VMware vSphere ESXi 7.x on Dell EMC PowerEdge Servers
Installation Instructions and Important Information Guide
Notes, cautions, and warnings

**NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

**CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

**WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.
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This document helps you to deploy VMware ESXi 7.0 on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers, and provides specific information about recommended configurations, best practices, and additional resources.

- vSphere Essentials Plus
- vSphere Standard
- vSphere Enterprise (two and four CPU offerings only)
- vSphere Enterprise Plus (two and four CPU offerings only)
- VMware vCenter Server
- VMware vSAN

**NOTE:** Before deploying the system, it is recommended that you see the VMware vSphere 7.0 on Dell EMC PowerEdge Servers Release Notes at www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions.

**NOTE:** vSphere Essentials Plus is an all-inclusive package that includes licenses for three physical systems, each system with up to two processors. It also includes VMware vCenter Server to centrally manage the systems. vSphere Essentials Plus edition is supported only on two-socket systems. More licenses must still be deployed on approved systems for Dell EMC support.

**NOTE:** With the release of vSphere 7.0, all Partner Activation Codes that are shipped with current systems are for vSphere 7.0 licensing. If you have an active vSphere subscription, you can downgrade or upgrade vSphere, as you choose. To get your downgrade keys, register your Partner Activation Code and login to vmware.com/accounts. Go to Manage Product Licenses > vSphere 7.0 on the license administration portal.

**NOTE:** VMware vSAN is licensed independently per socket, per server. To use VMware vSAN, the server requires a vSphere license (per socket, per server) and a vCenter Server license.

**Topics:**
- vSphere 7.0 architecture
- Overview of ESXi architecture

**vSphere 7.0 architecture**

vSphere infrastructure consists of the following components:

- **ESXi**
  - Allows multiple operating systems to run simultaneously on a single system.

- **vCenter server**
  - Monitors and manages the management application of VMs and copies of ESXi. With a vCenter server, you can create, start, stop, and migrate VMs across the entire physical data center. vCenter server is optional, but it is required for advanced management capabilities such as VMware vMotion, Distributed Resource Scheduling (DRS), and High Availability (HA).

- **vCenter server database**
  - Stores all the configuration data about a VMware infrastructure environment. It is recommended that you use a production database such as Microsoft SQL Server or Oracle for the vCenter Server database.

- **vSphere Web Client**
  - Shares the functionality of the core administrative interface starting from ESXi 5.1, with the vSphere client. vSphere client can be launched from Internet Explorer or Mozilla Firefox, without requiring a specific client installation.
  - With 7.0.x, vSphere client can be accessed using vSphere client HTML5.

- **vSphere client**
  - Requires an ESXi host to manage, by directly connecting to it or through vCenter Server. It can be installed on a system running a supported Windows OS. vSphere Client can replace the vSphere Client for future releases. The vSphere Web Client enables you to connect to a vCenter Server system to manage an ESXi host or multiple hosts through a browser.
Virtual Machine datastore

Stores VM configuration and virtual disk files. The VM storage can either be internal local storage to the ESXi or external storage. Multiple ESXi systems share VM storage. Advanced features such as HA and DRS require that the hard disk drive and configuration files are stored on the external shared storage.

The following figure shows the different components of vSphere.

![vSphere components](image)

**Figure 1. vSphere components**

**Overview of ESXi architecture**

ESXi is a bare-metal enterprise class hypervisor that can be preinstalled on PowerEdge servers. With the reduced footprint of the hypervisor, ESXi is integrated with PowerEdge servers by using BOSS-S1 cards.

Integrated virtualization by VMware offers the following features:

- Ease of deployment
- Integrated hardware monitoring
- Enhanced security
- Reduced patch management
- Improved reliability

The following figure shows an overview of the ESXi architecture.
Virtual SAN installation

For more information about VMware documentation for VSAN installation, see the VMware Virtual SAN Production Information Guide at www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions.
NOTE: If you have ordered VMware ESXi with the PowerEdge server, then the VMware ESXi is preinstalled on your system.

Topics:
- Downloading Dell EMC customized ESXi images
- Installing, enabling and disabling ESXi
- VMware ESXi Secure boot support for Dell EMC PowerEdge Servers
- Downloading patches and updates for ESXi
- Creating vCenter Server installation media
- Installing vCenter Server

Downloading Dell EMC customized ESXi images

Dell EMC has migrated the latest revision of the Dell customized ESXi images with customized drivers to VMware’s website. This change aligns with industry-standard practices and brings the Dell EMC-customized image to the same location as that of our competitors. For customers who manage heterogeneous fleets, this simplifies the procurement of software images as they will all be housed in one location. Please go to your my.vmware.com license portal or click on My VMware Downloads. Older versions of these images can be downloaded from www.dell.com/support.

For information about Dell EMC’s customization of VMware ESXi images and its advantages, see Dell’s Customization of VMware ESXi and Its Advantages.

NOTE: Your Dell EMC customized VMware ESXi 7.0 A00 image must be installed as a new installation or deployment. See VMware Knowledge Base article 78487 and Dell Knowledge Base article SLN320957

Download Dell EMC customized ESXi image and Dell EMC Addon from Dell EMC support site

NOTE: Ensure that you clear the web browser cache before downloading the drivers and firmware.

2. In the Drivers & Downloads section, enter the Service Tag of your system in the Enter a Dell Service Tag, Dell EMC Product ID, or Model box, and then click the right arrow button.
   NOTE: If you do not have the Service Tag, select Detect PC to allow the system to automatically detect your Service Tag, or click Browse all products, and then navigate to your product.
3. Click Drivers & Downloads.
   The drivers that are applicable to your system are displayed.
4. In the Operating System list, select the appropriate VMware version.
5. In the Category list, select Enterprise Solutions.
   The latest Dell EMC VMware ESXi customized images are displayed.
6. Click Download.
Downloading Dell EMC customized ESXi image from VMware site

**NOTE:** Ensure that you clear the web browser cache before downloading the drivers and firmware.

**NOTE:** To download the drivers and firmware, you must be the registered user in my.vmware.com.

To download the ESXi image, do the following

1. Go to my.vmware.com and log in with your account credentials.
2. Select View & Download products > All Products and then click the View Download Components link of VMware vSphere.
3. Select the image version from the Select Version list.
4. Click Custom ISOS.
5. Expand the OEM Customized Installer CDs option and then click Go to Downloads to download the image.

Important information for the Dell EMC-customized ESXi image

- The Dell EMC-customized ESXi installer ISO image content does not include OpenManage Server Administrator (OMSA) and iDRAC Service Module (iSM).
  - For detailed instructions to install and use OpenManage Server Administrator, see the documentation at www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals.
  - For detailed instructions to install and use iDRAC Service Module, see the documentation at www.dell.com/esmmanuals.
- The files that Dell EMC creates or modifies as part of customization are:
  - etc/vmware/oem.xml
  - etc/vmware/support
  - **NOTE:** The list of files that are appended, modified, or customized by Dell EMC may change during a later release.
- **NOTE:** Dell EMC-customized ESXi image may contain additional or VMware-I/O Vendor Program (IOVP) certified updated drivers. For more information, see Important Information section of Dell EMC customized ESXi image at www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions.
- If required, Dell EMC may update the customized ISO for a critical patch impacting Dell EMC to include VMware patches or bug fixes for Dell EMC hardware.
- OpenManage vSphere Installation Bundle (VIB) can be installed on ESXi systems, where ESXi is installed using either the Dell EMC Customized ESXi image or the ESXi image that is provided by VMware.

Installing, enabling and disabling ESXi

**NOTE:** Only trained service technicians must perform any installation that requires removal of the system cover. See the safety document that is shipped with your system for complete information about safety precautions, working inside the system, and protecting against electrostatic discharge.

**NOTE:** For important regulatory information, see Dell.com/regulatory_compliance.

**NOTE:** If you have not ordered order ESXi with your system, you can order the Internal Dual SD Module kit at Dell.com/support/home and download the ESXi Installation media from Dell.com/support/drivers. For information about creating your ESXi media, see the Downloading the ESXi installer media section in this document.

**NOTE:** If you have ordered the ESXi separately and your PowerEdge server is not preinstalled with the software, to complete the installation procedure, see the Installing ESXi on Flash Media section in this document.
Overview of Dell NUMA Fault Resilient Memory

NUMA FRM is a new memory operating mode available on the BIOS settings of high-end yx3x Dell EMC PowerEdge servers with two or four processors. This mode establishes an area of memory that is fault-resilient on all processors, providing the same protection to the hypervisor against uncorrectable memory errors that would affect it, and maintaining NUMA memory functionality and performance.

Enabling Dell NUMA Fault Resilient Memory

The following conditions must be fulfilled before you enable NUMA Fault Resilient Memory (FRM):

- ESXi 7.0 must be deployed on one the following PowerEdge servers:
  - R930
  - R830
  - R730xd
  - R730
  - R630
  - T630
  - M830
  - M630
  - FC830
  - FC630
- The BIOS version on your system must be 1.2.1 or later for yx3x Dell PowerEdge servers that support VMware ESXi 7.0.
- The memory modules must be populated on the memory channels to support Mirror Mode. For more information, see your system Owner’s Manual at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.
- You need vSphere Enterprise or Enterprise Plus licensing to enable the VMware Reliable Memory technology.

To enable FRM on your system, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on your system.
   - The Dell EMC logo is displayed.
2. Press F2 to open the System Setup menu.
   - After the system boot is completed, the System BIOS configuration menu is displayed.
3. Using the up- and down-arrow keys, select the System Setup options, and then select Memory Settings.
4. Select NUMA Fault Resilient Mode as Memory Operating Mode.
   - CAUTION: It is recommended that you do not modify other settings unless you are familiar with the settings. Modifying settings could cause your system to fail to boot or function properly.
5. Press Enter and follow the on-screen procedure to save these changes.
6. Restart your system.
   - NOTE: No further configuration changes are required for ESXi to use the reliable memory region.

Overview of Dell Fault Resilient Memory

- CAUTION: Do not attempt to enable Fault Resilient Memory (FRM) on vSphere versions earlier than VMware ESXi 5.5. Up to 25 percent of system memory may be consumed to provide the FRM zone in yx3x and yx4x PowerEdge servers and 12.5 percent of system memory may be consumed to provide the FRM zone in yx4x PowerEdge servers.
- NOTE: By default, 25 percentage of BIOS settings are configured in yx4x servers. Users have options to choose yx4x servers with the 25 percentage BIOS setting configuration or 12.5 percentage of BIOS setting configuration.

FRM is a Memory Operating mode available on the BIOS settings of high-end yx2x Dell PowerEdge servers and later. This mode establishes an area of memory that is fault resilient and protects the hypervisor against uncorrectable memory errors, and safeguards the system from becoming unresponsive. Systems with ESXi that supports the FRM feature can load the operating system kernel to maximize system availability and or critical applications or services. VMware ESXi version 5.5 update 2 and later supports FRM through its Reliable Memory (ReM) technology.
Enabling Dell Fault Resilient Memory

The following conditions must be fulfilled before you enable base FRM:

- ESXi 7.0 must be deployed on one of the following PowerEdge servers:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>yx4x PowerEdge Servers</th>
<th>yx3x PowerEdge Servers</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>R940xa</td>
<td>R930</td>
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<tr>
<td>R940</td>
<td>R830</td>
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<tr>
<td>R840</td>
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<td>T640</td>
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<tr>
<td>MX740c</td>
<td>T630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MX840c</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- The BIOS version on your system must be 1.0.4 or later for yx3x Dell EMC PowerEdge servers.
- The memory modules must be populated on the memory channels to support Mirror Mode. For more information, see your system Owner’s Manual at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.
- You need vSphere Enterprise or Enterprise Plus licensing to enable the VMware Reliable Memory technology.

To enable FRM on your system, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on your system.
   The Dell EMC logo is displayed.
2. Press F2 to display the Setup menu.
   After the system boot is completed, the System BIOS configuration menu is displayed.
3. Using the up-arrow and down-arrow keys, select the System Setup options, and then select the Memory Settings screen.
4. Select Dell Fault Resilient Mode as Memory Operating Mode.
   **CAUTION:** It is recommended that you do not modify other settings unless you are familiar with the settings. Modifying settings could cause your system to fail to boot or function properly.
5. Press Enter, and follow the on-screen instructions to save these changes.
6. Restart your system.

**NOTE:** No further configuration changes are required for ESXi to use the reliable memory region.

Dell EMC NVDIMM-N persistent memory

Persistent Memory (pMem) is a new paradigm in computing which provides ultra fast storage class memory technology. The NVDIMM-N resides in a standard memory slot, placing data close to the processor. The following Dell EMC PowerEdge servers support NVDIMM-N specific to VMware ESXi:

- R640
- R740
- R740xd
- R940
- T640
- MX740c
For more information and configurations about NVDIMM-N Persistent Memory, see the Dell EMC NVDIMM-N Persistent Memory User Guide at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

Intel Data Center Persistent Memory Module

Intel Data Center Persistent Memory Module (DCPMM) is a new paradigm in computing which provides ultra fast storage class memory technology. The DCPMM resides in a standard memory slot, placing data close to the processor. The following Dell EMC PowerEdge servers support DCPMM with Intel Xeon Scalable processor series (82xx, 62xx, 52xx) on vSphere 7.0:

- R940
- R940xa
- R840
- R640
- Mx740c
- R740
- R740xd

For more information and configurations about DCPMM, see the Dell EMC DCPMM User's Guide at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals and VMware Knowledge Base article 70874.

4K Native hard drive support with ESXi Hosts

4K Native is an advanced format in which the physical sector and logical sectors are both 4,096 bytes in size. These drives provide large capacity to servers and storage arrays. For ESXi 7.0, 4K Native hard drives are supported for booting and to store the data.

**NOTE:**
- 4K Native NVMe/SSD drives are not supported with ESXi 7.0.
- RDMs on 4K Native drives are not supported.

Trusted Platform Module

Trusted Platform Module (TPM) is a hardware component which is designed to securely store information such as credential or measurements. TPM 2.0 is enabled and supported with ESXi 7.0 releases. ESXi 6.7.x introduced the Host Attestation feature using which the validation of boot process can be reported to vCenter dashboard. TPM 2.0 is supported on all yx3x and yx4x Dell EMC PowerEdge servers including the latest AMD processors.

**NOTE:** TXT support with TPM 2.0 is enabled with 6.7 U1 release and later.

Quick Boot

**Prerequisite:** See the System Requirements for Using Quick Boot During Remediation section in vSphere Update Manager Installation and Administration Guide. It is recommended that you carefully assess the configuration before enabling Quick Boot.

Quick Boot of an ESXi host is a setting that allows Update Manager to optimize the remediation time of hosts that undergo patch and upgrade operations. If the Quick Boot feature is enabled, Update Manager skips the hardware reboot (the BIOS or UEFI firmware reboot). As a result, the time that is spent by ESXi host in Maintenance Mode is reduced, and the risk of failures during remediation is minimized.

Quick Boot is verified and is supported with a limited set of hardware platforms, and drivers. Quick Boot is not supported on ESXi hosts that use TPM or pass-through features. For more information about ESXi 7.0, see vSphere Update Manager Installation and Administration Guide at vmware.com/support/pubs.

Dell EMC supports Quick Boot on the following platforms:

- R630
- R640
- R740
- R740xd
- R730
HTTP/HTTPS boot

You can use vSphere 7.0 to deploy ESXi 7.0 through HTTP/HTTPS. This method is referred to as HTTP/HTTPS boot. Use the method to deploy the operating system and replace the existing legacy PXE-based boot method with the TFTP protocol. This method uses DHCP, DNS, and HTTP/HTTPS to securely deploy an operating system over a network.

vSphere Life Cycle Manager

Use vSphere Life Cycle Manager (vLCM) to update and manage both software and firmware on ESXi clusters. For more information about vLCM, see the vSphere Life cycle Manager guide from VMware.

NOTE: To manage your firmware, you must install and register Dell OpenManage Integration for VMware vCenter on the VMware vCenter installation supported by ESXi 7.0.

Dell EMC add-on package

An add-on package containing all components that are integrated with a Dell EMC customized image is available on the Dell support site. The add-on package, together with Dell EMC customized ISOs, are also hosted on VMware Depots. For information about downloading the Dell EMC add-on image, see Dell EMC PowerEdge Systems Image Customization Guide on VMware vSphere ESXi 7.x at www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions.

Surprise removal of NVMe device

VMware introduced support for surprise removal on NVMe devices starting from VMware ESXi 7.0 onwards. Surprise removal of NVMe is not supported in the previous versions of VMware ESXi when the NVMe device is in use. The user should instead perform orderly removal in VMware ESXi 6.x versions. Dell EMC customized image A02 supports surprise removal of NVMe device. For more information, see NVMe Hot-Plug on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers running VMware vSphere or vSAN.

Installing ESXi on flash media

After installing the SD card in your system, locate the ESXi installer media that you had created in Downloading Dell EMC customized ESXi images.

To install ESXi on the flash media, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the system.

   NOTE: Before installing ESXi, enable the flash storage device. For more information, see Enabling or disabling flash storage device.

2. Insert the ESXi installer media into the optical drive.

3. Restart the system.

4. When the Dell EMC logo is displayed, press F11 immediately.

5. At the Boot Menu, use the up- and down-arrow keys to select the optical drive and press Enter.
The installer environment starts. When the installer image loads, the system is ready to begin the flash storage imaging process.

⚠️ **CAUTION:** Step 6 deletes all data on SD storage device.

6. On the **Select a Disk** page, select the SD storage device on which you want to install ESXi and press Enter.
7. Enter the root password and press F11 to start the installation.
8. When the installation process is complete, press Enter to restart the system.
9. When the Dell EMC logo is displayed, press F11 immediately.
10. At the **Boot Menu**, use the up- and down-arrow keys to select the SD storage device, and then press Enter. The system boots and starts ESXi.
11. To enable recurring boot, see Configuring boot sequence to ESXi.
12. Set the correct licensing mode.
   For more information, see Licensing information.

### Installing ESXi on the hard drive

To install ESXi on the hard drive, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on the system.
2. Insert the ESXi installer media that you created earlier into the optical drive.
   For more information, see Download the Dell customized ESXi image.
3. When the Dell EMC logo is displayed, press F11 immediately.
4. At the **Boot Menu**, use the up- and down-arrow keys to select the optical drive and press Enter. When the installer image loads, the system is ready to begin the installation process.
   ⚠️ **CAUTION:** Step 5 deletes all data on the selected hard disk drive.
5. On the **Select a Disk** page, select the hard drive on which you want to install ESXi and press Enter.
6. Enter the root password and press Enter to reboot the system.
7. When the installation process is complete, press Enter to reboot the system.
   The system restarts and starts ESXi.
8. Set the correct licensing mode.
   For more information, see Licensing information.

### Installing ESXi on the BOSS-S1 device

To install ESXi on the BOSS-S1 device, complete the following procedure:

1. Turn on the system.
2. Insert the ESXi installer media that you created earlier into the optical drive.
   For more information, see Downloading Dell EMC customized ESXi images.
3. When the Dell EMC logo is displayed, press F11 immediately.
4. At the **Boot Menu**, use the up- and down-arrow keys to select the optical drive and press Enter.
   When the installer image loads, the system is ready to begin the installation process.
   ⚠️ **CAUTION:** Step 5 deletes all data on the selected BOSS-S1 device.
5. On the **Select a Disk** page, select the BOSS-S1 device on which you want to install ESXi and press Enter.
6. Enter the root password and press Enter to reboot the system.
7. When the installation process is complete, press Enter to reboot the system.
   The system restarts and starts ESXi.
8. Set the correct licensing mode.
   For more information, see Licensing information.

### Creating a virtual disk with the BOSS-S1 device

1. Turn on the system.
2. Press F2 to enter System Setup, and then select Device Settings > BOSS-S1 Configuration Utility.
3. Select the Create RAID configuration option.
4. Select the two M.2 SATA physical disks displayed, and then click Next to proceed to next page.
5. Choose the appropriate options as required, and type the name for the virtual disk.
6. Select Yes for Would you like to create virtual disk option? and then click Next to proceed to next page.

Virtual disk is created successfully and you can verify the virtual disk information at the BOSS-S1 configuration Utility > Physical/Virtual Disk information. The created virtual disk is displayed in the Virtual Disk Info.

Enabling or disabling flash storage device

To install the ESXi on an internal flash storage device:
1. Turn on the system.
2. When the Dell EMC logo is displayed, press F2 immediately to open the System Setup page.
   
   **NOTE:** If you press a key on the keyboard for extended time, it may result in a keyboard failure. To avoid possible keyboard failure, press, and release F2 at even intervals until the System Setup page is displayed.
   
   If the Operating System logo is displayed instead of the System Setup page, wait until the operating system finishes loading. Turn off the system, and try again.

3. Use the up- and down-arrow keys to select Integrated Devices, and then press Enter.
4. To enable the Internal SD card:
   a. Set Internal SD card Port to On.
   b. Set Internal SD card Redundancy to Mirror.
   c. Set Internal SD Primary Card as SD Card 1.
   To disable the Internal SD card:
   a. Set Internal SD card Port to Off.
   
   **CAUTION:** Booting into an operating system other than ESXi, without disabling the internal SD card results in data loss.

5. To enable the Flash Storage device:
   a. Select SD Card, depending upon the device is valid for your system.
   b. Use the right- and left-arrow keys to enable the device.
   To disable the Flash Storage device:
   a. Restart ESXi and access System Setup.
   b. Select SD Card, depending upon which device is valid for your system.
   c. Use the right- and left-arrow keys to disable the device.
   
   **CAUTION:** Booting into an operating system other than ESXi, without disabling the flash media results in data loss.

6. Press Enter to save your selection.
7. Press Esc.
8. Select Save Changes and Exit.
9. Press Enter to exit the System Setup screen.
10. Reboot the system.
11. To complete the process, perform the procedure in the Configuring one-time boot to the ESXi section or the Configuring boot sequence to the ESXi section.

Configuring one-time boot to ESXi

1. Turn on your system.
   The Dell EMC logo is displayed.
2. Press F11 to enter the one-time boot menu option.
   The menu entry changes to Entering Boot Menu, confirming your selection.
3. The boot menu displays several boot options. Select Hard Drive C: by using the up- and down-arrow keys.
4. Select SD Card by using the right-arrow key.
5. Press Enter to boot to the internal secure digital (SD) card.

Configuring boot sequence to ESXi

To boot your system to ESXi, complete the following steps:

1. Turn on your system.
   The Dell EMC logo is displayed.
2. Press F2 to open the System Setup page.
   After you complete the system boot, the System BIOS configuration menu is displayed.
3. Select Hard-Disk Boot Sequence by using the up- and down-arrow keys, and then select the relevant boot device.
4. Press the hyphen key (-) to move up the relevant boot device in the order.
   \textbf{CAUTION:} It is recommended that you do not modify other settings unless you are familiar with the settings. Modifying settings could cause your system to fail to boot or function properly.
5. Press Enter, and then follow the on-screen procedure to save these changes.
6. Restart your system.

VMware ESXi Secure boot support for Dell EMC PowerEdge Servers

VMware supports UEFI Secure boot on versions ESXi 6.5 or later. UEFI Secure boot in general verifies the integrity of every package that is loaded as part of the operating system (OS) bootup. Secure boot verifies the integrity of the vSphere Installation Bundle (VIB) packages that are loaded from the boot device.

ESXi Secure boot workflow

The mboot boot loader in ESXi contains a VMware public key and is validated against the Certificate Authority (CA) present in the platform BIOS UEFI Secure boot authorized Database (DB) during ESXi boot. The boot loader uses this key to verify the signature of the kernel and a small subset of systems that includes a Secure boot VIB verifier—a VIB package that is used for validating the signature of the drivers and other VIB packages that are loaded from the boot device. If any of the VIB installed on ESXi does not match with the signature of the public key that is contained in the bootloader, then ESXi boot ends up with the Purple Screen Of Death (PSOD) mentioning a signature mismatch for the specific failing VIBs.
The BIOS of Dell EMC's yx3x PowerEdge servers is preconfigured with the VMware Certificate Authority (VMCA) in the UEFI Secure boot authorized DB. Download the latest server BIOS from the Dell EMC support page before enabling UEFI Secure boot.

**NOTE:** UEFI Secure boot is supported only on Dell EMC's yx3x PowerEdge servers or later.

For more information about Secure boot, see the following pages:
- Secure Boot for ESXi 6.5 - Hypervisor Assurance
- UEFI Secure boot for ESXi Hosts

### Downloading patches and updates for ESXi

**NOTE:** To install any patches or updates for ESXi, ensure that you follow the instructions that are provided in this section.
NOTE: It is recommended that you regularly check for the latest patches and updates for ESXi. For certain hardware configurations, VMware may list certain patches or updates as required on its hardware compatibility list at VMware.com/resources/compatibility/search.php.

To check for and install the latest ESXi patch:
1. Go to the VMware Patch Downloads page.
2. Log in with your VMware credentials if prompted. Select Download Products option from the Quick Links pane to open All Downloads. Scroll down to Other Downloads on the right and click on Download Patches.

NOTE: If you are already logged in to MyVMware, you will not be prompted to enter your credentials.

3. Select ESXi (Embedded and Installable) from the Select a Product drop-down menu.
4. Select the version of your software from the Version drop-down menu.
5. Click the calendar icon to choose the Release Date.
6. Select the options All Severities and All Categories from the respective search filters.
7. Click Search.

The Download Patches page displays a list of all the patches that match the details that are specified.

8. Select the checkbox of the patch that is required and click Download to download the .zip file.
9. Install the patch using any of the update tools that are provided by VMware such as esxcli or vCenter Update Manager.

NOTE: For more information on the build numbers and the versions of VMware ESXi or ESX released, see VMware Knowledge Base article 2143832.

Creating vCenter Server installation media

1. Go to Vmware.com/download.
2. Click the VMware vSphere 7.0 download link.
3. Use your VMware store account credentials to log in to the download portal.
4. Follow the on-screen instructions to download the vCenter Server software.
5. Use a blank media to burn the ISO image.

You have now created your vCenter Server installation media.

Installing vCenter Server

Install and use vCenter Server to centrally manage your vSphere environment and to use all the features of vSphere Essentials Plus, Standard, Enterprise, or Enterprise Plus edition.

1. Insert the vCenter Server media into the optical drive.
2. Follow the on-screen instructions.

NOTE: If the installation program does not start automatically, browse to the vCenter Server media directory and locate autorun.exe. Double-click autorun.exe and follow the on-screen instructions.
Deploying vSphere 7.0

Important information

- Downstream Port Containment (DPC) is not supported on Dell PowerEdge servers with VMware ESXi 7.0 U2 due to known issues.
- Dell EMC recommends VMware ESXi 7.0 A02 image for installing and to upgrade from previous versions of ESXi. VMware 7.0 A00 is not recommended for upgrades.
- Dell EMC recommends you to follow the VMware recommendations published in VMware Knowledge Base article 78487 and Dell Knowledge Base article SLN320957.
- After upgrading to 7.0.x, downgrading to 6.7.x or 6.5.x is not possible.

For all the Dell EMC PowerEdge servers with factory-installed VMware ESXi operating system:

- The username for Dell EMC PowerEdge yx4x and yx5x servers is root and password is the Service Tag of your system followed by the character '!'.
  
  **NOTE:** To locate the Service Tag of your system, see Locating Service Tag of your system.

- Dell EMC PowerEdge yx3x servers do not have a password for the username root.

For the Dell EMC PowerEdge servers with a factory-installed VMware ESXi operating system on a BOSS-S1 device:

- The VMFS datastore is not enabled by default on Dell EMC PowerEdge yx4x servers. Use the BOSS-S1 device as an operating system boot device and vSphere ESXi logging device. See VMware Knowledge Base article 2145210.
- Dell EMC PowerEdge yx4x server supports ESXi installation on the Non-RAID logical unit number (LUN) or passsthrough hard drives or the Solid state drives or BOSS-S1 device or iDSDM.
- Dell EMC PowerEdge yx4x server supports ESXi installation on an On-board SATA controller in AHCI mode.
- It is recommended that you use the latest BIOS versions that are listed at www.dell.com/support/home for the Dell EMC PowerEdge servers.
- Dell EMC's PowerEdge yx3x server supports the ESXi installation on the Non-RAID logical unit number (LUN) or passsthrough Hard disk drives (HDDs) or the Solid State Drives (SSDs) or iDSDM.
- Dell EMC PowerEdge servers shipped with BCM 5709 LOMs (with the iSCSI offload enabled through the hardware key) support iSCSI Boot Firmware Table (iBFT).
- PowerEdge servers that are shipped with Intel Xeon 5600 series processor and later versions support Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) with the latest shipping BIOS.
- You cannot automatically preactivate the Microsoft Windows Server 2008 and later versions of operating system that is installed on virtual machines by using the product activation code in the Dell EMC OEM installation media. Use a virtual product key to activate the guest operating system. For more information, see the Dell EMC OEM Windows Server 2008 Installation on Virtual Machines Using Dell EMC OEM Media white paper at www.dell.com/downloads/global/solutions/WS08_Media_VM_Final.pdf.
- The ESXi image that is preinstalled on your PowerEdge server may not contain all the drivers that are required for peripherals. More drivers must be installed to enable certain add-on peripherals. You can download the drivers from www.downloads.vmware.com.
- ESXi does not support storage LUN exposed from On-board SATA Controller with Software RAID.
- vSphere 7.0 supports booting ESXi hosts in Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) mode. With UEFI, systems can be booted with ESXi from local hard drives, CD/DVD drives, or USB media. Booting over the network requires the legacy BIOS firmware and is not available with UEFI.
- On Non-Uniform Memory Access (NUMA) enabled systems installed with ESXi, It is recommended that you populate all processor nodes with similar memory to enable balanced distribution of memory across nodes. With unbalanced memory distribution across nodes, you may face performance degradation issues or ESXi may fail to boot.
  
  **NOTE:** For more information about NUMA, see the VMware Knowledge Base articles: VMware Knowledge Base article1003690 and VMware Knowledge Base article1570. Also, see the VMware's resource management guide for vSphere 7.0 at www.VMware.com/support/pubs.
- ESXi 7.0 requires a minimum system memory of 8 GB on all supported servers. However, on some Dell EMC PowerEdge servers with 4 GB, all the available memory is not allocated to the ESXi installer. This may result in an installation failure.
Ensure more than 4 GB RAM is installed. For optimal memory configuration on the Dell EMC PowerEdge servers, see the Server Owner’s Manual.

- To enable the Virtualization Technology (VT) feature, select **System Setup**, and then select **Processor**.

**NOTE:** To run 64-bit virtual machines on Intel processor-based servers, you must enable the VT feature.

**Topics:**

- vSphere configuration using Dell EMC Fibre Channel SAN
- vSphere configuration using iSCSI SAN
- Booting ESXi
- Configuring the password
- Configuring Lockdown mode
- Managing management network services

**vSphere configuration using Dell EMC Fibre Channel SAN**

If you use Fibre Channel storage, you can connect a single Fibre Channel Host Bus Adapter (HBA) to a Fibre Channel switch that provides paths to both the storage controllers on the Fibre Channel storage unit. To provide maximum protection against a single failure at the HBA, Fibre Channel switch, or SP level, it is recommended that you use two Fibre Channel HBAs on the ESXi host connected to separate Fibre Channel switches. The Fibre Channel switches provide redundant paths to the storage controllers on the storage unit. The following figure shows the vSphere configuration using Fibre Channel SAN.

![Figure 4. Configuring vSphere using Dell EMC Fibre Channel SAN](image-url)
vSphere configuration using iSCSI SAN

The iSCSI SAN provides a cost-effective solution. It is recommended to use two iSCSI initiators on the ESXi host connected to two separate Ethernet switches to provide redundant paths to the storage controllers on the storage system. The following figure shows a vSphere configuration using iSCSI SAN.

![Diagram](image)

**Figure 5. Configuring vSphere with iSCSI SAN**

Booting ESXi

This section describes performing the basic setup of your system based on the following assumptions:

- You have already connected a keyboard, monitor, and mouse.
- You have connected the first onboard NIC to your management network.
- The network infrastructure between the two systems is working correctly prior to working with your system and the VMware management software.

To set up your system:

1. Turn on your system.
2. Press F11 at boot and select the internal storage device as the one-time boot device located under Hard Drives in the menu.

   **NOTE:** If you ordered ESXi as the primary operating system, the boot order of the system is already set to boot from ESXi.

   **NOTE:** If the system fails to boot into ESXi, set SD card as first boot device in boot sequence.

   **NOTE:** If DHCP server is not configured in the network, valid IP address is not obtained by default.
Configuring the password

You can use DCUI to change the password for the administrator account. The administrative user name for the ESXi 6 host is root.

To change the password:
1. Press F2 in the main ESXi Server host screen that is displayed after your system boots. The Authentication Required screen is displayed.
2. Select Configure Password and then press Enter.
3. Enter the old and new passwords. If the password is accepted, the main DCUI screen is displayed. The new password is now set.
4. Press Esc to log out.

Configuring Lockdown mode

Lockdown mode prevents remote personnel from logging in to the ESXi host by using the root login name. By default, lockdown mode is disabled. If you enable lockdown mode and do not configure other local host user accounts to have standalone host access through the vSphere Client, the root user does not have access through the vSphere API and CLI.

**NOTE:** When you enable the lockdown, non-VMware VIBs such as OpenManage does not work.

You can continue to access the host through the direct console or through an authorized and centralized management application, such as vCenter Server.
1. Select Configure Lockdown Mode and press Enter.
2. Press the Spacebar to select Enable Lockdown Mode and press Enter twice.

Managing management network services

The ESXi 6 kernel supports IPv4, IPv6, and IEEE 802.1Q (VLAN tagging) for all management network connections. Configuration of parameters including IP address, gateway, subnet mask, host name, and DNS systems occurs through the DCUI.

1. Press F2 in the main ESXi host screen that is displayed after your system boots. The Authentication Required screen is displayed.
2. Type your login credentials and press Enter.
4. For the PowerEdge M-series modular systems enabled with FlexAddress:
   a. Ensure that the variable Net.FollowHardwareMac is set to 1.
   b. Use the vSphere Client to connect to the ESXi host.
   c. Navigate to Configuration > Software > Advanced Settings > Net.
   d. Set Net.FollowHardwareMac to 1 and reboot the ESXi host.
5. Back up your configuration settings.

For more information, see Back up and restore configuration.
NOTE: It is recommended that you back up your VMware ESXi configuration after you complete the initial setup on a routine schedule that fits your datacenter environment. Backing up your configuration captures the license code (host serial number).

To back up or restore the configuration information, use the VMware vSphere CLI. The vSphere CLI is available in:
• vSphere CLI package — vSphere CLI package can be installed on either Linux or on Microsoft Windows operating systems.

Both of these software are available for download from vmware.com. For more information on setting up and running the vSphere CLI, see the VMware vSphere Command-Line Interface Installation and Reference Guide and VMware ESXi Embedded and vCenter Server Setup Guide at vmware.com/support/pubs.

The back up and restore steps are given in this section considering that:
• You have already imported the vSphere CLI to a system other than the one you want to back up or restore.
• You have installed the Windows or Linux management Application Programming Interfaces (APIs).

For more information about backing up and restoring the ESXi host configuration, see How to back up ESXi host configuration (2042141).
Licensing information

This section discusses the different modes of obtaining vSphere license for your Dell EMC PowerEdge servers.

**NOTE:** For more information about the different editions, see [vmware.com](http://vmware.com).

**Topics:**
- License evaluation
- vSphere licensing
- License key administration
- VMware product licensing

**License evaluation**

VMware enables a 60-day free evaluation period for all enterprise-level features of vSphere 7.0. At the end of the evaluation period, your ESXi hypervisor may stop managing all virtual machines in the inventory. To continue managing the virtual machines, upgrade the evaluation license to the vSphere Essentials Plus, Standard, Enterprise, or the Enterprise Plus edition license that you purchased.

- vCenter Server Standard 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Essentials Plus for 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Standard 1 CPU for 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Enterprise Plus 1 CPU for 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Desktop for 100 VMs 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSAN 1 CPU License for 1 year
- vSOM Enterprise Plus 1 CPU, 3 year & 5 year License
- vSOM Enterprise Plus Acceleration Kit for 6 CPUs, 3 year License
- vSAN License for 1CPU 3 year & 5 year
- Advanced vSAN License for 1CPU 3 year & 5 year
- vCenter Foundation 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Essentials 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Acceleration Kits - Standard 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- vSphere Acceleration Kits Enterprise Plus 1 year, 3 year & 5 year
- VMware 6 Basic for 1 processor 1 year & 3 year

**vSphere licensing**

If you order any vSphere license (Essentials Plus, Standard, Enterprise, Enterprise Plus, Virtual SAN, or vCenter Server) with your server, the license certificate is shipped on a media with the server. To use the software and receive the subscription services, register, and exchange the Partner Activation Code (PAC) printed on the license certificate for a license key or license activation code. The registration must be completed within 30 days from the date of product purchase. With registration of the licensing or use of the ESXi hypervisor, you are agreeing to the VMware ESXi and/or VMware vCenter Server End User License Agreement (EULA) posted at [vmware.com/download/eula/](http://vmware.com/download/eula/).

For information about product features and licensing methods, go to [vmware.com](http://vmware.com).

**License key administration**

You can administer the license key by using vSphere Client to manage the licenses individually on the ESXi system. Alternatively, you can use vCenter Server to manage the licenses centrally.
NOTE: For more information about administering license keys and the VMware software licensing configuration, go to VMware.com/support/pubs.

NOTE: If you receive a warning that you are disabling certain features by switching out of evaluation mode, click OK, and then click Yes.

NOTE: Use all licensing information according to VMware’s End User Licensing Agreement.

VMware product licensing

The VMware product license offerings are:
- vCenter Server Standard
- vSphere Essentials Plus
- vSphere Standard
- vSphere Enterprise Plus
- vSphere Desktop for 100 VMs
- vSOM Standard
- vSOM Enterprise
- vSOM Enterprise Plus
- vSOM Standard Acceleration Kit for 6 CPUs
- vSOM Enterprise Acceleration Kit for 6 CPUs
- vSOM Enterprise Plus Acceleration Kit for 6 CPUs
- VMware Virtual SAN
- VMware Virtual SAN 7.x Advanced
Troubleshooting ESXi

Topics:

- ESXi installation
- Frequently asked questions

ESXi installation

This section provides troubleshooting steps for common issues encountered during deployment of ESXi.

ESXi does not boot or displays a no OS found message at start up

Check the boot order. The correct storage device may no longer be selected as the first boot device. This can happen if the device has recently been removed due to failure. To correct this issue, ensure that the internal storage drive on which ESXi must be installed is assigned as the first boot device in the hard drive sequence and the hard drive is assigned as the first boot device in the boot sequence.

Purple or pink screen while booting or running your ESXi

This is a sign of a serious misconfiguration or system error, similar to a blue screen for a Windows operating system or kernel panic for a Linux-based system. Contact Dell EMC Support for technical assistance.

Frequently asked questions

What is the minimum RAM required to install VMware ESXi

The minimum RAM required for installing ESXi on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers is 8 GB.

VMware recommends a minimum of 4 GB RAM to install ESXi. However, if you install ESXi on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers with 4 GB RAM, the installation may fail due to insufficient memory. This is because, a part of the RAM is occupied by the BIOS.

![Figure 6. VMware ESXi installation failure](image)
Why are network adapters not detected during ESXi installation

**Cause:**
This issue occurs due to one of the following reasons:
- The ESXi image does not contain the latest version of network drivers, for Network Daughter Cards (NDCs) or network adapters used in Dell EMC servers.
- PowerEdge server does not have an NDC installed.
- The NDC installed on the PowerEdge server is faulty.
- PowerEdge server has an NDC installed, but the NDC setting is disabled in the BIOS or UEFI.

**Resolution:**
1. Use the latest available Dell EMC customized ESXi image, which contains drivers for all NDC or network adapters that are supported on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers.
   - **NOTE:** For more information about downloading the Dell EMC customized ESXi image, see the Downloading the Dell EMC ESXi installer media section.
2. Check if the NDC is working correctly.
3. Check if the NDC setting is enabled in BIOS/UEFI.
   - **NOTE:** For more information about installing and configuring the NDC on a PowerEdge server, see Dell EMC PowerEdge hardware Owner’s Manual at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

![No Network Adapters](image)

Figure 7. No network adapter error during ESXi installation

Why are target devices not available in ESXi installer

**Cause:**
This issue occurs due to one of the following reasons:
1. There is no PowerEdge RAID controller or Internal Dual SD Module (IDSDM) or the BOSS-S1 device installed on the server.
2. The drivers for the Storage controllers are not available in the ISO image.
3. In the BIOS configuration utility, IDSDM is disabled.
4. In the BIOS configuration utility, the Integrated RAID controller is disabled.
5. If the Storage controller is set to RAID mode, and virtual disks are not created with the hard drives associated with the controller.

**Resolution:**
1. Use the latest available Dell EMC customized ESXi image, which contains drivers for all the supported storage controllers on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers.
2. Ensure that the SD card is installed in the IDSDM card before installing the IDSDM card on the server. In the BIOS configuration utility, set IDSDM to **Enable**.
3. In the BIOS configuration utility, ensure that **Integrated RAID Controller** is set to **Enable**.
4. While installing ESXi, ensure that the **USB 3.0** option in the BIOS settings is set to **Disable**.
5. If the Storage controller is set to RAID mode, ensure that the virtual disks are created with the hard drives associated with the controller.
Why does ESXi display the number of processors incorrectly

**Cause:**
This issue occurs if the **Snoop mode** option is set to **Cluster on Die** in the **BIOS Memory Settings** screen of a dual processor system.

**Resolution:**
To display the accurate number of processors, ensure that the **Snoop mode** option is not set to **Cluster on Die** in the **BIOS Memory Settings** screen.
Getting help

Topics:
• Contacting Dell EMC
• Locating Service Tag of your system
• Related information for virtualization solutions
• Identifying the series of your Dell EMC PowerEdge servers
• Documentation resources
• Download drivers and firmware
• Documentation feedback

Contacting Dell EMC

Dell EMC provides several online and telephone-based support and service options. Availability varies by country, region, and product, and some services may not be available in your area.

To contact Dell EMC for sales, technical assistance, or customer service issues, see www.dell.com/contactdell.

If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information on your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or the product catalog.

Locating Service Tag of your system

Your system is identified by a unique Express Service Code and Service Tag number. The Express Service Code and Service Tag are found on the front or back of the system by pulling out the information tag. Alternatively, the information may be on a sticker on the chassis of the system. This information is used by Dell EMC to route support calls to the appropriate personnel.

Related information for virtualization solutions

Table 2. Related information for virtualization solutions

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<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
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<td>OpenManage documentation</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals">www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>PowerEdge documentation</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/poweredgedemanuals">www.dell.com/poweredgedemanuals</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Basic configuration information for running ESXi on a Dell EMC PowerEdge server</td>
<td>Getting Started Guide at <a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• Information about downloading, installing, and configuring ESXi</td>
<td>Installation Instructions and Important Information Guide at <a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>• Supported hardware configurations for running ESXi on a Dell EMC PowerEdge server</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>PowerEdge servers and compatibility with vMotion</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">VMware ESXi vMotion Support on Dell EMC PowerEdge Servers Compatibility Matrix</a> at <a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>PowerEdge and PowerVault compatibility information for running ESXi</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">VMware vSphere on Dell EMC PowerEdge Servers Compatibility Matrix</a> at <a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
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### Table 2. Related information for virtualization solutions (continued)

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<tr>
<td>Known issues and resolutions</td>
<td>VMware vSphere 7.0 on Dell EMC PowerEdge Server Release Notes at <a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
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<td>ESXi ISO image customization information</td>
<td>VMware ESXi on Dell EMC PowerEdge Systems Image Customization Information at <a href="http://www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions">www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions</a></td>
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<td>UEFI Boot order management utility in VMware ESXi 7.0</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/support/article/en-us/sln321019">www.dell.com/support/article/en-us/sln321019</a></td>
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<td>Dell EMC Add-on for VMware vSphere 7.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dell EMC ESXi 7.0 Quick Boot compatibility guide</td>
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<td>VMware vSphere Life Cycle Manager vLCM and Dell EMC integration</td>
<td>downloads.dell.com/manuals/all-products/esuprt_software_int/esuprt_software_virtualization_solutions/vmware-esxi-7x_white-papers3_en-us.pdf</td>
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<tr>
<td>PVRDMA Deployment and Configuration of QLogic CNA devices in VMware ESXi</td>
<td>downloads.dell.com/manuals/common/vmware_esxi_6x_7x_whitepaper6_en_us.pdf</td>
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<tr>
<td>Self-Encrypting Drives in Dell EMC PowerEdge servers with VMware vSphere</td>
<td>downloads.dell.com/manuals/common/vmware_esxi_6x_7x_whitepaper7_en_us.pdf</td>
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<td>NVMe Hot-Plug on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers running VMware vSphere or vSAN</td>
<td>downloads.dell.com/manuals/common/vmware_esxi_6x_7x_whitepaper9_en_us.pdf</td>
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<td>Upgrading to Dell EMC vSphere and vSAN version 7.0</td>
<td>downloads.dell.com/manuals/all-products/esuprt_software_int/esuprt_software_virtualization_solutions/vmware-esxi-7x_white-papers8_en-us.pdf</td>
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</table>

### Technical support resources

- vmware.com/support
- www.dell.com/support/home
- Dell.com/services

### Discussion forums

- Communities.vmware.com/community/vmtn
- Dell Virtualization
- Wikis, Forums, Blogs, and Videos
- Dell Community

### Knowledge base

- kb.vmware.com/kb

**NOTE:** For more information that is related to the VMware ESXi installation on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers, go to Dell Virtualization.

### Virtualization videos for Dell EMC PowerEdge servers

All the supported virtualization videos for Dell EMC PowerEdge servers are available in the Supported Operating Systems for Dell PowerEdge servers playlist.
Table 3. Virtualization videos for Dell EMC PowerEdge servers

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<td>Downloading the Dell EMC customized ESXi image from support site</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=YnVxtkAkYTi">www.youtube.com/watch?v=YnVxtkAkYTi</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Downloading Dell EMC customized ESXi image from VMware website</td>
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<td>Operating system Deployment (VMware ESXi)—Installing Using CD/DVD</td>
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<tr>
<td>Enabling and Configuring Fault Resilient Memory on Dell EMC PowerEdge servers</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=retSh-XleK0">www.youtube.com/watch?v=retSh-XleK0</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>OS Deployment (VMware ESXi)—Installing on BOSS S1 device</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TB1loXpFFME">www.youtube.com/watch?v=TB1loXpFFME</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>OS Deployment (VMware ESXi)—Installing on IDSDM</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EC-Xntg5mgw">www.youtube.com/watch?v=EC-Xntg5mgw</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>To enable UEFI Secure Boot on VMware ESXi for Dell EMC’s YX3X PowerEdge servers</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ll9qlF9qV9l">www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ll9qlF9qV9l</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><img src="https://via.placeholder.com/15" alt="NOTE" /> This video is applicable to VMware ESXi 6.5.x and later.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To enable UEFI Secure Boot on VMware ESXi for Dell EMC’s YX4X PowerEdge servers</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZZB_XyV0enY">www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZZB_XyV0enY</a></td>
</tr>
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<td><img src="https://via.placeholder.com/15" alt="NOTE" /> This video is applicable to VMware ESXi 6.5.x and later.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Identifying the series of your Dell EMC PowerEdge servers

The PowerEdge series of servers from Dell EMC are divided into different categories based on their configuration. They are referred as YX2X, YX3X, YX4X, YX4XX, or YX5XX series of servers. The structure of the naming convention is described below:

The letter Y denotes the character in the server model number. The character denotes the form factor of the server. The form factors are listed below:
- C- Cloud
- F- Flexible
- M or MX- Modular
- R- Rack
- T- Tower

The letter X denotes the numbers in the server model number. The number denotes multiple characteristics about the server. They are listed as follows:
- The first digit (X) denotes the value stream or class of the server.
  - 1-5—iDRAC basic
  - 6-9—iDRAC Express
- The second digit denotes the series of the server. It is retained in the server naming convention and does not replace the letter X.
  - 0—series 10
  - 1—series 11
  - 2—series 12
  - 3—series 13
  - 4—series 14
  - 5—series 15
- The last digit (X) always denotes the make of the processor as described below:
  - 0—Intel
  - 5—AMD

![NOTE](https://via.placeholder.com/15) For servers that use an AMD processor, the model number is made up of four digits instead of three. The third digit (X) denotes the number of processor sockets that the series of server supports.
- 1—one socket server
Table 4. PowerEdge servers naming convention and examples

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>YX3X servers</th>
<th>YX4X systems</th>
<th>YX4XX systems</th>
<th>YX5XX</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PowerEdge M630</td>
<td>PowerEdge M640</td>
<td>PowerEdge R6415</td>
<td>PowerEdge R6515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PowerEdge M830</td>
<td>PowerEdge R440</td>
<td>PowerEdge R7415</td>
<td>PowerEdge R7515</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PowerEdge T130</td>
<td>PowerEdge R540</td>
<td>PowerEdge R7425</td>
<td>PowerEdge R6525</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Documentation resources

This section provides information about the documentation resources for your server.

Table 5. Additional documentation resources for your server

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Document</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Setting up your server</td>
<td>For information about installing the server into a rack, see the rack documentation included with your rack solution or the Getting Started Guide that is shipped with your server.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals">www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For information about turning on the server and the technical specifications of your server, see the Getting Started Guide that is shipped with your server.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals">www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Configuring your server</td>
<td>For information about the iDRAC features, configuring and logging in to iDRAC, and managing your server remotely, see the Integrated Dell Remote Access Configuration Tool User's Guide.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/idracmanuals">www.dell.com/idracmanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For information about installing the operating system, see operating system documentation.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/operatingsystemmanuals">www.dell.com/operatingsystemmanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For information about understanding Remote Access Controller Admin (RACADM) subcommands and supported RACADM interfaces, see the iDRAC RACADM CLI Guide.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/idracmanuals">www.dell.com/idracmanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For information about updating drivers and firmware, see Download drivers and firmware topic in this document.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/support/drivers">www.dell.com/support/drivers</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Managing your server</td>
<td>For information about server management software offered by Dell EMC, see the Dell EMC Systems Management Overview Guide.</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals">www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>For information about setting up, using, and troubleshooting</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals">www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Table 5. Additional documentation resources for your server (continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Task</th>
<th>Document</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OpenManage, see the Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator User's Guide.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For information about installing and using Dell SupportAssist, see the Dell EMC SupportAssist Enterprise User's Guide.</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="https://www.dell.com/serviceabilitytools">https://www.dell.com/serviceabilitytools</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For understanding the features of Dell EMC Lifecycle Controller (LC), see the Lifecycle Controller User's Guide.</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/idracmanuals">www.dell.com/idracmanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For information about partner programs enterprise systems management, see the OpenManage Connections Enterprise Systems Management documents.</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/esmmanuals">www.dell.com/esmmanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For information about viewing inventory, performing configuration, and monitoring tasks, remotely turning on or off servers, and enabling alerts for events on servers and components using the Dell EMC Chassis Management Controller (CMC), see the Chassis Management Controller User's Guide.</td>
<td></td>
<td><a href="http://www.dell.com/esmmanuals">www.dell.com/esmmanuals</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Working with the Dell EMC PowerEdge RAID controllers</td>
<td>For information about understanding the features of the Dell EMC PowerEdge RAID controllers (PERC) and deploying the PERC cards, see the Storage controller documentation.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Understanding event and error messages</td>
<td>For information about checking the event and error messages generated by the system firmware and agents that monitor server components, see the Dell EMC Event and Error Messages Reference Guide.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Troubleshooting your system</td>
<td>For information about identifying and troubleshooting the PowerEdge server issues, see the PowerEdge Servers Troubleshooting Guide.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Download drivers and firmware

It is recommended that you download and install the latest BIOS, drivers, and systems management firmware on your system. Ensure that you clear the web browser cache before downloading the drivers and firmware.

2. In the Drivers & Downloads section, enter the Service Tag of your system in the Enter a Dell Service Tag, Dell EMC Product ID, or Model text box, and then click the right arrow button.
   
   **NOTE:** If you do not have the Service Tag, click Detect PC to allow the system to automatically detect your Service Tag.

3. Click Drivers & Downloads.
   
   A list of applicable downloads is displayed.

4. Download the drivers or firmware to a USB drive, CD, or DVD.

Documentation feedback

You can rate the documentation or write your feedback on any of our Dell EMC documentation pages and click Send Feedback to send your feedback.