Dell EMC OpenManage Installation Guide — Linux

Version 10.0.1

D&LL Technologies

Notes, cautions, and warnings

(i) **NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

△ **CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.**

⚠ **WARNING: A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.**

Contents

Introduction

This topic provides information about:
- Installing Server Administrator on managed systems.
- Installing and using the Remote Enablement feature.
- Managing remote systems using Server Administrator Web Server.
- Configuring the system before and during a deployment or upgrade.

ⓘ **NOTE:** If you are installing management station and managed system software on the same system, install identical software versions to avoid system conflicts.

Topics:

- OMSA Customer Survey
- What's new in this release
- Systems Management Software
- Security Features
- Other Documents You Might Need

OMSA Customer Survey

Survey link: https://secure.opinionlab.com.

Dell Technologies is exclusively surveying OMSA customers, collecting feedback, and implementing suggestions. As a customer, the above link is available for you to take the survey at various phases of OMSA usage such as Windows or Linux based installation, while using the OMSA GUI and CLI, and VMware ESXi.

What's new in this release

- Oracle Java Runtime Environment 11.0.9 and Tomcat 9.0.45 bundled with Server Administrator.
- For the YX5X generation of PowerEdge servers, new memory events are supported that provide additional recommendations about the resolution steps to resolve an event.

Supported new features in Storage Management:
- Support for LTO-X tape drives (starting from LTO-8) that can be connected to HBA355e.
- The Auto Configure Behavior feature on PERC 10 and later controllers.
- Single multipath and multiple multipath connection feature for 4-port controllers.
- Support for the Array584EMM enclosures.
- Events for NVMe drives having initialization error.
- Support for non-Dell certified drives connected to S150 controller.

Supported platforms and controllers:
- PowerEdge R750XA: PERC S150, HBA355i Adapter, HBA355e Adapter, H345 Frnt/Adapter, PERC H745 Frnt/Adapter, PERC H755N, PERC H755 Frnt/Adapter.
- PowerEdge R750: PERC S150, HBA355i Adapter, HBA355e Adapter, H345 Frnt/Adapter, PERC H745 Frnt/Adapter, PERC H755N, PERC H755 Frnt/Adapter.
- PowerEdge R650: PERC S150, HBA355i Adapter, HBA355e Adapter, H345 Frnt/Adapter, PERC H745 Frnt/Adapter, PERC H755N, PERC H755 Frnt/Adapter.
- PowerEdge C6520: PERC S150, HBA355i Adapter, H345 Adapter, PERC H745 Adapter.
- PowerEdge MX750c: PERC S150, HBA330MMZ, HBA350iMX, PERC H745P MX, and PERC H755 MX.

ⓘ **NOTE:**
- For the list of supported operating systems and Dell EMC servers, see *Dell EMC OpenManage Software Support Matrix* in the required version of **OpenManage Software** at www.dell.com/OpenManageManuals.

● For more information about any features, see Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator Online Help.

Software Availability

The Server Administrator software can be installed from:
● Systems Management Tools and Documentation software
● Support site—For more information, see **www.dell.com/Support/Home**.
● VMware Update Manager (VUM)—For more information, see **http://vmwaredepot.dell.com/**.
● Linux Repository using YUM or zypper—For more information, see Linux Repository.

Systems Management Software

Systems management software is a suite of applications that enables you to manage the systems by monitoring, notification, and remote access.

Systems management software comprises of the ISO Dell EMC Systems Management Tools and Documentation image.

(i) **NOTE:** For more information about these ISO images, see *Dell EMC Systems Management Tools And Documentation Installation Guide on www.dell.com/OpenManageManuals.*

Server Administrator Components On A Managed System

The setup program provides the following options:
● Custom Setup
● Typical Setup

The custom setup option enables you to select the software components you want to install. The table lists the various managed system software components that you can install during a custom installation.

Table 1. Managed System Software Components

Component	What is installed	Deployment Scenario	Systems to install on
Server Administrator Web Server	Web-based Systems Management functionality that enables you to manage systems locally or remotely.	Install only if you want to remotely monitor the managed system. You do not require physical access to the managed system.	Any system. For example, laptop or desktops. (i) **NOTE:** For a list of supported laptops and desktops, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage 9.5 Release notes* at **dell.com/support/manuals**.
Server Instrumentation	Server Administrator Instrumentation Service	Install to use the system as the managed system. Installing Server Instrumentation and the Server Administrator Web Server installs Server Administrator. Use Server Administrator to monitor, configure, and manage the system. (i) **NOTE:** If you choose to install only Server Instrumentation, you must also install one of the Management Interfaces or	Supported systems. For a list of supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix* at **dell.com/support/manuals.**

Table 1. Managed System Software Components (continued)

Component	What is installed	Deployment Scenario	Systems to install on
		the Server Administrator Web Server.	
Storage Management	Server Administrator Storage Management	Install to implement hardware RAID solutions and configure the storage components that are attached to the system. For more information about Storage Management, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator Storage Management User's Guide* in the docs directory.	Only those systems on which you have installed Server Instrumentation or the Management Interfaces.
Command Line Interface (Management Interface)	Command Line Interface of Server Instrumentation	Install to provide local and remote system management solutions to manage Server and Storage instrumentation data using command-line interfaces.	Supported systems. For a list of supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix*.
WMI (Management Interface)	Windows Management Instrumentation Interface of Server Instrumentation	Install to provide local and remote system management solutions to manage Server data using WMI protocol.	Supported systems. For a list of supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix*.
SNMP (Management Interface)	Simple Network Management Protocol Interface of Server Instrumentation	Install to provide local and remote system management solutions to manage Server and Storage instrumentation data using SNMP protocol.	Supported systems. For a list of supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix*.
Remote Enablement (Management Interface)	Instrumentation Service and CIM Provider	Install to perform remote systems management tasks. Install Remote Enablement on one system and Server Administrator Web Server on another system. You can use the system with the Server Administrator to remotely monitor and manage the systems which have Remote Enablement installed.	Supported systems. For a list of supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix*.
Operating System Logging (Management Interface)	Operating System Logging	Install to enable local system management-specific events logging on the operating system for Server and Storage instrumentation. On systems running Microsoft Windows, use the Event Viewer to locally view the collected events.	Supported systems. For a list of supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix*.
iDRAC Command Line Tools	Hardware application programming interface and iDRAC (depending on the type of the system)	Install to receive email alerts for warnings or errors that are related to voltage, temperature, and fan speed. Remote Access Controller also logs event data and the most recent crash screen (available only on systems	Only those systems on which you have installed Server Instrumentation or Management Interface.

Table 1. Managed System Software Components (continued)

Component	What is installed	Deployment Scenario	Systems to install on
		running Windows operating system) to help you diagnose the probable cause of a system crash.	

Security Features

Systems management software components provide the following security features:

- Support for Network Information Services (NIS), Winbind, Kerberos, and Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) authentication protocols for Linux operating systems
- Role-based authority that enables specific privileges to be configured for each user

  (i) **NOTE:** Applicable only for systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux or VMware ESXi
- User ID and password configuration through the web-based interface or the command-line interface (CLI), in most cases
- SSL encryption (**Auto Negotiate** and **128-bit or higher**)

(i) **NOTE:** Telnet does not support SSL encryption.

- Session time-out configuration (in minutes) through the web-based interface
- Port configuration to enable systems management software to connect to a remote device through firewalls

(i) **NOTE:** For information about ports that the various systems management components use, see the User Guide for that component.

For information about the Security Management, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator User's Guide* at www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals.

Other Documents You Might Need

For more information, see the following guides:
- The *Lifecycle Controller Version 4.00.00.00 User's Guide* provides information about using the Lifecycle Controller.
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Management Console User's Guide* provides information about installing, configuring, and using the Management Console.
- The *Systems Build and Update Utility User's Guide* provides information about using the Systems Build and Update Utility.
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix* provides information about the various systems, the operating systems supported by these systems, and the systems management components that can be installed on these systems.
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator User's Guide* describes the installation and use of Server Administrator.
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator SNMP Reference Guide* documents the SNMP management information base (MIB).
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator CIM Reference Guide* documents the Common Information Model (CIM) provider, which is an extension of the standard management object format (MOF) file. This guide explains the supported classes of management objects.
- The*Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator Messages Reference Guide* lists the messages that are displayed on the Server Administrator home page Alert log, or on the event viewer of the operating system. This guide explains the text, severity, and causes of each alert message that the Server Administrator displays.
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator Command Line Interface Guide* documents the complete command line interface for Server Administrator, including an explanation of CLI commands to view system status, access logs, create reports, configure various component parameters, and set critical thresholds.
- The *Remote Access Controller User's Guide* provides complete information about installing and configuring a DRAC controller and using DRAC to remotely access an inoperable system.
- The *Integrated Remote Access Controller User's Guide* provides complete information about configuring and using an integrated Remote Access Controller to remotely manage and monitor the system and its shared resources through a network.
- The *Update Packages User's Guide* provides information about obtaining and using the Update Packages for Windows and Linux as part of the system update strategy.

- The *Server Update Utility User's Guide* provides information about using the Server Update Utility.
- The *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software contains readme files for applications found on the media.

(i) **NOTE:** If the product does not perform as expected or you do not understand a procedure described in this guide, see **Getting Help** in the system's Hardware Owner's Manual.

Preinstallation Setup

Ensure that you perform the following before installing Server Administrator:

- Read the installation instructions for the operating system.
- Read the Installation Requirements to ensure that the system meets or exceeds the minimum requirements.
- Read the applicable readme files and the *Systems Software Support Matrix*.
- Close all applications running on the system before installing the Server Administrator applications.

  On systems running the Linux operating system, ensure that all operating system RPM Package Manager (RPM) packages required by the Server Administrator RPMs are installed. If the system had VMware ESXi factory-installed, Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server, see the Dependent RPMs for Remote Enablement section for information about any RPMs that you need to manually install before installing managed system software. Typically, manual installation of RPMs is not required.

Topics:

- Installation Requirements
- Configuring SNMP Agents
- Remote Enablement Requirements
- Winbind configuration for openwsman and sfcb for Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating systems
- Work around for the libssl issue
- Winbind configuration for openwsman and sfcb for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server operating system

Installation Requirements

This section describes the general requirements of the Server Administrator and provides information about supported operating systems and web browsers.

(i) **NOTE:**
- Prerequisites specific to an operating system are listed as part of the installation procedures.
- Server Administrator 9.5 RPM packages have been signed with Dell SHA-512 signature key. The installation or upgrade from previous versions of Server administrator to Server Administrator 9.5 prompts you an interactive message. During silent installation or upgrade, you must download the key from the following location:

  https://linux.dell.com/repo/hardware/dsu/public_gpg3.key

  Before installing or upgrading Server Administrator 9.5, you must import the Dell SHA-512 key once to each host with `rpm --import <key file>`. Once the key is imported, you are not required to import the key every time while installing, or upgrading to 9.5.

Supported Operating Systems And Web Browsers

For information about the supported operating systems and web browsers, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix* available at www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals.

(i) **NOTE:** Ensure that the web browser is configured to bypass the proxy server for local addresses.

System Requirements

Install Server Administrator on each system that requires to be managed. You can manage each system running Server Administrator locally or remotely through a supported web browser.

NOTE: For the list of supported operating systems and Dell EMC servers, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Software Support Matrix* in the required version of **OpenManage Software** at www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals.

Managed System Requirements

- One of the supported operating systems and web browser
- Minimum 2 GB RAM
- Minimum 512 MB free hard drive space
- Administrator rights
- TCP/IP connection on the managed system and the remote system to facilitate remote system management.
- One of the Supported Systems Management Protocol Standards
- Monitor with a minimum screen resolution of 800 x 600. The recommended screen resolution is at least 1024 x 768.
- The Server Administrator Remote Access Controller service requires remote access controller (RAC) installed on the managed system. See the relevant *Remote Access Controller User's Guide* for complete software and hardware requirements.
- The Server Administrator Storage Management Service requires Server Administrator that is installed on the managed system. See the *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator Storage Management User's Guide* for complete software and hardware requirements.

Related Link:

Supported Operating Systems and Web Browsers

Supported Systems Management Protocol Standards

Install a supported systems management protocol on the managed system before installing the management station or managed system software. On supported Linux operating system, systems management software supports:

- Common Information Model (CIM)
- Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)

Install the SNMP package provided with the operating system. If SNMP is installed post Server Administrator installation, restart Server Administrator services.

ⓘ **NOTE:** For information about installing a supported systems management protocol standard on the managed system, see the operating system documentation.

The following table shows the availability of the systems management standards for each supported operating system:

Table 2. Availability of Systems Management Protocol by Operating Systems

Operating System	SNMP/CIM
Supported Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating system.	Install the SNMP/CIM package provided with the operating system.
Supported SUSE Linux Enterprise Server operating system.	Install the SNMP/CIM package provided with the operating system.

ⓘ **NOTE:** Dell EMC recommends installing the SFCB, SFCC, OpenWSMan, and CMPI packages from the operating system media, if available.

Configuring SNMP Agents

The systems management software supports the SNMP systems management standard on all supported operating systems. The SNMP support may or may not be installed depending on the operating system and how the operating system was installed. An installed supported systems management protocol standard, such as SNMP, is required before installing the systems management software.

Configure the SNMP agent to change the community name, enable set operations, and send traps to a management station. To configure the SNMP agent for proper interaction with management applications, perform the procedures that are described in the *Dell EMC OpenManage Server Administrator User's Guide*.

Related Links:
- Installation Requirements
- Supported Systems Management Protocol Standards

Remote Enablement Requirements

The Remote Enablement feature is supported on:
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux
- SUSE Enterprise Linux
- VMware vSphere (ESXi)

Dependent RPMs For Remote Enablement

If you choose to install the Remote Enablement feature, you have to install certain dependent RPMs and configure these RPMs before installing the feature. Install the following RPMs:
- **libcmpiCppImpl0**
- **libwsman1 (RHEL)**
- **libwsman3 (SLES15)**
- **openwsman-server**
- **sblim-sfcb**
- **sblim-sfcc**

(i) **NOTE:** Make sure that Pegasus RPMs are uninstalled.

Installing Dependent RPMs

To install the dependent RPMs not available on the operating system media:
1. Make sure that Pegasus RPMs are uninstalled.
2. Check if the `openwsmand` and `sfcbd` binaries are already installed using make-install. Check by running the commands: `openwsman` or `sfcbd` or you can check the existence of the binaries in the `/usr/local/sbin` directory.
3. If the binaries are installed, uninstall these binaries.
4. Check for the required dependencies for the `openwsman` and `sfcbd` RPMs listed in the following table.

Table 3. Required Dependencies

Packages	Red Hat Enterprise Server	SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
Openwsman	OpenSSL LibXML Pkgconfig CURL Chkconfig Initscript SBLIM-SFCC	LibOpenSSL LibXML Pkg-config libCURL aaa_base aaa_base SBLIM-SFCC
SBLIM SFCC	CURL	LibCURL
SBLIM SFCB	zlib CURL PAM OpenSSL Chkconfig Initscript	zlib LibCURL PAM LibOpenSSL aaa_base aaa_base

5. Install the dependent RPMs. You can install the RPMs:

- with a single command `rpm -ivh rpm1 rpm2 rpm3 rpm4 … rpmN`

  or
- individually

  ⓘ **NOTE:** If you are installing RPMs individually, follow this sequence.

  ```
  rpm -ivh sblim-sfcb-x.x.x.rpm
  rpm -ivh sblim-sfcc-x.x.x.rpm
  ```

  ⓘ **NOTE:** Install the `libwsman` and `openwsman` client RPMs simultaneously as they have cyclic dependency.

  ```
  rpm -ivh libwsman1-x.x.x.rpm openwsman-client-x.x.x.rpm
  rpm -ivh openwsman-server-x.x.x.rpm
  ```

Post Installation Configuration For Remote Enablement

This section details the steps to configure the dependent RPMs if you have installed the Remote Enablement feature.

The post installation configuration script is available at `/opt/dell/srvadmin/etc/` on the server file system.

After installing all the dependent RPMs and the Remote Enablement feature, run the **autoconf_cim_component.sh** script.

Before running the **autoconf_cim_component.sh** script, ensure that Systems Management is installed.

Run the following command to configure `sfcb` and `openwsman` as per the default configurations: `./autoconf_cim_component.sh`

ⓘ **NOTE:** To configure **openwsman** on the managed node to run on a different port, use the **-p <_port_>** option with **autoconf_cim_component.sh**. This is optional and by default the **openwsman** is configured to run on port 443.

ⓘ **NOTE:** To successfully use **openwsmand** and **sfcbd** services on systems running the supported Linux server operating system with SELinux enabled, use the following commands:
- **openwsmand**

  `#grep openwsmand /var/log/audit/audit.log | audit2allow -M mypol`

  `#semodule -i mypol.pp`
- **sfcbd**

  `#grep sfcbd  /var/log/audit/audit.log | audit2allow -M mypol`

  `#semodule -i mypol.pp`

Related Links:

Installing Managed System Software on Supported Linux and VMware ESX

Creating Server Certificate For WSMan

You can either create a certificate for WSMan or reuse an existing certificate.

Creating A New Certificate

You can create a new server certificate for WSMan by running the `owsmangencert.sh` script that is **/etc/openwsman**. The **openwsman** RPM provides the script. Follow the steps in the wizard to create the server certificate.

ⓘ **NOTE:** On RHEL8, comment RANDFILE and change bits to 2048 in ssleay.cnf before running `owsmangencert.sh` for openwsman to run properly .

Reusing An Existing Certificate

If you have a self-signed or CA-signed certificate, you can use the same certificate for the `openwsman` server by updating the `ssl_cert_file` and `ssl_key_file` values, which are grouped under `[server]` tag, in **/etc/openwsman/openwsman.conf** with the existing certificate values.

Configuring CRL for the `openwsman client`

To configure the Certificate Revocation List (CRL) used by Server Administrator Web Server, do the following:

1. Mention a valid CRL file in `/etc/openwsman/openwsman_client.conf`.
2. If left blank, the CRL check is ignored.

   (i) **NOTE:** CRL support is only present on the supported SUSE Linux Enterprise Server and Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server. For other operating systems, contact the operating system vendor to provide the required CURL library with CRL support.

Running `sfcb` and `openwsman`

Run `sfcb` and `openwsman`:

- `/etc/init.d/sfcb start`
- `/etc/init.d/openwsmand start`

(i) **NOTE:** On Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6, replace sfcb with sblim-sfcb.

On Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6, for the `sblim-sfcb` and `openwsman` to start automatically after a reboot you need to change the run-levels using the `chkconfig` utility. For example, if you want to run `sblim-sfcb` in run-levels 3 and 5, use the following command:

```
#chkconfig sblim-sfcb on --level 35
```

(i) **NOTE:** For more information about `chkconfig` and its usage, see the operating system documentation.

The managed system is configured and is ready to be used by the Server Administrator Web Server.

Winbind configuration for `openwsman` and `sfcb` for Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating systems

Perform the following to configure `openwsman` and `sfcb`:

1. Back up these files:
   - `/etc/pam.d/openwsman`
   - `/etc/pam.d/sfcb`
   - `/etc/pam.d/system-auth`
2. Replace the content of `/etc/pam.d/openwsman` and `/etc/pam.d/sfcb` with the following:

   ```
   auth required pam_stack.so service=system-auth
   auth required /lib/security/pam_nologin.so
   account required pam_stack.so service=system-auth
   ```

3. Replace the content of `/etc/pam.d/system-auth` with the following:

   ```
   %PAM-1.0
   This file is auto-generated.
   User changes will be destroyed the next time authconfig is run.
   auth required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_env.so
   auth sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_unix.so likeauth nullok
   auth sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_krb5.so use_first_pass
   ```

```
auth sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_winbind.so use_first_pass
auth required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_deny.so
account required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_unix.so broken_shadow
account sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_succeed_if.so uid 100 quiet
account [default=bad success=ok user_unknown= ignore] /lib/security/$ISA/pam_krb5.so
account [default=bad success=ok user_unknown= ignore] /lib/security/$ISA/
pam_winbind.so
account required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_permit.so
password requisite /lib/security/$ISA/pam_cracklib.so retry=3
password sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_unix.so nullok use_authtok md5 shadow
password sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_krb5.so use_authtok
password sufficient /lib/security/$ISA/pam_winbind.so use_authtok
password required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_deny.so
session required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_limits.so
session required /lib/security/$ISA/pam_unix.so
session optional /lib/security/$ISA/pam_krb5.so
```

Work around for the `libssl` issue

If the required library needed by **openwsman** is present on the system, the **autoconf_cim_component.sh** script tries to resolve the **libssl.so** issue. However, if the library is not present, the script reports the same. Check if the latest version of the **libssl** library is installed on the system and then create a soft link with **libssl.so**.

For example: if you have `libssl.so.0.9.8a` and `libssl.so.0.9.8b` in `/usr/lib`, create soft link with the latest `libssl.so.0.9.8b`:

- `ln -sf /usr/lib64/libssl.so.0.9.8b /usr/lib64/libssl.so`
- `ldconfig`

Winbind configuration for `openwsman` and `sfcb` for SUSE Linux Enterprise Server operating system

Perform the following to configure `openwsman` and `sfcb`:

1. Back up the following files:
   - `/etc/pam.d/openwsman`
   - `/etc/pam.d/sfcb`
   - `/etc/pam.d/system-auth`
   - `/etc/pam.d/common-account`

2. Replace the content of `/etc/pam.d/openwsman/` and `/etc/pam.d/sfcb` with the following:

   ```
   %PAM-1.0
   auth include common-auth
   auth required /lib/security/pam_nologin.so
   account include common-account
   ```

3. Replace the content of `/etc/pam.d/common-auth` with the following:

   ```
   auth required pam_env.so
   auth sufficient pam_unix2.so debug
   auth sufficient pam_winbind.so use_first_pass debug
   ```

4. Replace the content of `/etc/pam.d/common-account` with the following:

   ```
   account sufficient pam_unix2.so
   account sufficient pam_winbind.so
   ```

Installing Managed System Software On Supported Linux and VMware ESXi operating systems

The following table explains the operating system installation matrix for Systems Management.

Table 4. Operating System Installation Matrix

Operating System Architecture	64-bit Architecture
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.2	Install
Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.8	Install
SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15 SP2	Install
VMware ESXi 7.0	Install
VMware ESXi 7.0 U1	Install

(i) **NOTE:**
- On a Systems Management upgrade, Dell EMC recommends upgrading to the latest open-source components available on the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software or from **www.dell.com/ Support/Home**.
- If you are upgrading the operating system to a major version, uninstall the existing version of Systems Management and install the supported version.

The installation scripts and RPM packages specific to supported Linux and VMware ESXi operating systems are provided to install and uninstall the Server Administrator and other managed system software components. These installation scripts and RPMs are located in the **SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/supportscripts** directory available in the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software.

(i) **NOTE:** Before you migrate to Systems Management software, ensure that you uninstall the Systems Management and other open-source components (**openwsman-server**, **openwsman-client**, **libwsman1**, **sblim-sfcb**, **sblim-sfcc**, **libcmpiCppImpl0**, **libsmbios2**, **smbios-utils-bin**) installed as part of the Systems Management.

The install script **srvadmin-install.sh** enables silent or interactive installation. By including the **srvadmin-install.sh** script in the Linux scripts, install Server Administrator locally or across a network on single or multiple systems.

The second install method uses the Server Administrator RPM packages that are provided in the custom directories and the Linux **rpm** command. Write Linux scripts that install Server Administrator locally or across a network on single or multiple systems.

Using a combination of the two install methods is not recommended and may require that you manually install the required Server Administrator RPM packages provided in the custom directories, using the Linux **rpm** command.

For information about supported platforms and supported operating systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix* at **www.dell.com/OpenManageManuals**.

Topics:

- Software License Agreement
- RPM for individual components
- OpenIPMI Device Driver
- Installing Managed System Software
- Uninstalling Managed System Software

Software License Agreement

The software license for the Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server version of the Systems Management software is located on the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software. Read the `license.txt` file. By installing or copying any of the files on the provided media, you are agreeing to the terms in this file. This file is also copied to the root of the software tree where you install the Systems Management software.

RPM for individual components

The following table lists the RPMs for individual components that can be used during installation:

Table 5. RPM for Individual Components

	Prerequisite	RPM	Deamons Names	Command-Line Options for srvadmin-install.sh
Server Administrator Web Server	OS	srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-jre srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-tomcat srvadmin-smcommon srvadmin-smweb	dsm_om_connsvcd	-w or --web
Server Instrumentation	PE Server, OS (For systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux, install net-snmp-utils. For systems running SUSE Linux Enterprise, install net-snmp)	srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-smcommon srvadmin-omacore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-isvc-snmp srvadmin-deng-snmp srvadmin-cm srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst srvadmin-xmlsup	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_snmpd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-d or --dellagent
Server Instrumentation Only	PE Server, OS	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-cm srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-g or --agent

Table 5. RPM for Individual Components (continued)

	Prerequisite	RPM	Deamons Names	Command-Line Options for srvadmin-install.sh
SNMP	PE Server, OS (For systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux, install net-snmp-utils. For systems running SUSE Linux Enterprise, install net-snmp).	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-isvc-snmp srvadmin-deng-snmp srvadmin-cm srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_snmpd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-m or --snmp
CLI	PE Server, OS	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-omacore srvadmin-cm srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_shrsvcd	-i or --cli
OS Logging Option	PE Server, OS	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-oslog srvadmin-cm srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_shrsvcd	-l or --oslog
Remote Enablement	PE Server, OS, CIMOM,WSMan CIMOM version >= SFCB 1.3.2 (applicable for systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux, and SUSE Linux) WSMan Version >= OpenWSMAN 2.1	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst srvadmin-isvc-snmp	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_snmpd dsm_sa_shrsvcd	-c or --cimagent

Table 5. RPM for Individual Components (continued)

	Prerequisite	RPM	Deamons Names	Command-Line Options for srvadmin-install.sh
	(For systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux, install net-snmp-utils. For systems running SUSE Linux Enterprise, install net-snmp)	srvadmin-deng-snmp srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-omacore srvadmin-cm srvadmin-smcommon srvadmin-itunnelprovider		
Storage Agent and Server Instrumentation	(For systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux, install net-snmp-utils. For systems running SUSE Linux Enterprise, install net-snmp).	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-sysfsutils srvadmin-storelib-sysfs srvadmin-storelib srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-deng-snmp srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-isvc-snmp srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-omacore srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst srvadmin-cm srvadmin-realssd (applicable for x86_64 bit only) srvadmin-smcommon srvadmin-storage srvadmin-storage-cli srvadmin-storage-snmp	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_snmpd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-s or --storage
Remote Access SA Plugin Component -> Remote access core components, Server Instrumentation	iDRAC agent is installed if iDRAC card is available in the server. iDRAC agent is installed for yx1x generation and yx2x generation of PowerEdge servers with RAC presence. (For systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux, install net-snmp-utils. For systems running SUSE Linux	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-argtable2 srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-deng-snmp srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-isvc-snmp srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-omacs	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_sa_snmpd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-r or --rac

Table 5. RPM for Individual Components (continued)

	Prerequisite	RPM	Deamons Names	Command-Line Options for srvadmin-install.sh
	Enterprise, install net-snmp)	srvadmin-ominst srvadmin-omacore srvadmin-cm srvadmin-smcommon srvadmin-idracadm7 srvadmin-idrac-vmcli		
Storage Agent and Server Instrumentation	PE Server, OS	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-cm	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-t or --stragent
Remote Enablement and Server Instrumentation	PE Server, OS	srvadmin-xmlsup srvadmin-hapi srvadmin-omilcore srvadmin-deng srvadmin-isvc srvadmin-cm srvadmin-omacs srvadmin-ominst srvadmin-itunnelprovider	dsm_sa_datamgrd dsm_sa_eventmgrd dsm_om_shrsvcd	-z or --corecim

ⓘ **NOTE:** To manage the server, select either Server Administrator Web Server or one of the Management Interfaces – CLI, SNMP, or OS LOG along with Server Instrumentation (SI) or Server Administrator Storage Management Service (OMSS).

ⓘ **NOTE:** Command-line options for [-t] and [-g] cannot be used without a management interface. These options must be combined with management interface options such as [-w], [-i], [-z], [-l], or [-m]. For more information about custom installations, see Server Administrator Custom Installation Utility.

OpenIPMI Device Driver

The Server Instrumentation feature of Server Administrator requires the OpenIPMI device driver that provides IPMI-based information and functionality.

All supported Linux systems contain the required version of IPMI module in the default kernel itself. You do not have to install the IPMI RPM. For more information on supported systems, see the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Software Support Matrix*.

Degradation Of Functionality When The Server Administrator Instrumentation Service Is Started

After Server Administrator is installed, the Server Administrator Instrumentation Service performs a run-time check of the OpenIPMI device driver whenever it is started. The Server Administrator Instrumentation Service is started whenever you run either the `srvadmin-services.sh start` or `srvadmin-services.sh restart` commands, or when you restart the system (during which the Server Administrator Instrumentation Service is started.)

Server Administrator installation blocks the installation of Server Administrator packages if an appropriate version of the OpenIPMI device driver is not currently installed on the system. However, it is still possible, though not typical, that you can uninstall or replace a sufficient version of the OpenIPMI device driver after Server Administrator has been installed. Server Administrator cannot prevent this.

To account for a user uninstalling or replacing a sufficient version of the OpenIPMI device driver after Server Administrator has been installed, the Server Administrator Instrumentation Service checks the OpenIPMI device driver version whenever it is started. If a sufficient version of the OpenIPMI device driver is not found, the Server Administrator Instrumentation Service degrades itself so that it does not provide any of the IPMI-based information or functionality. Primarily, this means that it does not provide any probe data (for example, fans, temperatures, and voltage probe data.)

Installing Managed System Software

This section explains how to install managed system software by using the following installation options:

- Using the `srvadmin-install.sh` shell script

(i) **NOTE:** For information about Ubuntu installation, see Dell EMC OpenManage Ubuntu and Debian Repositories.

(i) **NOTE:** The Server Administrator .deb packages are not carried in the OM DVD, it is supported only through repository.

(i) **NOTE:** If you have downloaded the managed system software installer (available as a `.tar.gz` file), the `srvadmin-install.sh` shell script is present as `setup.sh` in the root directory.

(i) **NOTE:** On a successful import of settings using `srvadmin-install.sh` (OMDVD) or `setup.sh (webpack)`, the exported preferences that are stored in the default folder `/opt/dell/backup/openmanage` are deleted. In case the import fails, the failure is logged and preferences are rolled back to the defaults.

(i) **NOTE:** When you upgrade server administrator from the previously installed version, and if you have installed other Dell system management products, for example DTK, you may see dependency errors. Dell EMC recommends upgrading or removing the dependent products before upgrading server administrator.

- Using the RPM command

Prerequisites For Installing Managed System Software

The prerequisites are:

- Log in as **root**.
- The running kernel must have loadable module support enabled.
- The **/opt** directory must have at least 250 MB of free space, and the **/tmp**, **/etc**, and **/var** directories must each have at least 20 MB of free space.
- Install the **net-snmp** package that is provided with the operating system if you use SNMP to manage the server. If you want to use supporting agents for the **ucd-snmp** or **net-snmp** agent, you must install the operating system support for the SNMP standard before you install Server Administrator. For more information about installing SNMP, see the installation instructions for the operating system you are running on the system.

(i) **NOTE:** When installing RPM packages, to avoid warnings concerning the RPM-GPG key, import the key with a command similar to `rpm --import <OM DVD mountpoint>/SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/RPM-GPG-KEY`

(i) **NOTE:** Before installing Server Administrator on SLES15, you must install `insserv-compat` package else the installation fails.

- In Red Hat Enterprise Linux or later and SLES, install the **wsman** and **sblim** packages from the operating system DVD. See, To install the wsman and sblim packages
- Install all the prerequisite RPMs required for successful installation.

  If the system had factory-installed, Red Hat Enterprise Linux or SUSE Linux Enterprise Server, see the Dependent RPMs for Remote Enablement section for information about any RPMs that you need to manually install before installing managed system software. Typically, you may not need to manually install any RPMs.

Installing the `wsman` and `sblim` Packages

1. In **Package selection**, select **Basic Server**.
2. Select **Customize now** and click **Next**.
3. Select **System Management** group.
4. From the subcategory, select **Web-based Enterprise Management** > **Optional Packages** option. The default selected packages are: `openwsman-client`, `sblim-sfcb`, `sblim-wbemcli`, and `wsmancli`

   Clear the selection `sblim-wbemcli` package from the list.
5. Select `openwsman-server` and click **Next**.
6. After the operating system installation, install `libcmpiCppImpl0` package from the operating system DVD or using the `Yum` utility.

Installing Managed System software using the provided media

The installer uses RPMs to install each component. The software (DVD) is divided into subdirectories to enable easy custom installation.

To review the software before you install it, do the following:

1. Load the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software into the DVD drive.
2. Mount the DVD, if required.
3. When you have mounted the DVD, navigate to: `<OM DVD mount point>/SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/`
   The installation script and RPM folder are available under the Linux directory.

Express install

Use the provided shell script to perform the express installation on supported Linux operating systems.

(i) **NOTE:** On the Red Hat Enterprise Linux 6.x operating system, DVDs are auto-mounted with the -noexec mount option. You cannot run any executable program from the DVD. Manually mount the DVD and then run executable programs.

1. Log in as `root` to the system running the supported operating system where you want to install the managed system components.
2. Mount the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software into the DVD drive.
3. Mount the DVD, if required.
4. Go to `<OM DVD mount point>/SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/supportscripts` directory. Run the `srvadmin-install.sh` shell script, which performs an express installation.

```
sh srvadmin-install.sh --express
```

or

```
sh srvadmin-install.sh -x
```

The setup program installs the following managed system software features:
- Server Administrator Web Server
- Server Instrumentation
- Storage Management
- Remote Access Controller

Remote enablement is not installed and Server Administrator services do not start automatically.

After the selected features are installed, the following message is displayed: `iDRAC is an out-of-band management system that allows system administrators to monitor and manage the PowerEdge Servers and other network equipment, remotely. iDRAC works regardless of Power status and operating system functionality. For more information, visit http://pilot.search.dell.com/iDRAC.`

With this version of Server Administrator, Security-Enhanced Linux (SELinux) is an optional security architecture that is integrated into the kernels of Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating systems. You can now install an optional SELinux security policy for Server Administrator. If the SELinux policy is set to "Permissive" mode, it logs any access to unnecessary OS resources. If the policy is set to "Enforced" mode, it fully restricts and log any access to unnecessary OS resources.

For more information, see: https://access.redhat.com/documentation/en-us/red_hat_enterprise_linux/7/html/selinux_users_and_administrators_guide.

To install this Server Administrator SELinux policy, run this installer script again adding a `-S` or `--selinux` option after installing Server Administrator.

5. Start the Server Administrator services after the installation using the `srvadmin-services.sh` script by using the `sh srvadmin-services start` command.

Component-specific install using RPM commands

The RPMs specific to a particular OpenManage component are grouped together. To facilitate an RPM-based installation, install the RPMs from the following directories:

- `SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/<OS>/Remote-Enablement/< arch>`
- `SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/<OS>/SA-WebServer/<arch>`
- `SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/<OS>/Server-Instrumentation/<arch >`
- `SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/<OS>/add-StorageManagement/< arch>`
- `SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/<OS>/add-iDRAC/<arch>`

For example, if you are running Red Hat Enterprise Linux version 7, you can customize the installation by adding the RPMs from the following directories.

Table 6. RPM Directory

Directory	RPM Package
SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/RHEL7/add-StorageManagement/<arch>	Storage Management component packages
SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/RHEL7/SAWebServer/<arch>	Server Administrator Web Server component packages
SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/RHEL7/Server-Instrumentation/<arch>	Server Instrumentation packages

Where <OS> is the supported operating system and <arch> is 64-bit (x86_64).

The DVD provides RPMs that enable repository-based installation using clients such as `Yum` and `Zypper`. There are RPMs that install the entire set or you can select individual RPMs to install specific components. The RPMs are available at:

```
SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/RPMS/supportRPMS/metaRPMS
```

The following list of RPMs enables the installation of a particular RPM set.

Table 7. Meta RPMs

Meta RPMs	Details
srvadmin-all	Installs all the components.
srvadmin-base	Installs the Server Instrumentation component. This component has to be installed before installing any of the other specific components.
srvadmin-idrac	Installs the iDRAC component.

Table 7. Meta RPMs (continued)

Meta RPMs	Details
srvadmin-standardAgent	Installs the Remote Enablement component.
srvadmin-storageservices	Installs the storage services component.
srvadmin-webserver	Installs the web server component.
srvadmin-server-snmp	Installs the server Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) component.
srvadmin-server-cli	Installs the server Command Line Interface (CLI) component.
srvadmin-storageservices-snmp	Installs the storage SNMP component.
srvadmin-storageservices-cli	Installs the storage CLI component.

Related Links:

Linux Installer Packages

Custom RPMs Based Installation

The following is an example of custom RPMs-based installation of Server Administrator, including the installation of the Remote Enablement feature and the Storage Management Service components:

(i) **NOTE:** On the Red Hat Enterprise Linux operating system, DVDs are automounted with the **-noexec** mount option. You cannot run any executable program from the DVD. You have to manually mount the DVD and then run executable programs.

1. Log in as `root` to the system running the supported operating system where you want to install the managed system components.
2. Insert the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software into the DVD drive.
3. Navigate to the operating system-specific directory corresponding to the system.
4. Type the following command:

```
rpm –ivh Server-Instrumentation/<arch>/*.rpm
add-StorageManagement/<arch>/*.rpm
RemoteEnablement/<arch>/*.rpm
```

Server Administrator services do not start automatically.

(i) **NOTE:** Ensure that you install Server Instrumentation or Remote Enablement before installing Remote Access Controller or Storage Management.

(i) **NOTE:** If you choose to install the Remote Enablement feature, ensure that you install the dependent RPMs before installing this feature.

5. Start the Server Administrator services after the installation by using the command:

```
sh srvadmin-services start
```

(i) **NOTE:** You can install Server Administrator on any system that meets operating system dependencies. However, after installation, certain Server Administrator services may not be started on unsupported systems.

Related Links:

Dependent RPMs for Remote Enablement

Using The Shell Script To Perform The Custom Installation

You can run the Server Administrator Custom Install script in an interactive mode.

The basic usage of the script is:

```
srvadmin-install.sh [OPTION]...
```

Server Administrator Custom Installation Utility

The Server Administrator utility runs in an interactive mode if you do not specify any options, and runs silently if you provide one or more options.

The options are:

- `[-c|--cimagent]`—Installs Remote Enablement components.
- `[-d|--dellagent`—Installs Server Instrumentation components. Including the granular components:
  1. Server Administrator CLI Interface
  2. Server Administrator SNMP Interface
  3. Server Administrator Operating system log Interface
- `[-g|--agent]`—Installs the Server Instrumentation agent only.*
- `[-h|--help]`—Displays the help text.
- `[-i|--cli]`—Installs Server Administrator Command Line Interface.*
- `[-l|--oslog]`—Installs operating system logging component.*
- `[-m|--snmp]`—Installs Server Administrator SNMP component.*
- `[-r|--rac]`—Installs applicable RAC components and Server Instrumentation components.
- `[-s|--storage]`—Installs Storage Management, Server Instrumentation, and Default Management Interfaces'.
- `[-t|--stragent]`—Installs Server Instrumentation and Storage Management. This requires at least one management interface option in combination.*
- `[-u|--update]`—Updates applicable Server Administrator components
- `[-w|--web]`—Installs Server Administrator Web Server.
- `[-x|--express]`—Installs default components. Any other options passed is ignored. The following components are installed:
  1. Server Instrumentation
  2. Storage Management
  3. RAC, if applicable
  4. Server Administrator Web Server
- `[-z|--corecim]`—Installs core CIM Interface.*
- `[-S|--selinux]`—Installs Server Administrator SELinux policies.**

The following options can be used along with options that are stated above:

- `[-a|--autostart]`—Starts the installed services after components have been installed.
- `[-p|--preserve]`—Preserves the screen without clearing the installation information.
  (i) **NOTE:** If you do not use the `[-p | --preserve]` option during the installation, the history information displayed on the screen gets erased.

*—Options included for Linux granular installation.

**—This option is applicable only for Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.x.

Using The Shell Script To Perform The Installation In Interactive Mode

This installation procedure uses the `srvadmin-install.sh` to prompt you for to install the specific components.

1. Log in as `root` to the system running the supported operating system where you want to install the managed system components.
2. Mount the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software into the DVD drive.
3. Mount the DVD, if required.
4. Navigate to `<OM DVD mount point>/SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/supportscripts`.
5. Run the script with the `sh srvadmin-install.sh` command and accept the terms of the End User License Agreement.

Running the command displays a list of component options. If any of the components are already installed, those components are listed separately with a check mark next to them. The Server Administrator installation options are displayed.

6. Press `<c>`to copy, `<i>` to install, `<r>` to reset and start over, or `<q>` to quit. If you press `<c>`, you are prompted to enter the absolute destination path.
   When the installation is complete, the script has an option for starting the services.

7. Press `<y>` to start the services or `<Enter>` to exit.

Using The Install Script To Run In Silent Mode

Perform the following steps for a silent installation using the `srvadmin-install.sh` shell script:

1. Log in as `root` to the system running the supported operating system where you want to install the managed system components.

2. Mount the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software into the DVD drive.

3. Mount the DVD, if required.

4. Navigate to `<OM DVD mount point>/SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/supportscripts`.

5. To install the Storage Management Service components, type the command `sh srvadmin-install.sh --storage` (long options) OR `sh srvadmin-install.sh -s` (short options).

   (i) **NOTE:** Long options can be combined with short options, and the opposite way.

6. Start Server Administrator services after the installation by typing the command `sh srvadmin-services start`.

   (i) **NOTE:** After installing Server Administrator, log out and then log in again to access the Server Administrator Command Line Interface (CLI).

Determining The Server Administrator Architecture

Use the following command to identify if the already installed Server Administrator is of 64-bit architecture

```
rpm -q --queryformat "%{NAME} - %{ARCH}\n"  `rpm -qa | grep srvadmin`
```

The system displays a message identifying the architecture where, x86_64 refers to 64-bit.

Managed System Software Installation Using Third-Party Deployment Software

You can use third-party deployment software, such as Altiris Deployment Solution, VMWare Update Manager (VUM), or Linux Repository for `Yellowdog Updater Modified (YUM)` and `Zypper`, to install managed systems software on supported systems.

To distribute and install Server Administrator using Altiris Deployment Solution:

1. Start the Altiris application

2. Import `OpenManage_Jobs.bin` located at `SYSMGMT\srvadmin\support\Altiris` on the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software

3. Specify a job folder to import `OpenManage_Jobs.bin`.

4. Modify the **Run Script** and **Copy File** tasks to match the deployment environment.

5. Schedule the job to run on the supported systems that are managed from the Altiris Deployment Solution.

Linux Repository

The Linux Repository is the official repository for all related software and updates for your Linux systems. You can use this repository to complete the following tasks:
● Install Server Administrator
● Install drivers for all your Linux systems

- Install BIOS and firmware updates

Setting Up The Linux Repository

Before you can start using the Linux Repository for installing software or upgrades, you must set up the repository. For more information, see **http://linux.dell.com/repo/hardware/**.

Set up the repository with:

```
wget -q -O - http://linux.dell.com/repo/hardware/latest/bootstrap.cgi | bash
```

Installation Using Linux Repository

You can install Server Administrator using the Linux Repository by any of the following methods:

(i) **NOTE:** Ensure that you set up the Linux Repository before you install the software from the repository.

(i) **NOTE:** Server Administrator does not install on unsupported systems. If you try installing Server Administrator on unsupported systems, you receive a message that the system is not supported and the installation fails.

(i) **NOTE:** Starting with Server Administrator 9.2 release, the signing algorithm has changed from SHA-1 to SHA-512. If you are installing or upgrading to the latest version of Server Administrator, you must rerun the bootstrap script.

Using YUM

To install OMSA using the repository, type the following command:

```
yum install srvadmin-all
```

If you want to use server administrator SELinux policies, type the following command:

```
yum install srvadmin-selinux
```

(i) **NOTE:** The SElinux policies for OpenManage are only applicable for Red Hat Enterprise Linux.

Using ZYPPER

You can install Server Administrator using zypper for SLES.

```
zypper install srvadmin-all
```

(i) **NOTE:** The server administrator services start automatically during install and upgrade of OMSA.

Uninstalling Managed System Software

To uninstall Managed System Software, log in as `root`.

Uninstalling Managed System Software Using The Uninstall Script

An uninstallation script is installed when you install Server Administrator. Execute the script by typing `srvadmin-uninstall.sh` and then pressing <Enter>.

(i) **NOTE:** During an uninstall of Server Administrator using `srvadmin-uninstall.sh`, the preferences are exported to the default folder. The preferences are exported to a default folder `/opt/dell/backup/openmanage`.

If there is a previous set of exported files, they are overwritten. The default folder preferences are always the last known set of preferences.

Uninstalling Managed System Software Using The RPM Command

The individual components of systems management software can be uninstalled without uninstalling all the systems management.

To uninstall only the Server Administrator Web Server, use the command `rpm -e `rpm -qa | grep srvadmin-tomcat``.

During an uninstallation, files in which user settings are made are preserved with the **.rpmsave** file extension. Log files are also preserved after the uninstallation.

Installing Systems Management Software On VMware ESXi

VMware ESXi is factory-installed on some systems. For a list of these systems, see the latest *Systems Software Support Matrix*.

Server Administrator is available as a .zip file for installing on systems running VMware ESXi. The **zip** file, `OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip`, where <version> is the supported ESXi version.

Download VMware vSphere Command Line Interface (vSphere CLI) from **vmware.com** and install on the Microsoft Windows or Linux system. Alternately, you can import VMware vSphere Management Assistant (vMA) to the ESXi host.

(i) **NOTE:** On systems running VMware **ESXi 7.x** operating system, the Server Administrator fails to connect from Server Administrator web server (DWS) with failure message as Login failed if the sfcbd service is set to run in read-only mode (readonly=true under sfcb.cfg file) on **ESXi 7.x** host. To connect Server Administrator of VMware **ESXi7.x** from Server Administrator web server (DWS), the sfcbd service should be set to run in read-write mode (readonly=false under sfcb.cfg file) as the default setting on **ESXi 7.x** host.

Topics:

- Using the vSphere CLI
- Using the VMware vSphere Management Assistant vMA
- Using the VMware Update Manager (VUM)
- Installing OpenManage Server Administrator using vSphere Lifecycle Manager in vSphere Client
- Using The Power CLI
- Accessing Server Administrator on VMware ESXi
- Uninstalling the existing Systems Management VIB
- Configuring The SNMP Agent On Systems Running VMware ESXi
- Troubleshooting

Using the vSphere CLI

To install systems management software on VMware ESXi using the vSphere CLI:

1. Copy the OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip file to `/var/log/vmware` directory on the supported ESXi versions.
2. Shut down all guest operating systems on the ESXi host and put the ESXi host in maintenance mode.
3. If you are using vSphere CLI on Windows, go to the directory where you have installed the vSphere CLI utilities.

   If you are using vSphere CLI on Linux, run the command from any directory.
4. Run the following command:

   For the supported version of **VMware ESXi 6.x** : `esxcli --server <IP Address of ESXi host> software vib install -d /var/log/vmware/<server administrator zip file>`

   For **ESXi 7.x**, run the command: `esxcli software component apply -d <ESXi component zip file>`.
5. Enter the root username and password of the ESXi host when prompted.

   The command output displays a successful or a failed update.

   (i) **NOTE:** After you install the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

   (i) **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB installation, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for two to three minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Otherwise, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

To get the information about the installed Server Administrator:
- For **ESXi 6.x**, use `esxcli --server <ESXi host IP> software vib get -n=OpenManage` or `esxcli --server <ESXi host IP> software vib list`
- For **ESXi 7.x**, use `esxcli software component get -n DEL-openmanage`.

The VIB contains the following items:
- Server Administrator Instrumentation Service
- Remote Enablement
- Server Administrator Storage Management
- Remote Access Controller

Related Links:

Troubleshooting

Using the VMware vSphere Management Assistant vMA

The vMA enables administrators and developers to run scripts and agents to manage ESXi systems. For more information about vMA, see **vmware.com/support/developer/vima/**.

1. Log on to vMA as an administrator and provide the password when prompted.
2. Copy and unzip the `OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip` file to a directory on the vMA.
3. Shut down all guest operating systems on the ESXi host and put the ESXi host in maintenance mode.
4. In vMA, run the following command:

   For VMware ESXi 6.x: `esxcli --server <IP Address of ESXi 6.x host> software vib install -d /var/log/vmware/<Dell OpenManage file>`
5. Enter the root username and password of the ESXi host when prompted.

   The command output displays a successful or a failed update.

   (i) **NOTE:** After you install the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

   (i) **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB installation, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for two to three minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Else, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

When you run the command, the following components are installed on the system:
- Server Administrator Instrumentation Service
- Remote Enablement
- Server Administrator Storage Management
- Remote Access Controller

Install the Server Administrator Web Server separately on a management station.

After installing Server Administrator, enable the Server Administrator Services.

Related Links:
- Troubleshooting

Using the VMware Update Manager (VUM)

To install Server Administrator using VUM:

1. Install VMware vSphere 6.x (vCenter Server, vSphere Client, and VMware vSphere Update Manager) on a system running the Windows Server operating system.
2. On the desktop, double-click **VMware vSphere Client** and login to vCenter Server.
3. Right-click **vSphere Client host** and click **New Datacenter**.
4. Right-click **New Datacenter** and click **Add Host**. Provide information for the ESXi server per online instructions.
5. Right-click the ESXi host added in the previous step and click **Maintenance Mode**.

6. From **Plug-ins** select **Manage Plug-ins** > **download VMware Update Manager** (The status is enabled if the download is successful.) Follow the instructions to install the VUM client.

7. Select the ESXi host. Click **Update Manager** > **Admin view** > **Patch Repository** > **Import Patches** and follow the online instructions to upload the patch successfully.
   The offline bundle is displayed.

8. Click **Baselines and Groups**.

9. Click **create** from Baselines tab, mention baseline name, and select **Host Extension** as baseline type. Complete the rest as per instructions.

10. Click **Admin View**.

11. Click **Add to Baseline** (against the uploaded patch name) and select the baseline name that you have created in step 8.

12. Click **Compliance view**. Select the **Update Manager** tab. Click **Attach** and select the Extension Baseline that is created in step 8 and follow the instructions.

13. Click **Scan** and select **Patches & Extensions** (if not selected by default) and click **Scan**.

14. Click **Stage**, select **created Host Extension** and follow the instructions.

15. Click **Remediate** and follow the instructions once the staging is completed.

   (i) **NOTE:** After you install the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

   (i) **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for 2-3 minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Else, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

   (i) **NOTE:** For more information about VUM, see the VMware official website.

   (i) **NOTE:** You can install Server Administrator from the VUM repository, **https://vmwaredepot.dell.com/**.

   Server Administrator installation is complete.

Installing OpenManage Server Administrator using vSphere Lifecycle Manager in vSphere Client

(i) **NOTE:** Before installing, ensure that the downloaded OpenManage Server Administrator is compatible with VMware ESXi 7.0.

To install the OpenManage Server Administrator using vSphere Lifecycle Manager (vLCM) in vSphere Client (VC), do the following:

1. Install vSphere Client (VCSA) through a supported Microsoft Windows operating system.

2. Log in into a vSphere Client using web.

3. Right-click **vSphere Client host**, and click **New Datacenter**.

4. Right-click **New Datacenter**, and click **Add Host**. Provide information for the ESXi server based on the online instructions.

5. Click **Menu** > **Lifecycle Manager** > **Settings** > **Patch Setup** > **NEW**, and enable the online repository.

6. Click **ACTIONS** > **Sync Updates**, and then OpenManage Server Administrator VIB is downloaded into VC.

7. Select the ESXi host. Click **Baselines** > **Attached Baselines** > **ATTACH** > **Create** > **Attach Baseline**, and follow the online instructions to upload the patch successfully.

8. Click **STAGE** and follow the instructions.

9. After the staging is complete, click **REMEDIATE** and follow the instructions.

   OpenManage Server Administrator installation is complete.

Using The Power CLI

To install Server Administrator using Power CLI:

1. Install the supported PowerCLI of ESXi on a supported Windows system.

2. Copy the `OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip` file to the ESXi host.

3. Navigate to the bin directory.

4. Run `Connect-VIServer` and provide the server and other credentials.

5. Log on to the ESXi host using supported vSphere CLI of ESXi 6.x and create a datastore.

6. Create a folder `OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i` on ESXi host under `/vmfs/volumes/<datastore_name>` directory.

7. Copy the ESXi .zip file on ESXi 6.x host to `/vmfs/volumes/<datastore_name>OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>I` directory.

8. Unzip the .zip file in the above specified directory.

9. Run the following command in Power CLI: `Install-VMHostPatch -VMHost <ESXi host IP> - HostPath /vmfs/volumes/<datastore_name>name>/OMSrvAdmin- Dell-Web-<version>-<-metadata.zip>.VIBESX<version>i/cross_dell-openmanage-esxi_<version>-metadata.zip`

   (i) **NOTE:** After you install the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

   (i) **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB installation, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for two to three minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Else, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

10. Run the following command to check if OpenManage is installed successfully on the host: For **ESXi 6.x** `esxcli software vib list|grep -i open`
    - For **ESXi 7.0** run the following command to check if OpenManage is installed successfully on the host: `esxcli software component list | grep DEL-openmanage`
    OpenManage is displayed.

    (i) **NOTE:** For more information about Power CLI, see the VMware official website.

Accessing Server Administrator on VMware ESXi

To manage Server Administrator on VMware ESXi using the Server Administrator Web Server interface:

1. Install only the Server Administrator Web Server interface on another system.

   (i) **NOTE:** Ensure that the version of the Server Administrator Web Server interface is greater or equal to the version of the Server Instrumentation installed.

2. Run the Server Administrator Web Server interface.
   The **Managed System Login** screen is displayed.

3. On the **Managed System Login** screen, type the following credentials of the VMware ESXi system you want to access, and then click **Submit**:
   - **Hotname / IP address:** —Is the hostname or IP address of the management station. Type the hostname or IP address in the format Hostname: Port Number, or IP address: Port Number.
   - **Username:**
   - **Password:**
   The Server Administrator screen is displayed.

Uninstalling the existing Systems Management VIB

To uninstall the existing Systems Management VIB:

Run the following command to uninstall the VIB:

On ESXi 6.x: `esxcli --server <ESXi host IP> software vib remove <server administrator>`

On ESXi 7.x `esxcli software component remove -n DEL-openmanage`

(i) **NOTE:** After you uninstall the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

Configuring The SNMP Agent On Systems Running VMware ESXi

Server Administrator generates Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) traps in response to changes in the status of sensors and other monitored parameters. Configure one or more trap destinations on the system running Server Administrator to send SNMP traps to a management station.

Server Administrator supports SNMP traps on VMware ESXi but does not support SNMP Get and Set operations because VMware ESXi does not provide the required SNMP support. You can use the VMware vSphere CLI to configure VMware ESXi to send SNMP traps to a management application.

ⓘ **NOTE:** For more information about using the VMware vSphere CLI, see the VMware support site at **vmware.com/ support**.

Configuring The System To Send Traps To A Management Station Using The vSphere CLI

Server Administrator generates SNMP traps in response to changes in the status of sensors and other monitored parameters. One or more trap destinations must be configured on the system running Server Administrator to send SNMP traps to a management station.

Configure the ESXi system running Server Administrator to send traps to a management station:

1. Install the VMware vSphere CLI.
2. Open a command prompt on the system in which the vSphere CLI is installed.
3. Navigate to the directory in which the vSphere CLI is installed. The default location on Linux is `/usr/bin` and on Windows is `C:\Program Files\VMware\VMware vSphere CLI\bin`.
4. Configure the SNMP setting using the command: `vicfg-snmp.pl --server <server> --username <username> --password <password> -c <community> -t <hostname>@162/<community>`

   where *<server>* is the hostname or IP address of the ESXi system, *<username>* is a user on the ESXi system, *<password>* is the password of the ESXi user, *<community>* is the SNMP community name and *<hostname>* is the hostname or IP address of the management station.

   ⓘ **NOTE:** If you do not specify a user name and password, you are prompted to specify the same.

5. Enable SNMP using the command: `vicfg-snmp.pl --server <server> --username <username> --password <password> -E`
6. View the SNMP configuration using the command: `vicfg-snmp.pl --server <server> --username <username> --password <password> -s`
7. Test the SNMP configuration using the command: `vicfg-snmp.pl --server <server> --username <username> --password <password> -T`

   ⓘ **NOTE:** The **.pl** extension is not required if you are using vSphere CLI on Linux or using vMA.

The SNMP trap configuration takes effect immediately without restarting any services.

Troubleshooting

- **When attempting to use the `vihostupdate` command, the following error may be displayed:**

```
unpacking c:\OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip
metadata.zip.sig does not exist
signature mismatch : metadata.zip
Unable to unpack update package.
```

  This error is displayed if you are using an older version of the Remote CLI. To resolve this issue, download and install the latest vSphere version of the CLI.

- **When attempting to use the `vihostupdate` command, the following error may be displayed:**

```
Unable to create, write or read a file as expected.I/O Error (28) on file : [Errno
28] No space left on device.
```

See the VMware KB article 1012640 at **kb.vmware.com** to fix this error.

Upgrading Systems Management Software On VMware ESXi

The Systems Management installer provides an upgrade from 9.3 version.

ⓘ **NOTE:** Upgrading Server Administrator VIB from VMware ESXi 6.x to VMware ESXi 7.x is not supported.

Topics:

- Using the vSphere CLI
- Using The Power CLI
- Using the VMware Update Manager (VUM)

Using the vSphere CLI

To upgrade systems management software on VMware ESXi using the vSphere CLI:

1. Copy the OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip file to `/var/log/vmware` directory on the supported ESXi versions.
2. Shut down all guest operating systems on the ESXi host and put the ESXi host in maintenance mode.
3. If you are using vSphere CLI on Windows, go to the directory where you have installed the vSphere CLI utilities.

   If you are using vSphere CLI on Linux, run the command from any directory.
4. Run the following command:

   For the supported version of VMware ESXi: `esxcli --server <IP Address of ESXi host> software vib update -d /var/log/vmware/<server administrator zip file>`
5. Enter the root username and password of the ESXi host when prompted.

   The command output displays a successful or a failed update.

   ⓘ **NOTE:** After you upgrade the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

   ⓘ **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB upgrade, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for 2-3 minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Else, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

To get the information about the installed Server Administrator:
- For ESXi, use `esxcli --server <ESXi host IP> software vib get -n=OpenManage` or `esxcli --server <ESXi host IP> software vib list`

The VIB contains the following items:
- Server Administrator Instrumentation Service
- Remote Enablement
- Server Administrator Storage Management
- Remote Access Controller

Using The Power CLI

To upgrade Server Administrator using Power CLI:

1. Install the supported PowerCLI of ESXi on a supported Windows system.
2. Copy the `OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i_<bld-revno>.zip` file to the ESXi host.

3. Navigate to the bin directory.

4. Run `Connect-VIServer` and provide the server and other credentials.

5. Log on to the ESXi host using supported vSphere CLI of ESXi 6.x and create a datastore.

6. Create a folder `OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>i` on ESXi host under `/vmfs/volumes/<datastore_name>` directory.

7. Copy the ESXi .zip file on ESXi 6.x host to `/vmfs/volumes/<datastore_name>OM-SrvAdmin-Dell-Web-<version>-<bldno>.VIB-ESX<version>I` directory.

8. Unzip the .zip file in the above specified directory.

9. Run the following command in Power CLI: `Install-VMHostPatch -VMHost <ESXi host IP> - HostPath /vmfs/volumes/<datastore_name>name>/OMSrvAdmin- Dell-Web-<version>-<-metadata.zip>.VIBESX<version>i/cross_dell-openmanage-esxi_<version>-metadata.zip`

   (i) **NOTE:** After you install the VIB, a host reboot is not required.

   (i) **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB installation, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for 2-3 minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Else, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

10. Run the following command to check if OpenManage is installed successfully on the host: `esxcli software vib list|grep -i open`
    OpenManage is displayed.

    (i) **NOTE:** For more information about Power CLI, see the VMware official website.

Using the VMware Update Manager (VUM)

To upgrade Server Administrator by using VUM:

1. Install VMware vSphere 6.x (vCenter Server, vSphere Client, and VMware vSphere Update Manager) on a system running the Windows Server operating system.

2. On the desktop, double-click **VMware vSphere Client** and login to vCenter Server.

3. Right-click **vSphere Client host** and click **New Datacenter**.

4. Right-click **New Datacenter** and click **Add Host**. Provide information for the ESXi server per online instructions.

5. Right-click the ESXi host added in the previous step and click **Maintenance Mode**.

6. From **Plug-ins** select **Manage Plug-ins** > **download VMware Update Manager** (The status is enabled if the download is successful.) Follow the instructions to install the VUM client.

7. Select the ESXi host. Click **Update Manager** > **Admin view** > **Patch Repository** > **Import Patches** and follow the online instructions to upload the patch successfully.
   The offline bundle is displayed.

8. Click **Baselines and Groups**.

9. Click **create** from Baselines tab, mention baseline name, and select **Host Extension** as baseline type. Complete the rest as per instructions.

10. Click **Admin View**.

11. Click **Add to Baseline** (against the uploaded patch name) and select the baseline name that you have created in step 8.

12. Click **Compliance view**. Select the **Update Manager** tab. Click **Attach** and select the Extension Baseline created in step 8 and follow the instructions.

13. Click **Scan**, and select **Patches & Extensions** (if not selected by default) and click **Scan**.

14. Click **Stage**, select **created Host Extension** and follow the instructions.

15. Click **Remediate** and follow the instructions once the staging is completed.

    (i) **NOTE:** After you upgrade the VIB, host reboots automatically.

    (i) **NOTE:** After an ESXi VIB upgrade, the CIM services are restarted automatically to load the Server Administrator providers (DCIM service). You are required to wait for two to three minutes before logging in from any Server Administrator web server. Else, the Server Administrator web server login to the ESXi host may fail.

    (i) **NOTE:** For more information about VUM, see the VMware official website.

ⓘ **NOTE:** You can install Server Administrator from the VUM repository, **https://vmwaredepot.dell.com/**.

Server Administrator upgrade is complete.

Frequently Asked Questions

What ports do systems management applications use?

The Server Administrator uses the default port 1311. These ports are configurable. For port information of a particular component, see the User Guide of that respective component.

When I run virtual media on the iDRAC controller over a Wide Area Network (WAN) with low bandwidth and latency, launching Systems Management Install directly on the virtual media failed, what do I do?

Copy the web install package to the local system and then launch systems management Install.

Do I need to uninstall the Adaptec Fast Console application installed on the system before installing the Server Administrator Storage Management Service?

Yes, if you already have Adaptec Fast Console installed on the system, you must uninstall this application before installing the Server Administrator Storage Management Service.

Topics:

•

What do I do when management station RAC utility installation fails due to missing RPM file?

During the installation of the management station RAC utility (`mgmtst-racadm` RPM under `/SYSMGMT/ManagementStation/linux/rac` directory on the *Dell EMC OpenManage Systems Management Tools and Documentation* software), the installation may fail due to missing RPM file dependencies on **libstdc++.so** libraries. Install the **compat-libstdc++** RPM provided in the same directory to resolve the dependency and retry the installation.

When using the `rpm -e 'rpm -qa | grep srvadmin'` command to remove systems management software, some RPM utility versions may schedule an uninstallation in an incorrect order, which results in users encountering misleading warning or error messages. What is the solution?

The solution is to use the systems management uninstall script `srvadmin-uninstall.sh`, provided on the DVD.

Why am I getting a warning concerning the RPM package key during installation?

The RPM files are signed with a digital signature. To avoid this warning, you should mount the media or package, and import the key using a command such as the following:

```
rpm --import /mnt/dvdrom/SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/RPM-GPG-KEY
```

What are the names of all the Systems Management features under Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server?

The following table lists the names of all systems management features and their corresponding init script names under Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server operating systems:

Table 8. Systems Management Features — Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server

Feature	Name in Red Hat Enterprise Linux
Managed System Services Feature	**Feature systemd unit Name**
Systems Management Device Drivers Systems Management Data Engine	instsvcdrv.service dsm_sa_datamgrd.service
DSM SA Shared Service DSM SA Connection Service	dsm_om_shrsvc.service dsm_om_connsvc.service
Systems Management Event Management	dsm_sa_eventmgrd.service
Systems Management SNMP	dsm_sa_snmpd.service

What do the directories under `srvadmin/linux/custom/<operating system>` contain?

The following table lists the names of the directories in the SYSMGMT/srvadmin/linux/custom/*<operating system>* directory:

Table 9. Names of the Directories Under the srvadmin/linux/custom/<operating system> directory

Name of RPM	Description	Other Server Administrator RPMs required
Server-Instrumentation—This is the core code for Server Administrator. It provides motherboard alerts and contains the CLI that allows to monitor and control Server Administrator, for example, `omconfig`, `omdiag`, and `omreport`. All peripheral packages, except the stand-alone DRAC support, require all or most of the RPMs in this directory to be installed. ⓘ **NOTE:** You may need to install IPMI drivers for proper functionality.		
srvadmin-cm	Server Administrator Inventory Collector—Systems management change management inventory collector.	srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-deng, and srvadmin-omacore
srvadmin-deng	Server Administrator Data Engine—Systems management provides a data management framework for systems management software.	srvadmin-omilcore
srvadmin-hapi	Server Administrator Hardware Application Programming Interface—This systems management package provides the device drivers and libraries needed by systems management	srvadmin-omilcore

Name of RPM	Description	Other Server Administrator RPMs required
	software to access information about the hardware on supported systems.	
srvadmin-isvc	Server Administrator Instrumentation Service—Server Administrator provides a suite of systems management information for keeping supported systems on the network healthy. Server Administrator Instrumentation Service provides fault management information, prefailure information, and asset and inventory information to management applications. The Instrumentation Service monitors the health of the system and provides rapid access to detailed fault and performance information about the hardware on supported systems. The Instrumentation Service requires installation of systems management device drivers.	srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-deng, and srvadmin-hapi
srvadmin-omacore	Server Administrator—Systems management-managed mode core and CLI.	srvadmin-omilcore and srvadmin-deng
srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator Install Core—This is the core install package that provides the tools necessary for the rest of the Systems management install packages. All Server Administrator RPMs require this RPM.	
SA-WebServer—Provides web access to manage the server.		
srvadmin-hapi	Server Administrator Hardware Application Programming Interface — This systems management package provides the device drivers and libraries needed by systems management software to access information about the hardware on supported systems.	srvadmin-omilcore
srvadmin-tomcat	Secure Port Server — Systems Management Managed Node Web Server package.	srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-deng, srvadmin-omacore, and srvadmin-jre
srvadmin-jre	Server Administrator Sun Java Runtime Environment — Systems management-managed node Java runtime.	srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-deng, and srvadmin-omacore
srvadmin-omcommon	Provides the common framework required by Server Administrator.	srvdamin-omilcore
srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator Web Server Install Core — This is the core install package. All Server Administrator Web Server RPMs require this RPM.	
srvadmin-wsmanclient	Operating system-specific WSMan client package.	srvadmin-omcommon and srvadmin-omauth
Remote-Enablement—Manage and monitor the current system using some other remote system.		

Name of RPM	Description	Other Server Administrator RPMs required
srvadmin-cm	Server Administrator Inventory Collector — Systems management change management inventory collector.	srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-deng, and srvadmin-omacore
srvadmin-deng	Server Administrator Data Engine — Systems management provides a data management framework for systems management software.	srvadmin-omilcore
srvadmin-hapi	Server Administrator Hardware Application Programming Interface — This systems management package provides the device drivers and libraries needed by systems management software to access information about the hardware on supported systems.	srvadmin-omilcore
srvadmin-isvc	Server Administrator Instrumentation Service — Server Administrator provides a suite of systems management information for keeping supported systems on the network healthy. Server Administrator Instrumentation Service provides fault management information, prefailure information, and asset and inventory information to management applications. The Instrumentation Service monitors the health of the system and provides rapid access to detailed fault and performance information about the hardware on supported systems. The Instrumentation Service requires installation of systems management device drivers.	srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-deng, and srvadmin-hapi
srvadmin-omacore	Server Administrator—Systems management-managed mode core and CLI.	srvadmin-omilcore and srvadmin-deng
srvadmin-omcommon	Provides Common Framework that is required by Server Administrator.	srvadmin-omilcore
srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator Install Core—This is the core install package that provides the tools necessary for the rest of the Systems management install packages. All Server Administrator RPMs require this RPM.	

What happens if I install the RPM package on an unsupported system or on an unsupported operating system?

If you try to install the RPM packages on an unsupported system or an unsupported operating system, you may see unpredictable behavior during the install, uninstall, or during use of the RPM package. Most of the RPM packages have been written and tested for supported systems and the Linux versions that are listed in the readme.

What daemons run on Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server operating systems after Server Administrator is started?

The daemons that run on Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server operating systems depend on what is installed and what is enabled to run. The following table displays the daemons that typically run for a full install:

Table 10. Daemons that Run on Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server Once Server Administrator is Started

Daemon Name	Name in Red Hat Enterprise Linux Server
For RPMs in the srvadmin-base directory	
dsm_sa_datamgr	DSM SA Data Manager—Server Administrator data manager daemon started by DSM SA Data Engine service.
dsm_sa_eventmgr	DSM SA Event Manager—Server Administrator event and logging daemon started by DSM SA Data Engine service.
dsm_sa_snmp	DSM SA SNMP daemon—Server Administrator SNMP daemon started by DSM SA Data Engine service.
dsm_om_shrsvc	DSM SA Shared Services—Server Administrator core daemon.
For RPMs in the SA-WebServer directory	
dsm_om_connsvc	DSM SA Connection Services—Server Administrator web server daemon.

What kernel modules are loaded when Server Administrator is started?

This depends on the type of systems instrumentation. The following table displays the kernel modules loaded when Server Administrator is started:

Table 11. Kernel Modules Loaded When Server Administrator Services are Started

Driver Name	Description
For a system with IPMI	
dell_rbu	BIOS Update Driver
ipmi_devintf	IPMI device driver
ipmi_msghandler	IPMI device driver
ipmi_si	IPMI device driver—For systems running Red Hat Enterprise Linux
dcdbas	Systems Management Base Driver

Linux Installer Packages

This section lists the Linux installer packages.

Table 12. Meta RPMs

RPM	Description	Dependent packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-all	Meta package for installing all Server Administrator features	srvadmin-base, srvadmin-idrac, srvadmin-rac4, srvadmin-rac5, srvadmin-standardAgent, srvadmin-storageservices, srvadmin-webserver	Complete Server Administrator features	Y
srvadmin-base	Meta package for installing the Server Agent	srvadmin-cm, srvadmin-omacore, srvadmin-smcommon	Server Instrumentation, SNMP monitoring, and Server Administrator CLI	Y
srvadmin-standardAgent	Meta package for installing the Standard Server Agent	srvadmin-cm, srvadmin-itunnelprovider, srvadmin-smcommon	Enabling remote management using Server Administrator Web Server	Y
srvadmin-webserver	Meta package for installing the Server Administrator Web Server feature	srvadmin-smcommon, srvadmin-smweb, srvadmin-tomcat	Server Administrator Web Server for local and remote node management	Y
srvadmin-storageservices	Meta package for installing the Server Administrator Storage Services feature	srvadmin-cm, srvadmin-megalib, srvadmin-smcommon, srvadmin-storage, srvadmin-storelib, srvadmin-sysfsutils	Storage Management using Server Administrator GUI/CLI	Y
srvadmin-idrac	Meta RPM for iDRAC components	srvadmin-argtable2, srvadmin-deng, srvadmin-idrac-ivmcli, srvadmin-idrac-vmcli, srvadmin-idracadm, srvadmin-isvc, srvadmin-omcommon, srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-rac-components, srvadmin-racadm4, srvadmin-racdrsc	iDRAC management using Server Administrator GUI/CLI, iDRAC tools	Y
srvadmin-server-snmp	Meta package that contains dependency information to automatically pull in the Server Administrator Server SNMP feature	srvadmin-base,srvadmin-deng-snmp, srvadmin-isvc-snmp	Server SNMP feature	Y

Table 12. Meta RPMs (continued)

RPM	Description	Dependent packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-server-cli	Meta package that contains dependency information to automatically pull in the Server Administrator Server CLI feature	srvadmin-base, srvadmin-omacore	Server CLI feature	Y
srvadmin-storageservices-snmp	Meta package that contains dependency information to automatically pull in the Server Administrator Storage SNMP feature	storageservices, srvadmin-storage-snmp	Storage SNMP feature	Y
srvadmin-storageservices-cli	Meta package that contains dependency information to automatically pull in the Server Administrator Storage CLI feature	storageservices, srvadmin-storage-cli	Storage CLI feature	Y

Table 13. Server Instrumentation and SNMP monitoring

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-omilcore	Core Install package that provides tools for the systems management install packages	pciutils, smbios-utils-bin	Installing and functioning of Server Administrator	Y
srvadmin-deng	Data Engine stores and manages objects for systems management	srvadmin-omilcore	Server Instrumentation and SNMP monitoring	Y
srvadmin-hapi	Provides low-level hardware interface for systems management	None	Server Instrumentation	Y
srvadmin-isvc	Provides systems management interface to local and remote systems management	srvadmin-deng, srvadmin-omilcore	Server Instrumentation and SNMP monitoring	Y
srvadmin-selinux (optional)	Provides system management selinux policy	None	None	Y

Table 14. Packages needed for local management that are used by GUI and CLI components

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-omcommon	Common framework or libraries for GUI/CLI	srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator GUI/CLI	Y
srvadmin-omacore	Provides plugins that act as interfaces between back end and	srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator GUI/CLI and infrastructure for software updates	Y

Table 14. Packages needed for local management that are used by GUI and CLI components (continued)

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
	GUI/CLI. Also provides OM CLI tools.			
srvadmin-xmlsup	XML support library	None	Server Administrator GUI/CLI	Y
srvadmin-cm	Change Management inventory collector. Feeds software inventory data to management station applications	srvadmin-omacore	Software inventory and updates	Y
srvadmin-oslog	Management interface	srvadmin-omilcore	Replicating Server Administrator Events in OS Log	Y
srvadmin-omacs	Server Administrator OMACS	srvadmin-omcommon srvadmin-omilcore	Common services bundled in helper library	Y
srvadmin-ominst	Server Administrator Core	None	Server Instrumentation Components	Y

Table 15. Server Administrator Web Server (GUI) for Local and Remote Management

RPM	Description	Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-jre	Provides JAVA Runtime for web server	srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator GUI	Y
srvadmin-tomcat	Server Administrator Web server	srvadmin-jre, srvadmin-omcommon, srvadmin-omilcore	Server Administrator GUI	Y
openwsman-client	Openwsman client libraries	None	Server Administrator GUI to manage remote nodes using WSMan	Y
libwsman1 (RHEL) **libwsman3 (SLES 15 SP1)**	Openwsman libraries used by client and server components	None	Openwsman support library	Y

Table 16. Server Administrator Remote Enablement (Standard Agent)

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-itunnelprovider	The Small Footprint CIM Broker (SFCB) provider that enables remote management of the server	libcmpiCppImpl0, openwsman-server, sblim-sfcb sblim-sfcc	Enabling remote management of server	Y
libwsman1 (RHEL) **libwsman3 (SLES 15 SP1)**	Openwsman libraries used by client and server components	None	Openwsman support library	Y
openwsman-server	Openwsman server and service libraries *N/A on VMware ESX	None	Enabling remote management of server	Y

Table 16. Server Administrator Remote Enablement (Standard Agent) (continued)

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
sblim-sfcb	Small Footprint CIM Broker (sfcb) - CIM server conforming to the CIM Operations over HTTP protocol. *N/A on VMware ESX	None	Enabling remote management of server	Y
sblim-sfcc	Small Footprint Common Information Model (CIM) Client Library (sfcc) Runtime Libraries *N/A on VMware ESX	None	Enabling remote management of server	Y
libcmpiCppImpl0	Provides helper library to implement Common Manageability Programming Interface (CMPI) C++ plugins into SFCB *N/A on VMware ESX	None	Enabling remote management of server	Y

Table 17. Storage Instrumentation, SNMP Monitoring, GUI and CLI Plugins

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-realssd* * For Red Hat Enterprise Linux 7.7, Red Hat Enterprise Linux 8.1 and SUSE Linux Enterprise Server 15 SP1	Meta package for installing management libraries for PCIe SSDs	None	Peripheral Component Interconnect Express Solid-State Drives (PCIe SSDs) management	Y
srvadmin-storage	Core interface library for storage management	srvadmin-deng, srvadmin-isvc, srvadmin-megalib, srvadmin-omilcore, srvadmin-smcommon, srvadmin-storelib	Storage instrumentation, SNMP monitoring and CLI (for storage management)	Y
srvadmin-storelib	LSI utility libraries for storage management	srvadmin-storelib-sysfs	Storage instrumentation	Y
srvadmin-storelib-sysfs	Provides library for interfacing with the kernel's sys filesystem. Used by LSI storelib libraries *N/A for VMware ESX	None	Storage instrumentation	Y
srvadmin-sysfsutils	Provide utilities for interfacing with sysfs file system. Used by the storage management libraries	None	Storage instrumentation	Y
srvadmin-megalib	LSI utility libraries for storage management of PERC 4 controllers.	None	Storage instrumentation of PERC 4 controllers	Y

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
	*N/A for 64-bit OMSA installation, and VMware ESX.			
srvadmin-smcommon	Common framework or libraries for GUI/CLI (for storage management)	None	Storage management using Server Administrator GUI/CLI	Y
srvadmin-smweb	GUI plugins for storage management	srvadmin-omcommon, srvadmin-smcommon	Storage management using Server Administrator GUI	Y
srvadmin-storage-cli	Storage Management CLI Interface	srvadmin-storage	CLI interface access for Storage Management	Y
srvadmin-storage-snmp	Storage Management CLI Interface	srvadmin-deng-snmp, srvadmin-storage	Storage-related SNMP queries and SNMP Traps	Y
srvadmin-deng-snmp	Server Administrator SNMP Framework	srvadmin-deng	Server Administrator SNMP Framework	Y
srvadmin-isvc-snmp	Server SNMP module	srvadmin-hapi, srvadmin-isvc	Server and operating system-related SNMP Queries and SNMP Traps	Y

Table 18. RAC Instrumentation, SNMP Monitoring, GUI and CLI Plugins

RPM	Description	OM Dependant packages	Required for	Systems Management Software
srvadmin-idracadm7	Provides CLI tools for iDRAC7 administration	srvadmin-argtable2 srvadmin-omilcore	RAC CLI tools for iDRAC7	Y
srvadmin-argtable2	Library for parsing GNU style command-line argument. Used by RAC 5 and iDRAC packages	None	RAC CLI tools for RAC 5 and iDRAC management	Y
srvadmin-idrac-ivmcli	Provides CLI tools that provide virtual media features from the management station to the iDRAC in the remote modular system. This is supported only for RHEL.	None	RAC CLI tools for virtual media feature	Y
srvadmin-idrac-vmcli	Provides CLI tools that provide virtual media features from the management station to the iDRAC in the remote Rack and Tower system	None	RAC CLI tools for virtual media feature	Y