

OptiPlex 5080 Micro

Service Manual



Notes, cautions, and warnings

 **NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

 **CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

 **WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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Working on your computer

Topics:

- [Safety instructions](#)

Safety instructions

Use the following safety guidelines to protect your computer from potential damage and to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure included in this document assumes that you have read the safety information that shipped with your computer.

- NOTE:** Before working inside your computer, read the safety information that is shipped with your computer. For more safety best practices, see the Regulatory Compliance home page at www.dell.com/regulatory_compliance.
- NOTE:** Disconnect your computer from all power sources before opening the computer cover or panels. After you finish working inside the computer, replace all covers, panels, and screws before connecting your computer to an electrical outlet.
- CAUTION:** To avoid damaging the computer, ensure that the work surface is flat, dry and clean.
- CAUTION:** To avoid damaging the components and cards, handle them by their edges, and avoid touching the pins and the contacts.
- CAUTION:** You should only perform troubleshooting and repairs as authorized or directed by the Dell technical assistance team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. See the safety instructions that is shipped with the product or at www.dell.com/regulatory_compliance.
- CAUTION:** Before touching anything inside your computer, ground yourself by touching an unpainted metal surface, such as the metal at the back of the computer. While you work, periodically touch an unpainted metal surface to dissipate static electricity which could harm internal components.
- CAUTION:** When you disconnect a cable, pull it by its connector or its pull tab, not the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs or thumb-screws that you must disengage before disconnecting the cable. When disconnecting cables, keep them evenly-aligned to avoid bending the connector pins. When connecting cables, ensure that the ports and the connectors are correctly oriented and aligned.
- NOTE:** The color of your computer and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

Before working inside your computer

About this task

- NOTE:** The images in this document may differ from your computer depending on the configuration you ordered.

Steps

1. Save and close all open files and exit all open applications.
2. Shut down your computer. Click **Start** > **Power** > **Shut down**.
 - NOTE:** If you are using a different operating system, see the documentation of your operating system for shut-down instructions.
3. Disconnect your computer and all attached devices from their electrical outlets.

4. Disconnect all attached network devices and peripherals, such as keyboard, mouse, and monitor from your computer.

 **CAUTION: To disconnect a network cable, first unplug the cable from your computer and then unplug the cable from the network device.**

5. Remove any media card and optical disc from your computer, if applicable.

Safety precautions

The safety precautions chapter details the primary steps to be taken before performing any disassembly instructions.

Observe the following safety precautions before you perform any installation or break/fix procedures involving disassembly or reassembly:

- Turn off the system and all attached peripherals.
- Disconnect the system and all attached peripherals from AC power.
- Disconnect all network cables, telephone, and telecommunications lines from the system.
- Use an ESD field service kit when working inside any desktop to avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage.
- After removing any system component, carefully place the removed component on an anti-static mat.
- Wear shoes with non-conductive rubber soles to reduce the chance of getting electrocuted.

Standby power

Dell products with standby power must be unplugged before you open the case. Systems that incorporate standby power are essentially powered while turned off. The internal power enables the system to be remotely turned on (wake on LAN) and suspended into a sleep mode and has other advanced power management features.

Unplugging, pressing and holding the power button for 15 seconds should discharge residual power in the system board.

Bonding

Bonding is a method for connecting two or more grounding conductors to the same electrical potential. This is done through the use of a field service electrostatic discharge (ESD) kit. When connecting a bonding wire, ensure that it is connected to bare metal and never to a painted or non-metal surface. The wrist strap should be secure and in full contact with your skin, and ensure that you remove all jewelry such as watches, bracelets, or rings prior to bonding yourself and the equipment.

Electrostatic discharge—ESD protection

ESD is a major concern when you handle electronic components, especially sensitive components such as expansion cards, processors, memory DIMMs, and system boards. Very slight charges can damage circuits in ways that may not be obvious, such as intermittent problems or a shortened product life span. As the industry pushes for lower power requirements and increased density, ESD protection is an increasing concern.

Due to the increased density of semiconductors used in recent Dell products, the sensitivity to static damage is now higher than in previous Dell products. For this reason, some previously approved methods of handling parts are no longer applicable.

Two recognized types of ESD damage are catastrophic and intermittent failures.

- **Catastrophic** – Catastrophic failures represent approximately 20 percent of ESD-related failures. The damage causes an immediate and complete loss of device functionality. An example of catastrophic failure is a memory DIMM that has received a static shock and immediately generates a "No POST/No Video" symptom with a beep code emitted for missing or nonfunctional memory.
- **Intermittent** – Intermittent failures represent approximately 80 percent of ESD-related failures. The high rate of intermittent failures means that most of the time when damage occurs, it is not immediately recognizable. The DIMM receives a static shock, but the tracing is merely weakened and does not immediately produce outward symptoms related to the damage. The weakened trace may take weeks or months to melt, and in the meantime may cause degradation of memory integrity, intermittent memory errors, etc.

The more difficult type of damage to recognize and troubleshoot is the intermittent (also called latent or "walking wounded") failure.

Perform the following steps to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a wired ESD wrist strap that is properly grounded. The use of wireless anti-static straps is no longer allowed; they do not provide adequate protection. Touching the chassis before handling parts does not ensure adequate ESD protection on parts with increased sensitivity to ESD damage.
- Handle all static-sensitive components in a static-safe area. If possible, use anti-static floor pads and workbench pads.
- When unpacking a static-sensitive component from its shipping carton, do not remove the component from the anti-static packing material until you are ready to install the component. Before unwrapping the anti-static packaging, ensure that you discharge static electricity from your body.
- Before transporting a static-sensitive component, place it in an anti-static container or packaging.

ESD field service kit

The unmonitored Field Service kit is the most commonly used service kit. Each Field Service kit includes three main components: anti-static mat, wrist strap, and bonding wire.

Components of an ESD field service kit

The components of an ESD field service kit are:

- **Anti-Static Mat** – The anti-static mat is dissipative and parts can be placed on it during service procedures. When using an anti-static mat, your wrist strap should be snug and the bonding wire should be connected to the mat and to any bare metal on the system being worked on. Once deployed properly, service parts can be removed from the ESD bag and placed directly on the mat. ESD-sensitive items are safe in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside a bag.
- **Wrist Strap and Bonding Wire** – The wrist strap and bonding wire can be either directly connected between your wrist and bare metal on the hardware if the ESD mat is not required, or connected to the anti-static mat to protect hardware that is temporarily placed on the mat. The physical connection of the wrist strap and bonding wire between your skin, the ESD mat, and the hardware is known as bonding. Use only Field Service kits with a wrist strap, mat, and bonding wire. Never use wireless wrist straps. Always be aware that the internal wires of a wrist strap are prone to damage from normal wear and tear, and must be checked regularly with a wrist strap tester in order to avoid accidental ESD hardware damage. It is recommended to test the wrist strap and bonding wire at least once per week.
- **ESD Wrist Strap Tester** – The wires inside of an ESD strap are prone to damage over time. When using an unmonitored kit, it is a best practice to regularly test the strap prior to each service call, and at a minimum, test once per week. A wrist strap tester is the best method for doing this test. If you do not have your own wrist strap tester, check with your regional office to find out if they have one. To perform the test, plug the wrist-strap's bonding-wire into the tester while it is strapped to your wrist and push the button to test. A green LED is lit if the test is successful; a red LED is lit and an alarm sounds if the test fails.
- **Insulator Elements** – It is critical to keep ESD sensitive devices, such as plastic heat sink casings, away from internal parts that are insulators and often highly charged.
- **Working Environment** – Before deploying the ESD Field Service kit, assess the situation at the customer location. For example, deploying the kit for a server environment is different than for a desktop or portable environment. Servers are typically installed in a rack within a data center; desktops or portables are typically placed on office desks or cubicles. Always look for a large open flat work area that is free of clutter and large enough to deploy the ESD kit with additional space to accommodate the type of system that is being repaired. The workspace should also be free of insulators that can cause an ESD event. On the work area, insulators such as Styrofoam and other plastics should always be moved at least 12 inches or 30 centimeters away from sensitive parts before physically handling any hardware components
- **ESD Packaging** – All ESD-sensitive devices must be shipped and received in static-safe packaging. Metal, static-shielded bags are preferred. However, you should always return the damaged part using the same ESD bag and packaging that the new part arrived in. The ESD bag should be folded over and taped shut and all the same foam packing material should be used in the original box that the new part arrived in. ESD-sensitive devices should be removed from packaging only at an ESD-protected work surface, and parts should never be placed on top of the ESD bag because only the inside of the bag is shielded. Always place parts in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside an anti-static bag.
- **Transporting Sensitive Components** – When transporting ESD sensitive components such as replacement parts or parts to be returned to Dell, it is critical to place these parts in anti-static bags for safe transport.

ESD protection summary

It is recommended that all field service technicians use the traditional wired ESD grounding wrist strap and protective anti-static mat at all times when servicing Dell products. In addition, it is critical that technicians keep sensitive parts separate from all insulator parts while performing service and that they use anti-static bags for transporting sensitive components.

After working inside your computer

About this task

 **CAUTION:** Leaving stray or loose screws inside your computer may severely damage your computer.

Steps

1. Replace all screws and ensure that no stray screws remain inside your computer.
2. Connect any external devices, peripherals, or cables you removed before working on your computer.
3. Replace any media cards, discs, or any other parts that you removed before working on your computer.
4. Connect your computer and all attached devices to their electrical outlets.
5. Turn on your computer.

Disassembly and reassembly

Topics:

- Recommended tools
- Screw List
- Major components of your system
- Side cover
- Front bezel
- Hard-drive assembly
- Solid-state drive
- WLAN card
- Fan assembly
- Heat sink
- Coin-cell battery
- Memory modules
- Speaker
- Optional I/O modules (Type C/ HDMI/VGA/DP/Serial)
- Processor
- System board

Recommended tools

The procedures in this document require the following tools:

- Phillips #0 screwdriver
- Phillips #1 screwdriver
- Plastic scribe - Recommended for field technician

Screw List

The following table shows the screw list and the image of the screws.

Table 1. Screw list






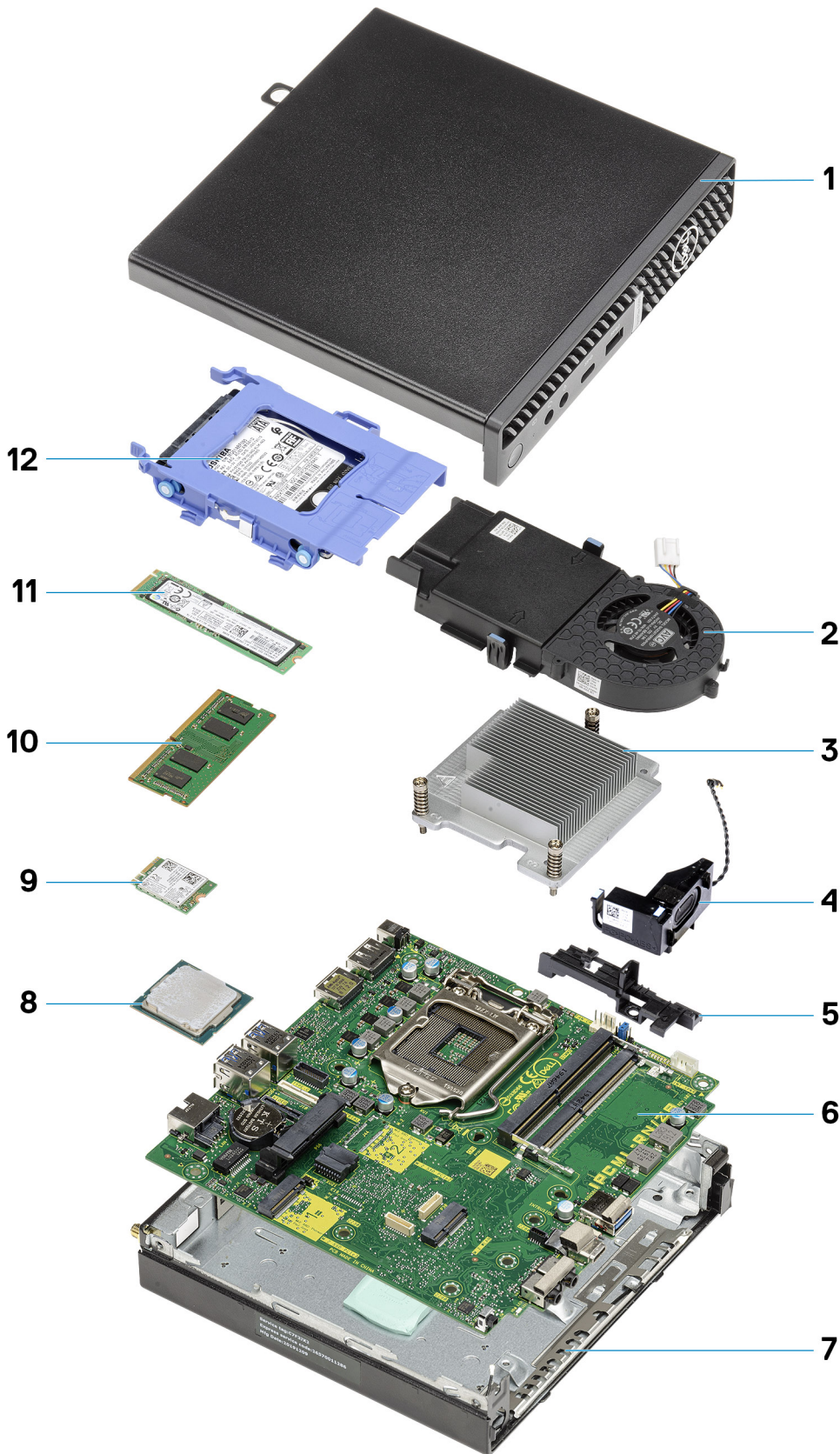
Component	Screw type	Quantity	Image
Side cover	6x32 (Thumb screw)	1	
M.2 2230/2280 Solid-state drive	M2x3.5	1	

Table 1. Screw list (continued)

Component	Screw type	Quantity	Image
WLAN card	M2x3.5	1	
I/O module (optional)	M3x3	2	
System board	M3x4 6-32	2 4	

Major components of your system



1. Side cover

2. Fan assembly
3. Heatsink
4. Speaker
5. Hard drive caddy
6. System board
7. Chassis
8. Processor
9. M.2 WLAN
10. Memory module
11. M.2 Solid-state drive
12. Hard drive assembly

i **NOTE:** Dell provides a list of components and their part numbers for the original system configuration purchased. These parts are available according to warranty coverages purchased by the customer. Contact your Dell sales representative for purchase options.

Side cover

Removing the side cover

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).

i **NOTE:** Ensure that you remove the security cable from the security-cable slot (if applicable).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the side cover and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
6x32

1



2



Steps

1. Loosen the thumbscrew (6x32) that secures the side cover to the system.

2. Slide the side cover towards the front of the system and lift the cover.

Installing the side cover

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the side cover and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.





1x
6x32

2



Steps

1. Align the side cover with the grooves on the chassis.
2. Slide the side cover towards the back of the system to install it.
3. Tighten the thumbscrew (6x32) to secure the side cover to the system.

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Front bezel

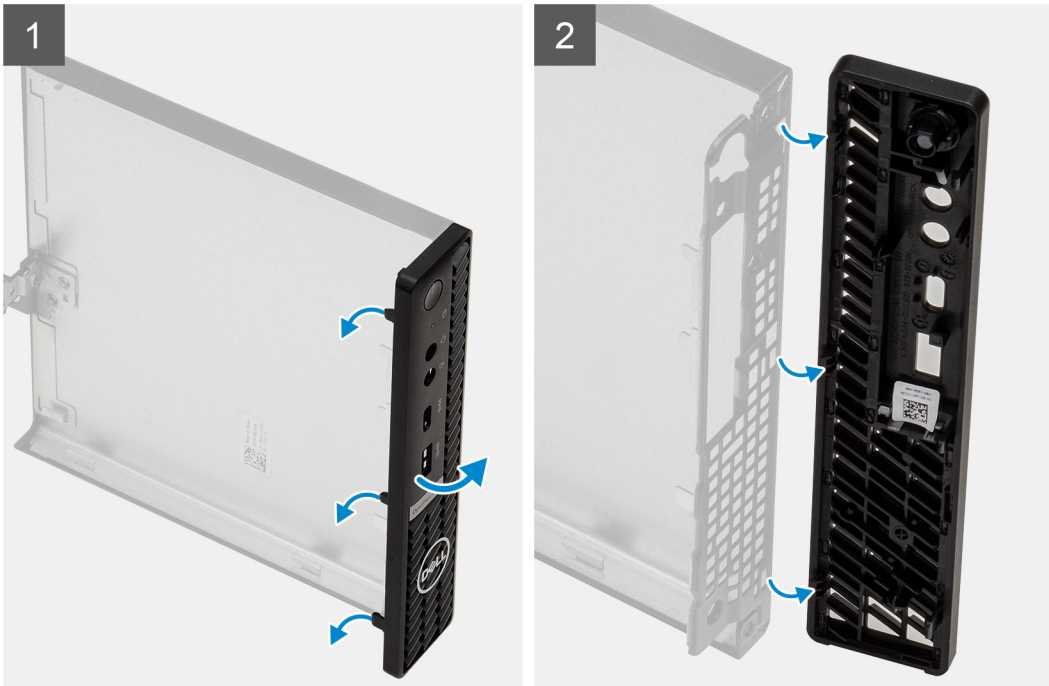
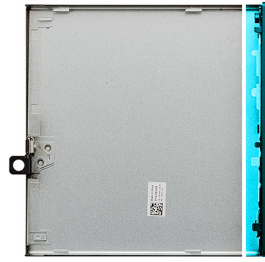
Removing the front bezel

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the front bezel and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Pry the retention tabs to release the front bezel from the system.
2. Remove the front bezel from the system.

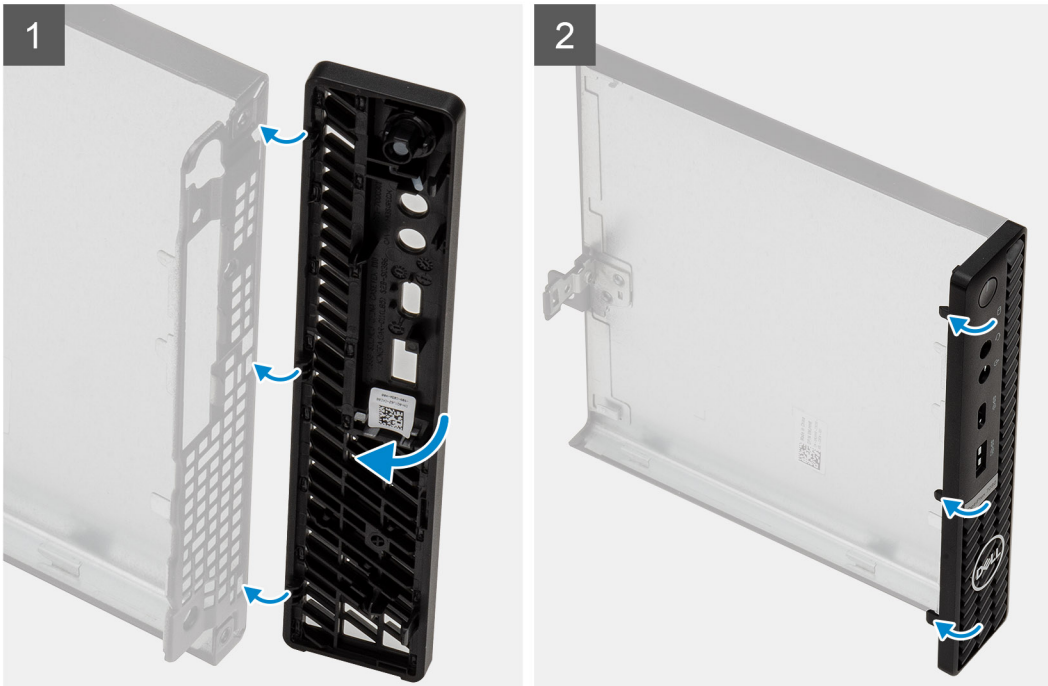
Installing the front bezel

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the front bezel and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Position the bezel to align the tabs with the slots on the chassis.
2. Press the bezel until the release tabs click into place.

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Hard-drive assembly

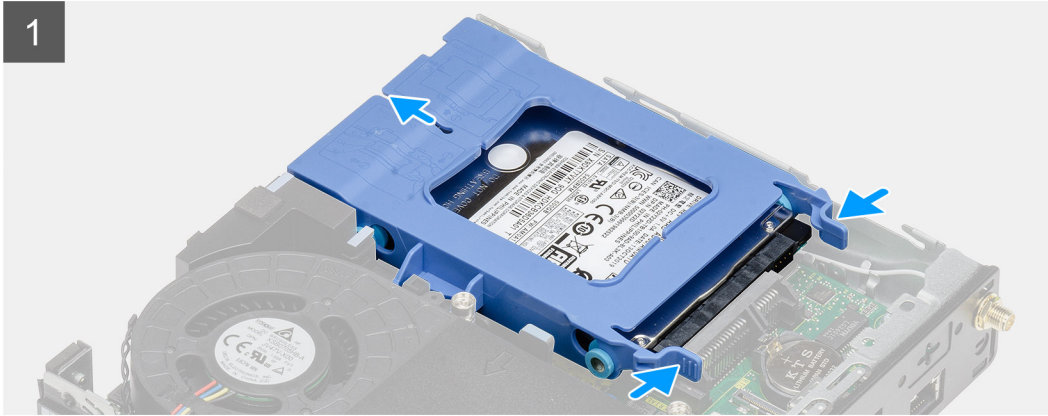
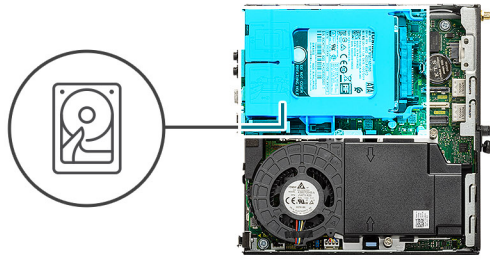
Removing the hard-drive assembly

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the hard-drive assembly and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Press the release tabs on the hard-drive assembly and slide it towards the front of the system to disconnect it from the connector on the system board.
2. Lift the hard drive assembly from the system.

NOTE: Note the orientation of the hard drive so that you can replace it correctly.

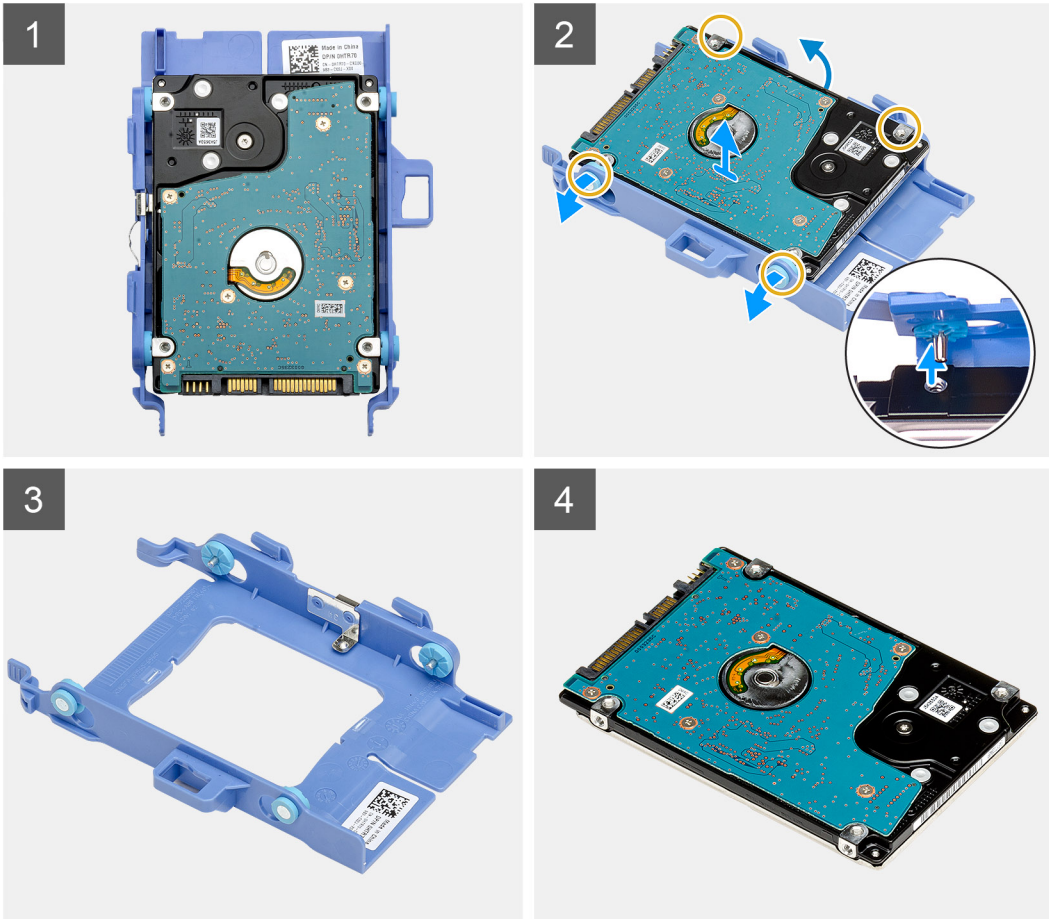
Removing the hard-drive bracket

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [2.5 in. hard-drive assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the hard-drive bracket and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Pull one side of the hard-drive bracket to disengage the pins on the bracket from the slots on the drive.
2. Lift the hard-drive out of the bracket.

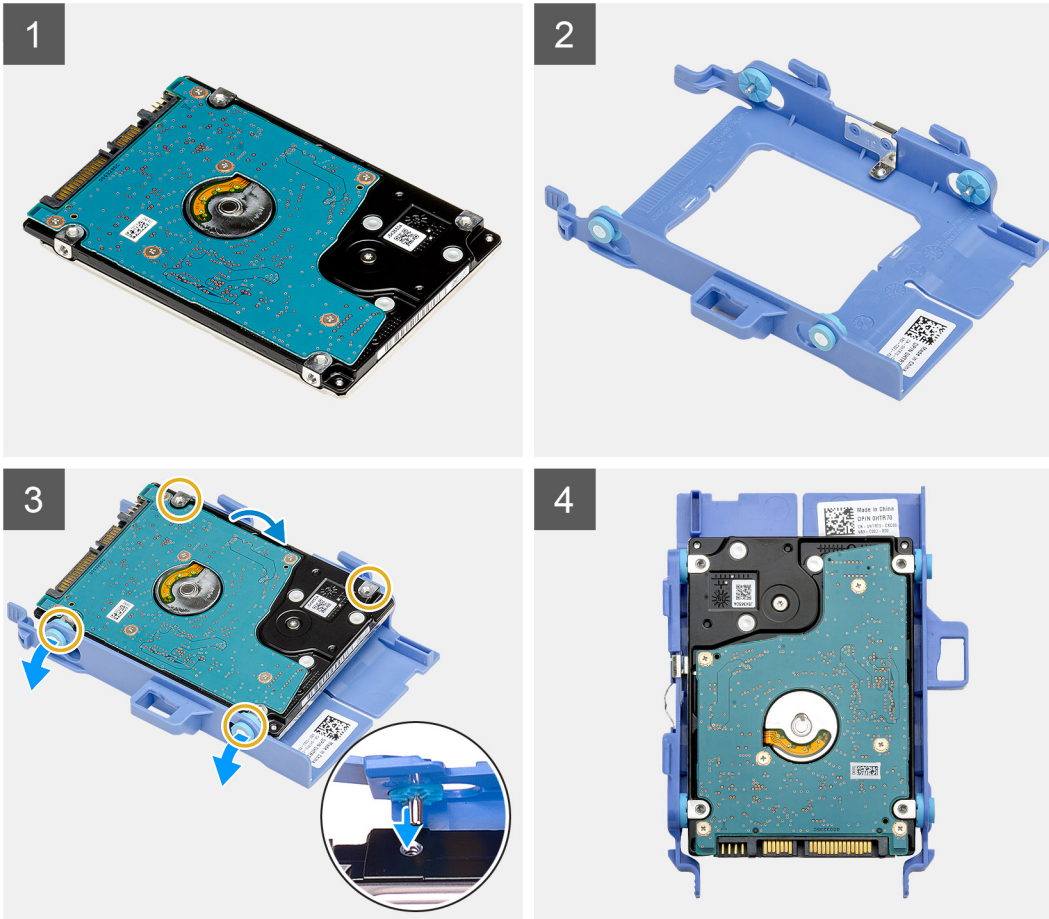
Installing the hard-drive bracket

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the hard-drive bracket and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Place the hard-drive into the bracket.
 2. Align and insert the pins on the drive bracket with the slots on the drive.
- i** **NOTE:** Note the orientation of the hard-drive so that you can replace it correctly.

Next steps

1. Install the [2.5 in. hard-drive assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

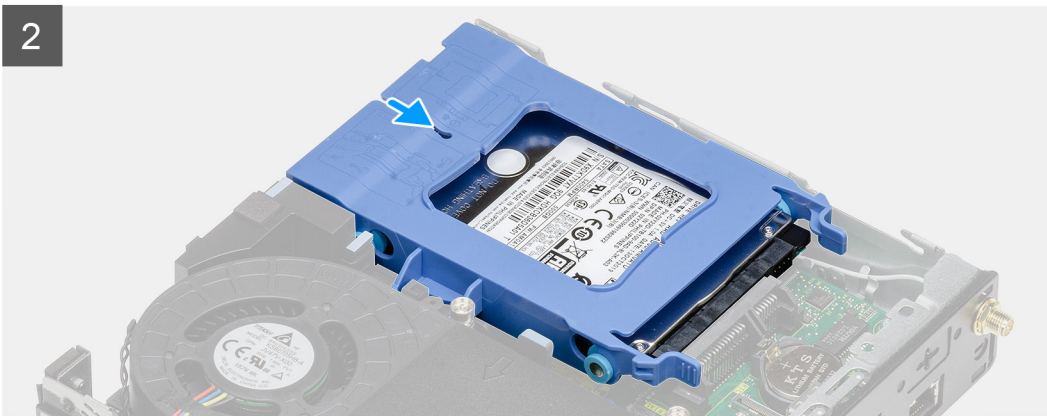
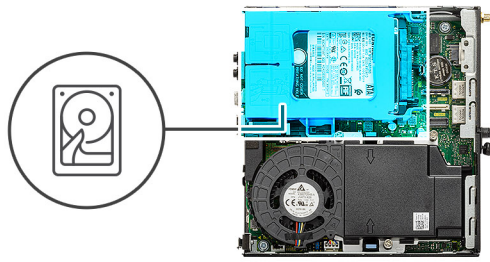
Installing the 2.5 in. hard-drive assembly

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the hard-drive assembly and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Insert the hard-drive assembly into the slot on the system.
2. Slide the hard-drive assembly towards the connector in the system board until the release tabs clicks into place.

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Solid-state drive

Removing the M.2 2230 PCIe solid-state drive

Prerequisites

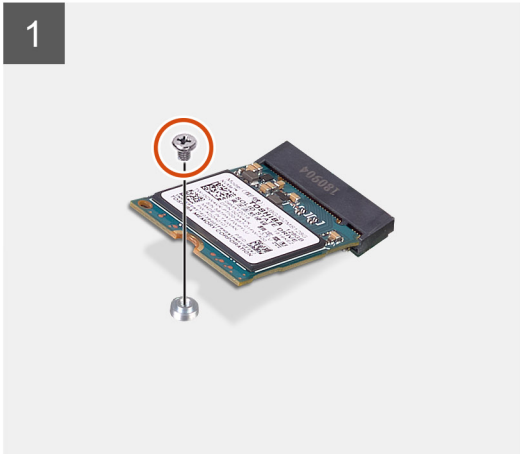
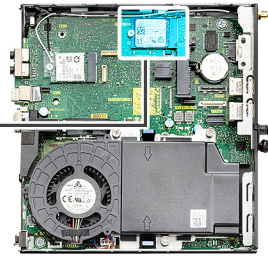
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [hard-drive assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the solid-state drive and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Remove the screw (M2x3.5) that secures the solid-state drive to the system board.
2. Slide and lift the solid-state drive off the system board.

Installing the M.2 2230 PCIe solid-state drive

Prerequisites

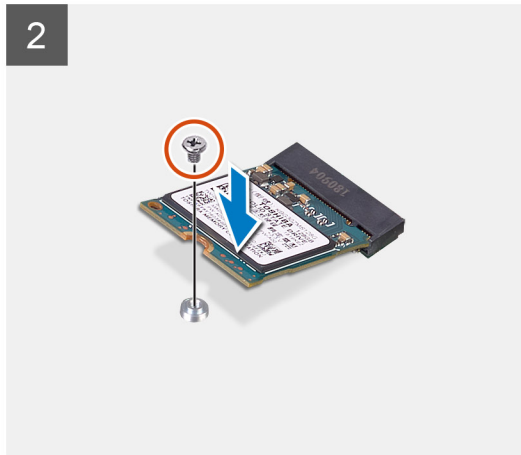
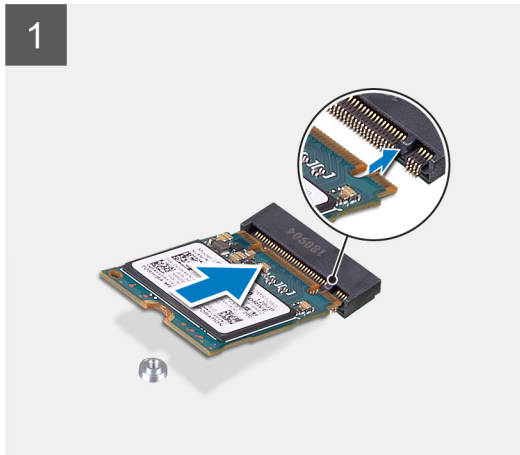
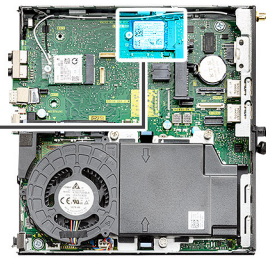
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the solid-state drive and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Align the notch on the solid-state drive with the tab on the solid-state drive connector on the system board.
2. Insert the solid-state drive at a 45-degree angle into the solid-state drive connector.
3. Replace the screw (M2x3.5) that secures the M.2 2230 PCIe solid-state drive to the system board.

Next steps

1. Install the [hard-drive assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Removing the M.2 2280 PCIe solid-state drive

Prerequisites

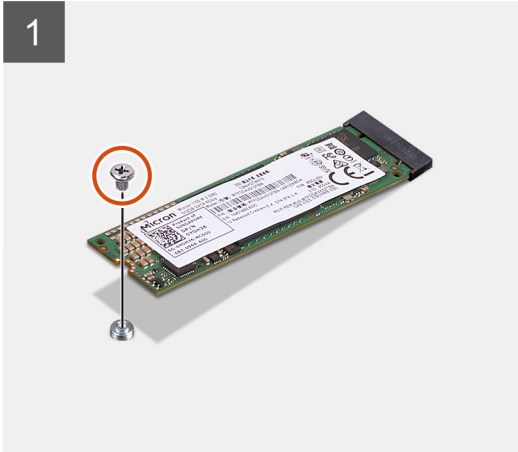
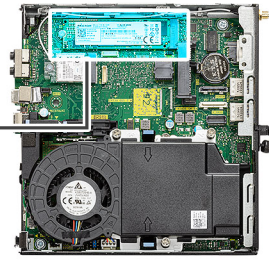
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [hard-drive assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the solid-state drive and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Remove the screw (M2x3.5) that secures the solid-state drive to the system board.
2. Slide and lift the solid-state drive off the system board.

Installing the M.2 2280 PCIe solid-state drive

Prerequisites

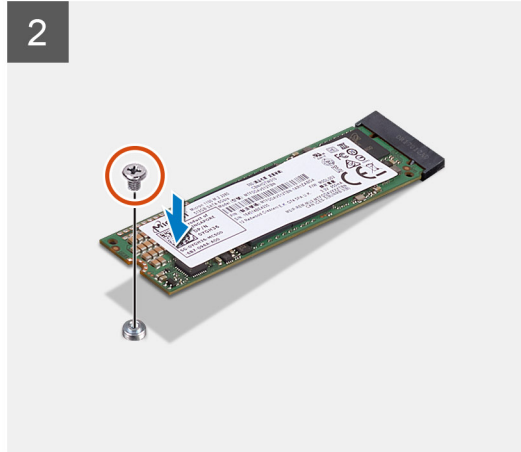
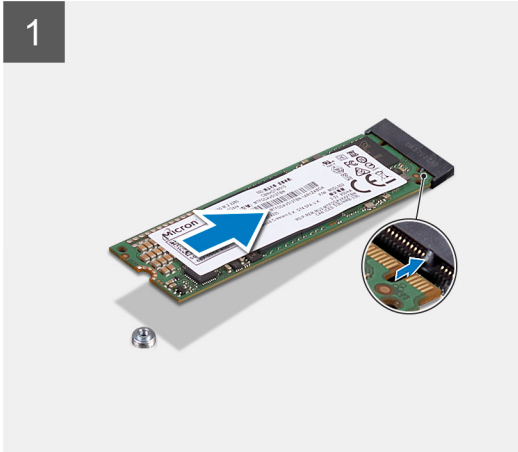
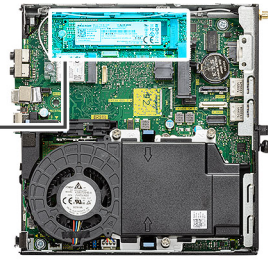
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the solid-state drive and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Align the notch on the solid-state drive with the tab on the solid-state drive connector on the system board.
2. Insert the solid-state drive at a 45-degree angle into the solid-state drive connector.
3. Replace the screw (M2x3.5) that secures the M.2 2280 PCIe solid-state drive to the system board.

Next steps

1. Install the [hard-drive assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

WLAN card

Removing the WLAN card

Prerequisites

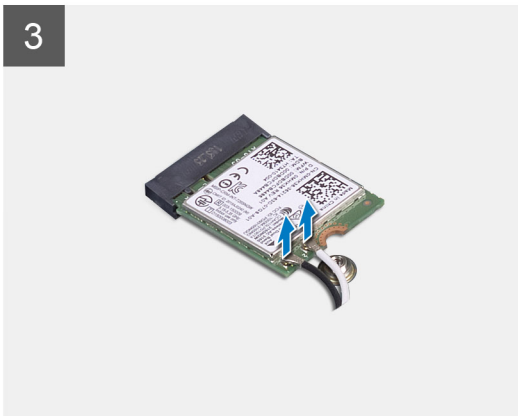
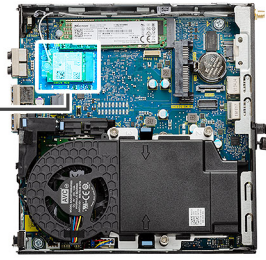
1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [hard-drive assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the wireless card and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Remove the (M2x3.5) screw that secures the WLAN card bracket to the system board.
2. Slide and lift the WLAN card bracket away from the WLAN card.
3. Disconnect the antenna cables from the WLAN card.
4. Slide and remove the WLAN card from the connector on the system board.

Installing the WLAN card

Prerequisites

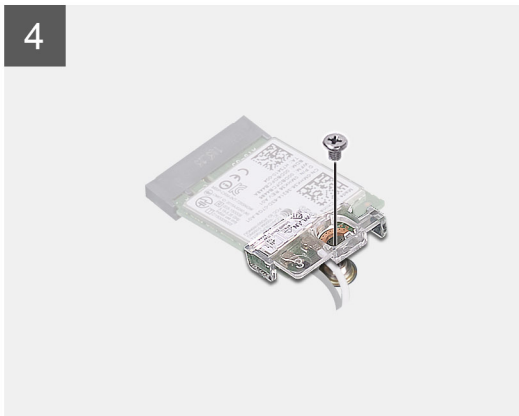
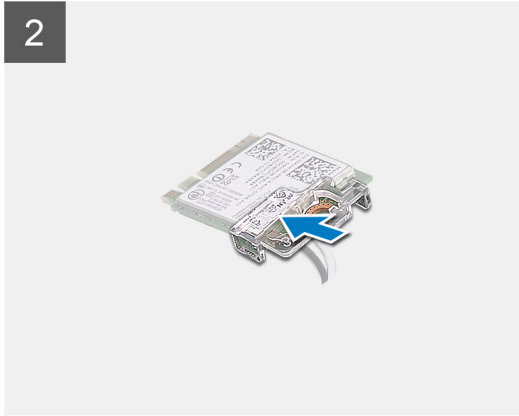
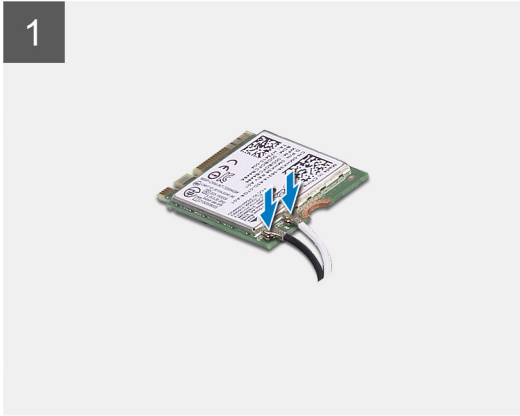
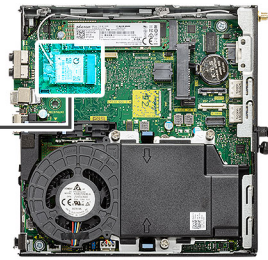
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the wireless card and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



1x
M2x3.5



Steps

1. Connect the antenna cables to the WLAN card.
The following table provides the antenna-cable color scheme for the WLAN card of your computer.

Table 2. Antenna-cable color scheme

Connectors on the wireless card	Antenna-cable color
Main (white triangle)	White
Auxiliary (black triangle)	Black

2. Place the WLAN card bracket to secure the antenna cables.
3. Align the notch on the WLAN card with the tab on the WLAN card slot. Insert the WLAN card into the connector on the system board.
4. Replace the (M2x3.5) screw to secure the WLAN card bracket to the WLAN card.

Next steps

1. Install the [hard-drive assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Fan assembly

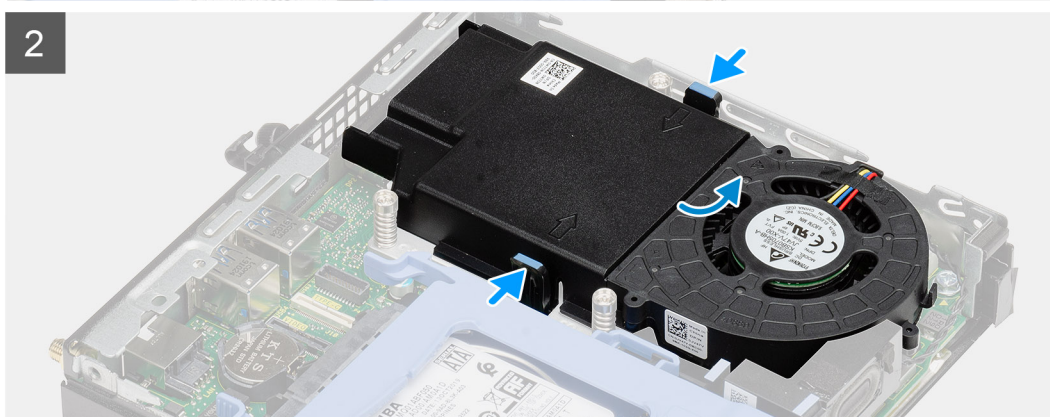
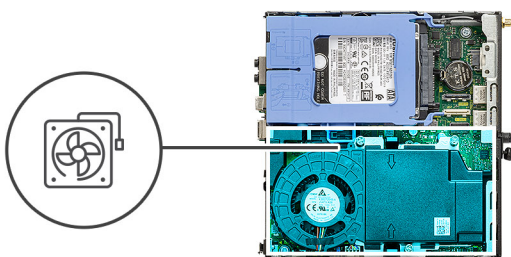
Removing the fan assembly

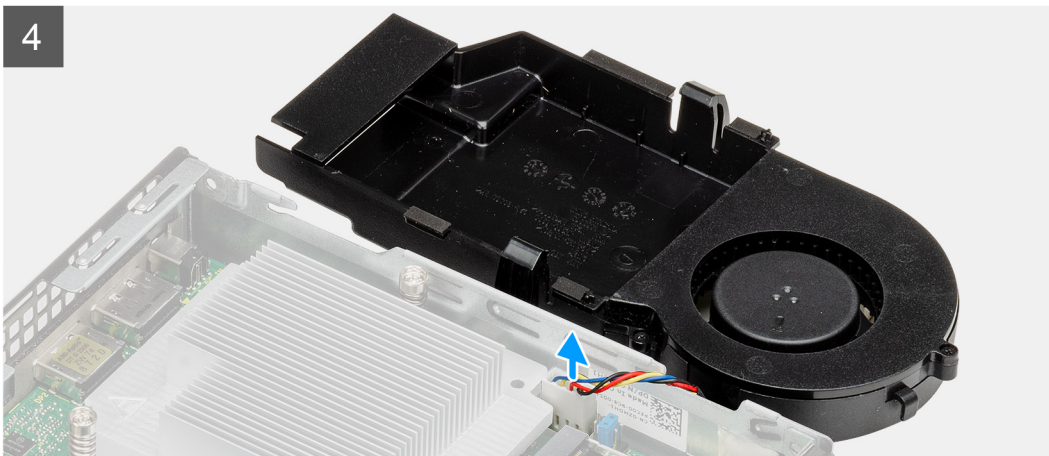
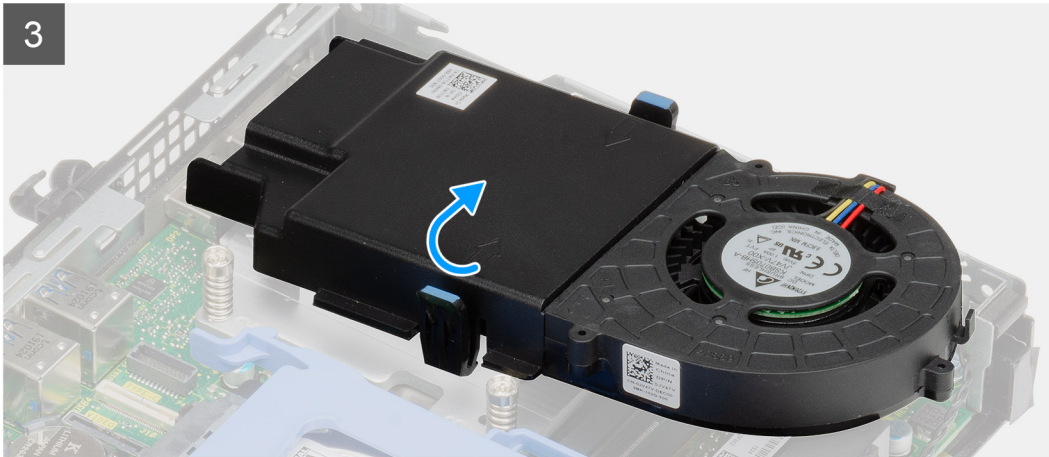
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the fan assembly and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.





Steps

1. Unroute the speaker cable from the routing guide on the fan assembly.
2. Press the blue tabs on both sides of the fan, and slide to lift the fan to release it from the system.
3. Turn the fan assembly over.
4. Disconnect the fan cable from the connector on the system board. Lift the fan assembly out of the system.

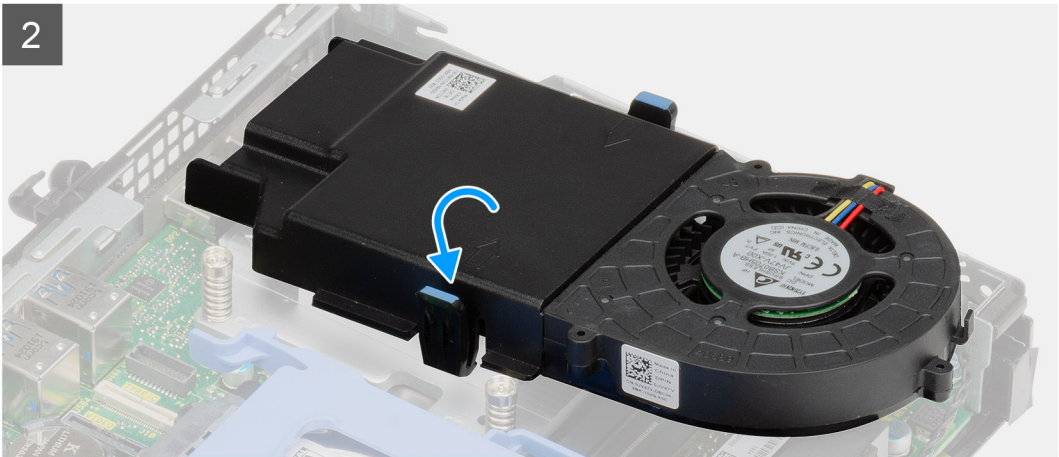
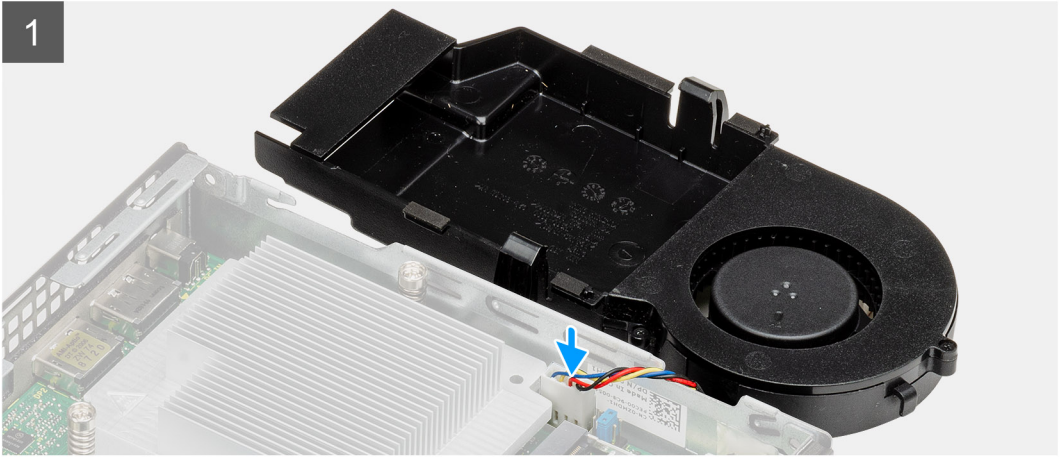
Installing the fan assembly

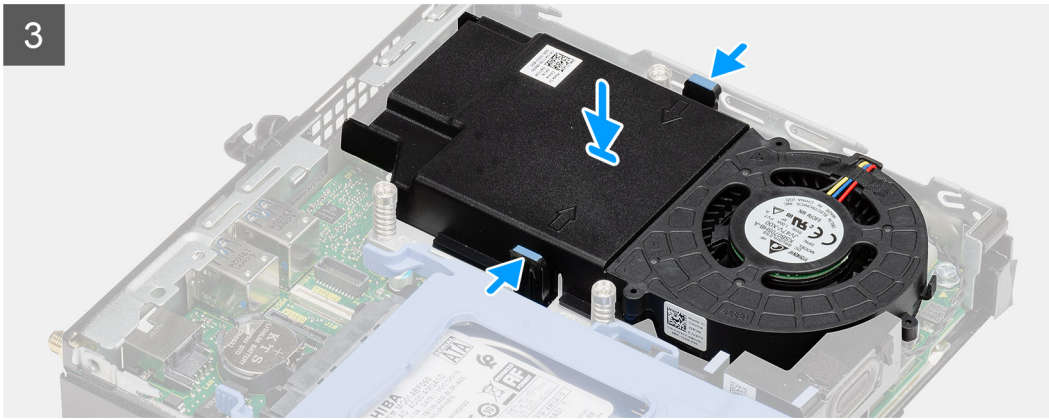
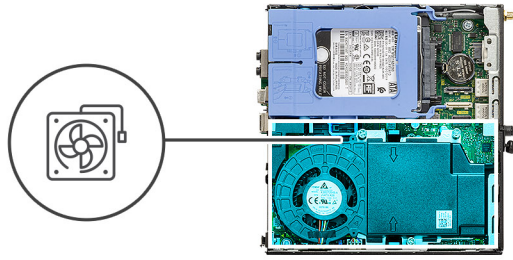
Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the fan assembly and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.





Steps

1. Connect the fan cable to the connector on the system board.
2. Turn the fan assembly over.
3. Press the release tab on the fan assembly and place it on the system until it clicks into place.
4. Route the speaker cable through the routing guides on the fan assembly.

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Heat sink

Removing the heat sink

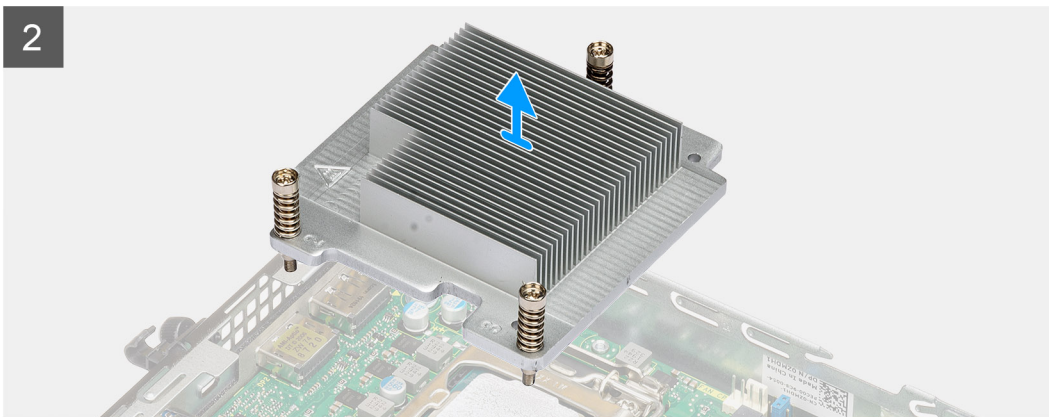
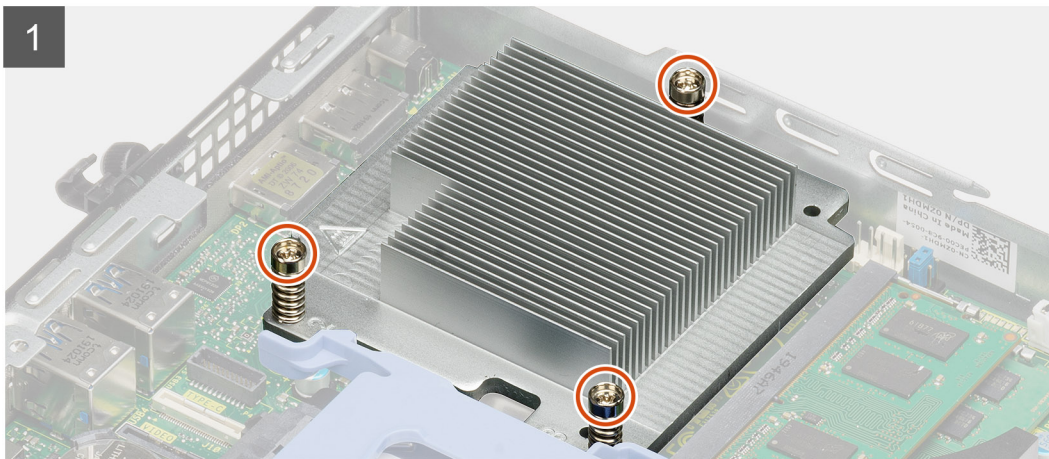
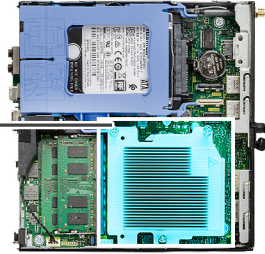
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).

2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [fan assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the heat sink and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Loosen the three captive screws that secure the heat sink to the system.
NOTE: Loosen the screw in the sequential order (1,2,3) as printed on the heat sink.
2. Lift the heat-sink from the system board.

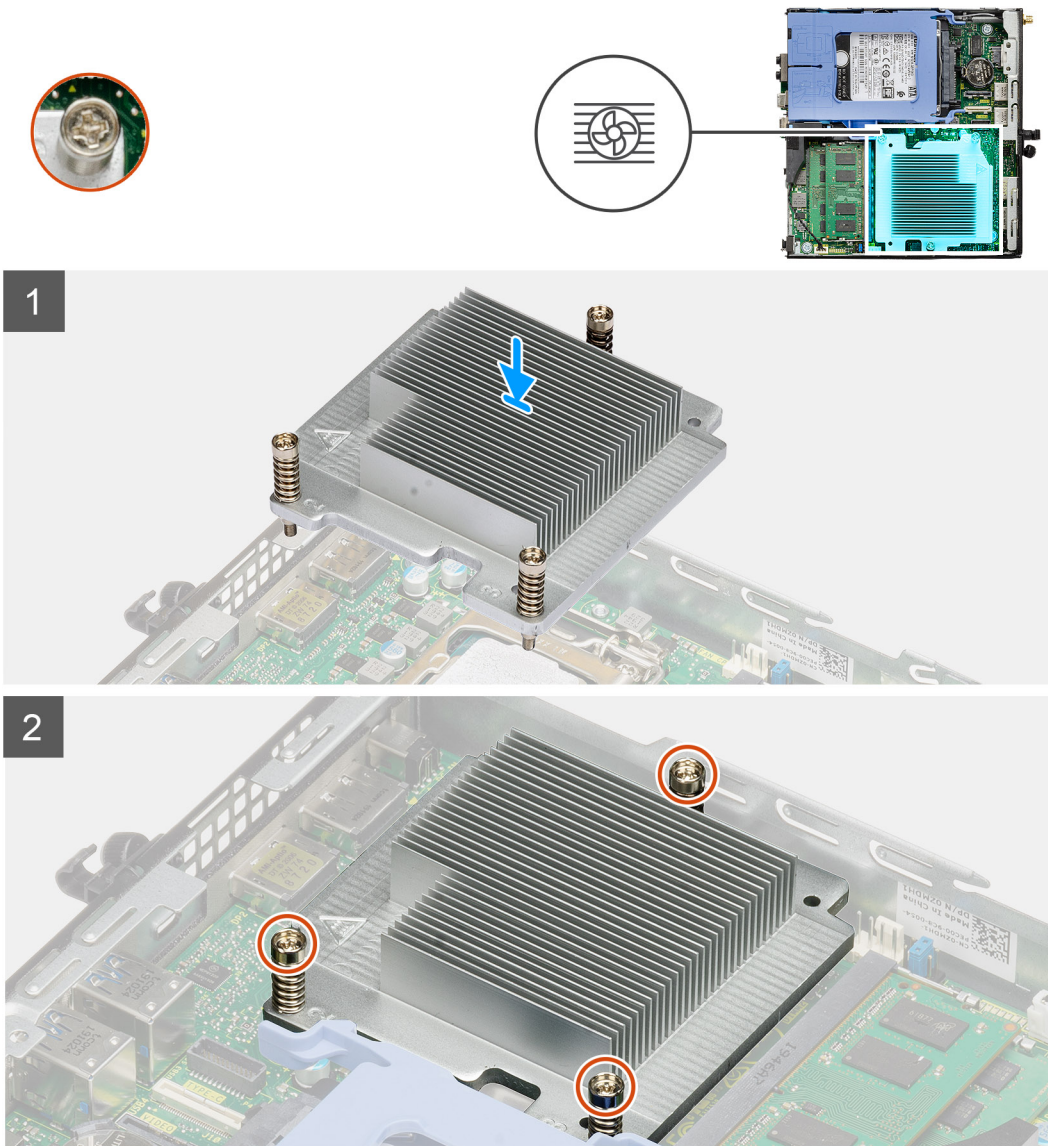
Installing the heat sink

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the heat sink and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align the screws of the heat sink with the holders on the system board and place the heat sink on the processor.
2. Tighten the captive screws that secure the heat sink to the system board.

i **NOTE:** Tighten the screws in a sequential order (1,2,3) as printed on the heat sink.

Next steps

1. Install the [fan assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Coin-cell battery

Removing the coin-cell battery

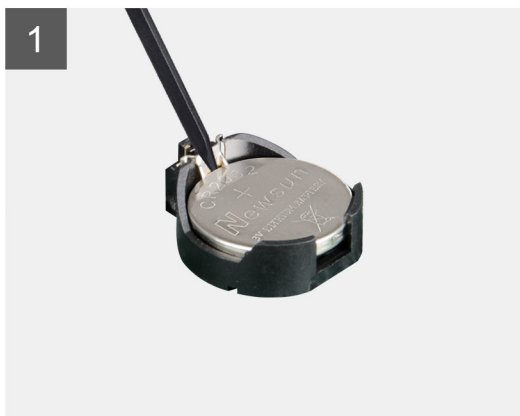
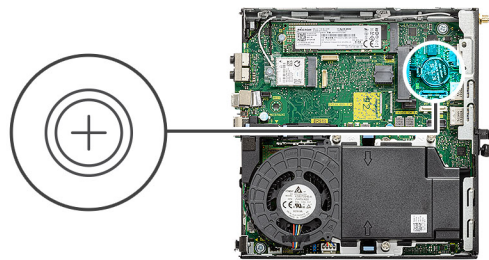
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

i **NOTE:** Removing the coin-cell battery resets the BIOS setup program settings to default. It is recommended that you note the BIOS setup program settings before removing the coin-cell battery.

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the coin-cell battery and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Using a plastic scribe, gently pry the coin-cell battery out of the battery socket on the system board.
2. Remove the coin-cell battery out of the system.

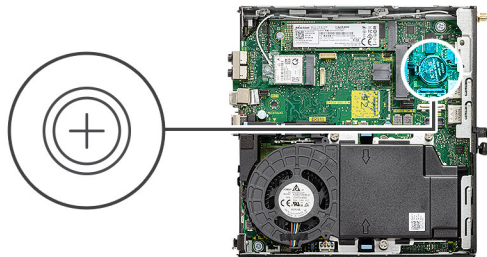
Installing the coin-cell battery

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the coin-cell battery and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Insert the coin cell battery with the "+" sign facing up and slide it under the securing tabs at the positive side of the connector.
2. Press the battery into the connector until it locks into place.

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Memory modules

Removing the memory modules

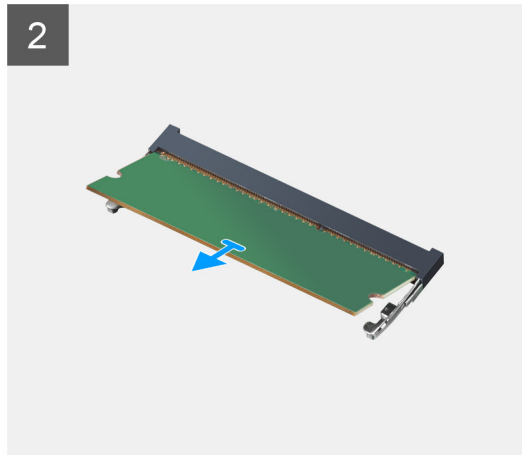
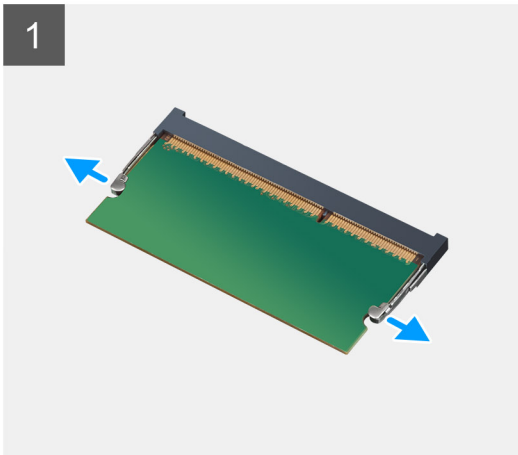
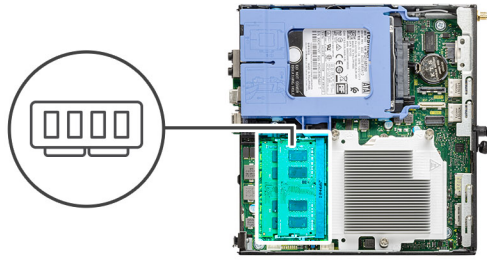
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [fan assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the memory modules and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.

CAUTION: To prevent damage to the memory module, hold the memory module by the edges. Do not touch the components on the memory module.



Steps

1. Pull the securing clips from the memory module until the memory module pops up.
2. Slide and remove the memory module from the memory-module slot.

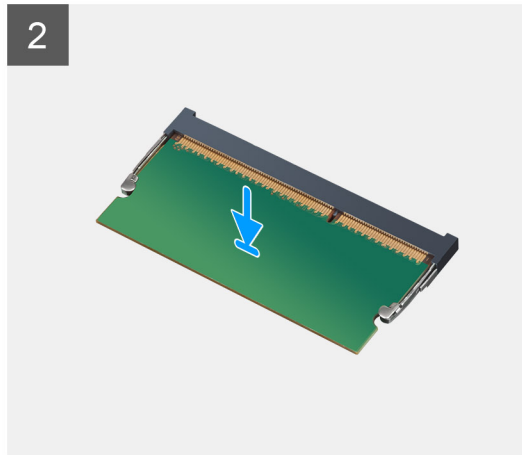
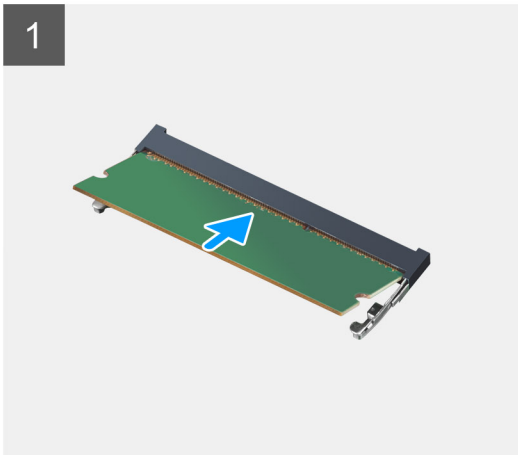
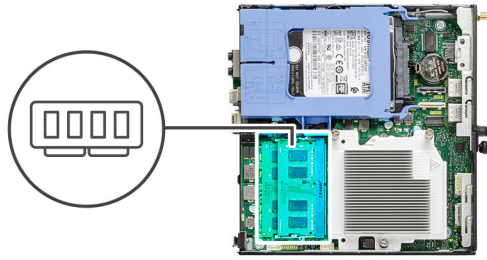
Installing the memory modules

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the memory modules and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align the notch on the memory module with the tab on the memory-module slot.
2. Slide the memory module firmly into the slot at an angle and press the memory module down until it clicks into place.

i **NOTE:** If you do not hear the click, remove the memory module and reinstall it.

Next steps

1. Install the [fan assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Speaker

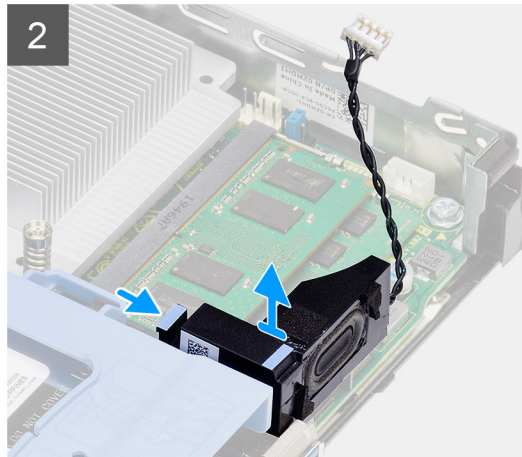
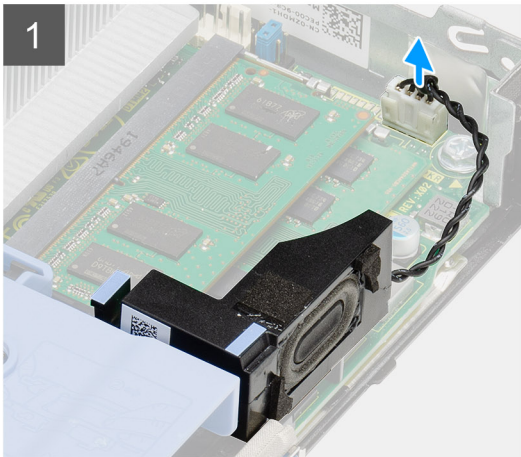
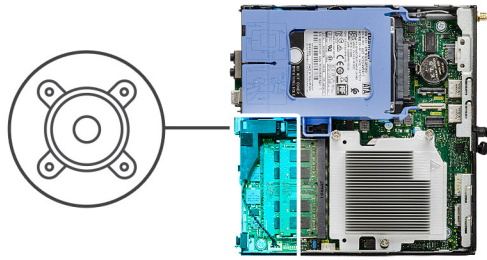
Removing the speaker

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [fan assembly](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the speaker and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Disconnect the speaker cable from the system board.
2. Press the release tab and lift the speaker along with the cable from the system board.

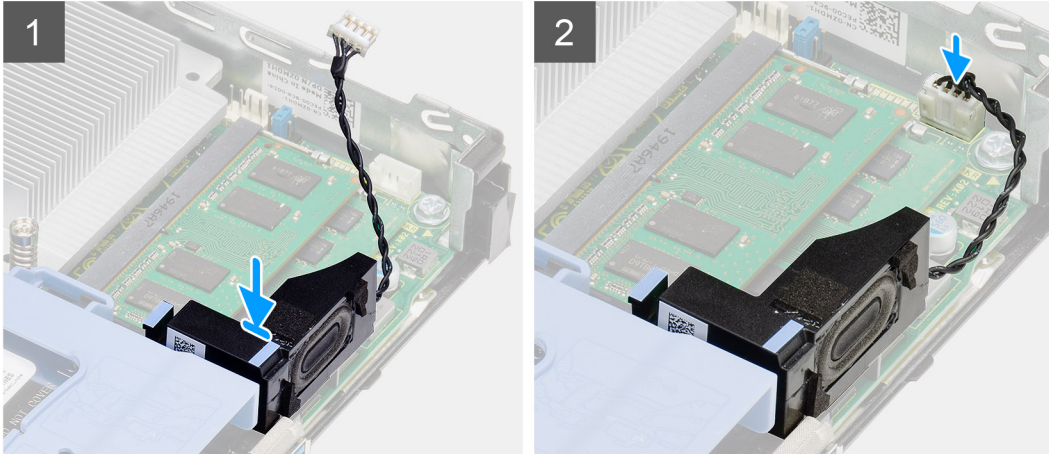
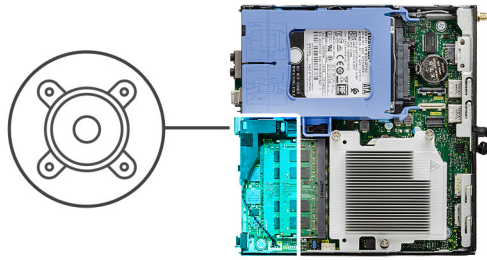
Installing the speaker

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the speaker and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align and insert the speaker into the slot and press it until the release tab clicks.
2. Connect the speaker cable to the system board.

Next steps

1. Install the [fan assembly](#).
2. Install the [side cover](#).
3. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Optional I/O modules (Type C/ HDMI/VGA/DP/Serial)

Removing optional I/O modules (Type C/ HDMI/VGA/DP/Serial)

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the optional I/O Modules and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.

Steps

1. Remove the two (M3X3) screws that secure the optional I/O module to the computer chassis.
2. Disconnect the I/O-module cable from the connector on the system board.
3. Remove the I/O module from the computer.

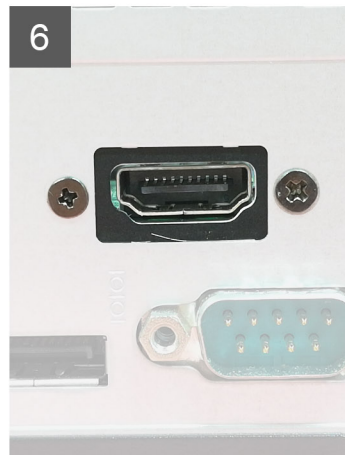
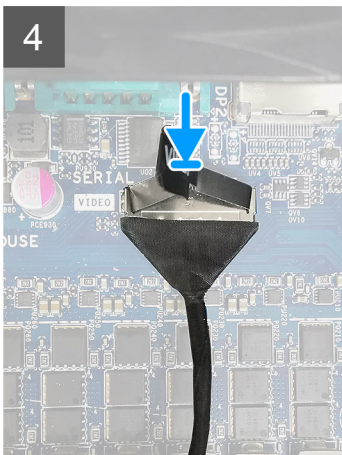
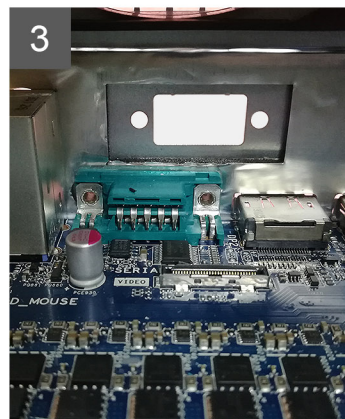
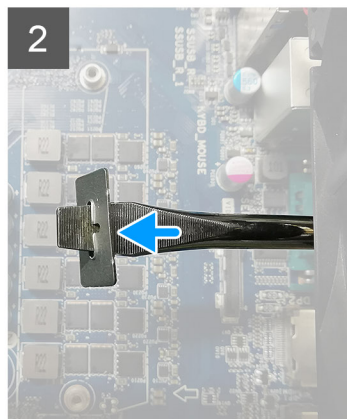
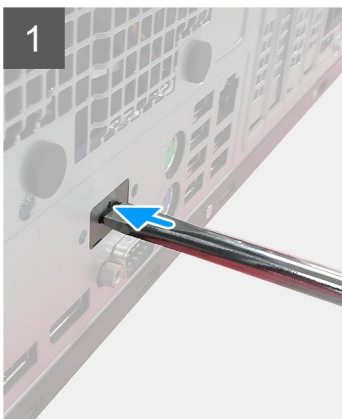
Installing optional I/O modules (Type C/ HDMI/VGA/DP/Serial)

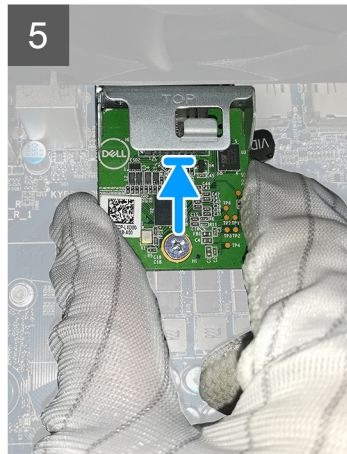
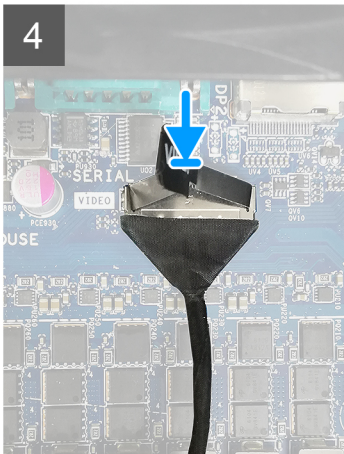
Prerequisites

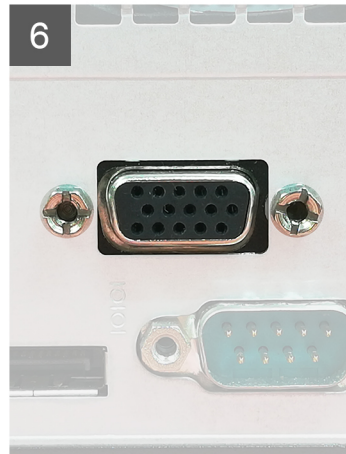
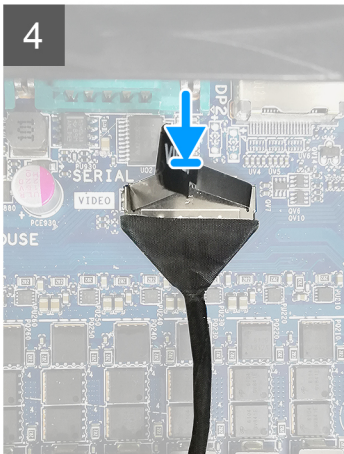
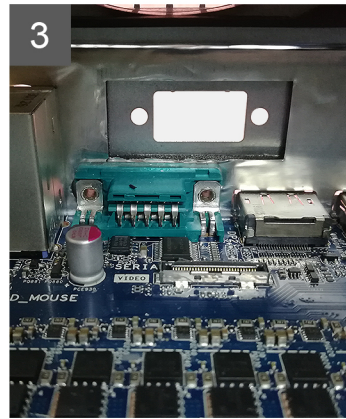
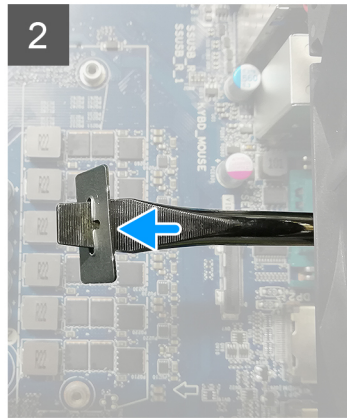
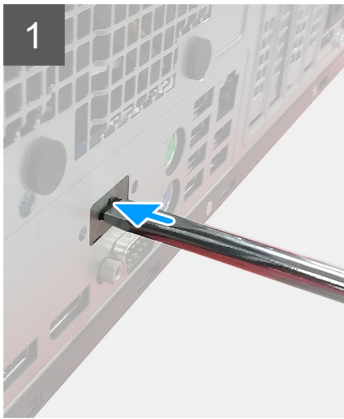
If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

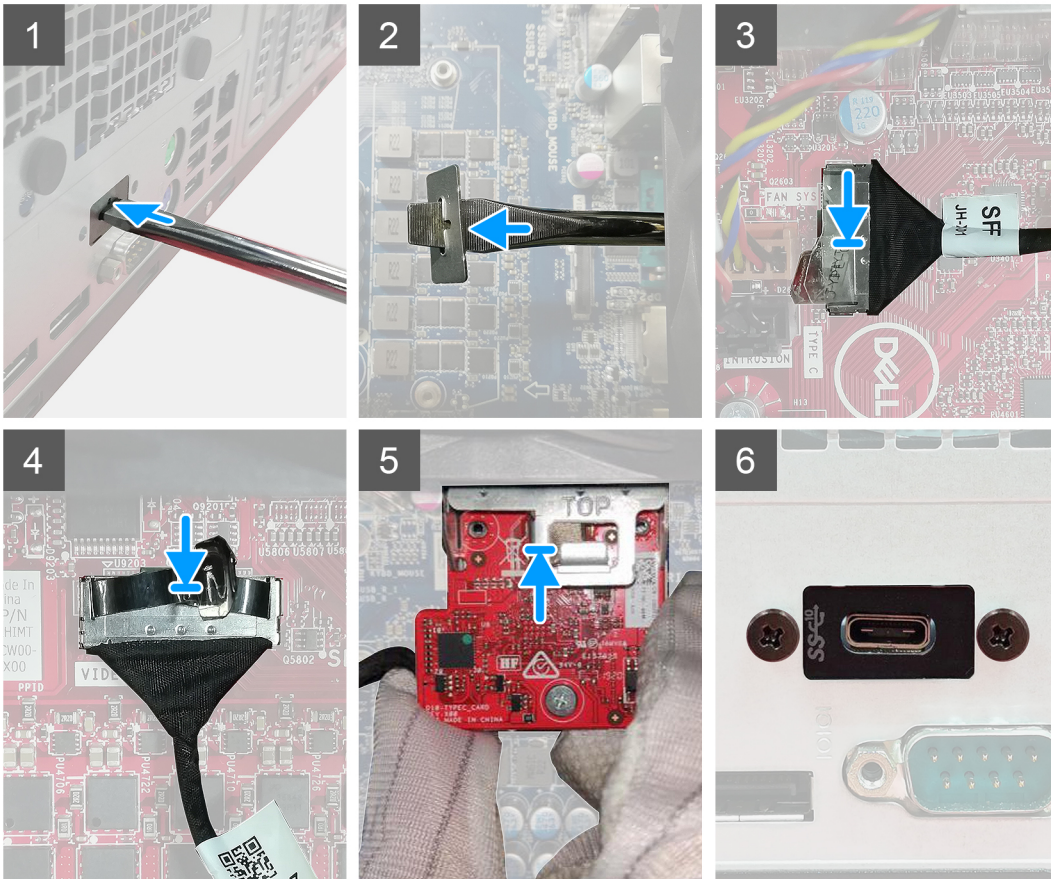
About this task

The following images indicate the location of the system board and provide a visual representation of the installation procedure.









Steps

1. To remove the dummy metal bracket, insert a flat-head screwdriver in the hole of the bracket. Push the bracket to release the bracket, and then lift the bracket out from the system.
2. Insert the optional I/O module (Type-C/HDMI/VGA/DP/Serial) into its slot from the inside of your computer.
3. Connect the I/O cable to the connector on the system board.
4. Replace the two (M3X3) screws to secure the optional I/O module to the system.

Next steps

1. Install the [side cover](#).
2. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Processor

Removing the processor

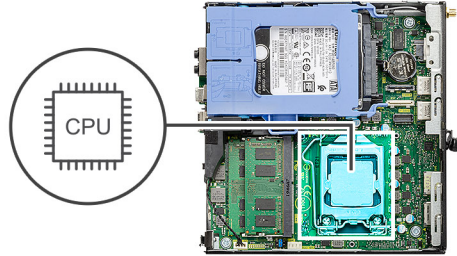
Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).

2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [fan assembly](#).
4. Remove the [heat sink](#).

About this task

The following images indicate the location of the processor and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



Steps

1. Press down and push the release lever away from the processor to release it from the securing tab.
2. Lift the lever upward to lift the processor cover.

CAUTION: When removing the processor, do not touch any of the pins inside the socket or allow any objects to fall on the pins in the socket.

3. Gently lift the processor from the processor socket.

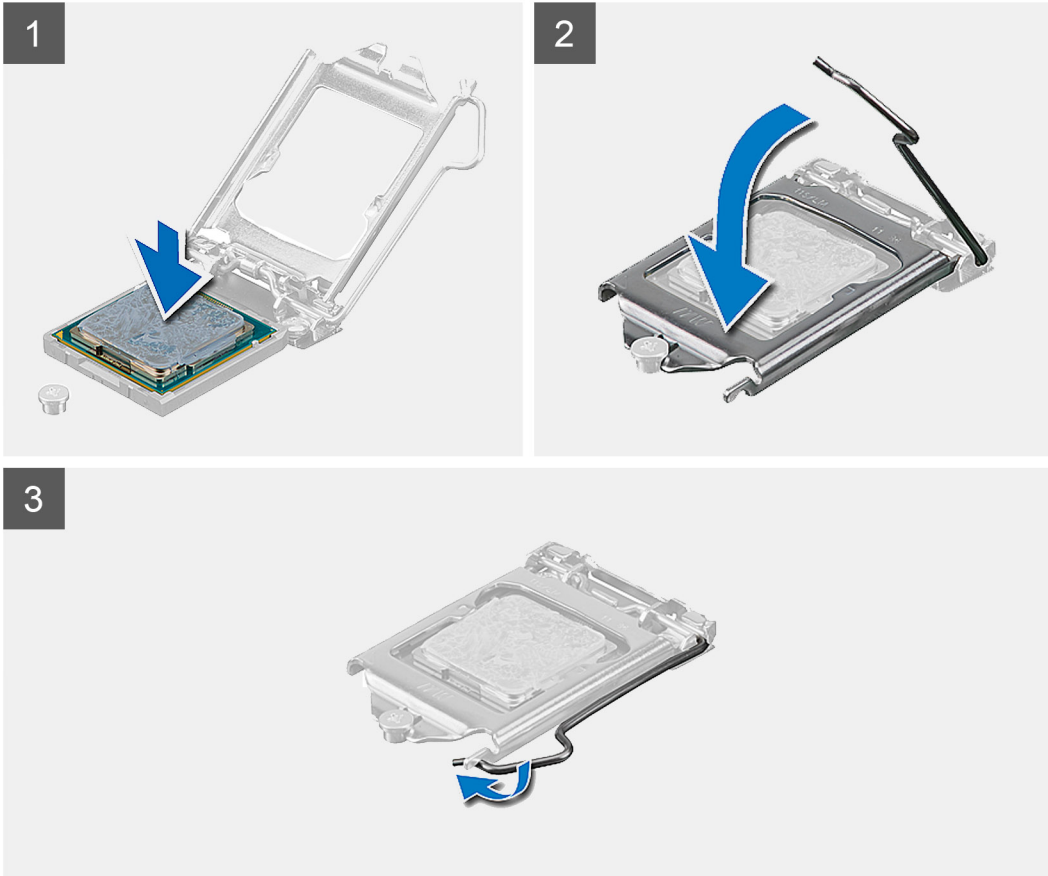
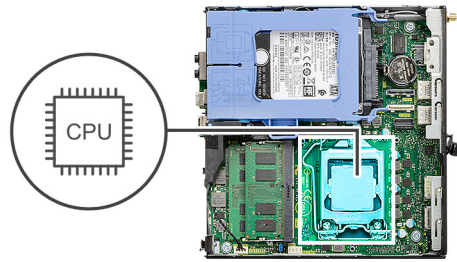
Installing the processor

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the processor and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.



Steps

1. Align the pin-1 corner of the processor with the pin 1 corner of the processor socket, and then place the processor in the processor socket.
i NOTE: The pin-1 corner of the processor has a triangle that aligns with the triangle on the pin-1 corner on the processor socket. When the processor is properly seated, all four corners are aligned at the same height. If one or more corners of the processor are higher than the others, the processor is not seated properly.
2. When the processor is fully seated in the socket, close the processor cover.
3. Press down and push the release lever under the securing tab to lock it.

Next steps

1. Install the [heat sink](#).
2. Install the [fan assembly](#).
3. Install the [side cover](#).
4. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

System board

Removing the system board

Prerequisites

1. Follow the procedure in [before working inside your computer](#).
2. Remove the [side cover](#).
3. Remove the [hard drive assembly](#).
4. Remove the [solid-state drive](#).
5. Remove the [WLAN card](#).
6. Remove the [fan assembly](#).
7. Remove the [heat sink](#).
8. Remove the [memory modules](#).
9. Remove the [speaker](#).
10. Remove the [optional IO module](#).
11. Remove the [processor](#).

About this task

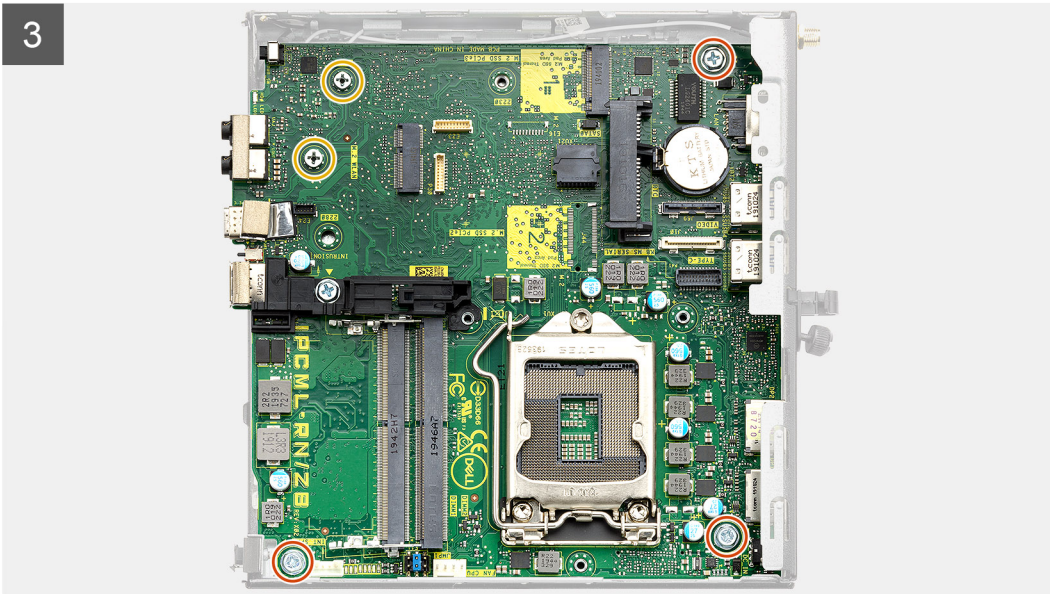
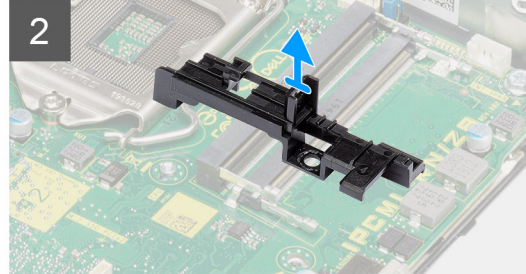
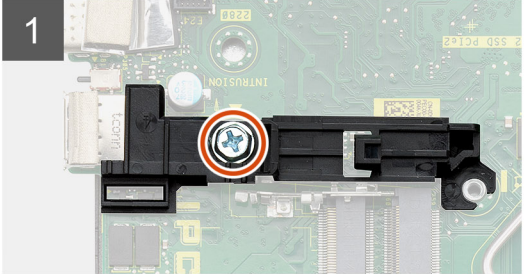
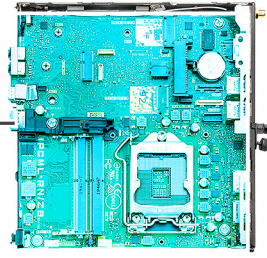
The following images indicate the location of the system board and provide a visual representation of the removal procedure.



4x
6-32



2x
M3x4



4



Steps

1. Remove the screw (6-32) that secures the hard drive caddy support to the system board.
2. Lift the hard drive caddy support away from the system board.
3. Remove the two (M3x4) screws and three (6-32) screws that secure the system board to the chassis.
4. Lift the system board away from the chassis.

Installing the system board

Prerequisites

If you are replacing a component, remove the existing component before performing the installation procedure.

About this task

The following image indicates the location of the system board and provides a visual representation of the installation procedure.

1

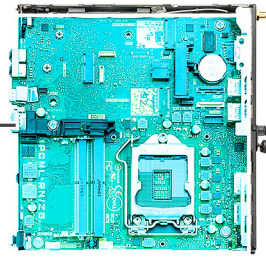




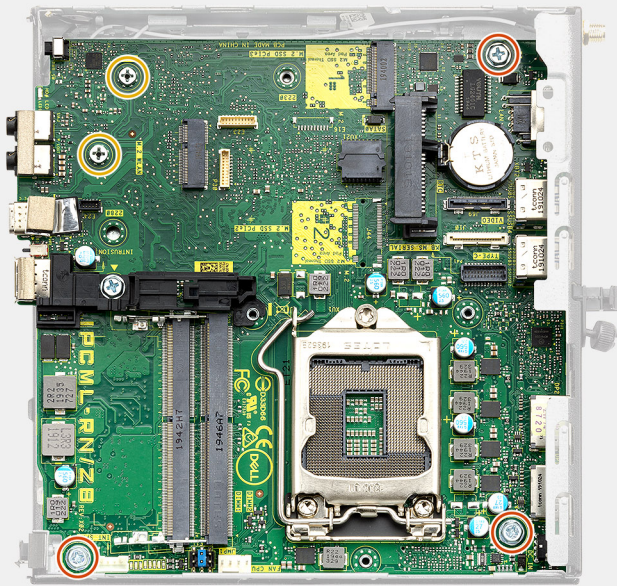
4x
6-32



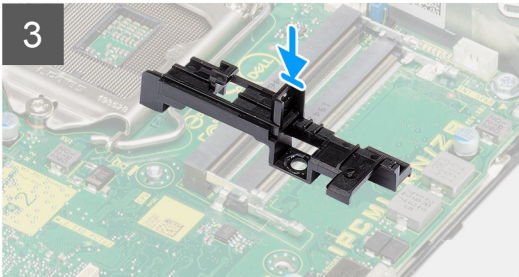
2x
M3x4



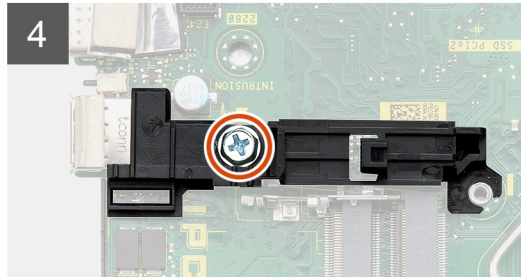
2



3



4



Steps

1. Align and lower the system board into the system until the connectors at the back of the system board align with the slots on the chassis, and the screw holes on the system board align with the standoffs on the system.
2. Replace the two (M3x4) screws and three (6-32) screws to secure the system board to the chassis.
3. Align the slot on the hard drive caddy support with system board and place the hard drive caddy on the system board.
4. Replace the screw (6-32) to secure the hard drive caddy support to the system board.

Next steps

1. Install the [processor](#).
2. Install the [optional IO module](#).
3. Install the [speaker](#).
4. Install the [memory modules](#).
5. Install the [heat sink](#).
6. Install the [fan assembly](#).
7. Install the [WLAN card](#).
8. Install the [solid-state drive](#).
9. Install the [hard drive assembly](#).
10. Install the [side cover](#).
11. Follow the procedure in [after working inside your computer](#).

Software


This chapter details the supported operating systems along with instructions on how to install the drivers.

Topics:

- [Downloading Windows drivers](#)

Downloading Windows drivers

Steps

1. Turn on the .
2. Go to **Dell.com/support**.
3. Click **Product Support**, enter the Service Tag of your , and then click **Submit**.
 **NOTE:** If you do not have the Service Tag, use the auto detect feature or manually browse for your model.
4. Click **Drivers and Downloads**.
5. Select the operating system installed on your .
6. Scroll down the page and select the driver to install.
7. Click **Download File** to download the driver for your .
8. After the download is complete, navigate to the folder where you saved the driver file.
9. Double-click the driver file icon and follow the instructions on the screen.

System setup

CAUTION: Unless you are an expert computer user, do not change the settings in the BIOS Setup program. Certain changes can make your computer work incorrectly.

NOTE: Before you change BIOS Setup program, it is recommended that you write down the BIOS Setup program screen information for future reference.

Use the BIOS Setup program for the following purposes:

- Get information about the hardware installed in your computer, such as the amount of RAM and the size of the hard drive.
- Change the system configuration information.
- Set or change a user-selectable option, such as the user password, type of hard drive installed, and enabling or disabling base devices.

Topics:

- [Boot menu](#)
- [Navigation keys](#)
- [Boot Sequence](#)
- [System setup options](#)
- [Updating the BIOS in Windows](#)
- [System and setup password](#)

Boot menu

Press <F12> when the Dell logo appears to initiate a one-time boot menu with a list of the valid boot devices for the system. Diagnostics and BIOS Setup options are also included in this menu. The devices listed on the boot menu depend on the bootable devices in the system. This menu is useful when you are attempting to boot to a particular device or to bring up the diagnostics for the system. Using the boot menu does not make any changes to the boot order stored in the BIOS.

The options are:

- UEFI Boot:
 - Windows Boot Manager
- Other Options:
 - BIOS Setup
 - BIOS Flash Update
 - Diagnostics
 - Change Boot Mode Settings

Navigation keys

NOTE: For most of the System Setup options, changes that you make are recorded but do not take effect until you restart the system.

Keys	Navigation
Up arrow	Moves to the previous field.
Down arrow	Moves to the next field.
Enter	Selects a value in the selected field (if applicable) or follow the link in the field.
Spacebar	Expands or collapses a drop-down list, if applicable.

Keys	Navigation
Tab	Moves to the next focus area.
Esc	Moves to the previous page until you view the main screen. Pressing Esc in the main screen displays a message that prompts you to save any unsaved changes and restarts the system.

Boot Sequence

Boot sequence enables you to bypass the System Setup–defined boot device order and boot directly to a specific device (for example: optical drive or hard drive). During the Power-on Self-Test (POST), when the Dell logo appears, you can:

- Access System Setup by pressing F2 key
- Bring up the one-time boot menu by pressing F12 key.

The one-time boot menu displays the devices that you can boot from including the diagnostic option. The boot menu options are:

- Removable Drive (if available)
- STXXXX Drive
 - **NOTE:** XXXX denotes the SATA drive number.
- Optical Drive (if available)
- SATA Hard Drive (if available)
- Diagnostics
 - **NOTE:** Choosing **Diagnostics**, displays the **SupportAssist** screen.

The boot sequence screen also displays the option to access the System Setup screen.

System setup options

NOTE: Depending on the computer and its installed devices, the items listed in this section may or may not appear.


General options

Table 3. General

Option	Description
System Information	Displays the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • System Information: Displays BIOS Version, Service Tag, Asset Tag, Ownership Tag, Manufacture Date, Ownership Date, and the Express Service Code. • Memory Information: Displays Memory Installed, Memory Available, Memory Speed, Memory Channel Mode, Memory Technology, DIMM 1 Size, and DIMM 2 Size. • PCI Information: Displays Slot1_M.2, Slot2_M.2 • Processor Information: Displays Processor Type, Core Count, Processor ID, Current Clock Speed, Minimum Clock Speed, Maximum Clock Speed, Processor L2 Cache, Processor L3 Cache, HT Capable, and 64-Bit Technology. • Device Information: Displays SATA-0, M.2 PCIe SSD-2, LOM MAC Address, Video Controller, Audio Controller, Wi-Fi Device, and Bluetooth Device.
Boot Sequence	Allows you to specify the order in which the computer attempts to find an operating system from the devices specified in this list.
UEFI Boot Path Security	This option controls whether or not the system prompts the user to enter the Admin password when booting a UEFI boot path from the F12 Boot Menu.
Date/Time	Allows you to set the date and time settings. Changes to the system date and time take effect immediately.

System information

Table 4. System Configuration

Option	Description
Integrated NIC	<p>Allows you to control the onboard LAN controller. The option 'Enable UEFI Network Stack' is not selected by default. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disabled ● Enabled ● Enabled w/PXE (default) <p> NOTE: Depending on the computer and its installed devices, the items that are listed in this section may or may not appear.</p>
SATA Operation	<p>Allows you to configure the operating mode of the integrated hard drive controller.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disabled = The SATA controllers are hidden ● AHCI = SATA is configured for AHCI mode ● RAID ON = SATA is configured to support RAID mode (selected by default)
Drives	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the various drives onboard:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● SATA-0 (enabled by default) ● M.2 PCIe SSD-0 (enabled by default)
Smart Reporting	<p>This field controls whether hard-drive errors for integrated drives are reported during system startup. The Enable Smart Reporting option is disabled by default.</p>
USB Configuration	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the integrated USB controller for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Enable USB Boot Support ● Enable Front USB Ports ● Enable Rear USB Ports <p>All the options are enabled by default.</p>
Front USB Configuration	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the front USB ports. All the ports are enabled by default.</p>
Rear USB Configuration	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the back USB ports. All the ports are enabled by default.</p>
USB PowerShare	<p>This option allows you to charge the external devices, such as mobile phones, music player. This option is disabled by default.</p>
Audio	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the integrated audio controller. The option Enable Audio is selected by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Enable Microphone ● Enable Internal Speaker <p>Both the options are selected by default.</p>
Dust Filter Maintenance	<p>Allows you to enable or disable BIOS messages for maintaining the optional dust filter that is installed in your computer. BIOS will generate a pre-boot reminder to clean or replace the dust filter based on the interval set. The option Disabled is selected by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disabled ● 15 days ● 30 days ● 60 days ● 90 days ● 120 days ● 150 days ● 180 days

Video screen options

Table 5. Video

Option	Description
Primary Display	<p>Allows you to select the primary display when multiple controllers are available in the system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Auto (default) • Intel HD Graphics <p>i NOTE: If you do not select Auto, the on-board graphics device will be present and enabled.</p>

Security

Table 6. Security

Option	Description
Admin Password	Allows you to set, change, and delete the admin password.
System Password	Allows you to set, change, and delete the system password.
Internal HDD-0 Password	Allows you to set, change, and delete the computer's internal hard drive password.
Password Configuration	Allows you to control the minimum and maximum number of characters that are allowed for an administrative password and the system password. The range of characters is between 4 and 32.
Password Bypass	<p>This option lets you bypass the System (Boot) Password and the internal hard drive password prompts during a system restart.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disabled — Always prompt for the system and internal HDD password when they are set. This option is disabled by default. • Reboot Bypass — Bypass the password prompts on Restarts (warm boots). <p>i NOTE: The system will always prompt for the system and internal HDD passwords when powered on from the off state (a cold boot). Also, the system will always prompt for passwords on any module bay HDDs that may be present.</p>
Password Change	<p>This option lets you determine whether changes to the System and Hard Disk passwords are permitted when an administrator password is set.</p> <p>Allow Non-Admin Password Changes - This option is enabled by default.</p>
UEFI Capsule Firmware Updates	This option controls whether this system allows BIOS updates via UEFI capsule update packages. This option is selected by default. Disabling this option will block BIOS updates from services such as Microsoft Windows Update and Linux Vendor Firmware Service (LVFS).
TPM 2.0 Security	<p>Allows you to control whether the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) is visible to the operating system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TPM On (default) • Clear • PPI Bypass for Enable Commands • PPI Bypass for Disable Commands • PPI Bypass for Clear Commands • Attestation Enable (default) • Key Storage Enable (default) • SHA-256 (default) <p>Choose any one option:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disabled • Enabled (default)

Table 6. Security (continued)

Option	Description
Absolute	This field lets you Enable, Disable or permanently Disable the BIOS module interface of the optional Absolute Persistence Module service from Absolute Software. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enabled - This option is selected by default. • Disable • Permanently Disabled
Chassis Intrusion	This field controls the chassis intrusion feature. Choose any one of the options: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disabled (default) • Enabled • On-Silent
OROM Keyboard Access	This option determines whether users can enter Option ROM Configuration screens using hotkeys during boot. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enabled - This option is selected by default. • Disable • One Time Enable
Admin Setup Lockout	Allows you to prevent users from entering Setup when Admin password is set. This option is not set by default.
Master Password Lockout	Allows you to disable master password support. Hard Disk passwords need to be cleared before the settings can be changed. This option is not set by default.
HDD Protection Support	This field allows users to enable and disable the HDD Protection feature. This option is not set by default.
SMM Security Mitigation	Allows you to enable or disable additional UEFI SMM Security Mitigation protections. This option is not set by default.

Secure boot options

Table 7. Secure Boot

Option	Description
Secure Boot Enable	Allows you to enable or disable Secure Boot feature <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Secure Boot Enable. This option is not selected by default.
Secure Boot Mode	Allows you to modify the behavior of Secure Boot to allow evaluation or enforcement of UEFI driver signatures. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deployed Mode (default). • Audit Mode.
Expert key Management	Allows you to manipulate the security key databases only if the system is in Custom Mode. The Enable Custom Mode option is disabled by default. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PK (default). • KEK. • db. • dbx. If you enable the Custom Mode , the relevant options for PK, KEK, db, and dbx appear. The options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Save to File- Saves the key to a user-selected file. • Replace from File- Replaces the current key with a key from a user-selected file. • Append from File- Adds a key to the current database from a user-selected file. • Delete- Deletes the selected key. • Reset All Keys- Resets to default setting.

Table 7. Secure Boot (continued)

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Delete All Keys- Deletes all the keys. <p>NOTE: If you disable the Custom Mode, all the changes made will be erased and the keys will restore to default settings.</p>

Intel Software Guard Extensions options

Table 8. Intel Software Guard Extensions

Option	Description
Intel SGX Enable	<p>This field specifies you to provide a secured environment for running code/storing sensitive information in the context of the main OS.</p> <p>Click one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disabled • Enabled • Software controlled—Default
Enclave Memory Size	<p>This option sets SGX Enclave Reserve Memory Size</p> <p>Click one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 32 MB • 64 MB • 128 MB—Default

Performance

Table 9. Performance


Option	Description
Multi Core Support	<p>This field specifies whether the processor has one or all cores enabled. The performance of some applications improves with the additional cores.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All—Default • 1 • 2 • 3
Intel SpeedStep	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep mode of processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable Intel SpeedStep <p>This option is set by default.</p>
C-States Control	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the additional processor sleep states.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • C states <p>This option is set by default.</p>
Intel TurboBoost	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the Intel TurboBoost mode of the processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable Intel TurboBoost

Table 9. Performance (continued)

Option	Description
	This option is set by default.
Hyper-Thread Control	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the HyperThreading in the processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disabled ● Enabled—Default

Power management

Table 10. Power Management

Option	Description
AC Recovery	<p>Determines how the system responds when AC power is re-applied after a power loss. You can set the AC Recovery to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Power Off ● Power On ● Last Power State <p>This option is Power Off by default.</p>
Enable Intel Speed Shift Technology	<p>Allows you to enable or disable Intel Speed Shift Technology support. The option Enable Intel Speed Shift Technology is set by default.</p>
Auto On Time	<p>Sets time to automatically turn on the computer. Time is kept in standard 12-hour format (hour:minutes:seconds). Change the startup time by typing the values in the time and AM/PM fields.</p> <p> NOTE: This feature does not work if you turn off your computer using the switch on a power strip or surge protector or if Auto Power is set to disabled.</p>
Deep Sleep Control	<p>Allows you to define the controls when Deep Sleep is enabled.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disabled ● Enabled in S5 only ● Enabled in S4 and S5 <p>This option is Enabled in S4 and S5 by default</p>
USB Wake Support	<p>Allows you to enable the USB devices to wake the computer from standby mode. The option Enable USB Wake Support is selected by default.</p>
Wake on LAN/WWAN	<p>This option allows the computer to power up from the off state when triggered by a special LAN signal. This feature only works when the computer is connected to AC power supply.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Disabled - Does not allow the system to power on by special LAN signals when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN or wireless LAN. ● LAN or WLAN - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN or wireless LAN signals. ● LAN Only - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN signals. ● LAN with PXE Boot - A wakeup packet sent to the system in either the S4 or S5 state, that will cause the system to wake-up and immediately boot to PXE. ● WLAN Only - Allows the system to be powered on by special WLAN signals. <p>This option is Disabled by default.</p>
Block Sleep	<p>Allows you to block entering to sleep (S3 state) in OS environment. This option is disabled by default.</p>

Post behavior

Table 11. POST Behavior

Option	Description
Adapter Warnings	This option lets you choose whether the system displays warning messages when you use certain power adapters. This option is enabled by default.
Numlock LED	Allows you to enable or disable the Numlock feature when your computer starts. This option is enabled by default.
Keyboard Errors	Allows you to enable or disable the keyboard error reporting when the computer starts. The option Enable Keyboard Error Detection is enabled by default.
Fast Boot	This option can speed up the boot process by bypassing some compatibility steps: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Minimal — The system boots quickly, unless the BIOS has been updated, memory changed, or the previous POST did not complete. Thorough — The system does not skip any steps in the boot process. Auto — This allows the operating system to control this setting (this works only when the operating system supports Simple Boot Flag). This option is set to Thorough by default.
Extend BIOS POST Time	This option creates an additional pre-boot delay. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0 seconds (default) 5 seconds 10 seconds
Full Screen Logo	This option will display full screen logo if your image match screen resolution. The option Enable Full Screen Logo is not set by default.
Warnings and Errors	This option causes the boot process to only pause when warning or errors are detected. Choose any one of the option: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Prompt on Warnings and Errors - default Continue on Warnings Continue on Warnings and Errors

Manageability

Option	Description
Intel AMT Capability	Allows you to provision AMT and MEB Hotkey function is enabled, during the system boot. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disabled Enabled Restrict MEBx Access - by default
USB Provision	When enabled Intel AMT can be provisioned using the local provisioning file using a USB storage device. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable USB Provision - disabled by default
MEBx Hotkey	Allows you to specify whether the MEBx Hotkey function should enable, during the system boot. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable MEBx hotkey—disabled by default

Virtualization support

Table 12. Virtualization Support

Option	Description
Virtualization	This option specifies whether a Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by the Intel Virtualization technology. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enable Intel Virtualization Technology

Table 12. Virtualization Support (continued)

Option	Description
	This option is set by default.
VT for Direct I/O	<p>Enables or disables the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) from utilizing the additional hardware capabilities provided by the Intel Virtualization technology for direct I/O.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enable VT for Direct I/O <p>This option is set by default.</p>


Wireless options

Table 13. Wireless

Option	Description
Wireless Device Enable	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the internal wireless devices.</p> <p>The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WLAN/WiGig • Bluetooth <p>All the options are enabled by default.</p>

Maintenance

Table 14. Maintenance

Option	Description
Service Tag	Displays the service tag of your computer.
Asset Tag	<p>Allows you to create a system asset tag if an asset tag is not already set.</p> <p>This option is not set by default.</p>
SERR Messages	Controls the SERR message mechanism. This option is set by default. Some graphics cards require that the SERR message mechanism be disabled.
BIOS Downgrade	<p>Allows you to flash previous revisions of the system firmware.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allow BIOS Downgrade <p>This option is set by default.</p>
Data Wipe	<p>Allows you to securely erase data from all internal storage devices.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wipe on Next Boot <p>This option is not set by default.</p>
BIOS Recovery	<p>BIOS Recovery from Hard Drive—This option is set by default. Allows you to recover the corrupted BIOS from a recovery file on the HDD or an external USB key.</p> <p> NOTE: BIOS Recovery from Hard Drive field must be enabled.</p> <p>Always Perform Integrity Check—Performs integrity check on every boot.</p>
First Power On Date	Allows you the set Ownership date. The option Set Ownership Date is not set by default.

System logs

Table 15. System Logs

Option	Description
BIOS events	Allows you to view and clear the System Setup (BIOS) POST events.

Advanced configuration

Table 16. Advanced configuration

Option	Description
ASPM	Allows you to set the ASPM level. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Auto (default) - There is handshaking between the device and PCI Express hub to determine the best ASPM mode supported by the device.• Disabled - ASPM power management is turned off at all time.• L1 Only - ASPM power management is set to use L1.

SupportAssist System Resolution


Option	Description
Auto OS Recovery Threshold	Allows you to control the automatic boot flow for SupportAssist System. Options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Off• 1• 2 (Enabled by default)• 3
SupportAssist OS Recovery	Allows you to recover the SupportAssist OS Recovery (Enabled by default).
BIOSConnect	BIOSConnect enable or disable cloud Service OS upon absence of Local OS Recovery (Enabled by default).

Updating the BIOS in Windows

Prerequisites


It is recommended to update your BIOS (System Setup) when you replace the system board or if an update is available.

About this task

 **NOTE:** If BitLocker is enabled, it must be suspended prior to updating the system BIOS, and then re enabled after the BIOS update is completed.


Steps

1. Restart the computer.
2. Go to **Dell.com/support**.
 - Enter the **Service Tag** or **Express Service Code** and click **Submit**.
 - Click **Detect Product** and follow the instructions on screen.
3. If you are unable to detect or find the Service Tag, click **Choose from all products**.
4. Choose the **Products** category from the list.

 **NOTE:** Choose the appropriate category to reach the product page.

5. Select your computer model and the **Product Support** page of your computer appears.
6. Click **Get drivers** and click **Drivers and Downloads**.
The Drivers and Downloads section opens.
7. Click **Find it myself**.
8. Click **BIOS** to view the BIOS versions.
9. Identify the latest BIOS file and click **Download**.
10. Select your preferred download method in the **Please select your download method below** window, click **Download File**.
The **File Download** window appears.
11. Click **Save** to save the file on your computer.
12. Click **Run** to install the updated BIOS settings on your computer.
Follow the instructions on the screen.

Updating BIOS on systems with BitLocker enabled

 **CAUTION:** If BitLocker is not suspended before updating the BIOS, the next time you reboot the system it will not recognize the BitLocker key. You will then be prompted to enter the recovery key to progress and the system will ask for this on each reboot. If the recovery key is not known this can result in data loss or an unnecessary operating system re-install. For more information on this subject, see Knowledge Article: <https://www.dell.com/support/article/sln153694>

Updating your system BIOS using a USB flash drive

About this task

If the computer cannot load into Windows but there is still a need to update the BIOS, download the BIOS file using another computer and save it to a bootable USB flash drive.

 **NOTE:** You must use a bootable USB flash drive. For more information, see the knowledge base article [SLN143196](#).

Steps

1. Download the BIOS update .exe file to another computer.
2. Copy the .exe file onto the bootable USB flash drive.
3. Insert the USB flash drive into the computer that requires the BIOS update.
4. Restart the computer and press F12 when the Dell logo appears to display the One Time Boot Menu.
5. Using arrow keys, select **USB Storage Device** and press Enter.
6. The computer restarts to a Diag C:\> prompt.
7. Run the file by typing the complete filename and press Enter.
8. The BIOS Update Utility is displayed. Follow the on-screen instructions.



Figure 1. DOS BIOS Update Screen

System and setup password

Table 17. System and setup password

Password type	Description
System password	Password that you must enter to log on to your system.
Setup password	Password that you must enter to access and make changes to the BIOS settings of your computer.

You can create a system password and a setup password to secure your computer.

CAUTION: The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your computer.

CAUTION: Anyone can access the data stored on your computer if it is not locked and left unattended.

NOTE: System and setup password feature is disabled.

Assigning a system setup password

Prerequisites

You can assign a new **System or Admin Password** only when the status is in **Not Set**.

About this task

To enter the system setup, press F2 immediately after a power-on or reboot.

Steps

- In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **Security** and press **Enter**.
The **Security** screen is displayed.
- Select **System/Admin Password** and create a password in the **Enter the new password** field.
Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:
 - A password can have up to 32 characters.
 - The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.

- Only lower case letters are valid, upper case letters are not allowed.
 - Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (.), (-), (.), (/), (;), ([), (\), (]), (`).
3. Type the system password that you entered earlier in the **Confirm new password** field and click **OK**.
 4. Press **Esc** and a message prompts you to save the changes.
 5. Press **Y** to save the changes.
The computer reboots.

Deleting or changing an existing system setup password


Prerequisites

Ensure that the **Password Status** is Unlocked (in the System Setup) before attempting to delete or change the existing System and Setup password. You cannot delete or change an existing System or Setup password, if the **Password Status** is Locked.

About this task

To enter the System Setup, press **F2** immediately after a power-on or reboot.

Steps

1. In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **System Security** and press **Enter**.
The **System Security** screen is displayed.
2. In the **System Security** screen, verify that **Password Status** is **Unlocked**.
3. Select **System Password**, alter or delete the existing system password and press **Enter** or **Tab**.
4. Select **Setup Password**, alter or delete the existing setup password and press **Enter** or **Tab**.
 **NOTE:** If you change the System and/or Setup password, re enter the new password when prompted. If you delete the System and Setup password, confirm the deletion when prompted.
5. Press **Esc** and a message prompts you to save the changes.
6. Press **Y** to save the changes and exit from System Setup.
The computer restarts.

Troubleshooting

Topics:


- Dell SupportAssist Pre-boot System Performance Check diagnostics
- Diagnostic LED behavior
- Diagnostic error messages
- System error messages
- WiFi power cycle

Dell SupportAssist Pre-boot System Performance Check diagnostics

About this task

SupportAssist diagnostics (also known as system diagnostics) performs a complete check of your hardware. The Dell SupportAssist Pre-boot System Performance Check diagnostics is embedded with the BIOS and is launched by the BIOS internally. The embedded system diagnostics provides a set of options for particular devices or device groups allowing you to:

- Run tests automatically or in an interactive mode
- Repeat tests
- Display or save test results
- Run thorough tests to introduce additional test options to provide extra information about the failed device(s)
- View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully
- View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing

 **NOTE:** Some tests for specific devices require user interaction. Always ensure that you are present at the computer terminal when the diagnostic tests are performed.

For more information, see [Resolve Hardware Issues With Built-in and Online Diagnostics \(SupportAssist ePSA, ePSA or PSA Error Codes\)](#).

Running the SupportAssist Pre-Boot System Performance Check

Steps

1. Turn on your computer.
2. As the computer boots, press the F12 key as the Dell logo appears.
3. On the boot menu screen, select the **Diagnostics** option.
4. Click the arrow at the bottom left corner.
Diagnostics front page is displayed.
5. Click the arrow in the lower-right corner to go to the page listing.
The items detected are listed.
6. To run a diagnostic test on a specific device, press Esc and click **Yes** to stop the diagnostic test.
7. Select the device from the left pane and click **Run Tests**.
8. If there are any issues, error codes are displayed.
Note the error code and validation number and contact Dell.

Diagnostic LED behavior

Table 18. Diagnostic LED behavior

Blinking pattern		Problem description	Suggested resolution
Amber	White		
1	2	Unrecoverable SPI Flash Failure	
2	1	CPU failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Run the Dell Support Assist/Dell Diagnostics tool. • If problem persists, replace the system board.
2	2	System board failure (included BIOS corruption or ROM error)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash latest BIOS version • If problem persists, replace the system board.
2	3	No memory/RAM detected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Confirm that the memory module is installed properly. • If problem persists, replace the memory module.
2	4	Memory/RAM failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset the memory module. • If problem persists, replace the memory module.
2	5	Invalid memory installed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset the memory module. • If problem persists, replace the memory module.
2	6	System board / Chipset Error / Clock failure / Gate A20 failure / Super I/O failure / Keyboard controller failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash latest BIOS version • If problem persists, replace the system board.
3	1	CMOS battery failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reset the CMOS battery connection. • If problem persists, replace the RTS battery.
3	2	PCI or Video card/chip failure	Replace the system board.
3	3	BIOS Recovery image not found	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash latest BIOS version • If problem persists, replace the system board.
3	4	BIOS Recovery image found but invalid	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash latest BIOS version • If problem persists, replace the system board.
3	5	Power rail failure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EC ran into power sequencing failure. • If problem persists, replace the system board.
3	6	SBIOS Flash corruption	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Flash corruption detected by SBIOS

Table 18. Diagnostic LED behavior (continued)

Blinking pattern		Problem description	Suggested resolution
Amber	White		
			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> If problem persists, replace the system board.
3	7	Intel ME (Management Engine) Error	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Timeout waiting on ME to reply to HECI message If problem persists, replace the system board.
4	2	CPU Power Cable Connection Issue	

Diagnostic error messages

Table 19. Diagnostic error messages

Error messages	Description
AUXILIARY DEVICE FAILURE	The touchpad or external mouse may be faulty. For an external mouse, check the cable connection. Enable the Pointing Device option in the System Setup program.
BAD COMMAND OR FILE NAME	Ensure that you have spelled the command correctly, put spaces in the proper place, and used the correct path name.
CACHE DISABLED DUE TO FAILURE	The primary cache internal to the microprocessor has failed. Contact Dell
CD DRIVE CONTROLLER FAILURE	The optical drive does not respond to commands from the computer.
DATA ERROR	The hard drive cannot read the data.
DECREASING AVAILABLE MEMORY	One or more memory modules may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory modules or, if necessary, replace them.
DISK C: FAILED INITIALIZATION	The hard drive failed initialization. Run the hard drive tests in Dell Diagnostics .
DRIVE NOT READY	The operation requires a hard drive in the bay before it can continue. Install a hard drive in the hard drive bay.
ERROR READING PCMCIA CARD	The computer cannot identify the ExpressCard. Reinsert the card or try another card.
EXTENDED MEMORY SIZE HAS CHANGED	The amount of memory recorded in non-volatile memory (NVRAM) does not match the memory module installed in the computer. Restart the computer. If the error appears again, Contact Dell
THE FILE BEING COPIED IS TOO LARGE FOR THE DESTINATION DRIVE	The file that you are trying to copy is too large to fit on the disk, or the disk is full. Try copying the file to a different disk or use a larger capacity disk.
A FILENAME CANNOT CONTAIN ANY OF THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERS: \ / : * ? " < > -	Do not use these characters in filenames.
GATE A20 FAILURE	A memory module may be loose. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it.
GENERAL FAILURE	The operating system is unable to carry out the command. The message is usually followed by specific information.

Table 19. Diagnostic error messages (continued)

Error messages	Description
	For example, Printer out of paper. Take the appropriate action.
HARD-DISK DRIVE CONFIGURATION ERROR	The computer cannot identify the drive type. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical drive. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics .
HARD-DISK DRIVE CONTROLLER FAILURE 0	The hard drive does not respond to commands from the computer. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical drive. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. If the problem persists, try another drive. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics .
HARD-DISK DRIVE FAILURE	The hard drive does not respond to commands from the computer. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical drive. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. If the problem persists, try another drive. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics .
HARD-DISK DRIVE READ FAILURE	The hard drive may be defective. Shut down the computer, remove the hard drive, and boot the computer from an optical. Then, shut down the computer, reinstall the hard drive, and restart the computer. If the problem persists, try another drive. Run the Hard Disk Drive tests in Dell Diagnostics .
INSERT BOOTABLE MEDIA	The operating system is trying to boot to non-bootable media, such as an optical drive. Insert bootable media.
INVALID CONFIGURATION INFORMATION-PLEASE RUN SYSTEM SETUP PROGRAM	The system configuration information does not match the hardware configuration. The message is most likely to occur after a memory module is installed. Correct the appropriate options in the system setup program.
KEYBOARD CLOCK LINE FAILURE	For external keyboards, check the cable connection. Run the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics .
KEYBOARD CONTROLLER FAILURE	For external keyboards, check the cable connection. Restart the computer, and avoid touching the keyboard or the mouse during the boot routine. Run the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics .
KEYBOARD DATA LINE FAILURE	For external keyboards, check the cable connection. Run the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics .
KEYBOARD STUCK KEY FAILURE	For external keyboards or keypads, check the cable connection. Restart the computer, and avoid touching the keyboard or keys during the boot routine. Run the Stuck Key test in Dell Diagnostics .
LICENSED CONTENT IS NOT ACCESSIBLE IN MEDIADIRECT	Dell MediaDirect cannot verify the Digital Rights Management (DRM) restrictions on the file, so the file cannot be played.
MEMORY ADDRESS LINE FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it.
MEMORY ALLOCATION ERROR	The software you are attempting to run is conflicting with the operating system, another program, or a utility. Shut down the computer, wait for 30 seconds, and then restart it. Run the program again. If the error message still appears, see the software documentation.

Table 19. Diagnostic error messages (continued)

Error messages	Description
MEMORY DOUBLE WORD LOGIC FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it.
MEMORY ODD/EVEN LOGIC FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it.
MEMORY WRITE/READ FAILURE AT ADDRESS, READ VALUE EXPECTING VALUE	A memory module may be faulty or improperly seated. Reinstall the memory module or, if necessary, replace it.
NO BOOT DEVICE AVAILABLE	The computer cannot find the hard drive. If the hard drive is your boot device, ensure that the drive is installed, properly seated, and partitioned as a boot device.
NO BOOT SECTOR ON HARD DRIVE	The operating system may be corrupted, Contact Dell.
NO TIMER TICK INTERRUPT	A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning. Run the System Set tests in Dell Diagnostics.
NOT ENOUGH MEMORY OR RESOURCES. EXIT SOME PROGRAMS AND TRY AGAIN	You have too many programs open. Close all windows and open the program that you want to use.
OPERATING SYSTEM NOT FOUND	Reinstall the operating system. If the problem persists, Contact Dell.
OPTIONAL ROM BAD CHECKSUM	The optional ROM has failed. Contact Dell.
SECTOR NOT FOUND	The operating system cannot locate a sector on the hard drive. You may have a defective sector or corrupted File Allocation Table (FAT) on the hard drive. Run the Windows error-checking utility to check the file structure on the hard drive. See Windows Help and Support for instructions (click Start > Help and Support). If a large number of sectors are defective, back up the data (if possible), and then format the hard drive.
SEEK ERROR	The operating system cannot find a specific track on the hard drive.
SHUTDOWN FAILURE	A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning. Run the System Set tests in Dell Diagnostics. If the message reappears, Contact Dell.
TIME-OF-DAY CLOCK LOST POWER	System configuration settings are corrupted. Connect your computer to an electrical outlet to charge the battery. If the problem persists, try to restore the data by entering the System Setup program, then immediately exit the program. If the message reappears, Contact Dell.
TIME-OF-DAY CLOCK STOPPED	The reserve battery that supports the system configuration settings may require recharging. Connect your computer to an electrical outlet to charge the battery. If the problem persists, Contact Dell.
TIME-OF-DAY NOT SET-PLEASE RUN THE SYSTEM SETUP PROGRAM	The time or date stored in the system setup program does not match the system clock. Correct the settings for the Date and Time options.
TIMER CHIP COUNTER 2 FAILED	A chip on the system board may be malfunctioning. Run the System Set tests in Dell Diagnostics.
UNEXPECTED INTERRUPT IN PROTECTED MODE	The keyboard controller may be malfunctioning, or a memory module may be loose. Run the System Memory tests and the Keyboard Controller test in Dell Diagnostics or Contact Dell.
X:\ IS NOT ACCESSIBLE. THE DEVICE IS NOT READY	Insert a disk into the drive and try again.

System error messages


Table 20. System error messages

System message	Description
Alert! Previous attempts at booting this system have failed at checkpoint [nnnn]. For help in resolving this problem, please note this checkpoint and contact Dell Technical Support	The computer failed to complete the boot routine three consecutive times for the same error.
CMOS checksum error	RTC is reset, BIOS Setup default has been loaded.
CPU fan failure	CPU fan has failed.
System fan failure	System fan has failed.
Hard-disk drive failure	Possible hard disk drive failure during POST.
Keyboard failure	Keyboard failure or loose cable. If reseating the cable does not solve the problem, replace the keyboard.
No boot device available	No bootable partition on hard disk drive, the hard disk drive cable is loose, or no bootable device exists. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If the hard drive is your boot device, ensure that the cables are connected and that the drive is installed properly and partitioned as a boot device. • Enter system setup and ensure that the boot sequence information is correct.
No timer tick interrupt	A chip on the system board might be malfunctioning or motherboard failure.
NOTICE - Hard Drive SELF MONITORING SYSTEM has reported that a parameter has exceeded its normal operating range. Dell recommends that you back up your data regularly. A parameter out of range may or may not indicate a potential hard drive problem	S.M.A.R.T error, possible hard disk drive failure.

WiFi power cycle

About this task

If your computer is unable to access the internet due to WiFi connectivity issues a WiFi power cycle procedure may be performed. The following procedure provides the instructions on how to conduct a WiFi power cycle:

 **NOTE:** Some ISPs (Internet Service Providers) provide a modem/router combo device.

Steps

1. Turn off your computer.
2. Turn off the modem.
3. Turn off the wireless router.
4. Wait for 30 seconds.
5. Turn on the wireless router.
6. Turn on the modem.
7. Turn on your computer.


Getting help

Topics:

- [Contacting Dell](#)

Contacting Dell

Prerequisites

 **NOTE:** If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information on your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell product catalog.

About this task

Dell provides several online and telephone-based support and service options. Availability varies by country and product, and some services may not be available in your area. To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues:

Steps

1. Go to **Dell.com/support**.
2. Select your support category.
3. Verify your country or region in the **Choose a Country/Region** drop-down list at the bottom of the page.
4. Select the appropriate service or support link based on your need.