

Statement of Volatility - Dell Latitude 5510

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

The Dell Latitude 5510 contains both volatile and non-volatile (NV) components. Volatile components lose their data immediately after power is removed from the component. Non-volatile (NV) components continue to retain their data even after power is removed from the component. The following NV components are present on the Latitude 5510 system board.

Table 1. List of Non-Volatile Components on System Board

| Description | Reference Designator | Volatility Description | User Accessible for external data | Remedial Action (Action necessary to prevent loss of data) | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| SSD drive(s) | M.2 - 2280 | Non Volatile magnetic media, various sizes in GB. SSD (solid state flash drive). | No | Low level format | | |
| System BIOS/EC | UC6(32MB)-Vpro UC6(16MB) +UC5(8MB)-Non Vpro | Non Volatile memory, Video BIOS for basic boot operation, PSA (on board diags), PXE diags. | No | NA | | |
| Thunderbolt EEPROM | UT2 | Non Volatile memory, 8Mbit (1MB) (Thunderbolt FW) | No | NA | | |
| USB-Type C PD | UT6 | Non Volatile memory , 8Mbit (1MB) for USB type-C PD F/W | No | NA | | |
| LCD Panel EEDID EEPROM | Part of panel assembly | Non Volatile memory, Stores panel manufacturing information, display configuration data | No | NA | | |
| System Memory – DDR4 memory | Two DIMM on board DDR4 memory: JDIMM1/JD IMM2 | Volatile memory in OFF state (see state definitions later in text) | Yes | Power off system | | |
| RTC CMOS | UC1 (PCH) | Non Volatile memory 256 bytes Stores CMOS information | No | NA | | |
| Video memory – frame buffer | For UMA platform: Using system memory | Volatile memory in off state. UMA uses main system memory size allocated out of main memory. | No | Power off system | | |
| Intel ME Firmware | Conbine on BIOS ROM | Non Volatile memory, Intel ME firmware for system configuration, security and protection | No | N/A | | |
| Security Controller | U2 (up-sell USH | Non Volatile memory, 128 Mbit (16Mbyte) | No N/A | | | |

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|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|---|--|
| Serial Flash Memory | daughter board) | | | |
| TPM Controller | UZ12 | Non Volatile memory, 192K bits (24K bytes) ROM | No | N/A |
| ISH | Conbine on BIOS ROM | | No | N/A |
| Touch screen Embedded Flash | N/A | Non Volatile memory | No | N/A |
| Digital IMVP8 controller | PU602 | Non Volatile memory, 4096bit (512B) Digital IMVP8 controller | No | N/A |

🛆 CAUTION: All other components on the system board lose data if power is removed from the system. Primary power loss (unplugging the power cord and removing the battery) destroys all user data on the memory (DDR4, 2667 MHz). Secondary power loss (removing the on-board coin-cell battery) destroys system data on the system configuration and time-of-day information.

In addition, to clarify memory volatility and data retention in situations where the system is put in different ACPI power states the following is provided (those ACPI power states are S0, Modern standby, S4 and S5):

SO state is the working state where the dynamic RAM is maintained and is read/write by the processor.

Modern standby is a standby mode state that is different from S3 mode. In this state, the dynamic RAM is maintained.

S4 is called "suspend to disk" state or "hibernate" mode. There is no power. In this state, the dynamic RAM is not maintained. If the system has been commanded to enter S4, the OS will write the system context to a non-volatile storage file and leave appropriate context markers. When the system is coming back to the working state, a restore file from the non-volatile storage can occur. The restore file has to be valid. Dell systems will be able to go to S4 if the OS and the peripherals support S4 state. Win 7 and Win 8 support S4 state.

S5 is the "soft" off state. There is no power. The OS does not save any context to wake up the system. No data will remain in any component on the system board, i.e. cache or memory. The system will require a complete boot when awakened. Since S5 is the shut off state, coming out of S5 requires power on which clears all registers.

The following table shows all the states supported by Dell Latitude™ 5510:

| Model Number | S0 | Modern standby | S4 | S5 |
|---------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|----------|
| Dell Latitude™ 5510 | v | ٧ | v | v |

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