuring the serial settings
- Configuring the camera settings
- Configuring the touch screen settings
- <u>Configuring the bluetooth settings</u>

Configuring the keyboard settings

To configure the keyboard settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Peripherals.

The **Peripherals** dialog box is displayed.

2. Click the **Keyboard** tab and set the Character Set, Keyboard Layout, Delay Before Repeat and Repeat Rate parameters. The following table explains the keyboard parameters.

🖰 Peripherals			×
Keyboard Mouse Audi	o <u>S</u> erial C <u>a</u> mera	Touch Screen Bluetooth	
Cha <u>r</u> acter Set: Keyboar <u>d</u> Layout: Delay <u>b</u> efore repeat	ISO-8859-1 English (United St	ates)	
Repeat Rate:	O Slow O Norm	al O Fast	
<u> </u>		Cancel	

Table 9. Keyboard settings

Parameter	Description
Character Set	Specifies the character set. Each character is represented by a number. The ASCII character set, for example, uses the numbers 0 through 127 to represent all English characters and special control characters. European ISO character sets are similar to ASCII, but they contain additional characters for European languages.
Keyboard Layout	Presently the keyboard languages listed in the Keyboard layout drop-down list are supported. The default value is English (United States) .
Delay Before Repeat	Specifies the repeat parameters for held-down key. Select the Delay before repeat value as either 1/5 second, 1/4 second, 1/3 second, 1/2 second, 3/4 second, 1 second, 2 seconds, or No Repeat. The default is 1/3 second.
Repeat Rate	Select Slow , Normal , or Fast . The default value is Medium.

3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the mouse settings

To configure the mouse settings:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Peripherals. The Peripherals dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Mouse** tab to select the mouse speed and mouse orientation.

🖰 Peripherals ×
Keyboard Mouse Audio Serial Camera Touch Screen Bluetooth
Mouse Speed: Slow Fast Slow Fast Swap left and right mouse buttons
Server Se

- 3. Select the Swap left and right mouse buttons check box to swap mouse buttons for left-handed operations.
- **4.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring the audio settings

To configure the audio settings:

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- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Peripherals. The Peripherals dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the Audio tab to select the volume settings for connected devices.

Keyboard Mous	e Audio	Serial	Camera	Touch Screen	Bluetooth	
Playback Devi		Record De				
LPEDP Audi		SST Aud:	10 -		Recorder	
		T		Time:	0.00 sec.	
+						
☐ Mute						
🗖 Speake	r.	Г <u>в</u> ооз	it	🔽 Enable	<u>D</u> P audio	

- a. Click the **Playback Devices** tab to select the type of the audio from the drop-down menu.
 - Use **slider** to control the volume settings for the playback devices.

- Select the check box to mute.
- b. Click the Recorded Devices tab to select the type of the record from the drop-down menu.
 - Use **slider** to control the volume settings for the record devices.
 - Select the check box to mute.
- c. Click **Play** to play the audio.
- d. The **Recorder** tab allows you to do the following tasks:
 - · Collect information about the speaker and microphone currently being used.
 - · Examine the performance of the speaker and microphone currently being used.

For example, the connected USB headsets are displayed in the drop-down. Select the HD Audio option for analog earphone use, the **Speaker** check box to enable the internal speaker, and the **Boost** check box for audio enhancement.

- e. Select the Speaker check box to connect the speaker.
- f. Select the **Boost** check box to boost the connected devices.
- g. Select the Enable DP audio check box to enable the DisplayPort audio function on your thin client.

Using DisplayPort audio

Use the DisplayPort (DP) interface to connect your thin clients to the display devices. The interface can include audio signals in the same cable as the video signals. To enable the DisplayPort audio, ensure that you set up the following components:

- A thin client that supports DisplayPort audio and/or dual mode with audio.
- A display device, such as monitor, that supports audio playback in ICA, RDP, Blast, or the PCoIP sessions.
- An analog audio device or a monitor built-in speaker.

To enable the DisplayPort audio on ThinOS:

- 1. Set up a monitor with DP audio support.
- 2. Connect the ThinOS client to monitor using DP cable.
- 3. Plug the analog headset into the monitor DP audio interface.
- 4. On the ThinOS desktop, click System Setup \rightarrow Peripherals \rightarrow Audio \rightarrow Playback devices, and select the Enable DP audio check box.
- 5. Start either an RDP, ICA, PCoIP, or Blast session.
- 6. Play a video, and check the audio output using the analog headset.

MOTE:

- ThinOS supports only the DisplayPort audio playback. Audio recording using DisplayPort is not supported.
- DisplayPort audio is supported only on Wyse 3030 LT thin client, Wyse 3040 thin client, and Wyse 5060 thin client.

Disabling DisplayPort audio

In Wyse 3040 thin client, the DP audio is enabled by default. However, in certain resolution, such as, 1920 x 1200, 2048 x 1152, 2048 x 1280, 2560 x 1080, 2560 x 1440, a black screen is displayed for 10 seconds after you restart the thin client. In such scenarios, disable the DP audio option.

To disable DP audio, do the following:

- 2. Clear the Enable DP audio check box, and click Yes. If you click No, the thin client will not restart, and the DP audio is enabled.
- 3. After the system restart, navigate to System Setup → Peripherals → Audio → Playback Devices, and ensure that the LPEDP audio option is not configured.

Configuring the serial settings

To configure the Serial settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Peripherals.

The **Peripherals** dialog box is displayed.

2. Click the Serial tab and do the following:

🖰 Peripherals		×
Keyboard Mo	ouse Audio Serial Camera Touch Screen Bluetooth	_
Select Port:	⊙ COM 1 ○ COM 2 ○ COM 3 ○ COM 4	
<u>B</u> aud Rate:	9600 📮	
Parity:	O None O Even O O₫d	
Stop:	O 1 O 1,5 O 2	
Size:	O <u>5</u> O <u>6</u> O <u>7</u> O <u>8</u>	
Flow Control:	O None O XON/XOFF O CTS/RTS O Both	
Elo	touch screen on None ▼	
	OK Cancel	

- a. Select Port—Click the button to select the Port. Default is COM 1.
- b. Baud Rate—Select the Baud Rate from the drop-down list. Default is 9600.
- c. **Parity**—Click the button to select the Parity.
- d. Stop—Click the button to select the stop bits 1, 1.5, 2. Default value is 1.
- e. Size—Click the button to select the Character size 5, 6, 7, or 8 bits. Default is 8.
- f. Flow Control—Click the button to select Flow Control: Either None, XON/XOFF, CTS/RTS, or Both can be selected. Default is None.
- g. Serial Touch Screen selections—Select the required touch screen from the drop-down list. Available options are ELO, MicroTouch and FastPoint.
- h. Touch Screen on—Select the required serial port (COM port) or None from the drop-down list.
- 3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the camera settings

Use the **Camera** tab to interface with cameras that are locally connected to the thin client (USB) and supported by a UVC driver. When using the HDX RealTime webcam feature of XenDesktop/XenApp, you can control options such as maximum resolution and frames per second (10 FPS is recommended).

By default, the format of USB camera is set to RAW.

🖰 Peripherals		×
Keyboard Mouse Audio	Serial Camera Touch	Screen <u>B</u> luetooth
Optimi <u>z</u> e for CPU Device:	Video Controls	
USB Video 💌	Co <u>n</u> trast:	
RAW Ţ Resol <u>u</u> tion:	S <u>h</u> arpness:	
320x240	White Balance:	
10 ▼ x 1/2 ▼	Preview	Default
<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel

NOTE:

U

You can optimize performance and modify the frame rate per second, if the **Optimize for CPU** check box is not selected supported values include 1/1, 1/2, 1/3, 1/4, 1/5, and 1/6– directly from the thin client (if the webcam supports Universal Video Driver).

Also, this feature is CPU intensive and is recommended for high performance products.

Configuring the touch screen settings

Use the **Touch Screen** tab to configure touch screens that are connected to the thin client. The tab is available (not grayed out) when the thin client detects that a touch screen is attached through a USB port or a serial port, and the setup or calibration has not been performed. The Touch Setup window prompts you to touch two circles on the screen to make the necessary calibration adjustment. The adjusted calibrated values are saved in the local terminal NVRAM until the system is reset to factory default, or another type of touch monitor is connected.

NOTE: From ThinOS version 8.5, the ELO touch screen does not work in certain scenarios. For more information, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS Release Notes.

Configuring the Bluetooth settings

The Bluetooth feature helps you to connect your thin client with Bluetooth enabled devices such as headsets and mouses.

ThinOS supports both Intel wireless chipset 7260 and 7265. For mouse, keyboard, and headset, ThinOS supports both Bluetooth 3.0 and 4.0.

Bluetooth 4.0 supports Classic and Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE). However, Bluetooth Alternate MAC/PHY (AMP) is not supported.

NOTE: From ThinOS v8.4.1, the Bluetooth feature is supported on Wyse 3040 thin client with ThinOS and Wyse 3040 thin client with PCoIP.

To configure the Bluetooth settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Peripherals.

The **Peripherals** dialog box is displayed.

9 Peripher	als							\$
<u>K</u> eyboard	Mouse	Aud <u>i</u> o	<u>S</u> erial	C <u>a</u> mera	Touch Scre	een	Bluetooth	
Name		Ty	pe	Status	Paired	Addr	ess	
•								•
	R	emove			9	Sca <u>n</u>		
		<u>O</u> K			8	<u>C</u> ance	el	

2. Click the **Bluetooth** tab, and use the following guidelines:

Bluetooth enabled devices, such as headsets and mouses that are available in the Thin Client environment are listed in the **Bluetooth** page. The following attributes are displayed in the list.

- Name—Specifies the name of the Bluetooth enabled device.
- **Type**—Specifies the type of the Bluetooth enabled devices, such as headsets, mouses, and keyboards.

Both Human Interface Devices (HID) and Headset Bluetooth devices are supported from ThinOS 8.2.

- HID Type

.

- HID includes mouse and keyboard.
- The maximum number of HIDs that can be connected is seven.
- Headset type
 - The Bluetooth headset is supported in this release.
 - The maximum number of Bluetooth headsets that can be connected is one.

Important: Other types of Bluetooth devices are not scanned and supported. Call level audio quality on Headsets is supported. However, multimedia is still not supported.

 $\mbox{Status}\mbox{---}$ The Bluetooth page has two columns, namely, \mbox{Status} and $\mbox{Paired}.$ Table 10. Bluetooth status

Status	Connected	The Bluetooth device is connected to the ThinOS device. It is ready to be used.	
	Connecting	The Bluetooth device is connecting to the ThinOS device.	
	Disconnected	The Bluetooth device is not connected to the ThinOS device.	
Paired	Yes	The Bluetooth device is paired with the ThinOS device.	

No	The Bluetooth device is not paired with the ThinOS device.

Address—Displays the address of the Bluetooth device connected to your thin client.

The following are the user scenarios and corresponding Bluetooth statuses displayed on the Bluetooth page.

Table 11. User scenario

User Scenario	Status
Device turned off	Disconnected Paired
Device turned on	Connected Paired
Device disconnected from ThinOS	Disconnected Not Paired

- Scan— All Bluetooth devices enter into Page Scan mode. Different Bluetooth devices enter into the Page Scan mode at different instances such as when a specific button is pressed three times or a specific button is pressed and held until the LED turns blue.
- **Connect** Select a particular Bluetooth enabled device, and click **Connect** to connect the selected device to the thin client. If the Bluetooth device is connected successfully, the status is displayed as **Connected** in the **Bluetooth** window.
- **Remove** Select a particular Bluetooth device, and click **Remove** to disconnect and remove the device from the list.
- Auto Connect function—The Auto Connect function is designed for HIDs.

Prerequisites:

- ThinOS has no HIDs connected such as USB or Bluetooth HIDs.
- The Bluetooth HIDs are configured as Page Scan mode.

When you start the ThinOS client, the Bluetooth HIDs can connect to ThinOS automatically without scanning or pairing operations. The Bluetooth HIDs automatically reconnects after you restart the ThinOS client.

• Reconnect function—The Reconnect function is designed for HIDs and Headsets.

When you restart the system with the Bluetooth device (HID/headset) that is already paired and connected, the Bluetooth device automatically reconnects within a few seconds.

For example, you can hover the Bluetooth mouse, and then click a few times for the Bluetooth mouse to reconnect successfully. The Bluetooth headset reconnects automatically, but might require you to manually close or reopen the device on certain occasions.

To know about the certified devices, refer the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS release notes.

Known issues of the Bluetooth feature

1. If more than two Bluetooth mouse devices are connected to ThinOS along with more than two other Bluetooth devices, it may cause low performance of Bluetooth connectivity.

Workaround: Dell recommends using one mouse and one keyboard in ThinOS with Bluetooth connection.

- The Bluetooth device name displays N/A sometimes.
 Workaround: Remove this device from the list and re-scan.
- 3. The Bluetooth device status is not refreshed sometimes when wireless chipset 7260 is shut down. Workaround: Close the ThinOS Bluetooth window and re-open it. The status is updated.
- 4. Only supports volume button and mute button on Bluetooth headset.
- 5. The performance of Bluetooth feature is low during wireless connection.

USB support

USB port—Wyse 7010 with ThinOS (Z10D) supports two USB 3.0 ports. USB 3.0 is compatible with USB 2.0. When USB 2.0 device is connected to 3.0 ports, the behavior of the device remains unaltered. For USB 3.0 device to connect to 3.0 ports, the device type should be of 5 Gbps. All types of USB devices work when connected to USB 3.0 port.

USB hard disk—Do not plug in the USB hard disk with 10 or more drives, or do not plug in more than 10 USB keys into ThinOS client. ThinOS does not detect the USB disk with 10 or more drives.

Known issue—Camera preview has some known issue.

Configuring the printer settings

Use the **Printer Setup** dialog box to configure network printers and local printers that are connected to the thin client. Through its USB ports, a thin client can support multiple printers. If more than one printer is to be used and another port is not available on your thin client and the port that is to be used must be shared with a USB modem converter, connect a USB hub to the port.

Use the following options to configure the printer settings:

- <u>Configuring the ports settings</u>
- <u>Configuring the LPDs settings</u>
- <u>Configuring the SMBs settings</u>
- Using the printer setup options
- Using the Help
- <u>Configuring the Citrix UPD printer</u>

Configuring the ports settings

To configure the ports settings:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Printer. The Printer Setup dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Ports** tab, and use the following guidelines:

🖶 Printer Setup	×
Ports LPDs SMBs Options Help	
Select Port: LPT 1	
Printer Name: Dell B2375dnf	
Printer Identification: Dell B2375dnf Mono MFP	
Printer Cl <u>a</u> ss: PCL5 =	
Enable the printer de <u>v</u> ice	
Enable LP <u>D</u> service for the printer	
OK Cancel Test Print	

Select Port— Select the port you want from the list. LPT1 or LPT2 selects the connection to a direct-connected USB printer.

b. Printer Name — (Required) Enter name you want displayed in your list of printers.

most USB direct-connected printers report/fill in their printer name automatically.



NOTE: If Enable LPD service for the printer is selected, the printer name becomes the queue name for other clients using LPR to print to this printer.

c. **Printer Identification** — Enter the type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name including capitalizations and spaces, most USB direct-connected printers report/fill in their printer identifications automatically.

This entry must be either the device driver name for the printer under the Microsoft Windows system, or a key to map to the device driver. If not specified, the name will be defaulted to the printer-supplied identification for standard direct-connected USB printers or **Generic / Text Only** for non-USB connected printers upon connection to Windows hosts. The driver name mapping takes place either through a printer-mapping file read by the system as part of the global profile (wnos.ini) or by MetaFrame servers through the MetaFrame printer configuration file (\winnt\system32\wtsprnt.inf).

- NOTE: The maximum characters allowed in the Printer Identification field is 31. If your printer driver string is more than 31 characters (including space), you can create a txt file (printer.txt) and upload to your file server. Edit the txt file and type the content, such as "HP Color" = "HP Color LaserJet CM1312 MFP PCL6 Class Driver". Add the command line printermap=printer.txt to your wnos.ini file. Now, you can type "HP Color" in the Printer Identification field instead of the full driver string.
- d. Printer Class This is optional. Select the printer class from the list PCL5, PS, or TXT or PCL4.
- e. Enable the printer device Select this option to enable the directly-connected printer. It enables the device to display on the remote host.
- f. Enable LPD service for the printer Select this to make the thin client an LPD (Line Printer Daemon) network print server for LPR printing requests from the network.



If the thin client is to be used as an LPD printer server, DHCP must not be used and a static IP address must be assigned to the client, see <u>Configuring the Network Settings</u>.

3. Click OK to save the settings.

Configuring the LPDs settings

To configure the LPDs settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Printer**.

The **Printer Setup** dialog box is displayed.

2. Click the LPDs tab, and use the following guidelines when printing to a non-Windows network printer:

🕒 Printer Setup		×
Ports LPDs SMBs	Optio <u>n</u> s <u>H</u> elp	
S <u>e</u> lect LPD:	LPD 1 🗧	
Printer Na <u>m</u> e:	LPD test	
Printer <u>I</u> dentification:	Dell B2375dnf Mono MFP	
LP <u>D</u> Hosts:	10.151.120.240	
LPD <u>Q</u> ueue Name:	Dell B2375dnf	
Printer Cl <u>a</u> ss:	PCL5 🗸	
🔽 Enable the printer de	vice	
<u>о</u> к 🔣	<u>C</u> ancel <u>T</u> est Print	

NOTE: Be sure to check with your vendor that the printer can accept Line Printer Request print requests.

- a. Select LPD —Select the port you want from the list.
- b. Printer Name —(Required) Enter name you want displayed in your list of printers.
- c. **Printer Identification**—Enter the type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name—including capitalizations and spaces.

This name must be either the device driver name for the printer under the Microsoft Windows system, or a key to map to the device driver. If not specified, the name will be defaulted to the printer-supplied identification for standard direct-connected USB printers or **Generic / Text** for non-USB connected printers upon connection to Windows hosts. The driver name mapping takes place either through a printer-mapping file read by the system as part of the global profile (wnos.ini) or by MetaFrame servers through the MetaFrame printer configuration file (\winnt\system32\wtsprnt.inf).

d. LPD Hosts—The DNS or WINS name of the server for the network printer. An IP address of the printer on the network can also be entered.

If the printer is attached to another thin client on your network, the entry in the LPD Hosts box is the name or address of that thin client.

e. LPD Queue Name — An LPD host maintains a named queue for each supported printer. Enter the name of the queue associated with the printer to be used.

This name can be different for each vendor. This field is required and must be correct so that the network printer accepts incoming print jobs properly. For example, auto can be used for HP LaserJet 4200n PCL6 as per documentation found on the HP Web site.

NOTE: If the printer is attached to another thin client on your network, the LPD Queue Name must match the content of the Printer Name box on the thin client with the printer attached.

- f. **Printer Class** (Optional) Select the printer class from the list.
- g. Enable the printer device Must be selected to enable the printer. It enables the device so it displays on the remote host.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Configuring the SMBs settings

To configure the SMBs settings:

1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Printer**.

The $\ensuremath{\textbf{Printer}}$ Setup dialog box is displayed.

2. Click SMBs tab, and use the following guidelines when printing to a Windows network printer.

Printer Setup	×
Ports LPDs SMBs Options Help	
Select SM <u>B</u> : SMB 1	
Printer Na <u>m</u> e: SMB print	
Printer Identification: Dell B2375dnf Mono MFP	
\\Host\P <u>r</u> inter: \\10.151.132.171\Del 🛅	
Printer Cl <u>a</u> ss: PCL5	
Enable the printer device	
Enable LP <u>D</u> service for the printer	
OK Cancel Test Print	

- a. Select SMB—Select the SMB you want from the list.
- b. Printer Name—(Required) Enter the name to be displayed in your list of printers.
- c. **Printer Identification**—Enter the type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name—including capitalizations and spaces.

This name must be either the device driver name for the printer under the Microsoft Windows system, or a key to map to the device driver. If not specified, the name will be defaulted to the printer-supplied identification for standard direct-connected USB printers or **Generic / Text** for non-USB connected printers upon connection to Windows hosts. The driver name mapping takes place either through a printer-mapping file read by the system as part of the global profile (wnos.ini) or by MetaFrame servers through the MetaFrame printer configuration file (\winnt\system32\wtsprnt.inf).

- d. **\\Host\Printer**—Enter the Host\Printer or use the browse folder icon next to the box to browse your Microsoft Networks and make the printer selection you want from the network printers available (the DNS name or IP address of the Windows print server on the network).
- e. **Printer Class** —(Optional) Select the printer class from the list.
- f. Enable the printer device—Must be selected to enable the printer. It enables the device so it displays on the remote host.
- g. Enable LPD service for the printer—Select this to make the thin client an LPD (Line Printer Daemon) network print server for LPR printing requests from the network, see <u>Using Your Thin Client as a Print Server (LPD)</u>.
 If the thin client is to be used as an LPD printer server, DHCP must not be used and a static IP address must be assigned to the thin client as described in Configuring the Network Settings.
- **3.** Click **OK** to save the settings.

Using the printer setup options

To configure the printer setup options:

- From the desktop menu, click System Setup, and then click Printer. The Printer Setup dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Options** tab, and use the following guidelines:

🖶 Printer Setup	×
Ports LPDs SMBs Options Help	
De <u>f</u> ault Printer: Default Default	
Enable .print Client	
Port: 4000	
	\$
OK Sancel	

- a. Default Printer Select the printer you want to be the default printer from your list of available printers.
- b. Enable .print Client and Port If you want to enable .print Client, select Enable .print Client , and then enter the port.
- 3. Click OK to save the settings.

Using the Help

When you click the Help tab, the following message is displayed in the text box.

Printer Identification is supplied by printer device. Change it to a Window's printer driver name or setup a driver mapping file.

Reset features

Reset features include:

- Resetting to factory defaults using G-Key reset
- Resetting to factory defaults using shutdown reset
- <u>Resetting display settings using V-Key reset</u>

Resetting to factory defaults using G-Key reset

High-privileged or stand-alone users can reset the thin client to factory default settings using the G-key reset feature.

To reset the thin client to factory default settings, restart the thin client and continuously tap the **G** key during the restart process. G-key reset impacts all configuration items, including, but not limited to, both network configuration and connections defined in local NV-RAM.



NOTE: G-key reset is disabled for Low-privileged and Non-privileged users in Lock down mode.

Resetting to factory defaults using shutdown reset

A high-privileged or stand-alone user can reset the thin client to factory default settings from the **Shutdown** dialog box. To reset the thin client to factory defaults:

1. From the desktop menu, click **Shutdown**.

The Shutdown dialog box is displayed.

- 2. After starting your thin client you will see a Dell logo for a short period of time.
- 3. Click **Restart the system** to restart your thin client.
- 4. Select the Reset the system setting to factory default check box to restore your system settings to default factory settings.
- 5. Click OK to save the settings.

Shutdown reset impacts all configuration items, including, but not limited to network configuration and connections defined in local NV-RAM. However, the terminal name will not be changed.



Shutdown reset is disabled for Low-privileged and Non-privileged users, regardless of lock down state.

Resetting display settings using V-Key reset

If the display settings are inappropriate for the particular monitor that is connected, it is possible that the display will not function properly when the thin client restarts. To correct this, power-on the thin client while continuously tapping the \mathbf{V} key. This will restart the thin client with a default/automatic display resolution.

Introduction to TCX Flash Redirection

The Dell Wyse TCX Suite is a single software solution that provides full benefits of cloud client-computing without the limitations of competing software suites. The TCX Flash Redirection is one of the components of TCX Suite that enables the cloud client users to experience improved Flash video content performance in a remote computing environment.

TCX Flash Redirection uses the client CPU to decode and render flash. TCX Flash Redirection uses the Adobe flash player plug-in that supports the NPAPI interface on the client. TCX Flash Redirection is supported over RDP and PCoIP protocols. TCX Flash Redirection uses less Server CPU cycles.

For more information about the TCX Flash Redirection feature and supported environment, refer to the latest *Dell Wyse TCX Administrator's Guide*.

Supported platforms

The following are the platforms that support TCX flash redirection:

- · Wyse 3030 LT with ThinOS
- · Wyse 3030 LT with PCoIP
- Wyse 3040 with ThinOS
- · Wyse 3040 with PCoIP
- Wyse 5010 with ThinOS (D10D)
- Wyse 5010 with PCoIP (D10DP)
- Wyse 5040 AIO thin client (5212)
- Wyse 5040 AIO with PCoIP (5213)
- Wyse 5060 with ThinOS
- · Wyse 5060 with PCoIP
- Wyse 7010 with ThinOS (Z10D)

Working status of TCX Flash Redirection

Prerequisites

- TCX.i386.pkg must be installed on client for the feature to work.
- TFRSServerBHO Class must be enabled in browser add-on.
- Enable Protected Mode is turned off in the Security options of Internet Explorer.
- Enable third-party browser extensions is enabled in the Advanced options of Internet Explorer.

Verifying the working status of TCX Flash Redirection

Verifying the status of TCX Flash Redirection is similar to HDX FR.

Use the following INI parameter to display the HW label:

MMRConfig=VIDEO flashingHW=1

Known Issues with TCX Flash Redirection



TCX FR on ThinOS is not working for certain flash video pages. However, the result is the same between FR over RDP, and FR over PCoIP. Dell recommends you to validate, and block the URL that does not work, before deploying TCX FR on all the systems.

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Performing diagnostics

Diagnostics include:

System tools

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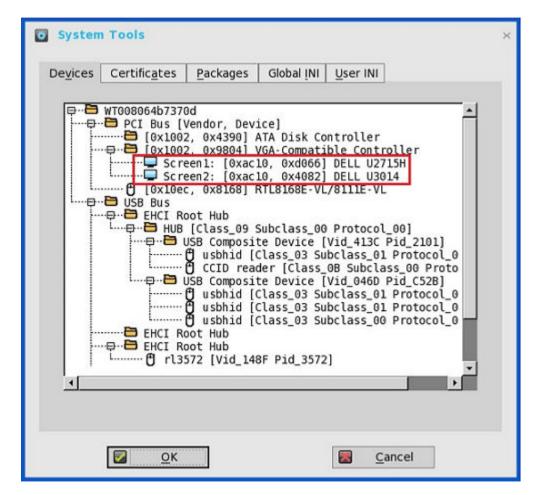
• Using the troubleshooting options

System tools

Use the **System Tools** dialog box to view device details, package details and Global INI/User INI information. You can also import certificates using the **Certificates** tab.

- 1. From the desktop menu, click System Tools.
 - The **System Tools** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the **Devices** tab to display all the locally attached devices, including USB, Serial, and Parallel on applicable platforms. The details about the monitors connected to the thin client are also displayed.

The Device Viewer button was previously available in the **Devices** tab of the **System Information** dialog box.



NOTE: The Mirror File Server tab has been removed from the System Tools dialog box, as it can now be viewed in the Devices tab.

3. Click the **Certificates** tab, and use the following guidelines:

System Tools	×
Devices Certificates Packages Global INI	_
Import From USB Storage	
Gacerts BTCTRoot.crt Class3PCA_G2_v2.crt Class4PCA_G2_v2.crt Entrust_G2.crt gd-class2-root.crt GTECTGlobalRoot.crt PC32ss_v4.crt PCA-3G5.crt wtosroot.cer wyseseroot.crt Merlotroot.cer sso.cer Unknown CA	
<u>R</u> equest Certificate Vie <u>w</u> Certificate	
Sector Cancel	

- a. Import the certificates by selecting either USB Storage or File Server from the drop-down list, and then click **Import** to import the required certificate.
- b. Click **Delete** to delete the imported certificate.
- c. Click **View Certificate** to view the imported certificate information such as Version, Validity, and Serial number. You can also view the certificate path and certificate status. For more information about the default certificates, see <u>About default</u> <u>certificates</u>.
- d. Click **Request Certificate** to manually request certificate for your client. For more information about Simplified Certificate Enrollment Protocol, see <u>Simplified Certificate Enrollment Protocol</u>.
- Click the Packages tab, and use the following guidelines: ThinOS packages that are installed on thin client are listed in the Packages tab.

Name Version Size base.i386.pkg 5.0.46515 17936384 (17.1 MB) RTME.i386.pkg 2.3.44433 31900367 (30.4 MB) FR.i386.pkg 1.20.46089 21864448 (20.8 MB) TCX.i386.pkg 7.1.41853 40285357 (38.4 MB) horizon.i386.pkg 4.6.45422 40202240 (38.3 MB)	vices Certifi	cates Pa	ckages Global INI	
RTME.i386.pkg 2.3.44433 31900367 (30.4 MB) FR.i386.pkg 1.20.46089 21864448 (20.8 MB) TCX.i386.pkg 7.1.41853 40285357 (38.4 MB) horizon.i386.pkg 4.6.45422 40202240 (38.3 MB)	Name		Version	Size
FR.i386.pkg 1.20.46089 21864448 (20.8 MB) TCX.i386.pkg 7.1.41853 40285357 (38.4 MB) horizon.i386.pkg 4.6.45422 40202240 (38.3 MB)	base.i386.	pkg	5.0.46515	17936384 (17.1 MB)
TCX.i386.pkg 7.1.41853 40285357 (38.4 MB) horizon.i386.pkg 4.6.45422 40202240 (38.3 MB)	RTME.1386.	pkg	2.3.44433	31900367 (30.4 MB)
horizon.i386.pkg 4.6.45422 40202240 (38.3 MB)	FR.1386.pk	g	1.20.46089	21864448 (20.8 MB)
	TCX.i386.p	kg	7.1.41853	40285357 (38.4 MB)
Delete All	horizon.i3	86.pkg	4.6.45422	40202240 (38.3 MB)
Delete Delete All				

a. Click the **Delete** button to delete the selected package.

b. Click the **Delete all** button to delete all the packages.

The following packages are displayed in the **Package** tab:

- base.i386.pkg
- FR.i386.pkg—This package is introduced to support Flash Redirection.
- RTME.i386.pkg—This package is introduced to support Citrix RTME.
- Horizon.i386.pkg—This package is introduced to support VMware Blast protocol. The package version number is updated to match the latest Horizon client.

To install this package, PKG installation INI file needs to be changed to AddPkg="horizon".

- pcoip.i386.pkg—This package is available only on Wyse 3030 LT with PCoIP, Wyse 3040 with PCoIP, Wyse 5010 with PCoIP (D10DP), Wyse 5040 AIO with PCoIP (5213), and Wyse 5060 with PCoIP.
- TCX.i386.pkg—This package is introduced to support TCX.

You cannot delete the base package separately. If you click **Delete All**, all packages are deleted including the base package. When you click **Delete All**, a message is displayed prompting you to restart the device.

The base.i386.pkg is mandatory for all ThinOS clients. At present, PCoIP package is mandatory for the PCoIP enabled thin clients. Other packages are optional. Base package and PCoIP package are integrated into the ThinOS firmware image. Installing the latest ThinOS firmware image will automatically install the latest version of these packages on ThinOS client. You cannot manually install or upgrade these embedded packages. However, the package version details of respective packages are displayed in the **Packages** tab for engineering information purpose only.

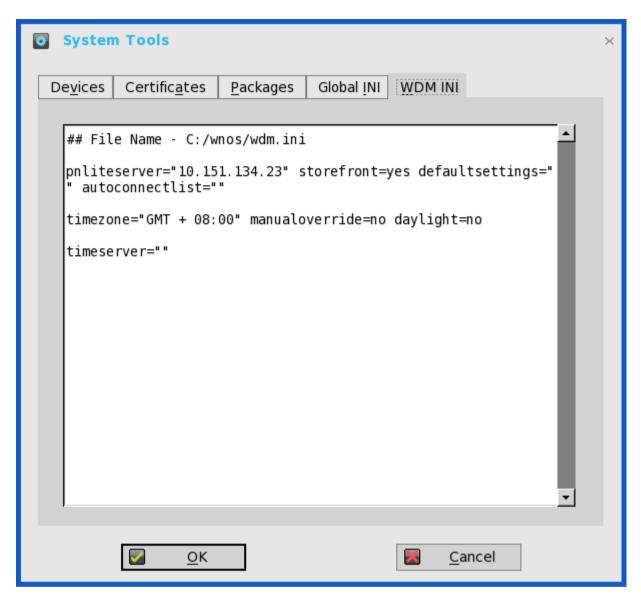
NOTE: In every ThinOS release, the packages may be updated to the latest version. For information about the latest package version, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS release notes.

For information about updating the packages, see <u>Firmware upgrade</u>.

5. Click the Global INI tab to view wnos.ini information.

System Tools	×
Devices Certificates Packages Global INI User IN	11
## File Name - C:/wnos/wnos.ini	<u> </u>
autoload=101 pkgs=2	
MaxVncd=1	
VncPassword=*****	
<pre>setenv HDXL0G=ftp/wnos/shadow/i386/tmp</pre>	
DesktopColorDepth=32 RGB565=Yes	
SessionConfig=RDP USBRedirection=tcx enableVOR=	NO
signon=1	
vdibroker=https://10.150.102.81	3
EnableVDM_TunnelMMR=yes	
privilege=high EnableTrace=yes	
EnableRAVE=no	•
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- 6. Click the User INI tab to view wnos.ini information.
- 7. Click the WDM INI to view the received WCM configurations.



WCM function is supported from WDM for comprehensive client configuration. Without configuration from server, the client loads the cached settings (wdm.ini), if available.

Limitation

To upgrade or downgrade firmware/image through WCM, you are required to enable WDM file server function by selecting the **WTOS INI path upon checkin (FTP/HTTPS/HTTP/CIFS)** check box in the WTOS preferences in the WDM configuration manager.

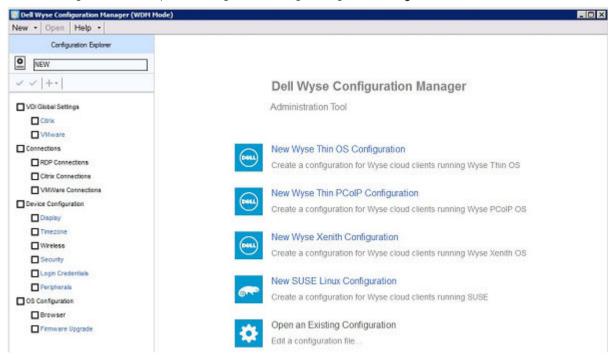
User Scenario

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a. Create or edit client configurations from WCM (JSON).

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Console Root WyseDeviceManager Device Manager Package Manager Agent Update Device Configuration Images	Name 01-country 02-state 03-city display_rotate_desktop Properties	Description WTOS configuration WTOS configuration WTOS configuration WTOS configuration WTOS configuration
 ○ Other Packages ○ PCoIP Device conf ○ Update Manager ○ Report Manager ○ Configuration Manage ○ Group Types ○ Views 	All Tasks	Package WES Configuration WES Configuration from Existing File WTOS or Linux Configuration New PCoIP Configuration
Default Device Co Profile Manager Licensing Preferences	New Taskpad View Delete Refresh Export List	
 Software Repositc 	Help	

b. Select the target devices, and publish configuration settings through the Package Distribution Wizard.



		20 📥 📷 🕬 (B 🗿 🗏 🖫 🖳 🍸 🤱	
EventLo Images Other P. PCoIP D ColP D Peer As Softwar Schedul Real Tim	ager nager pdate Configuration g ackages evice configuration ager sisted Deployment e Repository Synchronization ed Packages te Commands ing Updates ager	▼ Name WT0080648c095 WT008064aaad WT008064b781 WT008064ce93	LAN MAC Address	Active IP Addres: 10.151.122.140 151.134.105 151.122.134 151.134.105
Software Package	package you wish to distrib	List D W	of Devices evice Name T008064aaad7f T008064ba9970	

For more information about WDM Package Manager and Profile Manager, refer to the WDM Admin Guide.

8. Click OK to save the settings.

Simplified Certificate Enrollment Protocol

Simplified Certificate Enrollment Protocol (SCEP) was designed to be used in a closed network where all end-points are trusted. The goal of SCEP is to support the secure issuance of certificates to network devices in a scalable manner. Within an enterprise domain, it enables network devices that do not run with domain credentials to enroll for certificates from a Certification Authority (CA).

At the end of the transactions defined in this protocol, the network device has a private key and associated certificate that is issued by a CA. Applications on the device may use the key and its associated certificate to interact with other entities on the network. The most common usage of this certificate on a network device is to authenticate the device in an IPSec session.

ThinOS is treated as a network device. The functionality of ThinOS SCEP include manual certificate request, automatic certificate request, and automatic renewal of certificate.

Requesting certificate manually

To request the certificate manually, do the following:

1. Go to System Tools \rightarrow Certificates \rightarrow Request Certificate.

The Request Certificate dialog box is displayed.

Request Certificate		×
Country Name State or Province Locality Organization Organization Unit Common Name Email Address Key Usage	Digital Signature	
Key Length Request URL	Key Encipherment	
CA Certificate Hash Type CA Certificate Hash Value Enrollment Password	MD5 -	
Request Certificate	<u>C</u> ancel	

- Enter the appropriate values in the Request Certificate dialog box, and then click the Request Certificate button.
 The certificate request is sent to the server, and the client receives the response from server and installs both CA certificate and client certificate.
- 3. Click **Ok** to save the changes.

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- If the SCEP server is on Windows Server, the CA certificate HASH provided by MS Windows server is always an MD5 hash type.
- Request server URL must be an HTTP link. Do not add protocol prefix for HTTPS, and so on.

Requesting certificate automatically

Use INI parameters to automate the **request and renew** certificate process. Related INI parameters are of global scope and should be used with INI parameter ScepAutoEnroll.

For more information about using the INI parameters, refer to the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference guide.

About Default Certificates

Default certificates embedded in the ThinOS are displayed in the **Certificate** dialog box. To view the default certificate, set ThinOS to factory default, and on the desktop click **System Settings** \rightarrow **System Tools** \rightarrow **Certificates**. The following default certificates are displayed in the **cacerts** folder, in an expandable tree structure format:

- BTCTRoot.crt
- · Class3PA_G2_v2.crt
- · Class4PA_G2_v2.crt
- · Entrust_G2.crt
- · EquafaxCA1.crt
- · gd-class2-root.crt
- · GTECTGlobalRoot.crt
- · Pc32ss_v4.crt
- · PCA-3G5.crt

To view each certificate, select the certificate you want to view, and then click **View Certificate**. In the **Certificate** dialog box, click any of the following tabs to view the corresponding certificate attributes:

- 1. General—The following values are displayed:
 - Purpose of the certificate
 - · Certificate issued to
 - · Certificate issued by
 - · Certificate valid period
- 2. **Details**—The certificate details are listed along with the corresponding default values. For information about individual certificates, see the **Certificate Details** section.
- 3. **Certification Path**—The folder path where the certificate is stored is displayed. Certificate status can be viewed in the lower pane of the window.

Certificate details

This section lists the certificates with the valid attributes and corresponding default values.

Certificate name—BTCTRoot.crt

Table 12. BTCTRoot.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V3
Serial number	02 00 00 b9
Signature algorithm	sha1RSA
lssuer	Baltimore CyberTrust Root CN=Baltimore CyberTrust Root
	OU=CyberTrust
	O=Baltimore
	C=IE
Valid from	2000–05–12 18:46:00
Valid to	2025–05–12 23:59:00
Subject	Baltimore CyberTrust Root CN=Baltimore CyberTrust Root OU=CyberTrust O=Baltimore C=IE
Public key	RSA (2048 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Key usage	Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
Subject key ID	e5 9d 59 30 82 47 58 cc ac fa 08 54 36 86 7b 3a b5 04 4d f0
Basic constraints	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraints=None
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	d4 de 20 d0 5e 66 fc 53 fe la 50 88 2c 78 db 28 52 ca e4 74

Certificate name—Class3PCA_G2_v2.crt

Table 13. Class3PCA_G2_v2.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V1
Serial number	7d d9 fe 07 cf a8 le b7 10 79 67 fb a7 89 34 c6
Signature algorithm	sha1RSA
Issuer	VeriSign Trust Network OU=VeriSign Trust Network OU=(c) 1998 VeriSign, Inc. – For authorized use only OU=Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority – G2 O=VeriSign, Inc

Certificate field	Default value/format
	C=US
Valid from	1998-05-18 00:00:00
Valid to	2028-08-12 23:59:59
Subject	VeriSign Trust Network OU=VeriSign Trust Network OU=(c) 1998 VeriSign, Inc. – For authorized use only OU=Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority – G2 O=VeriSign, Inc C=US
Public key	RSA (1024 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	85 37 1c a6 e5 50 14 3d ce 28 03 47 1b de 3a 09 e8 f8 77 0f

Certificate name—Class4PCA_G2_v2.crt

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Table 14. Class4PCA_G2_v2.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V1
Serial number	32 88 8e 9a d2 f5 eb 13 47 f8 7f c4 20 37 25 f8
Signature algorithm	sha1RSA
Issuer	VeriSign Trust Network OU=VeriSign Trust Network OU=(c) 1998 VeriSign, Inc. – For authorized use only OU=Class 4 Public Primary Certification Authority – G2 O=VeriSign, Inc C=US
Valid from	1998–05–18 00:00:00
Valid to	2028-05-01 23:59:59
Subject	VeriSign Trust Network OU=VeriSign Trust Network OU=(c) 1998 VeriSign, Inc. – For authorized use only OU=Class 4 Public Primary Certification Authority – G2 O=VeriSign, Inc C=US

Certificate field	Default value/format
Public key	RSA (1024 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	0b 77 be bb cb 7a a2 47 05 de cc 0f bd 6a 02 fc 7a bd 9b 52

Certificate name—Entrust_G2.crt

Table 15. Entrust_G2.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V3
Serial number	4a 53 8c 28
Signature algorithm	sha256RSA
Issuer	Entrust Root Certification Authority CN=Entrust Root Certification Authority—G2
	OU=(c) 2009 Entrust, Inc. – For authorized use only
	OU=See <u>www.entrust.net/legal-terms</u> .
	O=Entrust, Inc.
	C=US
Valid from	2009-07-07 17:25:54
Valid to	2030–12–07 17:55:54
Subject	Entrust Root Certification Authority CN=Entrust Root Certification Authority—G2
	OU=(c) 2009 Entrust, Inc. – For authorized use only
	OU=See <u>www.entrust.net/legal-terms</u> .
	O=Entrust, Inc.
	C=US
Public key	RSA (2048 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Key usage	Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
Subject key ID	6a 72 26 7a d0 1e ef 7d e7 3b 69 51 d4 6c 8d 9f 90 12 66 ab
Basic constraints	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraints=None
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	8c f4 27 fd 79 0c 3a d1 66 06 8d e8 1e 57 ef bb 93 22 72 d4

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Certificate name—EquafaxCA1.crt

Table 16. EquafaxCA1.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V3
Serial number	04
Signature algorithm	md5RSA
Issuer	Equifax Secure eBusiness CN=Equifax Secure eBusiness CA-1 0=Equifax Secure Inc. C=US
Valid from	1999-06-21 04:00:00
Valid to	2020-06-21 04:00:00
Subject	Equifax Secure eBusiness CN=Equifax Secure eBusiness CA-1 0=Equifax Secure Inc. C=US
Public key	RSA (1024 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Key usage	Digital Signature, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment, Key Agreement, Certificate Sign, CRL Sign, Encipher Only, Decipher Only
Subject key ID	4a 78 32 52 11 db 59 16 36 5e df c1 14 36 40 6a 47 7c 4c a1
Authority key ID	80 14 4a 78 32 52 11 db 59 16 36 5e df c1 14 36 40 6a 47 7c 4c a1
Basic constraints	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraints=None
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	da 40 18 8b 91 89 a3 ed ee ae da 97 fe 2f 9d f5 b7 d1 8a 41

Certificate name-gd-class2-root.crt

Table 17. gd-class2-root.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V3
Serial number	00
Signature algorithm	sha1RSA
Issuer	Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Authority OU=Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Authority O=The Go Daddy Group, Inc. C=US
Valid from	2004–06–29 17:06:20

Certificate field	Default value/format
Valid to	2034–06–29 17:06:20
Subject	Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Authority OU=Go Daddy Class 2 Certification Authority O=The Go Daddy Group, Inc. C=US
Public key	RSA (2048 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Key usage	Digital Signature, Key Encipherment, Data Encipherment, Key Agreement, Certificate Sign, CRL Sign, Encipher Only, Decipher Only
Subject key ID	d2 c4 b0 d2 91 d4 4c 11 71 b3 61 cb 3d a1 fe dd a8 6a d4 e3
Authority Key ID	Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Basic constraints	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraints=None
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	27 96 ba e6 3f 18 01 e2 77 26 1b a0 d7 77 70 02 8f 20 ee e4

Certificate name—GTECTGlobalRoot.crt

Table 18. GTECTGlobalRoot.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V1
Serial number	01 а5
Signature algorithm	md5RSA
Issuer	GTE CyberTrust Global Root CN=GTE CyberTrust Global Root OU=GTE CyberTrust Solutions, Inc. O=GTE Corporation C=US
Valid from	1998–08–13 00:29:00
Valid to	2018–08–13 23:59:00
Subject	GTE CyberTrust Global Root CN=GTE CyberTrust Global Root OU=GTE CyberTrust Solutions, Inc. O=GTE Corporation C=US
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1

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Certificate field	Default value/format
Thumbprint	97 81 79 50 d8 1c 96 70 cc 34 d8 09 cf 79 44 31 36 7e f4 74

Certificate name—Pc32ss_v4.crt

Table 19. Pc32ss_v4.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V1
Serial number	70 ba e4 1d 10 d9 29 34 b6 38 ca 7b 03 cc ba bf
Signature algorithm	md2RSA
Issuer	Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority OU=Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority O=VeriSign, Inc. C=US
Valid from	1996-01-29 00:00:00
Valid to	2028-08-01 23:59:59
Subject	Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority OU=Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority O=VeriSign, Inc. C=US
Public key	RSA (1024 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	74 2c 31 92 e6 07 e4 24 eb 45 49 54 2b e1 bb c5 3e 61 74 e2

Certificate name—PCA-3G5.crt

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Table 20. PCA-3G5.crt Certificate details

Certificate field	Default value/format
Version	V3
Serial number	18 da d1 9e 26 7d e8 bb 4a 21 58 cd cc 6b 3b 4a
Signature algorithm	sha1RSA
Issuer	VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority — G5 CN=VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority — G5 OU=(c) 2006 VeriSign, Inc. – For authorized use only OU=VeriSign Trust Network O=VeriSign, Inc C=US

Certificate field	Default value/format
Valid from	2006–11–08 00:00:00
Valid to	2036-07-16 23:59:00
Subject	VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority — G5 CN=VeriSign Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority — G5
	OU=(c) 2006 VeriSign, Inc. – For authorized use only
	OU=VeriSign Trust Network
	O=VeriSign, Inc
	C=US
Public key	RSA (2048 bits). Key bits are displayed in the lower pane of the window.
Key usage	Certificate Sign, CRL Sign
Subject key ID	7f d3 65 a7 c2 dd ec bb f0 30 09 f3 43 39 fa 02 af 33 31 33
Basic constraints	Subject Type=CA, Path Length Constraints=None
Thumbprint algorithm	sha1
Thumbprint	4e b6 d5 78 49 9b 1c cf 5f 58 le ad 56 be 3d 9b 67 44 a5 e5

Using the troubleshooting options

Use the **Troubleshooting** dialog box to configure Trace and Event log settings, performance monitor graphs that display client CPU, Memory, and Networking information, and CMOS management extract and restore cmos settings as described in <u>CMOS local</u> <u>management: Extracting CMOS settings to a USB key for distribution</u>. It also allows you to view wnos.ini cached information for troubleshooting purposes.

Del

To use the troubleshooting options:

 From the desktop menu, click Troubleshooting. The Troubleshooting dialog box is displayed.

eneral	Trace	Capture	Ping	Trace Route	
Targ	et:	О <u>U</u> SB			⊙ <u>F</u> ile Server
	E <u>x</u> t	ract CMOS			Restore CMOS
	Perfor	mance <u>M</u> oni	tor		Force Core <u>d</u> ump
	Export	Shadow Tr	np		Export Screenshot
	Exp	ort I <u>N</u> I Files	8		

- 2. Click the General tab, and use the following guidelines:
 - · Click either **USB** or **File Server** to select your target device you want to use for CMOS management.
 - Extract CMOS—Click this option to extract the CMOS settings to the USB Key or file server based on your target device selection.
 - Restore CMOS—Click this option to write the CMOS settings from the USB Key to the target thin client.
 - **Performance Monitor**—Click this option to display your thin client CPU, Memory, and Networking information. The graphs display on top of all windows.
 - **Force Coredump**—Use this option to forcibly generate the debug information for technical investigation when your system is not responding. Both the coredump file and the trap information image are saved to the local drive. After you restart the thin client, both the coredump file and trap issue screenshot file are uploaded to the **/wnos/troubleshoot/** directory of the file server or a USB drive.
 - **Export Shadow Tmp**—Use this option to export temporary logs for debugging purpose. The log files can be exported to a USB drive or file server depending on the target configuration.
 - **Export Screenshot**—Use this option to export screenshots to the file server or a USB drive. The exported file name is added with build information for a better troubleshooting. If a screenshot is present in the clipboard, then it is exported to the target location. If the screenshot is not available, then the full screen is copied automatically and exported to the target location.
 - **Export INI files**—Use this option to export the global INI file (wnos.ini or xen.ini), wdm.ini, ccm.ini, mac.ini or other machine based INI file to the file server or a USB drive. Only username.ini file cannot be exported.
- **3.** Click the **Trace** tab to configure the trace actions and delay on trace. The available options for trace action are None, Capture, and Playback.

😰 Trouble Shooti	ng			×
<u>G</u> eneral <u>Trace</u>	Ca <u>p</u> ture Pine	g T <u>r</u> ace Route		
Trace Action:	⊙ <u>N</u> one	O C <u>a</u> pture	O Play <u>b</u> ack	
• No delay		elay on Trace O <u>S</u> hort (3/10		
O Middle(10/100 O Real Time	isec)	O Long (25/10)Osec)	
	<u>о</u> к		<u>C</u> ancel	

4. Click the **Capture** tab to configure the Export Event Log, Network Capture to USB, Wireless Capture to USB, and capture USB packets.

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Export	<u>E</u> vent Lo	bg	0 N	one	0	One-Time	0	Persistent
<u>N</u> etwo	rk Captu	e to USB	0 N	one	0	One-Time	0	Persistent
<u>W</u> irele:	ss Captur	e to USB	0 N	one	0	One-Time	0	Persistent
Captur	e <u>U</u> SB Pa	ockets	O N	one	0	One-Time	0	Persistent

If you want to enable the error messages, use the following guidelines:

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- · Click either **One-time** or **Persistent** option to enable logging the unexpected error message.
- Turn off logging and then check the log file under the folder ftp:/wnos/trouble shoot.

eneral <u>C</u> opyright	Event Log	Status	ENET	WLAN		
or code 404(The	resource can	not be fo	und.)		6.0 	
0:53:57 http://:				ed/WebFe	ed.aspx:	er
ror code 404(The	resource can	not be fo	und.)			
00:53:58 Event Lo				en !		
00:53:58 Event Lo			32			
00:53:58 Event Lo						
01:01:51 Event Lo	g: output to	ftp:/wno	s/troub]	e_shoot/	WT008064	cda
498_LOG.20150511_						
01.01.E7 L++++ ///	VY VYV VYV VY	/invaild/	rdweb/fe	ed/WebFe	ed.aspx:	er
01:01:57 http:// ror code 404(The				rea/ nebre		_

• Be sure to enable the Enable Trace option of the Privilege parameter in a wnos.ini file. For more information, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide.

• Use the **Network capture to USB** option to enable the capture of network information, that is, a network trace of all traffic coming in and out of the thin client to a USB drive that is inserted into the thin client.

After you log in and use the XenDesktop server or network, you will see a /wnos/troubleshoot/[Terminal Name]_[ENET or WS].[Date_Time].pcap file in the USB drive which you can analyze using software such as a packet analyzer used for network troubleshooting, and analysis.

For example, for Ethernet, the file name is **yx008064b2bfd7_ENET.20150415_064455.pcap**. For wireless, the file name is **yx008064b2bfd7_WS.20150415_064455.pcap**.

NOTE: Ensure that you have inserted the USB drive into the thin client before selecting the Network capture to USB option. The Network capture to USB option is automatically cleared, if there is no USB drive inserted and you exit the dialog box, or after restarting the thin client; if needed, you must select the option again.

5. Click the Ping tab, and use the following guidelines to execute the ping diagnostic utility and display response messages:

Trouble Shooting	×
General Trace Capture Ping Trace Route	
Enter <u>H</u> ostname or IP:	
<u>Start</u>	
OK Cancel	

- Enter Hostname or IP—Enter the IP address, DNS-registered host name, or WINS-registered host name of the target to be pinged.
- **Data area**—Displays ping response messages. The ping command sends one echo request per second, calculates round trip times and packet loss statistics, and displays a brief summary upon completing the calculation.
- Start—Executes the ping command. If the host is operational and on the network, it responds to the echo request. By default, echo requests are sent until interrupted by clicking **Stop**.
- **Stop**—Terminates the ping request and leaves the **Ping** dialog box open, so you can read the summary posted in the data area.



Ping sends an echo request to a network host. The host parameter is either a valid host name or an IP address. If the host is operational and on the network, it responds to the echo request. Ping sends one echo request per second and calculates round trip times and packet loss statistics. It displays a brief summary upon completion of the calculation.

The ping utility can be used to:

- · Determine the status of the network and various foreign hosts.
- · Track and isolate hardware and software problems.
- Test, measure, and manage networks.
- Determine the IP address of a host if only the host name is known.
- Important: Not all network equipment will respond to ping packets, as this is a common mechanism used in denialof-service attacks. Lack of response does not necessarily indicate that the target of the ping is unusable for other purposes.
- 6. Click the **Trace Route** tab to execute the tracert diagnostic utility and display response messages. Use the following guidelines:

Trouble Shooting	×
General Trace Capture Ping Trace Route	
Enter Hostname or IP:	
<u>Start</u>	
OK Cancel	

- Enter Hostname or IP Enter the IP address, DNS-registered host name, or WINS-registered host name of the target to be traced.
- · Data area—Displays round-trip response time and identifying information for each device in the path.
- Start—Executes the tracert command.
- **Stop**—Terminates the tracert command and leaves the **Trace Route** dialog box open, so that you can read the information posted in the data area.

The tracert utility traces the path from your thin client to a network host. The host parameter is either a valid host name or an IP address. The tracert utility sends out a packet of information three times to each device (routers and computers) in the path and displays the round trip response times and identifying information in the message box.

7. Click **OK** to save the settings.

BIOS management on ThinOS

This appendix describes the BIOS management on the ThinOS devices with Wyse BIOS (CMOS), or Dell Standard BIOS.

To make BIOS management consistent between Wyse and Dell BIOS, INI parameter **Device=Cmos** is introduced for Wyse BIOS, and **Device=DellCmos** for Dell Standard BIOS.

For BIOS configuration, if the password is configured, to update any settings, the password is required to be supplied. For example, the INI parameter to update settings must be followed with "CurrentPassword={}". This is mandatory for Dell BIOS, and will be implemented as mandatory for Wyse BIOS post this release.

After a File Server BIOS update to a Wyse 5010 thin client/ Wyse 5040 thin client/ Wyse 7010 thin client/Wyse 5060 thin client/ Wyse 3030 LT thin client device, due to a CMOS mismatch, BIOS management may not be possible till the user manually enters and exits the BIOS configuration menu. This can be accomplished as follows:

- Boot unit and press Delete during boot to enter BIOS menu.
- Enter the BIOS password.
- · Press F10 to save BIOS configurations and resolve the CMOS mismatch.

BIOS functionality matrix

Table 21. BIOS functionality matrix

Major requirement	INI parameter for BIOS management	Wyse 5010 thin client, Wyse 5040 thin client, Wyse 7010 thin client	Wyse 5060 thin client	Wyse 3030 LT thin client	Wyse 3040 thin client
Power on without beeps	N/A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Update BIOS from file server	N/A	Yes	To be supported in next release	To be supported in next release	Yes
Change BIOS password with INI	Device=DellCmos CurrentPassword={} NewPassword={} Device=Cmos CurrentPassword={} NewPassword={}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Change boot order with INI	Device=cmos BootOrder={PXE, HardDisk, USB}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Not applicable
Enable/Disable PXE imaging with INI	Device=DellCmos PXEBootSupport={yes, no}	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes
Enable/Disable USB imaging with INI	Device=cmos BootFromUSB={yes, no} Device=DellCmos USBBootSupport={yes, no}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Manage AC recovery with INI	Device=cmos AutoPower={yes, no} Device=DellCmos	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Major requirement	INI parameter for BIOS management	Wyse 5010 thin client, Wyse 5040 thin client, Wyse 7010 thin client	Wyse 5060 thin client	Wyse 3030 LT thin client	Wyse 3040 thin client
	ACRecovery={PowerOff, PowerOn, LastState}				
Manage auto on time with INI	Device=DellCmos AutoPower={Disable, Daily, Workday} AutoPowerTime=hh:mm Device=Cmos AutoPowerDate=yes AutoPowerTime=2:30:30 AutoPowerDays=Sunday;Fr iday	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
CMOS Extract and Restore	Device=cmos Action={extract, restore} CurrentPassword={} Device=DellCmos Action={extract, restore} CurrentPassword={}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Audio management with INI	Device=cmos OnboardAudio={yes, no} Device=DellCmos Audio={yes, no}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
USB Port management with INI	Device=cmos USBController={yes, no} Device=DellCmos USBRearPort={yes, no} USBFrontPort={yes, no} (Rear/Front for Dell BIOS only)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Admin lockup management with INI	Device=DellCmos AdminLock= {yes, no}	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes
Wake on USB support	Device=DellCmos WakeOnUSB={yes, no}	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Yes
Wake On LAN	Device=cmos WakeOnLan= {yes, no} Device=DellCmos WakeOnLan= {Disable, LAN, PXE}	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Accessing BIOS settings

After starting your thin client, you will see a Dell logo for a short time. During this period, press and hold the Delete key or F2 key based on the thin client model.

- Delete key—Press and hold the Delete key to enter the BIOS settings on the ThinOS clients with Wyse BIOS.
- F2 key—Press and hold the F2 key to enter the BIOS settings on the ThinOS clients with Dell Standard BIOS.

When prompted, type the password **Fireport** to view the BIOS settings screen. For example, you can use the F7 key to use Optimized Defaults—load optimal default values for all the items in the BIOS setup utility.

DEL



NOTE: These BIOS settings are not applicable to Wyse 3010 thin client and Wyse 3020 thin client, as there is no BIOS on ARM platform. To access the WLOADER on an ARM platform, press the power button for about four seconds until the power light turns green, and then press the Delete key.

CMOS central management and extracting CMOS settings to the file server for distribution

CMOS central management allows ThinOS administrators to easily manage CMOS settings for large deployments of thin client devices using central configuration methodologies. Wyse 5010 thin client with ThinOS (D10D) is considered here as an example. The following instructions are for Wyse 5010 thin client with ThinOS (D10D) BIOS version 3.0D. However, the instructions are also applicable for other supported hardware platforms and BIOS versions.

- **1.** To prepare a reference drive containing BIOS version 3.0D or later:
 - a. The reference device is a golden image you use to distribute to other thin client devices. To use reference drive, enter the BIOS setup utility. Press the **Delete** key, enter the password **Fireport** (case sensitive) and press **Enter**. Configure the CMOS settings, includes Auto Power, Boot Order, P-key setting, and BIOS Password.
 - b. Save your CMOS settings.
 - c. Restart your thin client device.
- 2. To create a CMOS INI file in a file server:
 - a. In the file server, create a cmos.ini file and place it in the wnos directory/folder under the file server ini directory. Make sure that wnos directory on the file server has upload privilege.
 - b. Type the following name in the cmos.ini file: Device=cmos Action=extract.
- 3. To reboot the reference device to the file server containing the CMOS INI file:
 - a. On the thin client you want to use as a reference device, start the thin client.
 - b. In the Login dialog box, enter the credentials you need to access the cmos.ini file.
 - c. After login, to view the **Event Log** tab, do the following:

$\label{eq:click} \mbox{Click System Information icon} \rightarrow \mbox{System Information dialog box} \rightarrow \mbox{Event Log tab}.$

You can open the event log to view a CMOS: extract to D10D_cmos.3.0D event. This means that the CMOS central management file (containing the CMOS settings from your Reference Device) is now copied to the wnos directory/folder on the file server. As this is a D10D BIOS version 3.0D, the CMOS central management file name would be D10D_cmos.3.0D. These CMOS settings are now ready for distribution to other thin clients.

- **4.** To prepare the file server containing the CMOS INI file for distribution:
 - a. Write the following line in the cmos.ini file for distribution on your file server: Device=cmos Action=restore.
 - b. Save the file.
- **5.** Log in to all target device to the file server containing the CMOS INI file:
 - a. Start the thin client devices for which you want to distribute the reference device CMOS settings.
 - b. To access the cmos.ini. file, enter your credentials in the Login dialog box.
 - c. To open Event Log, click System Information icon. In the System Information dialog box, select Event Log tab. You can view the CMOS: restore from D10D_cmos.3.0D event. This means that your central management file containing the CMOS settings from your reference device is copied to the targeted thin client devices.

NOTE: After you target your thin client devices contain the CMOS settings you want, do not log in to the file server containing the cmos.ini file with the restore action (unless you want to redo the restore process). Administrators can remove the cmos.ini file to prevent from unwanted CMOS overwrites.

NOTE: It is recommended to initially complete these procedures on a file server designated to test the success of your CMOS central management settings/process. While the central configuration method can be used to enforce your CMOS settings in a production environment, be aware that any thin client device that logs in to the file server that contains the cmos.ini and its extract and restore commands are subject to those commands (CMOS overwrites).

For more information about the INI parameter Device=cmos, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference Guide.

CMOS local management and extracting CMOS settings to a USB key for distribution

CMOS local management allows ThinOS administrators to easily manage CMOS settings for small deployments of thin clients using USB key distribution methods. Wyse 5010 thin client with ThinOS (D10D) is considered here as an example. The following instructions are for Wyse 5010 thin client with ThinOS (D10D) BIOS version 3.0D.

- 1. To prepare a reference drive containing BIOS version 3.0D or later:
 - a. The reference device is a golden image you use to distribute to other thin client devices. To use reference drive, enter the BIOS setup utility. Press the **Delete** key, enter the password **Fireport** (case sensitive) and press **Enter**. Configure the CMOS settings, includes Auto Power, Boot Order, P-key setting, and BIOS Password.
 - b. Save your CMOS settings.
 - c. Restart your thin client device.
- 2. To extract the CMOS settings to a USB key.
 - a. Attach a formatted USB key on the thin client device which you want to use as a reference device. For example, to format on Windows 7, attach the USB Key, right-click the USB key, select format, click **Restore device defaults**, select **Quick Format**, and then click **Start**.
 - b. Use the extract CMOS to USB GUI feature of ThinOS to extract the CMOS settings to the USB key. On Classic Desktop, right-click the desktop and select Extract CMOS to USB. On Wyse Zero desktop, in the General tab of the System Tools dialog box (System Settings icon → System Tools → General tab), click Extract CMOS to USB.
 - c. Once extraction successful you see a pop-up message: CMOS: extract to D10D_cmos.3.0D, properly eject and detach the USB key. The CMOS settings on the USB key are now ready for distribution to other thin clients
- **3.** To restore the CMOS settings to your target devices:
 - a. On all of the target thin clients that you want to distribute the reference device CMOS settings, start the thin client.
 - b. Use the Restore CMOS from USB GUI feature of ThinOS to write the CMOS settings from the USB Key to the target thin client: For Classic Desktop, Right-click the desktop and select Restore CMOS from USB. For Wyse Zero Desktop, in the General tab of the System Tools dialog box (System Settings icon → System Tools → General tab), click Restore CMOS from USB.
 - c. Once restoration successful the following message is displayed: CMOS: restore from D10D_cmos.3.0D properly eject and detach the USB Key. The CMOS settings on the USB Key are now written to your target thin client.

Dell Standard BIOS management

This section describes how to configure and manage the ThinOS clients with Dell Standard BIOS.

Supported devices

- Wyse 3040 thin client with ThinOS
- Wyse 3040 thin client with PCoIP

The following Dell BIOS configurations are supported by using file server (INI parameters):

Table 22. BIOS configuration options

Parameters	Settings		
System Configuration	Audio		
Security	 Admin Setup Lockout Admin Password Enable/Disable Admin Password Update Admin Password 		
USB Configuration	Enable Front USB Ports		

	• Enable Rear-Left Dual USB 2.0 Ports
Power Management	 Wake-On-LAN Disabled LAN Only LAN with PXE Boot AC Recovery Power Off Power On Last Power State Auto-On Time Disabled Every Day Weekdays Select Days

For information about INI parameters and their usage, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference Guide.

The following are examples of INI parameters:

- Device=DellCmos newpassword=1234567 or newpasswordenc=encrypted strings—Use this INI parameter to create the admin password when password is not set.
- Device=DellCmos currentpassword=1234567 newpassword="" or currentpasswordenc=encrypted strings—Use this INI parameter to clear the existing password.

Upgrading BIOS on Wyse 3040 thin client

This section describes the procedure to update BIOS on Wyse 3040 thin client with ThinOS, and Wyse 3040 thin client with PCoIP by using file server.

The Dell Standard BIOS file is converted to BIN file format for signature and security purposes. The format of the BIN file is Wyse_3040_version.bin.

Upgrading BIOS by using file server

To upgrade BIOS using file server, do the following:

1. Download the Dell BIOS file at the <u>Dell support site</u>.

For example, **Wyse_3040_1.2.1.bin**. The BIOS version may be updated in each release. For the latest version of BIOS, refer to the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS Release Notes.

- 2. Rename the Dell BIOS file as A10Q_bios.bin.
- **3.** Upload the renamed BIOS file to folder **WNOS** in the file server—ftp or http(s).
- 4. Ensure that the INI parameter autoload is enabled for firmware update in WNOS.INI.
- **5.** Restart the thin client.
 - BIOS is updated automatically.

To verify whether the new BIOS is updated correctly, from the desktop menu, click the **System Information** option, or click the **System Information** icon in zero mode. In the **Event Log** tab, the BIOS version log is displayed.

For example, System Version: 8.4_105 (ROM 1.2.1).

This log indicates that the BIOS version is updated to v1.2.1.

BIOS version can be viewed on the BIOS setup screen. To access the BIOS setup, do the following:

1. Restart the thin client, and during system boot press the F2 key.

- 2. Enter the BIOS password, if admin password is set.
- 3. Click Settings \rightarrow General \rightarrow System Information. The BIOS version is displayed on the screen.

BIOS can be updated by using the Wyse Management Suite console. For more information about Wyse Management Suite, see Dell Wyse Management Suite Administrator's Guide.

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Security

A new global security policy has been defined for ThinOS and this policy is applied to all secure connections (https/SSL connections) with a few exceptions.

Purpose—To improve the security level by default and add the global configuration. This security policy integrates security setting for each application.

Table 23. INI parameter

INI parameter	Description
<pre>SecurityPolicy={full warning (default) low} SecuredNetworkProtocol={yes no (default)} TLSMinVersion={1 (default), 2, 3} TLSMaxVesion={1, 2, 3 (default)}</pre>	 Full—SSL connection need to verify server certificate. If it is untrusted, cancel the connection. Warning (default)—SSL connection need to verify server certificate. If it is untrusted, the user can continue or cancel the connection. Low: Server certificate is not verified– this is the value set for a few applications. After firmware is updated, the default value is set to warning for all applicable applications immediately. There is one exception for file server and WDM. The old ini SecurityLevel SecureProtocol from Privilege segment is deleted.

All applications running on the default SSL security mode follow the global mode. In the global mode, the default value is Warning. The affected applications include VMware View, Amazon Workspaces (AWS), File Server, WDMService, Caradigm Server, and OneSign Server.

For more information about the security mode INI parameters, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide.

The following are the exceptions:

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 File Server and WDM in factory reset state: Before loading any INI parameter, the SSL security mode is set to Low, and after loading the INI parameter, the value is changed to follow the global mode value. For example, the default value is set to Warning, if the value is not changed by the INI parameter.

System with previous settings (default value is set to Low) follows the global mode after the unit is upgraded. For example, the default value is set to Warning, if the value is not changed by the INI parameter.

 VMware View and AWS brokers include own security settings (GUI and INI). From ThinOS 8.3 release, an additional option is added to follow the global mode as its new default value. The security mode GUI context is updated for better understanding.

Select Broker <u>Type</u> :	VMware View Ţ
Broker <u>S</u> erver: <u>A</u> uto Connect List:	
Security Mode O Waming (Warn before c O Full (Never connect to O Low (Do not verify serv O Default (Use system se	er identity certificates)

· Wyse Management Suite, Microsoft RDS broker, Citrix broker, and SecureMatrix are always Full.

File Server default protocol is retained as FTP without any setting from WDM/DHCP/INI and always displays the full address with protocol prefix. For example, ftp://.

New firmware/client deploy information

- Dell recommends you to define the Security Policy before upgrading to version 8.3 and later. If not, you may get warning messages that require intervention to proceed.
- Before upgrading to version 8.3 and later, it is recommended to define the desired SSL security level and add the required Security Policy parameters/options to global INI file.
- For SecurityPolicy=Fullor warning, you are required to add certificates from the respective File, View, AWS, WDM, Wyse Management Suite, OneSign, and/or Caradigm server(s) to the ThinOS client before updating the firmware.
- The default protocol of File Server is still FTP and ftp prefix is added automatically, if the protocol is not provided.

Improved user friendly messages are displayed for errors and warnings

The UI is not changed and only the message is modified for security errors/warnings.

In full security mode, the following warning message is displayed:



For warning security mode, the following warning messages are displayed:

 Security Alert Warning: Security certificate of site [10.151.122.97] not issued by a trusted certificate authority. Click OK to continue (not recommended) Click Cancel to quit OK Cancel 	
File Server Failed to connect to the server: [wdm5-5.ctx.com]. The server provided a certificate that this thin claproperly configured to validate. Click Continue to proceed without fixing the issue Click Cancel to stop communication with the server See below for more details: • The certificate authority is invalid or incorrect. View Certificate	(not recommended)

The server address does not convert to http, if WDM server is set as https.

- In the previous scenario, If WDM server is configured without HTTPS, and local WDM server address is specified in HTTPS, then the system converts it to HTTP address.
- In the current scenario, the system does not convert the WDM server address to HTTP.

Manual discovery is removed from WDM. In the WDA tab, the Manual discovery method option is removed.

Firmware signature

Firmware signature feature was introduced in ThinOS 8.3.1 for better firmware security. From ThinOS 8.4 release, firmware signature verification is added to enhance firmware security.

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- · By default, signature verification is required on firmware downgrade/upgrade process.
- Provision to downgrade from 8.4 firmware to 8.3 firmware without signature. For example, earlier to ThinOS 8.3.1 release, the firmware downgrade is prohibited by default.

 New INI parameter verifysignature=no is introduced to enable user downgrade firmware. For example: autoload=101 verifysignature=no. For more information about using INI parameters, refer to the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference guide.

The following scenarios are allowed without need of using INI parameters:

- Upgrade from 8.3.x firmware to 8.4 firmware.
- Upgrade or Downgrade between 8.3.x and/or earlier firmware.
- Upgrade or Downgrade between 8.4 and later firmware.

Transport Layer Security

Transport Layer Security (TLS) is a protocol that provides communication security between the client and server applications. **Upgrade to Transport Layer Security (TLS)**— In the ThinOS 8.2 release, the TLS is upgraded from version 1.0 to version 1.2. By default, the ThinOS client uses TLS 1.2 to secure any communication protocols, connections, or applications upon SSL/ TLS in general and falls back to the previous SSL/ TLS version when negotiating with the server.

Smart cards and smart card readers

A smart card is a security token that has embedded integrated circuits. Smart cards allow you to store and transact data.

A smart card reader is an input device that reads data from a smart card.

Gemalto smart card IDPrime MD840

Gemalto smart card IDPrime MD830 and MD840 are supported. IDGo 800 version 1.2.1 - 01 for the Windows middleware is required for supporting Gemalto smart card IDPrime MD840.

The Secure Messaging feature is supported to enable the usage of latest MD830 Rev B cards.

Known issue for Prime MD 840 smart card: If first container is used, then Xen broker logon fails.

- OMNIKEY smart card readers—The following OMNIKEY smart card readers are supported:
 - Omnikey 5427 CK (0x5427, 0x076b) reader supports iclass15693, 14443a, 125k card
 - Omnikey 5326 DFR(0x5326, 0x076b) reader supports iclass15693 card
 - Omnikey 5025 CL (0x502a, 0x076b) reader supports 125k card
 - Ominkey 5325 CL, 5125 (0x5125, 0x076b) reader supports 125k card
 - Omnikey 5321 V2 CLi (0x532a, 0x076b) reader supports 13.56 MHz card
 - Omnikey 5021 CL (0x5340, 0x076b) reader supports 13.56MHZ card
 - Omnikey 5321 V2 CI Sam (0x5341, 0x076b) reader supports 13.56 MHz card
 - Omnikey 5421 (0x5421, 0x076b), reader supports 13.56 MHz card
 - Omnikey 5321 CR (0x5320, 0x076b)

For information about the complete list of the tested smart cards and smart card readers, see the latest Dell Wyse ThinOS Release Notes.

Automating updates and settings using central configuration

This appendix describes how to set up your environment to provide your thin clients running ThinOS with automatic updates and configurations in three simple steps.

NOTE: Dell Wyse thin clients do not require device management software. They are configured to obtain their IP address, as well as the location of firmware and configuration instructions, from a DHCP server. However, you can use Wyse Device Manager (WDM) or Wyse Management Suite for a more hands-on management of your thin clients. For information about configuring your thin clients to communicate with a WDM server or Wyse Management Suite, see the related INI parameters in Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Guide.

How to set up automatic updates and configurations

For a thin client running ThinOS to successfully access INI files and update itself from a server, you must set up the server with the correct folder structure where the INI files and other update files are located, direct the thin client to the server, and then reboot or start the thin client

Once DHCP and servers are configured and available, the thin client checks (at each boot up) to see whether or not any updates are available on a predefined server DHCP Option **#161** specifies the server URL, DHCP Option **#162** specifies the root path to the server. If updates are available, the updates are automatically installed.

Using DHCP options

This table contains the DHCP options available for use. **Table 24. DHCP options**

Option	Description	Notes
1	Subnet Mask	Required. However, it is not required unless the thin client must interact with servers on a different subnet. MS DHCP requires a subnet mask and is always send one.
2	Time Offset	Optional.
3	Router	Optional, but recommended. It is not required unless the thin client must interact with servers on a different subnet.
6	Domain Name Server (DNS)	Optional, but recommended.
15	Domain Name	Optional, but recommended. See Option 6.
28	Broadcast Address	Optional.
44	WINS servers IP Address	Optional.
51	Lease Time	Optional, but recommended.
52	Option Overload	Optional.

53	DHCP Message Type	Recommended.
54	DHCP Server IP Address	Recommended.
55	Parameter Request List	Sent by thin client.
57	Maximum DHCP	Optional (always sent by thin client).
	Message Size	
58	T1 (renew) Time	Optional, but recommended.
59	T2 (rebind) Time	Optional, but recommended.
61	Client identifier	Always sent.
161	File server (ftp/http/https)	Optional string. Can be either the name or the IP address of the file server. If a name is given, the name must be resolvable by the DNS servers specified in Option 6. If the option provided by the server is blank or the server provides no value for the field, the machine on which the DHCP server resides is assumed to also be the file server.
162	Root path to the file server (ftp/http/ https)	Optional string. If the option provided by the server is blank and the server provides no value for the field, a null string is used. \wyse\wnos is automatically appended to the search path. For example, if you enter pub\serversoftware, the path searchedare pub\serversoftware\wyse \wnos. MOTE: You can have the \wyse automatic component of the search path omitted by appending a dollar sign (\$) to the entered path. For example, if you enter pub \serversoftware\$, the path searched will be pub \serversoftware\$, the path searched will be pub \serversoftware.

		NOTE: The usage or omission of a leading slash (\) on the path is critical on some servers. Some servers limit access to the root path of the user specified at login. For those servers, the usage of the leading slash is optional. Some *NIX servers can be configured to allow the file user access to the entire file system. For those servers, specifying a leading slash specifies that access is to start at the root file system. Proper matching of the file specification to the file server in use is critical to ensuring proper operation. A secured Windows server requires the slash to be specified in order to complete proper access.
165	WMS Server	Optional string. Specifies the IP address of the Wyse Management Suite Server.
166	WMS MQTT Server	Optional string. Specifies the IP address of the MQTT Server.
167	WMS CA Validation	Optional string.
181	PNAgent/ PNLite server list	Optional string. The thin client uses the server to authenticate the Windows credentials of the user and to obtain a list of ICA published applications valid for the validated credentials. The user supplies those credentials when logging in to the thin client.
182	NT domain list for PNAgent/ PNLite	Optional string. The thin client creates a pull-down list of domains from the information supplied in option 182. This list is presented at thin client login in the order specified in the DHCP option (for example, the first domain specified becomes the default). The selected domain is the one which must authenticate the user ID and password. Only the selected domain is used in the authentication process. If the domain list is incomplete and the user credentials must be verified against a domain not in the list, assuming that the server in option 181 is capable of authenticating against a domain not in the list, the user has the option of not using any of the domains specified in option 182 and typing a different domain name at the time of login.
184	File server Username	Optional string. Username to use when authenticating to the server specified in Option 161.

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185	File server Password	Optional string. Password to use when authenticating to the server specified in Option 161.
186	WDM server list	Optional binary IP addresses of WDM. This option can specify up to two WDM servers. If two are specified, at boot time the thin client attempts to check-in to the first server. If it cannot contact the first server, it tries to check-in to the second server.
187	WDM server port	Optional number. Byte, word, or two- bytes array. NOTE: The value of this option tag, when not embedded in Vendor Class Specific Information option, is interpreted in reverse order when it is sent as 2-bytes example, the value of 0x0050 was interpreted as 0x5000. This option tag was used by old ThinOS releases. New ThinOS releases still accept this option tag for backward compatibility.
188	Virtual Desktop Broker server	Optional string.
190	WDM secure port	Optional number, word or two-bytes array. Specifies to use HTTPS to communicate with WDM instead of HTTP.
192	WDM server port	Optional number, word or two-bytes array. NOTE: The value of this option tag represents the same information as option tag 187. The difference is that ThinOS interprets the value of this option tag in correct order (for example, the value of 0x0050 is interpreted as0x0050). If the DHCP server provides both option tag 192 and 187, option tag 192 takes precedence.
194	WDM FQDN	Optional Fully Qualified Domain Name for the WDM.
199	Wyse Management Suite Group Key	Optional string. Can provide a Wyse Management Suite Group Registration Key for the Wyse Management Suite agent. When Wyse Management Suite is disabled and the Group Key of Wyse Management Suite is null, this option takes effect. Wyse Management Suite uses the optional string as the Group Registration Key. If the Wyse Management Suite server or MQTT server is null, the Wyse Management Suite agent sets the values to the default server values.

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Examples of common printing configurations

This appendix provides examples on using the **Printer Setup** dialog box and ThinOS INI parameters for common printing situations. Use these general guidelines in addition to the information provided in <u>Configuring the Printer Setup</u>.

👍 Important: Host-based printers are not supported.

It includes:

- Printing to local USB or parallel printers
 - Using the Printer Setup dialog box for local USB or parallel printers
 - Using INI parameters for local USB or parallel printers
- Printing to non-Windows network printers (LPD)
 - Using the Printer Setup dialog box for non-Windows network printers (LPD)
 - <u>Using INI parameters for non-Windows network printers</u>
- Printing to Windows network printers (SMB)
 - Using the Printer Setup dialog box for Windows network printers
 - Using INI parameters for Windows network printers
- Using your thin client as a print server (LPD)
 - Using the Printer Setup dialog box for configuring LPD services
 - Using INI parameters for configuring LPD services
- <u>Configuring ThinPrint</u>

Printing to local USB or parallel printers

You can print to locally attached printers through USB or parallel ports.

Important: Microsoft Remote Desktop Session Host (RDSH), Microsoft Terminal Services, and Citrix XenApp each have their own printing policies that must be configured properly to allow client side printing. For details on configuring printing in these environments, see your vendor instructions.

Using the Printer Setup dialog box for local USB or parallel printers

In this example you have an HP LaserJet 4000 attached to a thin client USB port. When connecting USB printers, some printers fill out the Printer Name and Printer Identification fields for you.

To Configure the Printer to print locally attached printers through USB or Parallel ports.

1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup** \rightarrow **Printer**.

The **Printer Setup** dialog box is displayed.

- 2. Click Printer Setup, and use the following guidelines for the Ports tab when printing to a local USB printer:
 - a. Select Port Select LPT1 or LPT2 port.
 - b. **Printer Name** Enter name you want displayed in your list of printers, most USB direct-connected printers report/fill in their printer name automatically.

- c. Printer Identification Enter the type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name including capitalizations and spaces most USB direct-connected printers report/fill in their printer identifications automatically. In our example case, enter HP LaserJet 4000 Series PCL.
- d. **Printer Class** You can leave this as default.
- e. Enable the printer device Must be selected to enable the directly connected printer enables the device so it displays on the remote host.
- 3. Click OK to save the settings.

Using INI parameters for local USB or parallel printers

Configuring local printing using ThinOS INI parameters is simple and an easy way to configure a printer for all clients in your environment assuming every printer is the same.

Your INI parameters will look something like the following:

```
Printer=LPT1 \
Name="HP LaserJet 4000" \
PrinterID="HP LaserJet 4000 Series PCL" \
Enabled=yes
```



NOTE: The PrinterID is the exact text of the Windows printer driver name, so if a printer driver is named HP LaserJet 4000 Series PCL in Windows, then it must be exactly the same in the PrinterID field in the INI parameters including capitalizations and spaces.

Printing to non-Windows network printers

ThinOS can print to non-Windows network printers as long as the printers can accept LPR print requests. Most workgroup printers and large network printers have this capability be sure to check with your vendor that the printer can accept Line Printer Request print requests.

Once your thin client is configured to print to an LPR capable printer, the client will then redirect this printer through an RDP or ICA connection to your back end infrastructure. In this way the client will connect to your back end infrastructure and this network printer will appear as a client local printer.

Using the Printer Setup dialog box for non-Windows network printers

To configure the **Printer Setup** dialog box for Non-Windows Network Printers (LPD).

1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup**, and then click **Printer**.

The **Printer Setup** dialog box is displayed.

In this example we have an HP LaserJet 4200n attached to a thin client through LPR.

- 2. Click the LPDs tab and use the following guidelines when printing to a non-Windows network printer:
 - a. Select LPD Select LPD1 or LPD2 port.
 - b. Printer Name Enter name you want displayed in your list of printers.
 - c. **Printer Identification** Enter the type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name including capitalizations and spaces.

In this example, enter HP LaserJet 4200n PCL6.

d. LPD Hosts — The DNS or WINS name of the server for the network printer. An IP address of the printer on the network can also be entered as we have used in our case example.



NOTE: If the printer is attached to another thin client on your network, the entry in the LPD Hosts box is the name or address of that thin client.

e. LPD Queue Name — An LPD host maintains a named queue for each supported printer. Enter the name of the queue associated with the printer used. This name can be different for each vendor. This field is required and must be correct so that the network printer accepts incoming print jobs properly. In our case example, **auto** can be used for HP LaserJet 4200n PCL6 as per documentation found on the HP website.

NOTE: If the printer is attached to another thin client on your network, the LPD Queue Name must match the content of the Printer Name box on the thin client with the printer attached.

- f. **Printer Class** —You can leave this as default.
- g. Enable the printer device Must be selected to enable the printer enables the device so it displays on the remote host.

Using INI parameters for non-Windows network printers

Configuring network printing using ThinOS INI parameters is simple and an easy way to configure a printer for all clients in your environment assuming every printer is the same.

Your INI parameters will look something like the following:

```
Printer=LPD1 \
LocalName="HP LaserJet 4200n" \
Host=10.10.10.1 \
Queue=auto \
PrinterID="HP LaserJet 4200 PCL6" \
Enabled=yes
```



NOTE: The PrinterID is the exact text of the Windows printer driver name, so if a printer driver is named HP LaserJet 4200n PCL6 in Windows, then it must be exactly the same in the PrinterID field in the INI parameters including capitalizations and spaces.

Printing to Windows network printers

ThinOS can print to printers that are shared by Microsoft print servers. There are some configuration requirements that need to be considered when configuring SMB printing from ThinOS which may require changes to your thin client setup.

Since connecting to a Microsoft Windows Print Server requires domain credentials, you must provide the credentials to ThinOS either on demand as the printer is used or by administrator setup providing credentials cached from the Dell Wyse login screen, see Example **3: Defining an SMB Printer to Use User Credentials Cached by ThinOS (Advanced)** in <u>Using INI parameters for</u> <u>Windows network printers (SMB)</u>. This section will discuss both methods.

Using the Printer Setup dialog box for Windows network printers

Configuring an SMB printer is this manner forces users to enter their credentials before each printing; this means they will be temporarily pulled out of their remote session to enter their credentials (this can be avoided by using an INI file as discussed in <u>Using INI parameters for Windows network printers</u>.

Enter the context of your task here (optional). This is where introductory content goes.

- 1. From the desktop menu, click **System Setup** \rightarrow **Printer**.
 - The **Printer setup** dialog box is displayed.
- 2. Click the SMBS tab, and use the following guidelines when printing to a Windows network printer:

NOTE: The printer name shared by Windows must not contain any spaces or ThinOS will not be able to use it.

- a. Select SMB Select the SMB you want from the list.
- b. \\Host\Printer Click the browse folder icon next to the box to browse your Microsoft Networks and make the printer selection you want from the network printers available the DNS name or IP address of the Windows print server on the network. After entering required domain credentials, the Printer Setup dialog box will display
- c. Printer Name Enter name you want displayed in your list of printers.
- d. **Printer Identification** Enter the type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name including capitalizations and spaces.

In example case, enter HP LaserJet 4100 Series PCL.

- e. Printer Class —You can leave this as default.
- f. Enable the printer device Must be selected to enable the printer.

It enables the device so it displays on the remote host.

Click **Test Print** and you will be prompted to enter your Windows credentials, these credentials will be used to access the printer share. This is also the same dialog box that will display for a user when they attempt to print to this printer.

Using INI parameters for Windows network printers

Configuring SMB printing using ThinOS INI parameters is simple and an easy way to configure printers shared by a Windows server for all clients in your environment. The primary advantage of configuring SMB printing using ThinOS INI parameters is that you can pre-define the domain account to use to authenticate the printer. The following examples discuss how the credentials can be supplied.

1. Defining an SMB printer with generic user credentials in plain text

```
Printer=SMB1 \
LocalName="Demo SMB Printer" \
Host=\\dp-dc-ftp \
Name="TechSupportPrinter" \
PrinterID="HP LaserJet 4100 Series PCL" \
Enabled=yes \
Username=Username1 \
Password=Password \
Domain=contoso
```

2. Defining an SMB printer with generic user credentials that are encrypted

```
Printer=SMB1 \
LocalName="Demo SMB Printer" \
Host=\\dp-dc-ftp \
Name="TechSupportPrinter" \
PrinterID="HP LaserJet 4100 Series PCL" \
Enabled=yes \
Username-enc=PACGOGDBPKDOPGDGKC \
Password-enc=PFDBOHDBODCJPODP \
Domain=contoso
```

NOTE: In order to create the encrypted passwords for use in an INI file you will want to use a program such as ConfGen. This application has built in support for creating the encrypted strings. ConfGen can be downloaded from technicalhelp.de/

Important: This is a non-supported tool that is linked solely for the purpose of this example.

3. Defining an SMB printer to use user credentials cached by ThinOS (advanced)

NOTE: This method requires that the user log in to ThinOS so that the credentials can be cached for later use. The example INI section provided below provides the minimum requirements you need.

Signon=NTLM

Ø

```
Connect=RDP \
Host=1.2.3.4 \
Username=$UN \
Password=$PW \
Domain=$DN \
AutoConnect=1
Printer=SMB1 \
LocalName="Demo SMB Printer" \
Host=\\dp-dc-ftp \
Name="TechSupportPrinter" \
PrinterID="HP LaserJet 4100 Series PCL" \
Enabled=yes \
Username=$UN \
Password=$PW \
Domain=$DN
```

Using your thin client as a print server

ThinOS thin client can be configured as a basic network print server, to share local printers with other thin clients.

Using the Printer Setup dialog box for configuring LPD services

From the Classic desktop mode only, a thin client can be configured to provide LPD (Line Printer Daemon) services making the thin client a printer server on the network. Set up the thin client that is to provide LPD print services as follows: To configure LPD services using the Printer Setup dialog box.

- 1. From the desktop menu, click System Setup \rightarrow Network Setup to open the Network Setup dialog box.
- 2. Enter a static IP address for the thin client.
- 3. From the desktop menu, click System Setup \rightarrow Printer to open the Printer Setup dialog box and select any of the listed ports.
- 4. Select a LPT.
- 5. Name the printer in the **Printer Name** box.
- 6. Enter the **Printer Identification** type or model of the printer in the exact text of the Windows printer driver name including capitalizations and spaces. In our example case, enter HP LaserJet 4000 Series PCL.
- 7. You can leave **Printer Class** as default.
- 8. Select Enable the Printer Device.
- 9. Select Enable LPD service for the printer.
- 10. For setting up Windows 2003/2008 servers, see Setting up Windows 2003/2008 servers.

Setting up Windows servers

To configure setting the Windows 2003/2008 servers

- 1. Navigate to Control Panel → Administrative Tools → Services and ensure the Microsoft TCP/IP Printing service is installed. If it is not, install it using the Microsoft installation instructions.
- 2. Add the thin client as the LPD printer by completing the following:
 - a. Navigate to Control Panel > Printers > Add Printers > Local Printer > Create a new port and select LPR PORT.

NOTE: If you do not see LPR Port, ensure that the Microsoft TCP/IP Printing service is installed correctly.

- b. Type the thin client IP address or DNS name in the Name or address of host providing LPD box.
- c. Type the printer name assigned in <u>Using the Printer Setup dialog box for configuring LPD services</u> in the **Name of printer on that machine** box.
- d. Click **OK**, and then click **NEXT**.
- **3.** After you have selected the printer, you can perform your normal printer setup for the application server. For example, select the manufacturer printer type and printer name.

Using INI parameters for configuring LPD services

Configuring LPD printing using ThinOS INI parameters is simple and an easy way to configure a ThinOS thin client to be a basic network print server, to share local printers with other thin clients.

Your INI parameters will look something like the following:

```
Printer=LPT1 \
Name="HP LaserJet 4000" \
PrinterID="HP LaserJet 4000 Series PCL" \
Enabled=yes \
EnableLPD=yes
```

NOTE: The PrinterID is the exact text of the Windows printer driver name, so if a printer driver is named HP LaserJet 4000 Series PCL in Windows, then it must be exactly the same in the PrinterID field in the INI parameters including capitalizations and spaces.

Configuring ThinPrint

No ThinPrint specific configuration is available on the thin clients. Thus to be able to use ThinPrint, users must first set up their printers according to the user documentation, and then configure ThinPrint on the thin client using the Printer Setup dialog box.

To configure the ThinPrint, use the following guidelines:

- Use the **Printer Identification** field to enter a printer class (you can change the printer name as needed).
- · Printer IDs are assigned (depending on the physical port) as follows:
 - COM1 = 1
 - COM2 = 2
 - LPT1 = 3 USB printers are detected automatically on LPT1
 - LPT2 = 4
 - LPD0 = 5- The LPD Queue name is transmitted as the printer name; the Printer Identification as class
 - LPD1 = 6 The LPD Queue name is transmitted as the printer name; the Printer Identification as class
 - LPD2 = 7 The LPD Queue name is transmitted as the printer name; the Printer Identification as class
 - LPD3 = 8 The LPD Queue name is transmitted as the printer name; the Printer Identification as class
 - SMB1 = 9 In the form \\host\printershare
 - SMB2 = 10
 - SMB3 = 11
 - SMB4 = 12

To install the relevant ThinPrint product on the server use the following guidelines:

- Printer Objects Created Manually by the Administrator After you install.print Engine, create a printer object on the server to
 use the native driver and ThinPort as a printer port. You can use any protocol (TCP, RDP or ICA) because ThinOS has.print
 clients for all of the protocols. The printer object needs to observe ThinPrint naming conventions, for example, *HPLJ5#_:2*, in
 which case print jobs are sent to the local printer that has ID number .2 by referring to.print client port ID. If no ID number is
 present, the.print client sends the print job to the printer set as current.
- **Printer Objects Created Automatically by ThinPrint AutoConnect** When using ThinPrint AutoConnect, the thin client identifies with the thin client ID number 84 and thus is recognized as a thin client without a local spooler. You can also set up a template on the server that uses a native driver example, *HPLJ5*) and ThinPort, and then name this template as you want in the form _#AnyName.

You can then make sure that the rules on ThinPrint Autoconnect [1] have been set to assign the desired local printers to use this server template. The assigned printer will then be shown in the user session using the HPLJ5 driver and ThinPort; it is named automatically according to ThinPrint naming convention with the printer name from the client side included. Alternatively, you can also define a template name according to the client printer name (replace.AnyName. with printer name 4. and 5. above for example, _#HP Laserjet 5 so that the local printer object.HP Laserjet 5. is mapped to this template without any rules defined on the ThinPrint Autoconnect.

Important notes

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VNC RFB version upgrade—Since ThinOS 8.0_214, the VNC RFB version has been upgraded to 3.8. This version upgrade provides support for applications like DameWare. Thus, an administrator can now remote into a ThinOS device using either DameWare or VNC Viewer. Prior to 8.0_214, you could only use VNC Viewer.

Troubleshooting

This section describes some basic troubleshooting that you can implement when you experience any problem.

ThinOS devices allow secure SSL connections—SecurityMode=Full—only after verifying the certificates. In the present
scenario, the devices enforce the warning policy after you define a server using a valid IP address. The resolution for the issue
will be delivered in the next ThinOS release.

The following are the workarounds to avoid the SSL connection issue:

- Ensure that the device has a valid certificate and the correct time is selected on the device.
- Define the server by name instead of IP address.
- Set the value of the global security policy to high.
- Use the following INI parameter to enforce the high security mode:

SecurityPolicy=high TLSCheckCN=Yes

- The **base.i386** and **pcoip.i386** packages may not be available on devices:
 - Shipped with ThinOS version 8.5
 - Reimaged with a ThinOS version 8.5 Merlin image using USB imaging tool

Table 25. Affected platforms

Affected platforms	Flash size
Wyse 5010 thin client with ThinOS	4 GB or higher
Wyse 5040 thin client with ThinOS	4 GB or higher
Wyse 7010 thin client with ThinOS	4 GB or higher
Wyse 5010 thin client with PCoIP	4 GB or higher
Wyse 5040 thin client with PCoIP	4 GB or higher

NOTE: Devices with 2 GB flash are not affected by the package issue.

Problem statement—The following issues are observed on the affected platforms:

- Multimedia performance issues occur because the required codecs are not available.
- PCoIP connections are not started in Horizon View and AWS environments.
- **Package** tab is not available in the **System Tools** menu.

Resolution—Perform one of the following steps to resolve the issue on the affected devices:

- Use the 4 GB Merlin image to flash the devices with 4 GB flash configuration. Use the 8 GB Merlin image to flash the devices with 8 GB flash and higher configurations.
- Install the ThinOS 8.5 web image to reload the missing package files. You can install the ThinOS web image by using either a file server, Wyse Device Manager (WDM), or Wyse Management Suite. If the ThinOS web image is stored on a file server or management server, and if the automatic image update option is enabled by using the INI parameter Autoload=1
 LoadPkg=1, then the device automatically installs the base.i386 and pcoip.i386 packages during system reboot.
- Firmware/Package update: When the packages fail to update, or cannot function (cannot connect desktop) after update with
 new version firmware, or if there is further failure, the workaround is to remove all packages and reinstall the packages upon
 reboot.
- Display: With the default DP audio, the Wyse 3040 thin client in certain resolution displays a black screen for 10 seconds after the system restart. For example, 1920 x 1200, 2048 x 1152, 2048 x 1280, 2560 x 1080, 2560 x 1440.
- Blast connection: If there is a launch issue, check the remote desktop status and network status; reboot unit few times and the desktop connects successfully.

· Boot up unit without monitor or with monitor power-off.

- Wyse 5010 thin client, Wyse 5040 thin client, Wyse 7010 thin client, and Wyse 3030 LT thin client: If the thin client waits for 15 to 20 seconds and the monitor is attached or powered on within 20 seconds, the display is turned on. If the monitor is attached or powered on after 20 seconds, the monitor displays the black screen. Turn on the monitor first, and then turn on the thin client.
- Wyse 3040 thin client and Wyse 5060 thin client: The client waits until the monitor is attached or turned on.

Firmware upgrade

Firmware upgrade is the process of updating your existing ThinOS firmware version to the latest version. To upgrade the ThinOS firmware, use any of the following:

- · File Transfer Protocol (FTP) Windows server
- · HTTP/HTTPS Windows server
- Wyse Management Suite version 1.1

NOTE: Ensure that you are enrolled in our Software Maintenance Program and are eligible to receive new versions of ThinOS software and subsequent releases of corresponding documentation uploaded on Dell Digital Locker.

Important: To avoid uncertain issues, ensure that when you upgrade your firmware, you do not skip versions.

Table 26. Firmware images

Platform	ThinOS	ThinOS with PCoIP
Wyse 3010 thin client (T10D)	DOVE_boot	N/A
Wyse 3020 thin client	T10D_wnos	N/A
Wyse 3030 LT thin client	U10_wnos	PU10_wnos
Wyse 3040 thin client	A10Q_wnos	PA10Q_wnos
Wyse 5010 thin client	ZD10_wnos	PD10_wnos
Wyse 5040 AIO thin client	ZD10_wnos	PD10_wnos
Wyse 5060 thin client	D10Q_wnos	PD10Q_wnos
Wyse 7010 thin client	ZD10_wnos	PD10_wnos

Table 27. Package information

Package name	Details
Base.i386.pkg	Automatically updated upon firmware upgrade.
Pcoip.i386.pkg	Automatically updated upon firmware upgrade of a PCoIP client.
RTME.i386.pkg	Upload the new package to central configuration, and system can update without INI configuration.
Horizon.i386.pkg	Upload the new package to central configuration, and configure the INI parameter to update this package.
FR.i386.pkg	Upload the new package to central configuration, and configure the INI parameter for update this package.
TCX.i386.pkg	Upload the new package to central configuration, and configure the INI parameter to update this package.

Firmware upgrade using FTP server

Ensure that you have set up a Windows PC or Server with Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and FTP services installed. If you do not have the FTP server installed, then refer to the article about how to setup an FTP server at <u>support.microsoft.com</u>.

Installing the Windows IIS creates the directory C:\inetpub\ftproot, which is known as the FTP root. In the ftproot directory, create a folder wyse and a sub folder wnos. The directory structure must read as C:\inetpub\ftproot\WYSE\wnos.

To upgrade the ThinOS firmware using FTP server:

- **1.** Sign in to the <u>Dell Digital Locker</u>.
- 2. Download the latest ThinOS firmware and latest ThinOS packages that corresponds to your thin client model. If the firmware and packages are in the form of a compressed self-extracting (.EXE) or zipped file (.ZIP), then extract the files.
- 3. Place the extracted firmware files in the C:\inetpub\ftproot\WYSE\wnos folder, and the packages to C:\inetpub\ftproot\WYSE \wnos\pkg on your FTP server.
- 4. Create a wnos.ini text file (using a text editor) in the C:\inetpub\ftproot\WYSE\wnos folder with the following INI parameters: Autoload=2 loadpkg=1 Addpkg=TCX, FR, horizon

The option Autoload=2, ensures that the thin client uses the firmware installed on the server to upgrade, only if the firmware on the thin client is older than the version on the server. The option LoadPkg specifies how to update the external packages. If LoadPkg is not in the statement, it will inherit the value of AutoLoad.

Base package and the PCoIP package are integrated into the ThinOS firmware image. Installing the latest ThinOS firmware image automatically installs the latest version of these packages on the ThinOS client. If you set AutoLoad=1 LoadPkg=0, the firmware is checked, but the packages are not checked. The packages check is performed after firmware check. From ThinOS 8.3, the external packages update mechanism is changed. Some packages are default, and loaded according to value of LoadPkg. For example RTME. Some packages need additional parameter AddPkg to add. For example, FR, Horizon, and TCX. The option AddPkg is for adding packages. It depends on the value of LoadPkg. For more information about the INI parameter usage, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference Guide.

- 5. Save the wnos.ini file.
- 6. On the ThinOS client desktop, navigate to System Setup -> Central Configuration -> General.
- 7. In the **General** tab, enter the IP address of the FTP server or directory. For example: 150.00.0.260/wyse. The **Username** field must have the value Anonymous and the **Password** field is already pre-configured.

MOTE:

• If there is no default password or if the password is changed, then you must set your password. For example, abe@abc.com.

You can also reset the thin client to factory default settings. When you reset the thin client to factory default settings, the anonymous user is configured with the default password. However, you need to reconfigure the thin client.

• You can also use DHCP option tags 161 and 162 to configure the ThinOS client, file server and path information. You must create these options on your DHCP server, configure them with the correct server information, and enable the DHCP server scope in your environment.

8. Click OK.

9. Restart the thin client and wait until the auto-installation of packages is complete.

To verify that the thin client is upgraded, on the ThinOS desktop, navigate to **System Information** \rightarrow **General**, and check the System Version.

Firmware upgrade using HTTP or HTTPS

Ensure that you have set up a Windows PC or Server with Microsoft Internet Information Services (IIS) and HTTP or HTTPS services installed. If you do not have the HTTP or HTTPS server installed, then refer to the article about how to setup an HTTP or HTTPS server at <u>support.microsoft.com</u>.

Ensure that the web server can identify the file types used by ThinOS. Create two MIME types under IIS. The MIME's option needs to be configured on a per site basis. On a default IIS, install:

- 1. Launch the IIS admin console.
- 2. Browse to the default website, right-click and select Properties.
- 3. Click the HTTP Headers tab, and in the MIME Map section, select File types \rightarrow New Type.



- 4. Add the two MIME types. Use .INI and . for the associated extension fields.
- 5. Apply the settings and close the IIS admin console.

Installing IIS creates the default directory C:\inetpub\WWWroot, which is known as the WWW root. In the WWWroot directory, create a folder WYSE and a sub folder wnos. The directory structure must read as C:\inetpub\wwwroot\WYSE\wnos.

To upgrade the ThinOS firmware using HTTP or HTTPS server:

- **1.** Sign in to the <u>Dell Digital Locker</u>.
- 2. Download the latest ThinOS firmware and latest ThinOS packages that corresponds to your thin client model. If the firmware and packages are in the form of a compressed self-extracting (.EXE) or zipped file (.ZIP), then extract the files.
- 3. Place the extracted firmware files in the C:\inetpub\wwwroot\WYSE\wnos folder, and the packages to C:\inetpub\wwwroot \WYSE\wnos\pkg on your HTTP or HTTPS server.
- 4. Create a wnos.ini text file (using a text editor) in the C:\inetpub\wwwroot\WYSE\wnos folder with the following INI parameters:

```
Autoload=2 loadpkg=1 Addpkg=TCX, FR, horizon
```

The option Autoload=2, ensures that the thin client uses the firmware installed on the server to upgrade, only if the firmware on the thin client is older than the version on the server. The option LoadPkg specifies how to update the external packages. If LoadPkg is not in the statement, it will inherit the value of AutoLoad.

Base package and the PCoIP package are integrated into the ThinOS firmware image. Installing the latest ThinOS firmware image automatically installs the latest version of these packages on the ThinOS client. If you set AutoLoad=1 LoadPkg=0, the firmware is checked, but the packages are not checked. The packages check is performed after firmware check. From ThinOS 8.3, the external packages update mechanism is changed. Some packages are default, and loaded according to value of LoadPkg. For example RTME. Some packages need additional parameter AddPkg to add. For example, FR, Horizon, and TCX. The option AddPkg is for adding packages. It depends on the value of LoadPkg. For more information about the INI parameter usage, see Dell Wyse ThinOS INI Reference Guide.

- 5. Save the wnos.ini file.
- 6. On the ThinOS client desktop, navigate to System Setup \rightarrow Central Configuration \rightarrow General.
- 7. In the General tab, enter the IP address of the file server or directory. For example: https://IPaddress/wyse.

NOTE: You can also use DHCP option tags 161 and 162 to configure the ThinOS client, file server and path information. You must create these options on your DHCP server, configure them with the correct server information, and enable the DHCP server scope in your environment.

- 8. Click OK.
- 9. Restart the thin client and wait until the auto-installation of packages is complete.

Firmware upgrade using Wyse Management Suite version 1.1

Ensure that you have created a custom group and assigned the ThinOS devices to that group in Wyse Management Suite—see Wyse Management Suite v1.1 Administrator's Guide.

Ensure that your ThinOS clients are registered to Wyse Management Suite. See, Configuring the WDA settings.

To upgrade the ThinOS firmware using Wyse Management Suite:

- **1.** Sign in to the <u>Dell Digital Locker</u>.
- 2. Download the latest ThinOS firmware and ThinOS packages that corresponds to your thin client model.
- 3. Log in to Wyse Management Suite using valid credentials.
- 4. On the Apps & Data page, in the OS Image Repository section, click ThinOS.
- 5. Click Add Firmware File.

The Add File dialog box is displayed.

- 6. Browse and select the downloaded firmware file. Enter an appropriate description.
- 7. Click Upload.

The ThinOS firmware file is uploaded, and the firmware file is listed on the Apps & Data - ThinOS OS Image Repository page.

- 8. Select the check box that corresponds to your ThinOS firmware file.
- 9. On the Groups & Configs page, select a custom group, and click Edit Policies \rightarrow ThinOS. The Select ThinOS Configuration Mode screen is displayed.
- 10. Click Advanced Configuration.
- 11. In the Device Configuration pane, click Firmware Upgrade, and then click Configure this item.
- **12.** From the **Platform type** drop-down list, select your thin client model.
- 13. From the Firmware to auto deploy drop-down list, select the firmware file that corresponds to your thin client model.
- 14. Click Save & Publish.

The thin client restarts, and the firmware version is upgraded.

Frequently asked questions

1. How to enable USB Redirection in RDP windows 10 session ?

 $\label{eq:change policy: Go to Computer Configuration \rightarrow Administrative Templates \rightarrow Windows Components \rightarrow Remote Desktop Service \rightarrow Remote Desktop Service and Resource Redirection \rightarrow Do not allow supported Plug and disable Play device redirection.$

2. How to enable ICA SuperCodec on XenDesktop 7.9 ?

Under Citrix Policy, **Use video codec for compression** needs to be configured to enable ICA SuperCodec on both non-HDX 3D Pro desktop (standard VDA) and HDX 3D Pro desktop (VDA for HDX 3D Pro).

Value:	Use video codec when preferred 👻
Use	Use video codec when available Do not use video codec
Virtu	Use video codec when preferred Jar Denvery Agent: To Server OS, To Desktop OS, 7.7 Server OS, 7.7 Desktop OS, 7.8 Server OS, Desktop OS, 7.9 Server OS, 7.9 Desktop OS
	c <mark>ription</mark> setting is available only on VDA versions XenApp and XenDesktop 7.6 Feature Pack 3 and later.
Whe code code	ws use of a video codec to compress graphics when video decoding is available on the endpoint. en video decoding is not available on the endpoint, or when you specify "Do not use video ec," a combination of still image compression and bitmap caching is used. When "Use video ec when preferred" is selected, the system chooses, based on various factors. The results may vary veen versions as the selection method is enhanced.
	ct "Do not use video codec" to optimize for server CPU load and for cases that do not have a lot erver-rendered video or other graphically intense applications.
	ct "Use video codec when available" to optimize for improved user experience and bandwidth, ecially in cases with heavy use of server-rendered video and 3D graphics.
	ct "Use video codec when preferred" to allow the system to make its best effort to choose ropriate settings for the current scenario.
	ted settings

By default, **Use video codec when preferred** is selected. Then ICA SuperCodec is enabled on HDX 3D Pro Desktop only, but disabled on non-HDX 3D Pro desktop. If you select **Do not use video codec**, ICA SuperCodec is disabled on both HDX 3D Pro desktop and non-HDX 3D Pro desktop.

Although ICA SuperCodec is disabled on non-HDX 3D Pro Desktop, if you set Use video codec when preferred or Do not use video codec, OR disabled on HDX 3D Pro Desktop if you set Do not use video codec, ThinOS may still print log ICA: SuperCodec enabled, and this is a known issue.

If you select Use video codec when available, ICA SuperCodec is enabled for both HDX 3D Pro desktop and non-HDX 3D Pro desktop.



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NOTE: In XenDesktop 7.15, Citrix has introduced new names and options for this policy. With the default settings (the new Selective Adaptive Display version 2), ThinOS does not use the SuperCodec unless you enable the Video Compression Codec to be used for the entire screen.